

Solomon Islands Government

REPORT ON 2009 POPULATION & HOUSING CENSUS

Basic Tables and Census Description (Volume 1)



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Preface

This report provides supplementary information to the main *National Report (Volume 2)* and provincial reports of the 2009 Population and Housing Census of Solomon Islands. The data presented is referenced to the midnight of 22nd of November 2009, the census date. It is anticipated that information contained in this report will assit in decision making, policy and planning and public debate with respect to the current and future socio-economic conditions in the country. Information herein is also relevant in the monitoring and evaluation of the National Development Strategy (NDS) 2011-2020 and the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) including other sectoral policies.

The report is presented in three parts. Part 1 provides the administrative information of the Census. Part 2 presents the statistical tables (person tables, household tables and population projection tables) corresponding to the information provided in the National Report, and Part 3 contains the appendices. The set of tables presented here adheres to United Nations Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses to ensure that the standard of comparability with the previous censuses is maintained. Though there may have been slight changes to the numbering and ordering of the tables in each group, as well as situations where the titles may have been changed due to the structure and the format of the tables processed, it is important to note that table numbering starts with a 'P' for Person tables and 'H' for Household tables.

The contributions of many people and organizations in Solomon Islands towards the successful accomplishment of the 2009 Population and Housing Census ought to be acknowledged. These include: the Government of Solomon Islands through the Minister of Finance and the Permanent Secretary, Shadrach Fanega for budgetary support and ministerial authority that allowed the 2009 Census to be undertaken; Mr Martin Butterfield for his initial contribution on the strategic census planning and management; the Chairperson of the Steering Committee, the Acting Government Statistician (late), Mr. Nick Gagahe for his leadership; the Chairperson of the Census Population Management Committee (CPMC), the Under Secretary US for Treasury, Ms. Elizabeth Kausimae, for her leadership and coordination of the Committee. To all the members of the Committees, for their valuable contributions in making the census operations work succeed. Many thanks are extended to the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) for the technical assistance provided. Firstly to the Demography and Statistics programmes Manager, Dr. Gerald Haberkorn, for his support to the Census project; to SPC Demographer, Mr. Arthur Jorari, for his worthwhile assistance in reviewing the census training manual and training, and the overall census operations; to GIS Specialist, Mr. Phil Bright, for setting-up the scanning program and system; to GIS Specialist, Mr. Scott Pontifex, for settingup the mapping system and training the local cartographer; to the Data Processing Specialist, Ms Leilua Taulealo, for her technical support in data management and tabulation; to Mr. Pierre Wong for his technical support in data processing; to Dr. Michael Levin for finalizing the editing and validating the data; to Mr. Andreas Demmke, Demographer, for the data analysis and write up of this report; and lastly to Dr. Ricado Neupert for making relevant updates and in fanalising the report.

Sincere thanks to the Census Technical Advisor, Mr. Allan Harbrow for the initial planning of the 2009 Census and his wife Mrs. Harbrow for her assistance; to the former Census Commissioner, Mr. Willington Piduru and new Census Commissioner, Mr. Douglas Kimi for their leadership; to the donor partners, the Australian Government (AusAID); the European Union (EU); United Nations through UNFPA and UNDP, Republic of China (ROC, Taiwan) for financial assistance; the Solomon Islands Broadcasting Cooperation SIBC and to Solomon Islands One News Television for the publicity programs; the Ministry of Lands for providing digitized maps; the Census Team and Staff of the Statistics Office for their contributions including technical advisory support provided by the Solomon Islands Partnership Facility through Dr. Willie Lahari. Finally to all the people of Solomon Islands for their generous responses to the questionnaires. Your contribution was of vital importance in making the 2009 Census of Solomon Islands a success.

Douglas Kimi

Government Statistician

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AM Area Manager

AusAID Australia Assistance on International Development

AWP Annual Work Plan
CA Census Act (cap 53)
CAM Chief Area Manager
CC Census Commissioner

CDPM Census Data Processing Manager
CDS Census District Superintendent
CFOM Census Field Operation Manager

CO Census Office

CPMC Census Population Management Committee

CTA Census Technical Advisor CUC Census Users Committee

DGS Deputy Government Statistician

EA Enumeration Area
EC European Community
EU European Union

FACE Funding Authorisation and Certificate of Expenditures

GIS Geographic Information System

GS Government Statistician
HACT Harmonized Cash Transfer

Hh Household

HhL Household Listing ID Identification

IP Implementing Partner

ISCO International Standard Classification of Occupation ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification

MLH Ministry of Land and Housing MoFT Ministry of Finance and Treasury NGO Non-Government Organization

PC Population Census

PICT Pacific Island Countries and Territories

PM Prime Minister

PopGIS Population Geographic Information System

QC Quality Control ROC Republic of China SA Statistics Act 1970

SIBC Solomon Islands Broadcasting Cooperation

SIG Solomon Islands Government

SIGAS Solomon Islands Government Accounting System

SINSO Solomon Islands National Statistics Office SPC Secretariat of the Pacific Community UNDP United Nation Development Programme

UNFPA United Nations Funds for Population Activities

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Summary of main Indicators, Solomon Islands: 2009

Indicator	Solomon Islands	Urban	Rural	Choisuel	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell- Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira- Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total population	515,870	102,030	413,840	26,372	76,649	26,158	26,051	3,041	93,613	137,596	40,419	21,362	64,609
Males	264,455	53,596	210,859	13,532	39,926	13,328	13,261	1,549	48,283	69,232	20,789	10,466	34,089
Females	251,415	48,434	202,981	12,840	36,723	12,830	12,790	1,492	45,330	68,364	19,630	10,896	30,520
Average annual population growth rate (%)	2.3	4.7	1.8	2.8	2.0	2.5	1.9	2.5	4.4	1.2	2.6	1.2	2.7
Population density (number of people/Km)	17	-	-	7	10	6	42	5	18	33	13	25	2,953
Urbanisation													
Urban population	102,030	-	-	810	9,755	971	1,251	-	15,473	5,105	2,074	1,982	64,609
Per cent urban (%)	19.8	-	-	3.1	12.7	3.7 7.7	4.8	-	16.5	3.7	5.1	9.3 17.0	100.0
Urban growth rate (%) Households	4.7	-	-	6.1	4.1	7.7	-0.6	-	16.3	11.6	7.5	17.0	2.7
Number of private households	91,251	15,382	75,869	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Average household size (# of people/hh)	5.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	5.3	4.4	5.4	5.6	5.5	4.9	7.0
Number of institutions ¹	990	261	729	28	236	69	19	21	216	135	138	28	100
Population structure	,,,,	201	, 2,	20	230	0,5	• /		210	133	150	20	100
Number of children(<15 years)	209,284	34,182	175,102	11,139	30,669	10,441	10,748	1,219	38,994	59,356	17,463	8,585	20,670
Youth population (15-24 years)	96,631	23,339	73,292	4,499	13,971	4,348	4,241	476	17,972	25,034	6,889	3,573	15,628
Population aged 25-59 years	182,894	41,478	141,416	9,261	27,791	9,584	9,526	1,044	32,608	45,037	13,962	7,555	26,526
Older population (60 years and older)	27,061	3,031	24,030	1,473	4,218	1,785	1,536	302	4,039	8,169	2,105	1,649	1,785
Median age	19.8	22.4	19.0	19.1	19.9	20.6	19.9	21.0	19.2	18.4	18.9	20.2	22.7
Dependency ratio (15-59)	84.6	57	93	92	84	88	89	100	85	96	94	92	53
Sex ratio	105	111	104	105	109	104	104	104	107	101	106	96	112
Mean age at first marriage (SMAM)	25.2	26.5	24.8	24.4	25.7	24.7	24.6	26.1	24.7	24.6	24.9	25.8	26.8
Males	27.1	28.1	26.8	26.5	27.9	26.8	26.7	29.0	26.9	26.4	26.8	27.7	28.3
Females	23.3	24.7 435	22.9	22.1	23.6	22.8	22.6	23.2	22.6	23.0	23.0	24.1	25.3
Child-Woman ratio (CWR) ²	605	435	656	662	610	607	619	624	642	651	723	551	407
Labour force Employee (Gov. and Priv).													
Total	42,082	21,258	20,824	1,724	7,382	1,669	1,091	232	7,401	6,261	1,857	978	13,487
Male	30,189	14,313	15,876	1,311	5,433	1,335	782	183	5,360	4,633	1,417	705	9,030
Female	11,893	6,945	4,948	413	1,949	334	309	49	2,041	1,628	440	273	4,457
Employer	11,050	0,7.5	.,,, .0		1,,,,,	55.	507	.,	2,011	1,020		2,3	., .57
Total	1,510	677	833	27	292	77	12	5	207	228	130	10	522
Male	1,184	489	695	23	233	60	12	5	165	194	106	8	378
Female	326	188	138	4	59	17	O	O	42	34	24	2	144
Self employed													
Total	11,909	3,475	8,434	681	2,597	650	924	35	2,016	2,058	624	152	2,172
Male	8,777	2,408	6,369	576	1,946	451	694	22	1,448	1,474	504	127	1,535
Female	3,132	1,067	2,065	105	651	199	230	13	568	584	120	25	637
Voluntary work													
Total	5,550	1,162	4,388	413	1,039	478	178	23	1,122	875	610	297	515
Male	3,684	557	3,127	339	747	319	131	14	691	619	412	179	233
Female	1,866	605	1,261	74	292	159	47	9	431	256	198	118	282
Unpaid family work Total	35,654	5,508	30,146	733	4,639	1,055	1,490	186	6,642	9,742	4,662	4,005	2,500
Male	14,182	1,287	12,895	482	1,742	593	619	25	2,673	4,178	2,190	1,209	2,300 471
Female	21,472	4,221	17,251	251	2,897	462	871	23 161	3,969	5,564	2,472	2,796	2,029
Producing goods for sale	21,472	4,221	17,231	231	2,697	402	671	101	3,909	5,564	2,472	2,790	2,029
Total	25,739	2,366	23,373	971	6,760	838	2,093	144	6,055	5,574	1,070	961	1,273
Male	14,421	768	13,653	672	3,584	533	1,257	40	3,339	3,374	665	591	366
Female	11,318	1,598	9,720	299	3,176	305	836	104	2,716	2,200	405	370	907
Producing goods for own consumption	×									•			
Total	87,941	1,719	86,222	6,080	10,597	7,203	5,041	660	14,647	33,781	6,373	3,222	337
Male	35,255	597	34,658	2,159	4,325	2,808	1,952	385	5,936	13,439	2,613	1,531	107
Female	52,686	1,122	51,564	3,921	6,272	4,395	3,089	275	8,711	20,342	3,760	1,691	230
Unemployed													
Total	4,884	2,812	2,072	152	505	203	108	13	696	545	444	62	2,156
Male	2,786	1,601	1,185	92	327	92	55	7	425	338	212	40	1,198
Female	2,098	1,211	887	60	178	111	53	6	271	207	232	22	958
Economically active population (labor force)													
Total	215,269	38,977	176,292	10,781	33,811	12,173	10,937	1,298	38,786	59,064	15,770	9,687	22,962
Male	110,478	22,020	88,458	5,654	18,337	6,191	5,502	681	20,037	28,249	8,119	4,390	13,318
Female Inactive	104,791	16,957	87,834	5,127	15,474	5,982	5,435	617	18,749	30,815	7,651	5,297	9,644
Inactive Total	127,155	34,910	92,245	6,363	17,590	5,345	6,217	768	22,347	29,379	9,887	4,573	24,686
Male	63,553	16,907	46,646	3,027	8,399	2,656	3,100	372	11,311	15,458	4,922	2,350	11,958
Female	63,602	18,003	45,599	3,336	8,399 9,191	2,689	3,100	372 396	11,311	13,458	4,922	2,350	12,728
Labor force participation rate	03,002	10,003	75,577	5,550	,,1,1	2,009	2,11/	370	11,030	, , , _ 1	+, >03	دعدو	12,720
Total	62.9	52.8	65.6	62.9	65.8	69.5	63.8	62.8	63.4	66.8	61.5	67.9	48.2
Male	63.5	56.6	65.5	65.1	68.6	70.0	64.0	64.7	63.9	64.6	62.3	65.1	52.7
Female	62.2	48.5	65.8	60.6	62.7	69.0	63.6	60.9	62.9	68.9	60.6	70.4	43.1
Unemployment rate													
Total	2.3	7.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.8	0.9	2.8	0.6	9.4
Male	2.5	7.3	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.0	1.0	2.1	1.2	2.6	0.9	9.0
Female	2.0	7.1	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.7	3.0	0.4	9.9

Summary of main indicators Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd)

Indicator	Solomon Islands	Urban	Rural	Choisuel	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell- Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira- Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Education													
School enrolment rates,6-12 years olds(%)	83.3	86.9	82.6	92.0	90.6	88.5	86.5	97.3	80.5	75.3	87.2	87.8	86.4
Males	82.8	86.4	82.0	90.9	89.5	87.2	85.9	95.9	80.5	74.9	86.2	87.5	86.1
Females	83.9	87.5	83.3	93.1	91.7	89.9	87.2	98.9	80.5	75.8	88.4	88.2	86.7
Percentage of pop aged 12 and older with													
no school completed	16.0	6.6	18.6	4.5	4.1	17.7	19.2	5.1	19.9	26.7	13.3	23.8	5.8
primary education	56.7	44.6	60.1	73.4	69.9	50.8	60.3	68.2	55.1	55.0	60.2	56.2	40.4
secondary education	18.9	32.4	15.2	16.6	18.8	25.0	16.3	16.6	17.9	12.2	17.3	14.3	34.7
tertiary education	4.4	10.8	2.6	2.9	4.2	3.0	2.3	7.6	3.6	2.2	3.1	2.7	12.8
vocational/professional qualification	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.6	0.7	0.5	1.7	0.8	0.5	1.6	0.6	1.1
Literacy rate, 15+(%) ³	84.1	93.7	81.4	95.9	96.3	84.0	80.6	99.1	82.9	70.4	90.1	71.3	94.5
Males	88.9	96.3	86.7	95.7	96.3	88.9	87.5	99.1	87.4	78.8	93.1	82.8	96.9
Females	79.2	90.7	76.2	96.2	96.4	79.1	73.7	99.0	78.1	62.4	87.1	61.1	91.8
Literacy rate, 15-24 (%) ⁴	89.5	95.6	87.6	95.8	96.2	89.3	87.7	98.3	88.8	79.9	93.9	89.8	96.2
Males	90.6	96.3	88.7	94.1	95.3	89.3	89.9	98.0	90.5	82.3	93.6	91.4	96.9
Females	88.4	94.8	86.4	97.5	97.2	89.2	85.6	98.7	87.2	77.5	94.1	88.4	95.4
Language ability,5+ (%) ⁵													
English	69.0	84.2	65.1	74.7	79.5	68.8	58.7	81.7	66.7	56.0	74.7	66.2	85.6
Pidgin	66.6	81.1	62.9	73.8	78.5	66.5	60.7	77.4	66.0	51.8	72.0	53.8	83.9
Local language	66.1	75.3	63.7	80.0	80.0	67.0	61.6	91.9	66.2	52.4	73.8	36.0	78.0
Other language	26.7	32.4	25.3	21.3	26.8	37.7	16.1	43.5	33.7	14.9	50.9	12.7	32.6
Number of people with a disability													
Blindness	907	63	844	57	159	75	62	5	139	248	60	71	31
Males	411	39	372	22	77	36	27	4	52	110	26	36	21
Females	496	24	472	35	82	39	35	1	87	138	34	35	10
Deafness	1,398	131	1,267	94	220	105	111	11	226	397	84	79	71
Males	729	72	657	54	115	53	55	9	102	217	48	39	37
Females	669	59	610	40	105	52	56	2	124	180	36	40	34
Lameness	2,975	353	2,622	204	509	174	208	22	460	826	206	160	206
Males	1,491	200	1,291	97	254	83	128	11	223	406	103	76	110
Females	1,484	153	1,331	107	255	91	80	11	237	420	103	84	96
Senile and /or amnesic	3,293	425	2,868	228	586	217	160	13	571	872	242	151	253
Males	1,635	241	1,394	108	293	97	67	7	286	439	129	71	138
Females	1,658	184	1,474	120	293	120	93	6	285	433	113	80	115
Children Ever Born, CEB (45-49) ⁶	5.1	4.4	5.3	5.2	4.9	5.6	4.9	4.1	5.3	5.5	5.5	4.7	4.2

Notes:

¹ Institution include boarding schools,prison,hospitals,hotels/hostels/guesthouses,some boats:

²Number of children under age 5 per 1000 women aged 15-49:

³Proportion of popularion 15 years and older who are able to read and write a simple sentences in any language

⁴Proportion of population aged 15 to 24 years who are able to read and write a simple sentence in any language

⁵Proportion of population 5 years and older who are able to read and write a simple sentence in any one language

⁶ Average number of children per woman aged 45-49

Part 1: Census Operation and Procedures

1.1.1 Introduction

Census is an internationally recognized method for collecting demographic and key social and economic information for every island, community, man, woman and child. By definition a census is "A canvass of a given area, resulting in an enumeration of the entire population and the compilation of demographic, social and economic information pertaining to that population at a specific time".

Censuses in the Solomon Islands date back to Colonial times, not until 1976 when an official one was conducted. Since then, census undertaking had been an activity enshrined in the Census Act (cap 53) that mandates the Solomon Islands National Statistics Office (SINSO) to carry out this exercise. Population census in the country is to be conducted every ten years. This is legislated in the Census Act, in accordance with United Nations recommendations for an inter-census period.

The first census in the Solomon Islands was conducted in 1931. However, it was a little more than an incomplete head count. The second one was conducted in 1959, but it was a sample census, and the third census in the country was conducted in 1970. Although the 1970 census was limited in scope, it was a seen as a proper census. However, the census rounds following in 1976, 1986, 1999 and 2009 were absolute censuses.

Reference to the United Nations recommendation of inter-censual period of ten years, the latest population and housing census in Solomon Islands was conducted in November 2009. By reasons of comparison, the 2009 census was conducted on a two round enumeration, and the effected official reference period best known as the 'census night' was the midnight of 22nd November 2009.

Notably a census provides a unique source of detailed demographic, social and economic data relating to the entire population at a single point in time. Since there is no effective vital registration system operative in the country, and very few reliable and complete population statistics available from other sources, the census is a vital instrument in a wide range of activities in this regard. It also provides information on issues of housing and the extent to which the houses meet basic standards and key health indicators such as access to clean water and disposal of wastes. It is an important source of information for the Solomon Islands Government (SIG) as well as NGO, individuals, donors, and international agencies.

The data from the census supports national strategies and plans, policy development and decision making by the central and provincial governments, by private organizations, the interest groups, and for statistical purposes such as the establishment of sampling frame for surveys, the definition of provinces, wards and electoral boundaries². Moreover the census information is useful for policy setting and implementation, research, planning and other decision-making; for example, the allocation of public funding in areas such as health, education and social policy. In general it is important to note that the main users of census information such as the government, local authorities, businesses, community organizations and the public will depend on the 2009 Population and Housing Census as benchmark information for the next ten years.

¹ Pilot Census Enumerators Manual 2009

² Project Description for the 2009 National Population and Housing Census of Solomon Islands

2.1 Census history

Censuses in the Solomon Islands date back to colonial times. The first census was conducted in 1931, although it was a little more than an incomplete head count of the population. The second census was conducted in 1959 even though it was a sample census. The third census was conducted in 1970 and despite the fact of it being limited in scope, it was a proper census. However, the ones following in 1976, 1986, 1999 and 2009 were complete censuses.

With respect to the legislative basis of the census in the country the current situation had both the Census Act (cap 53) and the Statistics Act, 1970. The regulatory provisions are discretely prescribed by the Statistics Act, where one of the important provisions is the authorization of the SINSO as the only office to produce official statistics in the country under the leadership of the Government Statistician. In addition, the CA mandates the SINSO to carry out this exercise. In the nut-shell, the legislative provisions of the Statistical Act 1970 and the Census Act (cap 53) mandated the Government Statistician (GS) through SINSO to carry out the census exercise.

The regulation also authorizes the GS to be responsible for the administration and the completion of the census project. However, under the preserved administrative regulations and provisions, the Census Act allows for the appointment of a Census Commissioner (CC) to administer the census project. The GS therefore has the authority to recommend the CC to take full responsibility and management of the census project. According to the prescribed protocols the recommendation would be submitted to the Prime Minister by the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Finance and Treasury (MoFT). The PM shall endorse the recommendation and gazette the endorsement and also made the public announcement of the CC's appointment. In addition, the provision of the regulations and the protocols enabled the SINSO to carry out the necessary activities required to plan, manage and implement all the necessary census activities.

Universally the history of census date back to bible time when Moses the leader of the children of Israel was commanded to conduct the census of population in the wilderness, recorded in the book of Numbers. Moreover the famous census in the Jews calendar was conducted when Jesus Christ was born in Bethlehem. The transition of European civilization revealed official population census was first conducted in England and Scotland in March 1801, Ireland in 1811 and Australia in 1828. The first New Zealand census was undertaken in 1851.

3.1 Census planning and management

The planning for the 2009 Census started with the strategic mission by Martin Butterfield in April 2008. Besides establishing the Census Office, Martin Butterfield discussed with SINSO on the development of 2009 Census overall strategies. This included the review of linkages between census and other projects, the review of the application of national standards, the review of national topic classifications, the review of national geographical classifications, the review application of international standards, the review of existing legislative framework for the census, identify areas of change that are expected in the procedures involved and to obtain policy approval for required legislative change. Intensive census dialogue continued with Mr. Butterfield on the development of census project plan and the detail census plan, the organizational structure³, and monitoring of activities.

Prior planning was undertaken to establish important relationships with users through establishment of a common user consultation forum, organizing subsequent meetings for the forums, and the dialogue on agency views and topics made easy reference to the questionnaire design. Notable publicity criteria and review of calendar of events that will support respondents with memory lapse for information consistency. Inclusive dialogue on the evaluation plans, the

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³ Organisational Structure of Census Office in Appendix 3

pilot test and the overall pilot census evaluation report. Financial management involved developing a realistic budget, the process of channeling the budget for approval, budget training, and budget review and also developing a budget management system and budget review were discussed.

From the planning and management perspective, the Census had two main objectives. Firstly, it was to ensure that the process of collecting, compiling, evaluating, analyzing and disseminating of demographic, economic and social data was conducted in a timely and accurate manner. The development of procedures and processes for the 2009 Population and Housing Census was anticipated to make use of the lessons learned in previous censuses, and built upon recommendations for improvements. Secondly, it was a valuable opportunity for the capacity development of staff of the SINSO, thus resulting in enhancing the image, credibility and reputation of the office and at the same time, strengthening its infrastructure. In this regard all census key positions were awarded to SINSO staffs and in addition two departmental units namely the Social and Censuses & Surveys units were engaged on full time basis during peak period of the census field operation. The only exception was the Census Technical Advisor position that was filled by an expatriate and other few supporting staffs contracted to work for the project.

The challenge melted through vision, planning and coordination, delegation of responsibility and a strong team spirit, and in anticipation the census work planned to be conducted in an effective and efficient manner. Staff at all levels were encouraged to have an open mindset in addressing issues. Participation from other parties both within and outside the government were encouraged together with the establishment of avenue to channel respective participation through the Census Users Committee. As a result, a wider community including the National and Provincial Government, Non-Governmental Organisation, Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC), donor partners like AusAID, ROC, EU, UNDP, UNFPA, and the general public supported the 2009 Census project. In fact the full support from UNFPA, AusAID and SPC was based on collaborative understanding that quality control at different stages of the census process was ensured.

Data consistency between censuses was an important consideration in the overall census planning. Demands for and the use of data, improvement in data accessibility and analytical tools were also considered. The use of GIS as a means of disseminating the census information resulted as one of the major appreciation for the 2009 Census.

Detail planning in areas such as enumeration procedures and field operation, public communication, mapping and re-designing of census EA boundaries, data processing, reporting, content determination, dissemination procedures, and questionnaire development and training. These aspects, and how they interacted with each other, played a crucial role in determining the quality of the census outputs. Each phase therefore required careful, systematic planning and control.

Prior to the Census proper important preparations were made. This included a household listing exercise, a pilot census, the production of maps, the design and printing of questionnaire, manuals, registration books, the purchase of office equipments, the recruitment of staff; the establishment of short term training centres; the preparation of training manuals and aids. The planning and execution of transport schedules to gather supervisors and enumerators in the training centres, transport to assist movement to and from their allotted EA's; the publicity needed to make the whole population aware of the census, the questions and the information they are to supply. All these tasks were done in a particular sequence and ecpected to be completed strictly at important schedule dates. The census effort therefore required utmost co-operation from all parties involved, authorities at various levels, private organisations and the village and urban populations. To foster the support needed for

this purpose the CC reports to the CUC, and in particular the GS at various critical stages of the project and seek concurrence for census planned activities.

The exact date of the census night was decided by the CC in consultation with Government departments and other bodies particularly with the Ministry of Education. Agreement of the CUC should also have been sought as the Census date was related to methods of enumeration. The census date, commonly known as the 'census night' was on midnight the 22nd of November 2009 officially announced by the PM at the official launch of the 2009 National Population and Housing Census project in September 2008.

The 2009 census enumeration field work planning underwent a last minute change in September 2009, when SINSO proposed a two-tiered census enumeration method, the rational being that visiting all households twice instead of once was believed to improve the data quality and had proven its merits in the Solomon Islands 1999 census. The first visit took place two weeks prior to the official census date, to be followed by a second visit shortly after the census date. All enumerator is required to visit all households (on average 60 households) in their allocated EA. The enumerator is to return to the households after census date, on which occasion any change in the household such as visitors, or births, and deaths are recorded. The two-tiered approach is implemented in the majority of EAs, but there were areas encountered difficult to fully implement the two-tiered visits and these includes some areas of Honiara and Guadalcanal.

3.2 Management

The management of the census project was the greatest challenge of the day to day census activity operations. Poor management practice reduces the credibility of the planning phase as there was no strong administrative and management control to ensure strong implementation of the census. As a result, associated outcomes such as absenteeism and lateness to work by many senior and junior officers in the census office were realised. At the same time the management challenges were visible in the recruitment and selection processes by census office, mostly in Honiara and in some provinces. The absence of Census Office meetings especially to follow up work progress in the respective key work areas disputed the coordination of the census work progress. Though however a handful of committed census officers shouldered most of the activities, these activities could have been efficiently accomplished if all staff worked together.

Similarly the overall management of funds in line with the census activity work plan faced challenges. Prior to the census proper, household listing and a pilot census were organized. The unbudgeted extension of the household listing exercise which was supposed to be covered for two months went on for seven months. Moreover, the post enumeration mopping exercise involved an unjustifiable substantial number of census enumerators including area managers, trainers, master trainers and the census district superintendents. This exercise was seriously unbudgeted for and showed the lack of appreciation of the need to adhere to project work plans, financial rules and regulations during the project implementation phase as these oversights produced huge budgetary consequences. This exercise also showed the level of administrative irregularities in the decisions taken as per the recruitment process used by the Census Office in implementing the Census.

Furthermore, the census enumeration took approximately six weeks to complete, causing an additional burden to the Census Office because of its logistical and unplanned financial implications and more importantly, numerous claims for outstanding payments that enumerators continue to present in the Census Office. At certain points in time, the Census Office was at the edge of being held hostage by enumerators withholding forms from Guadalcanal in order to obtain their perceived or actual outstanding payments.

4.1 **Project budget**

The project description for the 2009 Population and Housing Census of Solomon Islands was prepared early in 2008 and submitted through the Ministry of Development Planning and Aid Coordination. The budget total was SBD \$30,424,141 million. According to the census work plan, this budget was to be expended over a span of three year period from 2008 to 2011 the life expectancy of the census project. Overall, donor partners funded more than 77 percent of the budget, and half of their budget total was to be expended in 2009. The SIG contributed more than 22 percent of the total census budget.

Generally, costs associated with staff wages/salary and accommodation and touring allowances took up the largest share, but second largest expenditures were on survey/field equipment followed respectively by training, publicity, transport, equipment and others. Refer to Appendix 2 for the summary break down of donor partners' contribution and the total annual budget to be expended between 2008 and 20114. The budget amount lines by donor partners including SIG may have changed during the actual expenditure period.

5.1 Geographical division

Data collection, tabulation and analysis were based on the administrative boundaries as defined in the Report of the Constitutional Boundaries Commission 1995/6 review. This consists of a hierarchical system comprising three different levels:

- The national level; Solomon Islands
- The provincial level: nine provinces plus Honiara City Council
- The ward level: 183 wards divided over the ten province level entities

For field operational purposes the whole country was divided into 1,344 enumeration areas (EAs) which were defined within the ward boundaries, thus constituting a fourth level. Although the division into EAs does not have any official administrative status and differs per census, it may serve as sampling frame for specialized surveys during inter-censual periods. Appendix 12 provides the country map that gives the geographical divisions of provinces, wards and EAs.

Within the general geographical division, census information can also be derived for constituencies an intermediate level between province and ward, essentially by combining a number of wards. The constituency boundaries are inclusive in the maps provided in *Appendix* 12. Also, Village information is also a characteristic of geographic division with a three digit code in the database. The village however is not part of the general identification code; villages are not part of the official administrative entities as they rely on subjective definitions by inexperienced field enumerator, and tend to change in terms of composition, location and name.

6.1 **Mapping**

The objective of this component was to ensure that the maps provided complete coverage of the country were designed to avoid omissions, double counting, to accommodate a reasonable workload of one census enumerator, and that geographic identifiers could be used for dissemination purposes by the PopGIS system.

Collaborations with the Ministry of Lands began in 2008 to ensure that digitized maps for Solomon Islands to be used for 2009 Census. Under this partnership arrangement, Department of Lands provided up-to-date aerial photograph maps for Honiara, including all other provincial centers throughout the country. In addition, the GIS unit in the Department of Lands provided mapping data of roads, rivers, building, schools, clinics and many more.

⁴ Project Description for the 2009 National Population and Housing Census of Solomon Islands

Mr. Samson Kanamoli who is in charge of Census Cartography received preliminary training from the frequent visit by Mr. Scott Pontifex from the Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC) in Noumea who also assisted him to ensure that quality digitized maps were prepared. In March 2009 the household listing exercise was conducted, to enhance redesigning of existing EA maps that might have changed over time. This is done by amalgamating or splitting to achieve an average of 60 households per EA, this is also gauged against travel time by enumerators as the size of an EA is a definite factor. EA mapping updates through the household listing exercise includes the name of household head, the total number of males and females, the households GPS waypoints, and the total number of males and females ages 17 and above. The latter is an important population requirement by the Electoral Office to foresee the probable estimated total of eligible voters of 18 years above during the 2010 general election.

Conversion and download of the household GPS waypoints and further uploading onto software like MapInfor8.1, ArcGIS9.3 and DNR Garmin, had enabled the capture and processing of geospatial data such as polygon, lines and points that enhance necessary adjustments, production of maps layout, and templates. This actually had supported and facilitated the re-design of the EA boundaries. The EA boundary-lines were clearly identifiable by permanent or semi-permanent structures like road, rivers, ridges and streams. Altogether the re-design exercise accumulated a total of 1,344 EAs an absolute increase of 195 EAs from the existing 1,149 EAs in the 1999 census.

The provisional maps for the Pilot census are produced in July 2009. This is followed by the production of single EA maps for the whole country in preparation for the census enumeration to start on the 9th of November 2009. The maps for all rural areas were produced on the scale of 1:10,000 and the urban area maps were produced on the scale of 1:5,000.

In addition, the sophistication of the softwares used had enabled quick spot checks on household omission and duplication on the census database. This is possible by merging map GPS identification code with GPS identification in the census database using both the household listing and the census databases, essentially it also serve to balance out the loose end for both databases. This certainly ease manually checking of forms not yet scanned but wrongly registered had been scanned to be processed and deletion of duplicates. Technically the GPS technology was also used to link census questionnaire with geo-reference households and EA boundaries. This technology will remain confidential in the SINSO however its importance would be the possible identification of households that assumed to have been missed during census enumeration.

7.1 Questionnaire design

Important criteria were seriously observed leading to the formulation of the census questionnaire. The stem of these criteria were to meet the users' needs, data quality requirements, and the ability of the general public to provide the information. The design and the language or wording of the Census forms needed careful development and testing. The 2009 Population and Housing Census questionnaire consisted of two parts, the first part covers person information and the second part covers household characteristics.

The census questionnaire design team reviewed the Pacific Islands model questionnaire together with the 1999 census questionnaires, as the first step in formulating the 2009 Census questionnaire form. The first draft of the questionnaire was distributed to all stakeholders, including Government and non-government organizations and members of the steering committee, to aid them in identifying their policy issues could be addressed by questions on the first draft. Invitations are also made for them to bring forward unaddressed policy issues to the users' committee meetings for consideration. Importantly decision of question inclusion by stakeholders was smoothed by other data sources available. The content of the questionnaire was

to be discussed and finalized within the users committee with stakeholders, whereas the questionnaire design was the role of the SINSO in collaboration with SPC.

Subsequent to considerable discussions regarding the questionnaire content in the users committee the design was finalized by SINSO and SPC and the final draft was sent to Australia for printing, in preparation for the Pilot Census in August 2009. Following the Pilot test a few important changes resulted from different perceptions the respondents had regarding the interpretation of questions are made. The amendments includes re-ordering of the labor force questions, alignment of the children ever born questions boxes, re-wording of the person and household questionnaire including field length improvement in the household questions and the inclusion of the second visit check box question. These were generally the amendments made after the Pilot census. When all amendments are updated the final copy of the questionnaire was sent to Australia to be printed ready for the census enumeration in November 2009.

8.1 Household listing

Prior to the establishment of the census office in September 2008, a Village Resources Survey was conducted in 2007/2008. One of the main objectives of the VRS was to derive up to date population estimate and the number of households in each EAs that would assist re-designing of EA boundaries with an average of 60 households or 350 persons the defined workload per enumerator during enumeration. Initially the Household Listing component of the census was not included in the census project document, the assumption being that the existing VRS would serve this purpose. Upon closer inspection of the nature of data collected in the VRS it was found that the VRS would not match the requirement of the HhL.

The household listing involves the design and printing of household forms, preparation of training manuals, recruitment, training of the field and supervisory staffs, logistical arrangement, and data scanning activities commenced in April 2009. A training manual was prepared and a series of training sessions was conducted for seven CDS, twenty-nine CAM, and one hundred and four household listing field officers. It is also important to note that in different activity areas the census office consultative and dovetail activities were done to accommodate the end objective of each activity focus.

Subsequent to the household listing exercise, the GPS waypoints provided update information to create new EAs by re-drawing the boundaries of existing ones. A total of 195 new EAs were drawn increasing the number of EAs 1,344 in 2009 census. The mapping was undertaken to ensure that EA boundaries were clearly demarcated and consists of cluster of approximately 60 to 80 households each. The majority of EAs matched this profile though some exceeds 100 households. This census mapping work will also benefit subsequent analysis and geographical presentation of statistics and in general for future surveys.

Besides the GPS waypoints, the Household listing exercise also collected information on household head, population by sex, population seventeen years and above and a household sticker number assigned to the household. The information advantages assumed on the aforementioned attributes are important in their own right and serve respective targets. Basically the household head and the sticker number assigned to the households serves almost the same purpose that is, it would be employed as a quick identification and cross examination of households with the census listing. The population by sex provides a rough estimate of the population assumed to be enumerated during the census that make important reference for planning and the seventeen years and over was specifically collected for the Electoral Commission in preparation for the general election in August 2010. This provides the backup data source from which to derive the number of eligible voter as of mid-2010. To this extent the household listing included a count of seventeen years and over who would be eighteen years old by the time of the election.

The handheld GPS units were utilized in the training that was conducted by SPC and deployed when conducting the household listing exercise. Technically the GPS technology was also used to link census questionnaire with geo-reference households and EA boundaries.

9.1 Pilot census

The pilot census is conducted in August 2009 in nine provinces and the exercise was assumed to go through all the activities of full census in November 2009. The activities includes preparation in terms of publicity, training, mapping and development of relevant documents logistics and financial arrangements, enumeration and supervision, as well as the whole process of data checking, registration, coding, scanning, verifying, editing, batch editing and the tabulation of results.

The pilot census questionnaire was drafted with the census user committee. The questionnaire was later reviewed by SPC, CO, and SINSO where the designs and formats were finalized to ensure data processing meets the scanning requirements. Eighteen pilot enumeration areas were selected from nine provinces; one in Choiseul, two on Western, one on Isabel, one on Central, three on Guadalcanal, three on Malaita, two on Makira, one on Temotu, and four in Honiara. Following a one week training period, the pilot census was carried out in the period from 17th to 30th of August 2010, with the reference night of 9th to 10th August. The pilot census resulted in the enumeration of 6,371 people in 1,184 households. All pilot returns were processed and tabulated in September 2009.

The general conclusion of the pilot census evaluation was the essential structure for the full census was in place and ready to go. However, the purpose of the pilot exercise pauses required improvements on specific areas that were identified. With respect to training emphasis on the intensive feedback, extension of the training period and practical exercises were recommended. The pilot exercise also enabled valuable suggestions for improvement in interviewing, supervision, equipments, and maps. The questionnaire was revised through reordering, rephrasing questions, and improvement of the skip procedures. Some questions are removed and some new questions were added. The final draft of the questionnaire was fixed into an extra large A3 size paper with questions embedded on both sides ready to be sent to Australia for printing after the final leg with the census users' committee.

10.1 Organizational structure of census office

The census organizational structure is designed to implement a number of interrelated activities let alone the census operation. Major activities areas such as the field operation, the office support service, the questionnaire design and training, the data processing and accounts. Each of these activity areas, report directly to the Census Commissioner. The census enumerator manual provided guidelines of communication channels and processes on all activity areas generally to harmonize and to control the quality of downward and upward communication and the measures to follow in solving problems at all levels⁵. The challenge for the managers was developing a work environment that would enable census personnel to perform all these tasks with a common goal in mind.

The CC is responsible to the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Finance and Treasury through the Government Statistician. Collaboration with other ministries, provincial governments and non-governmental organisations were either by direct contacts or through the Census Users Committee. The Census Office remain a separate office from the SINSO to allow the latter to continue its own programmes in the years 2008 to 2011, but a close symbiosis between the two offices is essential. The Census Office draws heavily on Statistics Office staff to help in capacity development and to

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⁵ Refere to Appendix 3

gain valuable experience. Contacts with the aid donors were channelled through the Ministry of Development Planning and Aid Coordination at the initial stage however the United Nation for Population Activities UNFPA office in Honiara remain to be the disbursing office for all Donor funds and supports⁶.

11.1 Staffing and recruitment

The CC seconded from the SINSO was supported by a Secretary, Census Statistician, Cartographer, Census Operation Manager who was contracted, Data Processing Manager, and a Finance Officer seconded from SIGAS⁷, all of whom were Solomon Islanders. Overall, thirteen SINSO staff worked for the Census project including the CTA, two public servants were seconded from other Government departments, one from Lands department to assist the census cartographer and the finance officer from the MoFT, and four SINSO casual workers. In addition, there were 4 other census contracted workers, 7 CDS, 29 AM, 9 Master Trainers, 60 trainers, 395 supervisors and 1,592 enumerators. Census data processing recruited 26 data verifiers. The data verifier recruitment was enclosed to enumerators and supervisors who worked Honiara during the enumeration. The number contracted over the period was reduced with the workload. Various census activity recruitments mentioned above were conducted at various times.

12.1 Publicity

The main objective of publicity was to ensure the general public understood the benefits of the census, why each person was required to take part and to know how, when and what they needed to do to take part. The task determined to obtain an understanding and the cooperation of every individual in the country through effective use of publicity to ensure quality of responses required by the Census. To achieve this, the publicity officer established a publicity framework. This included TV and radio programs, talkbacks, posters, newspapers articles, banners, T-shirts, and ID cards.

Banners and posters were used to display the Census slogan, "Kaontim Mi, Kaontim Iu, Kaotim Everiwan" and the dates of enumeration period and census night. Similarly, T-shirts were printed with a similar content as the banners to promote awareness about the Census. This also includes the Census Office, official letter head inscribed with the census slogan "Kaontim Mi, Kaontim Iu, Kaotim Everiwan" and the date of the census night.

12.2 TV and radio programs

Prior to the census enumeration the general public was informed about the census progress and the need for their cooperation during the enumeration period. During the last two weeks just prior to the enumeration, the programs were used to brief the people of Solomon Islands about the nature of the questions that the census enumerators would be asking. The programs ran for two weeks during the census collection period.

Coverage of live interviews were made with the Census Commissioner to better inform the general population as to why census taking was important and to clarify the cloudy discernment of the people about the census. One news TV and radio stations followed up with the briefing on the correct meaning of the questions on the forms. The general aim of this activity was to minimize the respondent burden, and to brief the general public of the questionnaire before the actual enumeration.

⁶ Refer to Appendix 2

⁷ SIGAS Solomon Islands Government Accounting System

12.3 Talkback

Talkback shows were conducted through the Solomon Islands Broadcasting Corporation and FM Stations. The programs assisted public perception and awareness on the complexity of census operations, and valued respondent contribution by responding positively to the questions during the enumeration. The public responded positively during the program.

13.1 Training

Several different training programs were conducted in Honiara leading up to the census proper training. Soon after the recruitment of CDSs and AMs, the initial training conducted was for the household listing. The second training was for the Pilot Census and third was for the trainers who would later train the supervisors and enumerators throughout the country. Consecutive trainings supported the assumption that the CDSs, CAM, AM, trainers, and quality control officers to enhance performances. Most if not all recruited especially master trainers and trainers, quality control officers and even data processing verifiers have engaged in one or two of the many trainings. The training for the census proper was conducted in the provinces. In total forty training venues were identified in the provinces and a total of 60 trainers were recruited and are trained by nine master trainers.

The first drafts of the census questionnaire and the manual are important documents for the Pilot Census training. Of equal importance were the tact and the magnitude of the training executed for output that also had impacts on the quality of recruitment. The Pilot training in Honiara was conducted by SPCs Demographer, Mr. Arthur Jorari and the Census Statistician Ms Irene Kalauma. The Pilot census was conducted in August 2009 for two weeks. Following the Pilot Census results, amendments to the questionnaire form and the manual are done. The Trainers training took place in Honiara for two weeks and the training of supervisors and enumerators were done in respective identified venues in the provinces. The structure and implementation of the training program were managed by the training and field operation with close communication with the CDSs and AMs to ensure that the training program in all venues throughout the country received all the necessary training resources and equipments on time and to convene the training at the same time. The administrative arrangements and support at the training venue was supervised by AM. The trainers were instructed (when in doubt) to refer all queries and technical questions raised during the training to the training team in Honiara for clarification. Moreover, it is important for uniformity therefore the training team in Honiara had to inform all trainers for any major instruction clarity or change that had been made.

A four week training program was scheduled for supervisors and enumerators in October, an equal spread of two weeks training period, with the former taking precedence. However, the training was conducted over a span of three weeks only. This change did not have any effect at all to the training. Actually the second week of supervisor training was merged with the enumerator first week of training. This had allowed an advantange in time that extended the practical enumeration, checking and group discussion period during the training. There were in total 60 trainers spread across 40 different Training venues across the country with participants at each training venues, ranging from 50 to 90, practically some areas had more participants than others. In total there were 1,987 participants, deduced to be 395 supervisors and 1,592 enumerators.

The identified training venues throughout the provinces followed certain criteria and one of the main criteria was to have the training venues located in the central area of the assigned wards to the Area Managers. This certainly allowed speedy distribution of enumerators and supervisor to their assigned EAs at little or zero cost. However, for special case areas such the remote Islands

like Lord-Howe, Tikopia and Anuta, a separate training was conducted for the teams in Honiara as the enumeration work plan was compromised with the monthly shipping services to the Islands.

14.1 Field Operation

Tactfully, field operation was the gateway for data capture therefore much consideration and decision concerning this issue was important. Initially the recommendation for recruitment of the CDSs, AMs, Supervisors and Enumerators and the Quality Control officers to work in different localities were importantly considered to be the locals from the areas. In that regard, the local knowledge of the EA boundaries and the people of the areas was an asset to the operation. In addition, the local languages, customs of the diverse culture in the country was equally important in this arrangement. Similarly, the recruitment of the enumerators would have been of the same arrangement, but preferably a resident of a particular EA. This arrangement in particular was identified to be a way forward to also ensure proper monitoring of census funds through accommodation allowances and payments etc.

Throughout the country the size of EAs' were not the same as there were some EAs with households clustered together while others with households scattered. The EAs with scattered households during some occasions required the enumerators to spend nights out from their usual residence to capture information and this allowed for accommodation allowance is paid. Nonetheless, this arrangement was not practical in some areas because Enumerators who were engaged were not residents of the EA.

Supervisors on average are assigned with five enumerators to monitor as closely as possible during both rounds of the visits. They were to check interview standards, completeness and consistency of the questionnaire. Where information was missing or serious mistakes were noticed, they were expected to send enumerators back to redo the interviews or otherwise passed the questionnaire to the quality control process.

Further, to avoid enumeration omission and overlapping, the supervisor initially organized his or her enumerators to settle into their respective EAs and leaving them after clearly identifying EA boundaries, noting that the responsible enumerator should visit and enumerate all households. In practice, each enumerator was responsible to complete an EA with an approximate workload size of at least 60 households estimated to be about 350 people. This was an estimated workload to be covered by the enumerator over a period of two weeks during the first visit.

However, in actual practice supervisors made preferable change to this arrangement by grouping the enumerators in two or three or the whole team of five enumerators to complete one EA at a time until the workload of the team was completed in the first visit. This was assumed to help the slower enumerators. Where possible, the enumerator and the head of the household were to arrange a mutually convenient time for enumeration to take place during the enumeration period, from the 9th to the 22nd of November 2009. This was to ensure that the enumerator would minimize repeated visits to the households and that the households would be prepared and available to spend enough time to answer the questions. In addition, timing of the visit to the households especially in urban areas like Honiara was programmed to be after official hours and or in the evenings when the head and the members of the households were present.

The second visit to the households on or after census night on the midnight of the 22nd of November 2009 was much straightforward compared to the first visit in terms of the workload. Because it was impossible for an Enumerator to visit all the households in an EA on Census night, the enumeration was spread over a longer period, both before and after the actual Census night. The aim was to record the population as if,

suddenly, at one minute to midnight, everything came to a complete stop and the population stood still ready to be counted. The reference date best known as the Census night allow the population to be counted.

15.1 Data processing

It was necessary that the various phases of the data processing were planned and implemented to ensure that the questionnaire was designed and formatted to permit accurate and complete data capture.

When decision was made for the census data processing system to be undertaken through scanning, the officer in charge of the census data processing, Mr. Douglas Kimi attended a two weeks scanning demonstration and training in Port Vila, Vanuatu in January 2009. The training was organised by SPC, who also provided a resource persons GIS Specialist Mr. Phil Bright and the Managing Principal of International Solution Group, Scanning Consultant Mr. Stephen Ladek. Following the training, important alignment were made to the questionnaire design according to the scanning format. Processing census data through scanning is new in the South Pacific Region. It was first introduced in the 2006 Fiji Census and was found successful. This would be the second time it was used in the region to respectively process or scan the census questionnaires for Vanuatu and the Solomon Islands in their 2009 Census undertaking.

The scanning software application automatically captures and manages information from questionnaires. FORMS software *scans*, *interprets*, and *verifies* the forms then *transfers* the data to the target system. Under the sophisticated scanning procedures of FORMS Software the creation of form definition in the *manager* module is quite detailed and usually takes the most time of all the enveloped stages in preparing for production. This included the adjustment of scanner settings, scaning a blank form or reading an image file, saving the form definition, defining adjustment fields, defining recognition field; if needed, defining all other fields, specifying options and validation routines, and checking the validity of the form. These with all the rest of the modules mentioned above were made possible with the frequent visit made by Mr. Phil Bright, GIS Specialist from SPC who worked closely with the data processing officer to setup the census scanning system.

Training for census data processing activities started in February 2009 with household listing, the Pilot Census and the census proper executed in that order. The questionnaires designed for the sector activities mentioned above were actually done on a dove-tailed basis though the order of priority was referenced to the effective date of each sector activities. For example, the household listing was done in March, followed by the Pilot Census in August, and the census proper in November 2009. For both the household listing and the pilot census, four data verifiers were respectively contracted and for the census proper twenty-six data verifiers were engaged.

Important data quality requirement were emphasized in all respective census trainings to ensure completeness, accuracy and consistency of data recording. Scanning required writing legibly in the space/box provided and this also emphasized. Essentially, the interaction between the supervisors and enumerators during the field operations was relevant. In addition, EA Quality Control form was to be completed by all field enumerators for each EA. The form was compulsory as it was part of the batch (EA) administrative identification procedures in data scanning processing although it was not included in the database. The quality control form only contained summary information such as EA identification, total household completed, enumerators name etc, thus it can be used as a quick spot check on the number of household against the household listing.

Administrative handling of completed forms was an important data capture procedure after the enumeration. An intensive registration procedure was enforced to administer and to monitor the

movement of completed forms from the field to the Census Office and the data processing unit. Furthermore, the data processing unit equally introduced a strict handling management procedure that checked on forms received and forms scanned in a registration log book. In addition, appropriate furniture was in placed to assist the facilitation of forms handling, transfer and processing.

There were in total twenty-six data verifiers recruited that were part of the census data processing team. This total excludes the data processing manager and the data processing supervisor. All twenty-six verifiers were full time data verifiers. However, three best verifiers who were actually involved in the scanning process of household listing and pilot census were selected to assistant the data processing supervisor in the early stage of data processing work.

The data verifiers were divided into two teams of 13 persons. This is to support the census work plan of double stream of verifiers to processing data up to seven hours a day for each team. However, this arrangement did not eventuate due to the workload of completed census forms returned that needed to be coded before passing through scanning. And because the scanning process was the fastest activity in the scanning module, decision had to be made to allow consistent feed flow of forms through the scanning process. Thus the two teams were later arranged to take turns between verifying data and coding of the census forms. Scanning and verifing activities hit the target time schedule, in completing the activities before the scanning license expired on 16th of May 2010.

The designing of data dictionary, data entry screens, edit specifications, batch edits, tabulation plans and all related data processing systems were implemented comprehensively and according to schedule. All the designs were done in CSPro except for edit specification that was done in Microsoft Access. Accordingly, the database was further transferred to CSPro for batch editing and Tabulations. The batch editing and tabulation processes were supervised by SPCs Data Processing Specialist, Ms. Leilua Taulealo. Further editing and validation was still required and thus the expertise of Dr. Michael Levin was engaged. His assistance finally resolved the data inconsistencies and completed a datset for analysis.

16.1 Challenges

Numerous challenges were encountered by the census project during the field operation phase. The problems were mainly related to the management of the project work plans and funds. The latter was further worsened by the short-falls of funds disbursement by the donor partners. The poor management control of the scheduled census work plans and activities leading up to the census proper, including the census mopping enumeration was clearly evidient.

According to the specified census work plan budget in the original census funding document, the AusAID and UNFPA components of the census funds have not been stringently disbursed. Also, AusAID reduced its funding by AUD500, 000 which equated to SB\$3.3 million. Further to this, UNFPA and UNDP funding have been very elusive to track. These have affected the overall census budget and caused delays in making census work related payments on time.

Other challenges included the unbudgeted extension of the household listing, which was supposed to cover only two months but subsequently went on for seven months; the post enumeration mopping exercise which involved an unjustifiable substantial number of census enumerators, all the area managers, trainers, master trainers and the Census District Superintendents. This exercise was seriously unbudgeted for and showed the lack of appreciation of the need to adhere to project work plans, financial rules and regulations during the project implementation phase as these oversights produce huge budgetary consequences. This

exercise also showed the level of administrative irregularities in the decisions taken as per the recruitment process used by the census office in implementing the Census.

The recruitment of census enumerators resulted in negative media attention in the Island Sun⁸ newspaper on the 6th of October 2009, "On doubts over progress by census workers due to slow release of funds for salary and living allowances". Further, a feature story on Ponte⁹ News of 28 October 2009 on biased selection of enumerators by the census recruiters; and a newspaper article in the Solomon Star¹⁰ of 24 November 2009 on the census worker threaten to strike for reason of non-payment of their allowances. Press releases added to a climate of allegations and distrust that challenged the commitment of all partners concerned with the satisfactory implementation of the census.

A Census project management committee (CPMC) was established to ensure that management issues were identified and adequately addressed, however the discontinuity in its operations combined with, the prolonged absence for personal and medical reasons of the Census Commissioner added considerably to the managerial tasks taken on by CTA and census team. Reinstating the CPMC required a new TOR to be developed in order for the committee to reconvene at monthly intervals for the remaining duration of the census project.

The Audit undertaken in accordance with UNFPA's standard procedures of annual auditing of co-financed project budgets exceeding US\$100,000 recommended stronger management by Census Office and Treasury Department to ensure that impress account holders comply with SIG's financial system and regulations. A fully accountable an operational mechanism for receiving large amounts of cash for immediate disbursement in special circumstances such as census enumeration needed to be identified, thereby taking into consideration that the great majority of the enumerators and people involved did not have access to appropriate banking systems¹¹. Also, "the Census Commissioner was administratively not in control of the funding aspect of the project, hence he was not in a position to manage the funds in his capacity as the manager of the project and did not alert Treasury on overdrawn of special impress account which SIG later recovered the overdraft" 12

17.1 Way forward

The CPMC meeting resumed on the 17^{th} March 2010 and highlighted the need for all development partners to be updated with relevant information on the census progress and expenditure reports by government. The Census Office was relocated to SINSO on the 30^{th} of May 2010 to curb funds spent on rental and to closely manage the office.

The Census Commissioner, Mr. Willington Piduru completed his service as a civil servant who formally retired in 2008 but was on Fixed Term Appointment FTA to complete the census project. The CC is succeeded by the Deputy Government Statistician (DGS) (Acting) Mr. Douglas Kimi, who was also appointed to take up the position of the Census Commissioner. By the end of September 2010, training of the new CC and the Finance Officer of the Census Office was conducted in such areas as: internal financial procedures and management, and budgetary control and oversight with respect to donor and SIG financial system. UNFPA provided training on UNFPAs Annual Work Plan AWP, FACE and HACT and the government through MoFT providing the SIG procedures.

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⁸ Island Sun Newspaper, 6th October 2009 - one of the daily newspapers in the Solomon Islands

⁹ PFnet, 28th October 2009 – Peoples First Network -website news

¹⁰ SolomonStar 24th November 2009– One of the leading daily newspaper's in the country

¹¹ Solomon Islands Census Audit Plan

¹² Ibid

The SIG commentary on the audit report "in the future government officers for example teachers and agriculture extension officers should be appointed to take up the CDS and AM positions as they will be responsible to retire imprest in the treasury department and will be possible to recover fund that are mismanaged through the salary", 13

To ensure that the census results are widely disseminated, a census dissemination strategic plan was developed and put in place. The dissemination strategy would include classical modalities such as data users' workshops as well as new technologies such as web-based data dissemination. As part of plan, the new CC who was also the DGS attended the Second Regional Training/Workshop on Population Census Data Analysis Using REDATAM from 8th to 12th November 2010, at the Statistical Institute for Asia and the Pacific (SIAP-ESCAP) in Chiba, Japan. It is now planned that the Census information will be disseminated though the REDATAM facility, website, hardcopy reports, CDs, and also through provincial dissemination workshops.

Part 2: Table Specification

The tables included in this summary report represent the questionnaire of the Solomon Islands 2009 population and housing census. Exclusively, the tables are processed with the assumption that they can be used by wider audience. However, they are specifically meant for users with some statistical background such as planners, researchers, specialists, and donor representatives.

The set of tables presented here adheres to United Nations principles and recommendations for population and housing censuses to ensure a consistent standard of comparability with the previous censuses. There have been some slight changes to the numbering and ordering of the tables in each group and the titles may have been changed due to the structure and the format of the tables processed. It is important to note that the table numbering starts with a 'P' for person tables and 'H' for household tables.

This volume contained 99 tables distributed into major groups, the persons and the household tables. The person tables comprises of 72 tables and 27 household tables. The person tables are further divided into 8 various subject matters.

- 1. Geography
- 2. Age structure
- 3. Social characteristics
- 4. Migration
- 5. Health
- 6. Education and literacy
- 7. Labor force
- 8. Demography

The information presented in the volume refers to the population enumerated on the census night at midnight on the 22^{nd} to 23^{rd} November 2009 in the Solomon Islands. It was wholly the intention of this volume to meet users' basic information needs.

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¹³ Solomon Islands Census Audit Plan

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A. POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

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Province	19	970	19	976	19	986	19	999	2009		
	Population	Households									
Solomon Islands	160,998	29,940	196,823	34,849	285,176	43,738	409,042	65,014	515,870	91,251	
Choiseul	8,017	1,329	10,349	1,605	13,569	1,889	20,008	3,142	26,372	4,712	
Western	24,214	3,942	29,980	4,753	41,681	5,962	62,739	9,992	76,649	13,762	
Isabel	8,653	1,644	10,420	1,951	14,616	2,362	20,421	3,556	26,158	5,143	
Central	9,418	1,845	11,683	2,284	16,655	2,768	21,577	3,625	26,051	4,905	
Rennell-Bellona	1,504	331	1,893	417	1,802	311	2,377	432	3,041	688	
Guadalcanal	23,996	4,670	31,677	5,957	49,831	8,072	60,275	10,399	93,613	17,163	
M alaita	51,722	9,998	60,043	10,564	80,032	12,417	122,620	18,606	137,596	24,421	
Makira-Ulawa	12,390	2,237	14,891	2,556	21,796	3,271	31,006	4,926	40,419	7,173	
Temotu	9,078	1,735	10,945	2,028	14,781	2,370	18,912	3,415	21,362	4,303	
Honiara	12,006	2,209	14,942	2,734	30,413	4,316	49,107	6,921	64,609	8,981	

P1.2: Total population by sex and number of private households and institutions by urban-rural distribution and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province/Ward			Total countr	y				Urban					Rural		
1 Tovilice/ vv ai u	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions
Solomon Island	515,870	264,455	251,415	91,251	990	102,030	53,596	48,434	15,382	261	413,840	210,859	202,981	75,869	729
01 Choiseul Province	26,372	13,532	12,840	4,712	28	810	428	382	145	4	25,562	13,104	12,458	4,567	24
01 Wagina	1,636	852	784	250	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,636	852	784	250	-
02 Katupika	1,988	1,018	970	399	4	-	-	-	-	-	1,988	1,018	970	399	4
03 Vasipuki	1,574	806	768	312	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,574	806	768	312	1
04 Viviru	1,499	771	728	289	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,499	771	728	289	-
05 Babatana	1,738	860	878	324	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,738	860	878	324	2
06 Tepazaka	1,680	893	787	322	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,680	893	787	322	2
07 Batava	4,931	2,578	2,353	802	15	810	428	382	145	4	4,121	2,150	1,971	657	11
08 Tavula	2,487	1,240	1,247	418	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,487	1,240	1,247	418	-
09 Polo	1,699	860	839	302	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,699	860	839	302	-
10 Bangera	1,158	576	582	189	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,158	576	582	189	-
11 Susuka	1,746	908	838	304	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,746	908	838	304	-
12 Senga	1,856	948	908	345	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,856	948	908	345	-
13 Kerepangara	1,140	553	587	204	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,140	553	587	204	2
14 Kirugela	1,240	669	571	252	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,240	669	571	252	2
02 Western Province	76,649	39,926	36,723	13,762	236	9,755	5,136	4,619	1,798	83	66,894	34,790	32,104	11,964	153
01 Outer Shortlands	1,306	648	658	253	1	-	-	-	_	-	1,306	648	658	253	1
02 Inner Shortlands	2,397	1,233	1,164	448	2	-	-	-	_	-	2,397	1,233	1,164	448	2
03 Simbo	1,782	939	843	314	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,782	939	843	314	_
04 North Ranongga	541	266	275	92	2	-	-	-	_	_	541	266	275	92	2
05 Central Ranongga	2,514	1,227	1,287	488	-	-	-	-	_	-	2,514	1,227	1,287	488	-
06 South Ranongga	3,305	1,721	1,584	644	1	-	-	-	-	-	3,305	1,721	1,584	644	1
07 Vonunu	3,558	1,837	1,721	645	3	-	-	-	_	-	3,558	1,837	1,721	645	3
08 Mbilua	4,290	2,245	2,045	754	5	-	-	-	_	_	4,290	2,245	2,045	754	5
09 Ndovele	1,967	1,000	967	378	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,967	1,000	967	378	_
10 Irringgilla	2,833	1,461	1,372	501	2	-	-	-	_	_	2,833	1,461	1,372	501	2
11 Gizo	7,177	3,802	3,375	1,335	19	3,547	1,904	1,643	660	17	3,630	1,898	1,732	675	2
12 South Kolombangara	4,023	2,215	1,808	722	14	-	-	-	-	-	4,023	2,215	1,808	722	14
13 Vonavona	5,515	2,883	2,632	990	30	-	-	-	_	-	5,515	2,883	2,632	990	30
14 Kusaghe	2,238	1,157	1,081	332	5	-	-	-	_	-	2,238	1,157	1,081	332	5
15 Munda	2,620	1,352	1,268	471	9	1,315	674	641	250	7	1,305	678	627	221	2
16 Nusa Roviana	1,995	1,018	977	379	3	1,528	786	742	299	1	467	232	235	80	2
17 Roviana Lagoon	4,675	2,441	2,234	757	8	-	-	-	_	-	4,675	2,441	2,234	757	8
18 South Rendova	2,477	1,280	1,197	451	6	-	-	-	_	_	2,477	1,280	1,197	451	6
19 North Rendova	1,724	879	845	334	_	-	-	-	_	_	1,724	879	845	334	_
20 Kolombaghea	1,783	929	854	322	10	-	-	-	_	_	1,783	929	854	322	10
21 Mbuini Tusu	2,965	1,596	1,369	486	14	_	_	_	_	-	2,965	1,596	1,369	486	14
22 Nono	3,610	1,899	1,711	628	26	_	_	_	_	_	3,610	1,899	1,711	628	26
23 Nggatokae	3,050	1,553	1,497	584	5	_	-	-	_	_	3,050	1,553	1,497	584	5
24 North Vangunu	2,661	1,320	1,341	461	10	_	-	-	_	_	2,661	1,320	1,341	461	10
25 Noro	3,365	1,772	1,593	589	58	3,365	1,772	1,593	589	58	-	-	-	-	-
26 North Kolombangara	2,278	1,253	1,025	404	3	-	-	-	-	-	2,278	1,253	1,025	404	3

P1.2: Total population by sex and number of private households and institutions by urban-rural distribution and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward			Total countr	·y				Urban					Rural		
Province/ ward	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions
03 Isabel Province	26,158	13,328	12,830	5,143	69	971	523	448	158	8	25,187	12,805	12,382	4,985	61
01 Kia	1,929	1,054	875	437	5	-	-	-	-	-	1,929	1,054	875	437	5
02 Baolo	1,148	599	549	244	8	-	-	-	-	-	1,148	599	549	244	8
03 Kokota	1,177	692	485	249	8	-	-	-	-	-	1,177	692	485	249	8
04 Hovikoilo	1,988	1,016	972	392	8	-	-	-	-	-	1,988	1,016	972	392	8
05 Buala	2,813	1,456	1,357	511	9	971	523	448	158	8	1,842	933	909	353	1
06 Tirotongana	683	342	341	161	-	-	-	-	-	-	683	342	341	161	-
07 Koviloko	1,240	579	661	253	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,240	579	661	253	2
08 Kmaga	1,862	910	952	351	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,862	910	952	351	2
09 Kaloka	959	466	493	197	-	-	-	-	-	-	959	466	493	197	-
10 Tatamba	1,404	717	687	282	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,404	717	687	282	2
11 Sigana	2,397	1,195	1,202	438	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,397	1,195	1,202	438	1
12 Japuana	2,163	1,062	1,101	405	4	-	-	-	-	-	2,163	1,062	1,101	405	4
13 Kolomola	949	460	489	205	-	-	-	-	-	-	949	460	489	205	-
14 Kolotubi	1,671	811	860	303	5	-	-	-	-	-	1,671	811	860	303	5
15 Susubona	1,907	954	953	361	4	-	-	-	-	-	1,907	954	953	361	4
16 Samasodu	1,868	1,015	853	354	11	-	-	-	-	-	1,868	1,015	853	354	11
04 Central province	26,051	13,261	12,790	4,905	19	1,251	658	593	244	-	24,800	12,603	12,197	4,661	19
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	3,226	1,663	1,563	672	6	-	-	-	-	-	3,226	1,663	1,563	672	6
02 West Gela	2,220	1,110	1,110	443	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,220	1,110	1,110	443	-
03 East Gela	2,026	1,040	986	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,026	1,040	986	400	-
04 Tulagi	1,251	658	593	244	-	1,251	658	593	244	-	-	-	-	-	-
05 South West Gela	2,586	1,299	1,287	474	5	-	-	-	-	-	2,586	1,299	1,287	474	5
06 South East Gela	1,662	827	835	323	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,662	827	835	323	-
07 North East Gela	2,118	1,078	1,040	429	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,118	1,078	1,040	429	-
08 North West Gela	1,722	825	897	330	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,722	825	897	330	2
09 Banika	2,019	1,062	957	333	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,019	1,062	957	333	1
10 Pavuvu	1,956	994	962	333	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,956	994	962	333	1
11 Lovukol	2,128	1,099	1,029	358	2	-	-	-	-	-	2,128	1,099	1,029	358	2
12 North Savo	1,520	800	720	287	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,520	800	720	287	2
13 South Savo	1,617	806	811	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,617	806	811	279	-
05 Rennell-Bellona Province	3,041	1,549	1,492	688	21	-	-	-	-	-	3,041	1,549	1,492	688	21
01 East Tenggano	367	183	184	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	183	184	85	-
02 West Tenggano	378	199	179	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	378	199	179	81	-
03 Lughu	362	198	164	81	-	-	-	-	-	-	362	198	164	81	-
04 Kanava	239	135	104	60	1	-	-	-	-	-	239	135	104	60	1
05 Te Tau Gangoto	569	293	276	123	16	-	-	-	-	-	569	293	276	123	16
06 Mugi Henua	117	59	58	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	117	59	58	23	-
07 Matangi	144	75	69	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	144	75	69	32	-
08 East Gaongau	265	117	148	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	265	117	148	70	-
09 West Gaongau	350	170	180	76	3	-	-	-	-	-	350	170	180	76	3
10 Sa'aiho	250	120	130	57	1	_	-	-	-	-	250	120	130	57	1

P1.2: Total population by sex and number of private households and institutions by urban-rural distribution and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Duorings/Would	_		Total countr	y				Urban					Rural		
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions
06 Guadalcanal Province	93,613	48,283	45,330	17,163	216	15,473	8,120	7,353	2,516	20	78,140	40,163	37,977	14,647	196
01 Tandai	14,914	7,785	7,129	2,463	13	10,837	5,649	5,188	1,798	9	4,077	2,136	1,941	665	4
02 Saghalu	6,510	3,446	3,064	1,044	33	-	-	-	-	-	6,510	3,446	3,064	1,044	33
03 Savulei	3,003	1,582	1,421	471	2	-	-	-	-	-	3,003	1,582	1,421	471	2
04 Tangarare	3,118	1,633	1,485	551	26	-	-	-	-	-	3,118	1,633	1,485	551	26
05 Wanderer Bay	3,448	1,792	1,656	649	8	-	-	-	-	-	3,448	1,792	1,656	649	8
06 Duidui	3,201	1,631	1,570	700	6	-	-	-	-	-	3,201	1,631	1,570	700	6
07 Vatukulau	1,822	864	958	417	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,822	864	958	417	-
08 Talise	1,716	829	887	364	7	-	-	-	-	-	1,716	829	887	364	7
09 Avuavu	2,262	1,096	1,166	470	4	-	-	-	-	-	2,262	1,096	1,166	470	4
10 Moli	3,696	1,786	1,910	802	4	-	-	-	-	-	3,696	1,786	1,910	802	4
11 Tetekanji	1,114	531	583	214	6	-	-	-	-	-	1,114	531	583	214	6
12 Birao	3,159	1,589	1,570	588	7	-	-	-	-	-	3,159	1,589	1,570	588	7
13 Valasi	1,477	746	731	272	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,477	746	731	272	2
14 Kolokarako	1,418	715	703	280	8	-	-	-	-	-	1,418	715	703	280	8
15 Longgu	3,767	1,946	1,821	654	34	-	-	-	-	-	3,767	1,946	1,821	654	34
16 Aola	4,044	2,065	1,979	758	5	-	-	-	-	-	4,044	2,065	1,979	758	5
17 Paripao	3,068	1,555	1,513	604	7	-	-	-	-	-	3,068	1,555	1,513	604	7
18 East Tasimboko	7,438	3,917	3,521	1,419	12	-	-	-	-	-	7,438	3,917	3,521	1,419	12
19 Vulolo	4,429	2,294	2,135	911	1	-	-	-	-	-	4,429	2,294	2,135	911	1
20 Malango	10,532	5,540	4,992	1,749	23	4,636	2,471	2,165	718	11	5,896	3,069	2,827	1,031	12
21 West Ghaobata	4,962	2,573	2,389	976	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,962	2,573	2,389	976	-
22 East Ghaobata	4,515	2,368	2,147	807	8	-	-	-	-	-	4,515	2,368	2,147	807	8
07 Malaita Province	137,596	69,232	68,364	24,421	135	5,105	2,592	2,513	873	26	132,491	66,640	65,851	23,548	109
01 Auki	5,105	2,592	2,513	873	26	5,105	2,592	2,513	873	26	-	-	-	-	-
02 Aimela	7,639	3,889	3,750	1,338	16	-	-	-	-	-	7,639	3,889	3,750	1,338	16
03 Buma	6,223	3,275	2,948	1,049	1	-	-	-	-	-	6,223	3,275	2,948	1,049	1
04 Fauabu	8,830	4,400	4,430	1,534	1	-	-	-	-	-	8,830	4,400	4,430	1,534	1
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	2,477	1,270	1,207	454	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,477	1,270	1,207	454	-
06 Mandalua/Folotana	2,749	1,383	1,366	546	3	-	-	-	-	-	2,749	1,383	1,366	546	3
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	5,532	2,779	2,753	1,135	1	-	-	-	-	-	5,532	2,779	2,753	1,135	1
08 Malu'u	4,333	2,180	2,153	851	4	-	-	-	-	-	4,333	2,180	2,153	851	4
09 Matakwalao	2,760	1,391	1,369	558	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,760	1,391	1,369	558	1
10 Takwa	10,070	5,002	5,068	1,802	2	-	-	-	-	-	10,070	5,002	5,068	1,802	2
11 East Baegu	4,781	2,370	2,411	839	3	-	-	-	-	-	4,781	2,370	2,411	839	3
12 Fouenda	1,885	929	956	321	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,885	929	956	321	-
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	866	420	446	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	866	420	446	157	-
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	5,094	2,581	2,513	884	2	-	-	-	-	-	5,094	2,581	2,513	884	2
15 Nafinua	4,195	2,125	2,070	765	11	-	-	-	-	-	4,195	2,125	2,070	765	11

P1.2: Total population by sex and number of private households and institutions by urban-rural distribution and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

D	•		Total countr	·y		·		Urban				Rural			
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	3,592	1,796	1,796	648	1	-	-	-	-	-	3,592	1,796	1,796	648	1
17 Gulalofou	6,031	2,995	3,036	1,081	9	-	-	-	-	-	6,031	2,995	3,036	1,081	9
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	3,478	1,725	1,753	636	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,478	1,725	1,753	636	-
19 Aiaisi	3,574	1,815	1,759	561	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,574	1,815	1,759	561	-
20 Areare	3,525	1,752	1,773	544	6	-	-	-	-	-	3,525	1,752	1,773	544	6
21 Raroisu'u	4,988	2,460	2,528	867	2	-	-	-	-	-	4,988	2,460	2,528	867	2
22 Aba/Asimeuru	4,936	2,438	2,498	939	7	-	-	-	-	-	4,936	2,438	2,498	939	7
23 Asimae	3,043	1,586	1,457	561	4	-	-	-	-	-	3,043	1,586	1,457	561	4
24 Mareho	2,550	1,237	1,313	399	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,550	1,237	1,313	399	1
25 Tai	4,650	2,384	2,266	787	2	-	-	-	-	-	4,650	2,384	2,266	787	2
26 Kwarekwareo	1,921	961	960	318	9	-	-	-	-	-	1,921	961	960	318	9
27 Siesie	3,747	1,883	1,864	656	2	-	-	-	-	-	3,747	1,883	1,864	656	2
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	5,121	2,644	2,477	806	7	-	-	-	-	-	5,121	2,644	2,477	806	7
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	9,634	4,884	4,750	1,767	13	-	-	-	-	-	9,634	4,884	4,750	1,767	13
30 Langalanga	1,922	924	998	341	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,922	924	998	341	-
31 Luaniua	1,396	697	699	216	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,396	697	699	216	-
32 Pelau	700	343	357	128	1	-	-	-	-	-	700	343	357	128	1
33 Sikaiana	249	122	127	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	249	122	127	60	-
08 Makira-Ulawa Province	40,419	20,789	19,630	7,173	138	2,074	1,065	1,009	316	6	38,345	19,724	18,621	6,857	132
01 North Ulawa	1,169	586	583	217	4	-	-	-	-	-	1,169	586	583	217	4
02 South Ulawa	1,294	627	667	275	6	-	-	-	-	-	1,294	627	667	275	6
03 West Ulawa	860	434	426	202	-	-	-	-	-	-	860	434	426	202	-
04 Ugi and Pio	1,209	619	590	207	17	-	-	-	-	-	1,209	619	590	207	17
05 Arosi South	3,009	1,575	1,434	545	5	-	-	-	-	-	3,009	1,575	1,434	545	5
06 Arosi West	2,009	1,064	945	388	7	-	-	-	-	-	2,009	1,064	945	388	7
07 Arosi North	2,344	1,207	1,137	405	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,344	1,207	1,137	405	-
08 Arosi East	2,054	1,083	971	383	2	-	-	-	-	-	2,054	1,083	971	383	2
09 Bauro West	3,928	2,066	1,862	691	35	-	-	-	-	-	3,928	2,066	1,862	691	35
10 Bauro Central	4,562	2,384	2,178	742	9	2,074	1,065	1,009	316	6	2,488	1,319	1,169	426	3
11 Bauro East	1,625	845	780	265	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,625	845	780	265	1
12 Wainoni West	2,131	1,074	1,057	367	4	-	-	-	-	-	2,131	1,074	1,057	367	4
13 Wainoni East	2,488	1,263	1,225	470	1	-	-	-	-	-	2,488	1,263	1,225	470	1
14 Star Harbour North	3,262	1,654	1,608	526	12	-	-	-	-	-	3,262	1,654	1,608	526	12
15 Santa Ana	1,547	757	790	288	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,547	757	790	288	-
16 Santa Catalina	811	413	398	167	2	-	-	-	-	-	811	413	398	167	2
17 Star Harbour South	1,138	580	558	187	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,138	580	558	187	1
18 Rawo	677	356	321	114	4	-	-	-	-	-	677	356	321	114	4
19 Weather Coast	1,658	842	816	297	18	-	-	-	-	-	1,658	842	816	297	18
20 Haununu	2,644	1,360	1,284	437	10	-	-	-	-	-	2,644	1,360	1,284	437	10

P1.2: Total population by sex and number of private households and institutions by urban-rural distribution and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward -			Total countr	·y				Urban				Rural						
Province/ward -	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions	Total	Male	Female	Households	Institutions			
09 Temotu Province	21,362	10,466	10,896	4,303	28	1,982	985	997	351	14	19,380	9,481	9,899	3,952	14			
01 Fenualoa	1,305	618	687	279	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,305	618	687	279	1			
02 Polynesian Outer Islands	353	165	188	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	353	165	188	90	-			
03 Nipua/Nopoli	880	422	458	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	880	422	458	173	-			
04 Lipe/Temua	793	367	426	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	793	367	426	158	-			
05 Manuopo	1,030	496	534	209	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,030	496	534	209	1			
06 Nenumpo	1,166	553	613	250	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,166	553	613	250	-			
07 Nevenema	947	460	487	212	-	-	-	-	-	-	947	460	487	212	-			
08 Luva Station	2,335	1,143	1,192	421	14	1,982	985	997	351	14	353	158	195	70	-			
09 Graciosa Bay	1,264	638	626	254	6	-	-	-	-	-	1,264	638	626	254	6			
10 Nea/Noole	1,770	874	896	382	2	-	-	-	-	-	1,770	874	896	382	2			
11 North East Santa Cruz	1,843	936	907	349	3	-	-	-	-	-	1,843	936	907	349	3			
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	1,861	955	906	339	1	-	-	-	-	-	1,861	955	906	339	1			
13 Duff Islands	511	262	249	126	-	-	-	-	-	-	511	262	249	126	-			
14 Utupua	1,168	586	582	232	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,168	586	582	232	-			
15 Vanikoro	1,293	625	668	266	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,293	625	668	266	-			
16 Tikopia	1,285	604	681	262	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,285	604	681	262	-			
17 Neo	1,558	762	796	301	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,558	762	796	301	-			
10 Honiara town council	64,609	34,089	30,520	8,981	100	64,609	34,089	30,520	8,981	100	-	-	-	-	-			
01 Nggossi	10,062	5,240	4,822	1,430	17	10,062	5,240	4,822	1,430	17	-	-	-	-	-			
02 Mbumburu	3,625	1,912	1,713	513	-	3,625	1,912	1,713	513	-	-	-	-	-	-			
03 Rove/Lengakiki	2,613	1,464	1,149	334	16	2,613	1,464	1,149	334	16	-	-	-	-	-			
04 Cruz	232	125	107	17	5	232	125	107	17	5	-	-	-	-	-			
05 Vavaea	6,996	3,788	3,208	942	30	6,996	3,788	3,208	942	30	-	-	-	-	-			
06 Vuhokesa	1,197	627	570	148	2	1,197	627	570	148	2	-	-	-	-	-			
07 Mataniko	4,343	2,249	2,094	542	4	4,343	2,249	2,094	542	4	-	-	-	-	-			
08 Kola'a	10,151	5,345	4,806	1,499	6	10,151	5,345	4,806	1,499	6	-	-	-	-	-			
09 Kukum	1,835	971	864	233	9	1,835	971	864	233	9	-	-	-	-	-			
10 Naha	356	187	169	54	-	356	187	169	54	-	-	-	-	-	-			
11 Vura	9,096	4,697	4,399	1,268	4	9,096	4,697	4,399	1,268	4	-	-	-	-	-			
12 Panatina	14,103	7,484	6,619	2,001	7	14,103	7,484	6,619	2,001	7	-	-	-	-	-			

P2.1: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province/Ward	All									Age (Group								
Province/ ward	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85-
Solomon Islands	515,870	76,227	71,126	61,931	51,212	45,419	42,674	37,592	33,151	23,638	19,713	14,339	11,787	8,916	7,021	4,698	3,374	1,525	1,527
01 Choiseul Province	26,372	4,035	3,842	3,262	2,506	1,993	1,955	1,828	1,757	1,269	1,056	754	642	452	444	263	179	64	71
01 Wagina	1,636	245	285	276	156	92	99	105	86	83	52	36	36	28	31	10	7	7	2
02 Katupika	1,988	283	243	232	188	157	145	166	169	93	103	69	41	45	19	25	7	-	3
03 Vasipuki	1,574	239	237	194	136	106	124	96	112	79	68	38	52	21	34	13	17	5	3
04 Viviru	1,499	224	231	191	103	103	101	92	97	75	62	55	49	43	33	19	14	4	3
05 Babatana	1,738	236	208	165	195	175	139	112	119	68	76	58	57	32	38	24	22	6	8
06 Tepazaka	1,680	251	246	169	135	150	147	112	110	89	78	46	48	34	23	23	13	2	4
07 Batava	4,931	766	669	582	607	430	391	334	281	229	189	136	111	68	59	29	23	14	13
08 Tavula	2,487	427	393	333	218	165	172	163	160	123	90	52	47	36	46	23	23	8	8
09 Polo	1,699	268	273	234	148	107	118	130	111	72	62	40	39	30	37	17	5	3	5
10 Bangera	1,158	221	179	166	79	66	67	83	78	51	46	28	18	11	30	20	2	4	9
11 Susuka	1,746	265	231	198	154	138	163	146	122	75	64	59	36	32	26	15	15	2	5
12 Senga	1,856	265	301	254	180	132	127	101	137	109	64	45	37	26	36	24	13	2	3
13 Kerepangara	1,140	175	180	131	118	71	74	84	72	55	43	36	30	20	19	17	9	4	2
14 Kirugela	1,240	170	166	137	89	101	88	104	103	68	59	56	41	26	13	4	9	3	3
02 Western Province	76,649	11,057	10,416	9,196	7,835	6,136	5,871	5,333	5,059	4,125	3,250	2,326	1,827	1,390	1,094	778	569	214	173
01 Outer Shortlands	1,306	177	184	162	128	84	77	86	88	86	57	51	36	21	28	20	10	6	5
02 Inner Shortlands	2,397	362	374	327	216	183	168	140	140	134	102	67	50	49	42	13	17	3	10
03 Simbo	1,782	258	252	209	200	133	145	89	106	96	81	56	47	29	35	21	15	4	6
04 North Ranongga	541	84	81	71	42	38	39	34	20	26	29	19	12	12	11	15	4	3	1
05 Central Ranongga	2,514	363	361	325	233	184	152	160	146	129	89	71	77	72	55	32	37	14	14
06 South Ranongga	3,305	504	486	357	292	255	295	207	218	158	147	99	94	53	40	43	37	14	6
07 Vonunu	3,558	524	495	418	475	275	268	214	226	197	123	91	74	60	58	25	23	6	6
08 Mbilua	4,290	734	612	531	419	313	279	316	245	218	186	103	79	81	66	53	30	17	8
09 Ndovele	1,967	309	293	245	177	150	132	114	110	108	90	52	51	34	32	35	23	10	2
10 Irringgilla	2,833	417	404	330	378	230	201	148	166	128	128	91	80	48	29	23	20	8	4
11 Gizo	7,177	1,035	884	767	715	658	646	539	484	398	341	258	190	120	68	28	32	9	5
12 South Kolombangara	4,023	572	572	472	381	299	359	322	318	249	165	113	66	46	28	22	25	7	7
13 Vonavona	5,515	893	818	652	463	438	340	402	354	268	228	162	152	132	88	50	42	17	16
14 Kusaghe	2,238	323	288	257	218	211	155	152	173	115	106	85	65	36	25	18	9	1	1
15 Munda	2,620	325	320	316	377	193	183	197	194	126	110	64	52	54	51	33	17	5	3
16 Nusa Roviana	1,995	244	247	237	211	154	134	123	140	115	98	90	51	42	34	31	22	12	10
17 Roviana Lagoon	4,675	597	643	709	530	380	340	279	255	250	200	148	88	93	65	46	26	12	14
18 South Rendova	2,477	302	324	292	259	186	165	174	147	133	118	101	74	65	46	42	29	11	9
19 North Rendova	1,724	286	264	208	129	120	133	108	110	84	56	63	51	29	27	22	22	7	5
20 Kolombaghea	1,783	196	192	217	277	120	132	107	115	102	89	63	49	34	27	40	13	6	4
21 Mbuini Tusu	2,965	409	379	297	217	271	296	242	221	158	120	94	72	58	52	25	40	9	5
22 Nono	3,610	573	488	386	310	308	293	290	240	201	145	95	94	63	55	28	22	10	9
23 Nggatokae	3,050	438	445	435	317	211	194	205	211	160	114	73	70	52	44	41	21	9	10
24 North Vangunu	2,661	405	342	328	249	201	180	188	169	176	111	73	65	43	52	41	18	10	10
25 Noro	3,365	436	387	325	325	368	379	349	313	211	114	69	39	19	12	10	7	2	-
26 North Kolombangara	2,278	291	281	323	297	173	186	148	150	99	103	75	49	45	24	21	8	2	3

P2.1: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age G	roup								
Fromice/ ward	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
03 Isabel Province	26,158	3,756	3,626	3,059	2,419	1,929	1,969	1,955	1,778	1,177	1,076	880	749	562	445	311	246	106	115
01 Kia	1,929	267	272	202	144	159	171	173	153	94	89	45	52	37	31	17	12	6	5
02 Baolo	1,148	155	160	131	108	77	88	86	85	63	32	56	30	26	17	10	16	6	2
03 Kokota	1,177	172	156	101	93	122	108	106	90	50	57	35	31	26	8	9	7	4	2
04 Hovikoilo	1,988	306	273	250	249	120	136	185	132	67	71	60	40	35	28	17	6	5	8
05 Buala	2,813	353	348	358	221	212	212	197	197	157	140	123	91	65	51	28	38	14	8
06 Tirotongana	683	100	97	71	40	41	38	50	44	43	34	20	30	21	17	13	10	6	8
07 Koviloko	1,240	162	167	151	100	108	84	71	69	52	64	41	51	36	26	27	21	2	8
08 Kmaga	1,862	261	281	249	241	111	112	125	108	90	68	55	42	39	32	19	17	9	3
09 Kaloka	959	110	139	118	82	70	71	77	59	42	39	37	20	23	32	14	10	10	6
10 Tatamba	1,404	226	221	155	93	83	105	104	102	60	53	47	38	33	23	19	19	10	13
11 Sigana	2,397	384	340	282	269	186	183	139	145	91	102	71	63	47	34	26	17	2	16
12 Japuana	2,163	338	307	277	180	148	137	152	156	98	92	71	58	41	41	31	18	6	12
13 Kolomola	949	144	139	87	80	67	49	97	66	35	38	28	49	27	17	9	7	3	7
14 Kolotubi	1,671	222	206	190	216	117	150	112	106	66	62	60	45	26	33	25	18	8	9
15 Susubona	1,907	285	275	235	135	155	145	138	126	70	65	70	66	42	32	32	21	13	2
16 Samasodu	1,868	271	245	202	168	153	180	143	140	99	70	61	43	38	23	15	9	2	6
04 Central province	26,051	3,908	3,708	3,132	2,328	1,913	2,059	1,955	1,854	1,217	1,054	742	645	502	379	261	195	87	112
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	3,226	490	447	356	275	236	248	266	236	154	118	112	92	43	65	39	24	10	15
02 West Gela	2,220	357	317	304	197	150	164	165	175	97	77	75	29	39	42	19	5	6	2
03 East Gela	2,026	301	288	238	176	153	155	179	139	80	76	51	52	55	27	30	14	9	3
04 Tulagi	1,251	141	169	167	129	108	105	87	101	74	72	29	34	24	2	2	2	5	-
05 South West Gela	2,586	351	350	349	229	200	192	191	193	119	86	82	74	62	41	23	25	10	9
06 South East Gela	1,662	236	206	198	168	123	128	99	112	74	66	44	64	46	27	32	23	7	9
07 North East Gela	2,118	295	295	216	133	120	221	158	176	120	112	50	58	40	26	28	28	8	34
08 North West Gela	1,722	238	215	207	165	117	105	130	128	93	89	48	58	37	31	18	24	7	12
09 Banika	2,019	287	300	282	224	168	134	174	135	92	89	54	36	17	10	8	3	5	1
10 Pavuvu	1,956	297	328	238	158	148	159	137	124	78	71	57	33	44	22	20	13	10	19
11 Lovukol	2,128	392	300	232	191	159	183	149	145	105	72	64	47	33	20	17	13	4	2
12 North Savo	1,520	249	245	158	123	125	130	110	100	57	66	34	32	24	36	15	9	4	3
13 South Savo	1,617	274	248	187	160	106	135	110	90	74	60	42	36	38	30	10	12	2	3
05 Rennell/Bellona Province	3,041	384	397	438	260	216	151	203	171	120	131	133	135	93	49	62	57	31	10
01 East Tenggano	367	42	42	54	37	22	21	20	18	22	15	20	19	11	4	13	4	1	2
02 West Tenggano	378	74	56	51	26	31	26	29	21	13	8	8	12	5	9	3	3	2	1
03 Lughu	362	50	51	50	30	20	16	24	29	18	18	10	19	17	6	2	-	2	-
04 Kanava	239	29	31	30	28	23	8	20	14	12	12	8	6	4	3	1	6	3	1
05 Te Tau Gangoto	569	67	58	99	44	61	17	36	23	22	32	47	22	7	1	6	22	5	-
06 Mugi Henua	117	14	20	12	13	3	9	7	12	2	4	4	5	4	2	-	5	-	1
07 Matangi	144	20	15	25	7	8	12	9	12	5	3	8	9	4	1	2	1	3	-
08 East Gaongau	265	25	41	27	29	14	6	18	18	11	16	10	13	2	1	19	8	7	-
09 West Gaongau	350	33	50	53	33	16	24	21	15	7	12	11	25	25	4	10	3	4	4
10 Sa'aiho	250	30	33	37	13	18	12	19	9	8	11	7	5	14	18	6	5	4	1

P2.1: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All			-					•	Age G	roup								
Frovince/ waru	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
06 Guadalcanal Province	93,613	14,712	13,111	11,171	9,252	8,720	7,954	6,978	6,102	4,191	3,377	2,182	1,824	1,262	1,123	759	469	181	245
01 Tandai	14,914	2,247	1,920	1,628	1,486	1,605	1,612	1,246	1,052	660	483	318	261	133	121	72	42	11	17
02 Saghalu	6,510	954	884	831	756	668	529	478	381	304	204	138	98	93	80	54	33	11	14
03 Savulei	3,003	526	453	382	308	242	229	205	183	109	113	67	65	45	40	17	13	2	4
04 Tangarare	3,118	475	468	378	342	256	241	207	191	131	127	79	69	47	32	26	19	14	16
05 Wanderer Bay	3,448	570	492	455	328	275	247	233	259	132	125	90	77	53	49	22	23	10	8
06 Duidui	3,201	459	486	397	288	256	253	239	192	167	128	88	68	30	57	33	24	12	24
07 Vatukulau	1,822	337	310	198	130	115	110	121	104	89	63	44	55	34	33	33	31	8	7
08 Talise	1,716	263	294	280	154	119	93	83	85	61	54	44	54	39	40	18	21	3	11
09 Avuavu	2,262	380	390	314	177	154	139	168	133	117	68	47	49	34	26	37	12	7	10
10 Moli	3,696	649	594	479	323	312	239	228	223	156	151	90	90	45	53	32	17	3	12
11 Tetekanji	1,114	207	184	154	79	64	68	81	62	57	47	29	35	23	7	7	2	3	5
12 Birao	3,159	574	471	401	282	225	215	216	226	149	117	67	67	50	43	28	12	11	5
13 Valasi	1,477	245	226	203	137	95	105	130	105	49	56	30	34	18	23	6	6	3	6
14 Kolokarako	1,418	180	183	193	169	130	106	81	74	58	76	39	40	12	22	31	8	7	9
15 Longgu	3,767	631	568	465	363	291	284	263	245	166	134	89	60	51	61	34	36	12	14
16 Aola	4,044	631	548	498	408	387	327	312	224	175	153	121	83	59	49	40	16	5	8
17 Paripao	3,068	415	392	382	337	228	207	213	213	156	122	79	88	61	60	53	25	10	27
18 East Tasimboko	7,438	1,230	1,037	855	803	740	641	514	463	315	262	179	121	112	71	48	26	6	15
19 Vulolo	4,429	721	644	558	418	418	345	289	285	162	206	107	70	58	56	37	29	14	12
20 Malango	10,532	1,514	1,316	1,098	1,049	1,153	1,036	867	745	515	371	235	199	159	129	74	42	22	8
21 West Ghaobata	4,962	769	648	533	454	485	500	450	366	263	152	104	78	59	33	34	21	2	11
22 East Ghaobata	4,515	735	603	489	461	502	428	354	291	200	165	98	63	47	38	23	11	5	2
07 Malaita Province	137,596	21,043	20,335	17,978	13,935	11,099	10,455	9,239	7,808	5,622	4,865	3,809	3,239	2,783	2,078	1,361	985	527	435
01 Auki	5,105	635	726	646	533	380	454	381	361	247	240	167	125	90	50	43	19	4	4
02 Aimela	7,639	1,139	1,072	1,046	804	609	611	531	459	304	272	201	150	144	125	74	51	17	30
03 Buma	6,223	950	989	916	629	479	448	436	365	232	210	157	126	121	58	47	36	13	11
04 Fauabu	8,830	1,540	1,425	1,206	933	653	612	546	469	347	278	217	174	149	106	84	42	22	27
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	2,477	416	357	319	237	221	200	168	120	107	75	62	65	51	33	20	13	7	6
06 Mandalua/Folotana	2,749	397	362	359	301	252	225	175	138	119	115	82	63	51	47	20	21	16	6
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	5,532	832	804	649	569	445	420	395	290	214	181	198	150	123	106	69	46	35	6
08 Malu'u	4,333	605	528	539	468	391	347	281	253	184	186	148	124	100	85	33	29	21	11
09 Matakwalao	2,760	432	377	338	311	220	180	170	153	106	103	95	93	56	54	21	31	14	6
10 Takwa	10,070	1,632	1,521	1,287	1,014	831	767	664	575	384	318	253	208	217	152	98	63	47	39
11 East Baegu	4,781	756	752	706	524	370	313	272	225	208	158	125	94	89	80	43	40	11	15
12 Fouenda	1,885	335	314	284	162	120	127	110	117	94	55	31	37	35	23	15	8	4	14
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	866	159	122	126	73	37	61	58	57	27	29	24	24	15	14	17	10	11	2
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	5,094	837	793	707	513	395	398	323	256	176	142	149	99	120	73	43	37	15	18
15 Nafinua	4,195	617	607	579	474	376	300	245	258	151	137	101	82	93	53	69	26	11	16

P2.1: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All	_								Age G	roup								
r rovince/ waru	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	3,592	557	560	465	354	329	314	215	164	150	110	86	74	72	53	42	20	18	9
17 Gulalofou	6,031	952	968	727	516	563	474	445	331	221	181	152	169	131	89	46	38	18	10
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	3,478	520	563	488	307	266	263	187	199	142	126	99	87	94	63	33	18	10	13
19 Aiaisi	3,574	505	495	414	315	287	305	297	220	134	104	114	101	86	55	60	45	16	21
20 Areare	3,525	535	481	434	354	300	242	258	212	133	133	100	107	61	62	49	29	20	15
21 Raroisu'u	4,988	818	731	611	520	399	352	339	226	221	159	131	113	107	69	67	55	39	31
22 Aba/Asimeuru	4,936	649	686	654	511	338	302	296	312	232	220	163	143	121	90	85	63	41	30
23 Asimae	3,043	386	394	378	317	188	198	225	196	131	142	110	99	78	73	46	56	12	14
24 Mareho	2,550	368	355	353	250	195	180	158	141	120	100	73	61	66	36	23	31	16	24
25 Tai	4,650	716	685	592	465	345	373	326	286	175	183	124	109	92	67	36	46	19	11
26 Kwarekwareo	1,921	324	315	242	179	169	167	132	103	75	51	50	31	35	18	11	8	10	1
27 Siesie	3,747	649	625	492	353	298	294	229	216	164	122	84	81	49	39	14	21	9	8
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	5,121	883	805	663	499	458	429	328	263	216	166	129	95	71	57	34	11	7	7
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	9,634	1,317	1,331	1,235	1,068	834	739	709	562	408	402	281	238	176	163	83	42	32	14
30 Langalanga	1,922	265	251	246	190	164	136	152	116	99	84	48	47	50	42	15	11	5	1
31 Luaniua	1,396	192	216	161	124	93	146	112	92	66	50	36	38	24	20	9	11	1	5
32 Pelau	700	97	83	80	57	80	61	58	57	25	24	12	20	11	16	4	5	2	8
33 Sikaiana	249	28	42	36	11	14	17	18	16	10	9	7	12	5	7	8	3	4	2
08 Makira / Ulawa Province	40,419	6,842	5,838	4,783	3,540	3,349	3,379	3,022	2,554	1,664	1,440	1,022	881	660	568	345	280	120	132
01 North Ulawa	1,169	184	156	153	96	76	102	88	78	54	44	32	28	24	28	8	8	6	4
02 South Ulawa	1,294	198	164	185	95	85	78	95	80	79	59	42	32	31	19	20	17	5	10
03 West Ulawa	860	116	102	102	77	53	68	53	61	36	52	35	22	23	17	17	14	6	6
04 Ugi and Pio	1,209	185	154	131	118	116	106	74	73	59	53	41	26	15	22	13	7	11	5
05 Arosi South	3,009	489	455	365	256	247	282	245	195	110	101	72	51	44	30	22	30	10	5
06 Arosi West	2,009	346	289	224	194	143	159	162	149	92	65	44	48	35	28	12	7	7	5
07 Arosi North	2,344	411	312	309	222	215	196	154	126	79	90	67	43	32	27	28	17	4	12
08 Arosi East	2,054	376	293	244	168	162	170	158	131	84	76	48	41	36	39	14	9	5	-
09 Bauro West	3,928	654	556	417	345	370	322	318	278	164	106	93	93	54	64	37	27	12	18
10 Bauro Central	4,562	696	616	496	442	447	436	371	281	206	163	122	92	78	57	32	14	4	9
11 Bauro East	1,625	315	244	198	144	149	146	103	98	43	45	41	34	22	12	16	8	1	6
12 Wainoni West	2,131	386	351	261	228	169	171	155	119	65	57	43	38	31	23	13	11	4	6
13 Wainoni East	2,488	403	402	307	193	196	174	204	165	84	75	75	77	43	43	13	19	4	11
14 Star Harbour North	3,262	570	520	443	260	235	259	231	202	129	114	59	74	44	49	26	28	15	4
15 Santa Ana	1,547	241	215	199	143	118	107	101	82	65	72	60	33	30	39	20	10	6	6
16 Santa Catalina	811	139	127	76	81	69	74	54	37	40	30	19	16	19	9	8	6	1	6
17 Star Harbour South	1,138	223	182	143	89	92	100	61	61	39	51	22	18	22	13	13	5	-	4
18 Rawo	677	123	103	67	41	59	67	48	45	33	27	15	16	9	7	4	7	5	1
19 Weather Coast	1,658	283	219	182	126	126	174	121	123	78	63	39	41	27	19	12	11	4	10
20 Haununu	2,644	504	378	281	222	222	188	226	170	125	97	53	58	41	23	17	25	10	4

P2.1: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

D /W 1	All			-		•			•	Age G	roup								
Province/Ward	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
09 Temotu Province	21,362	2,920	3,096	2,569	2,037	1,536	1,516	1,350	1,384	1,041	909	727	628	436	353	298	241	137	184
01 Fenualoa	1,305	200	223	174	136	53	73	65	98	50	53	42	39	28	28	13	11	8	11
02 Polynesian Outer Islands	353	59	55	37	22	29	29	21	20	13	13	12	10	5	5	6	7	4	6
03 Nipua/Nopoli	880	131	149	101	98	48	48	47	47	33	31	36	19	29	10	10	10	9	24
04 Lipe/Temua	793	114	105	97	85	59	56	39	48	31	25	27	18	22	13	15	12	14	13
05 Manuopo	1,030	135	146	137	98	77	68	62	56	49	44	48	24	28	12	21	6	5	14
06 Nenumpo	1,166	140	193	158	112	77	76	58	60	59	60	46	24	24	29	30	7	9	4
07 Nevenema	947	115	148	105	79	60	67	85	48	53	42	33	38	20	10	14	17	8	5
08 Luva Station	2,335	257	278	272	293	183	161	148	172	160	99	82	72	51	41	25	23	9	9
09 Graciosa Bay	1,264	163	135	124	125	126	124	84	99	65	56	41	44	21	15	5	15	5	17
10 Nea/Noole	1,770	219	239	210	173	131	128	119	125	93	81	65	62	30	21	20	25	12	17
11 North East Santa Cruz	1,843	246	272	224	181	154	135	129	112	86	75	56	61	44	29	13	11	4	11
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	1,861	273	283	244	174	128	124	122	121	81	85	59	58	30	26	27	12	7	7
13 Duff Islands	511	62	89	66	33	35	47	24	27	23	28	19	16	11	12	12	5	2	-
14 Utupua	1,168	209	190	149	103	73	89	74	54	55	33	27	34	13	24	17	15	7	2
15 Vanikoro	1,293	204	220	152	90	102	96	77	104	56	43	35	32	17	19	18	14	5	9
16 Tikopia	1,285	186	161	139	88	84	93	79	101	62	61	33	34	32	29	31	29	21	22
17 Neo	1,558	207	210	180	147	117	102	117	92	72	80	66	43	31	30	21	22	8	13
10 Honiara town council	64,609	7,570	6,757	6,343	7,100	8,528	7,365	5,729	4,684	3,212	2,555	1,764	1,217	776	488	260	153	58	50
01 Nggossi	10,062	1,337	1,048	940	1,105	1,265	1,094	875	753	519	384	282	202	123	62	32	26	7	8
02 Mbumburu	3,625	405	377	315	382	513	448	342	274	175	131	108	67	26	23	20	13	2	4
03 Rove/Lengakiki	2,613	259	258	247	303	315	320	241	194	163	104	85	63	25	16	8	7	5	-
04 Cruz	232	13	16	12	14	26	29	17	23	14	19	15	19	9	4	1	1	-	-
05 Vavaea	6,996	790	712	623	716	982	864	650	527	304	299	194	125	100	58	24	16	8	4
06 Vuhokesa	1,197	141	133	107	142	158	121	104	84	60	47	31	25	17	10	8	4	3	2
07 Mataniko	4,343	516	511	422	435	526	486	436	329	203	151	109	88	55	39	17	12	5	3
08 Kola'a	10,151	1,177	1,041	1,037	1,100	1,397	1,122	965	723	513	383	256	159	118	86	42	18	6	8
09 Kukum	1,835	202	183	171	178	258	223	161	125	85	64	58	48	31	23	11	8	3	3
10 Naha	356	41	40	49	33	43	47	33	23	21	9	6	3	4	2	2	-	-	-
11 Vura	9,096	1,003	894	964	1,051	1,219	1,008	760	634	509	391	260	153	109	66	39	21	7	8
12 Panatina	14,103	1,686	1,544	1,456	1,641	1,826	1,603	1,145	995	646	573	360	265	159	99	56	27	12	10

P2.2: Male population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province/Ward	All									Age (Group								
1 Tovince/ Wal u	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Solomon Island	264,455	39,728	36,974	32,562	26,189	22,399	20,794	18,807	17,010	12,070	10,189	7,498	6,111	4,535	3,693	2,402	1,784	800	910
01 Choiseul Province	13,532	2,147	1,989	1,720	1,246	1,004	1,005	927	893	635	558	389	311	223	207	125	77	34	42
01 Wagina	852	134	145	144	81	51	47	51	49	38	28	22	19	17	12	6	4	3	1
02 Katupika	1,018	146	136	126	84	79	83	82	91	48	56	27	15	24	6	12	1	-	2
03 Vasipuki	806	133	130	106	61	42	75	48	49	46	36	18	20	8	16	5	9	3	1
04 Viviru	771	134	125	110	55	51	43	41	45	34	34	27	21	21	16	5	6	1	2
05 Babatana	860	119	106	94	99	93	75	43	55	34	34	26	29	14	17	10	5	3	4
06 Tepazaka	893	135	132	98	73	73	78	56	55	49	36	28	24	22	13	14	4	2	1
07 Batava	2,578	418	334	306	280	221	208	192	153	109	97	83	69	28	34	20	12	7	7
08 Tavula	1,240	196	206	162	121	85	82	77	82	63	45	28	23	17	19	11	13	4	6
09 Polo	860	145	145	118	72	48	53	62	59	30	36	19	18	19	19	8	4	2	3
10 Bangera	576	116	98	83	41	28	25	50	39	20	23	10	7	7	12	6	2	3	6
11 Susuka	908	143	105	93	81	72	90	83	66	46	36	28	16	16	12	9	7	1	4
12 Senga	948	141	155	137	105	67	60	48	62	50	39	25	19	10	15	8	6	-	1
13 Kerepangara	553	102	94	58	41	36	35	38	34	30	18	22	13	7	10	9	1	4	1
14 Kirugela	669	85	78	85	52	58	51	56	54	38	40	26	18	13	6	2	3	1	3
02 Western Province	39,926	5,792	5,381	4,858	4,029	3,087	2,986	2,771	2,638	2,192	1,773	1,253	953	727	590	407	298	100	91
01 Outer Shortlands	648	97	87	85	69	41	38	41	40	35	32	25	16	7	14	9	7	2	3
02 Inner Shortlands	1,233	205	192	194	111	85	82	64	72	54	58	28	26	18	24	7	7	2	4
03 Simbo	939	144	137	105	113	59	80	47	51	51	41	31	26	13	18	10	10	2	1
04 North Ranongga	266	42	39	34	22	20	23	17	9	11	9	8	5	8	8	10	1	-	-
05 Central Ranongga	1,227	196	165	169	114	89	75	75	66	56	44	35	29	36	32	14	20	5	7
06 South Ranongga	1,721	266	245	188	146	144	146	112	110	91	74	52	46	23	26	22	20	7	3
07 Vonunu	1,837	264	247	220	238	141	136	130	105	109	65	48	40	28	37	10	13	2	4
08 Mbilua	2,245	390	318	285	221	153	139	165	118	114	101	63	45	42	30	28	18	10	5
09 Ndovele	1,000	164	158	119	94	74	61	56	53	57	48	28	20	16	16	17	13	4	2
10 Irringgilla	1,461	229	197	184	202	113	93	75	93	55	63	53	38	22	16	10	10	5	3
11 Gizo	3,802	556	462	386	370	324	318	296	262	213	195	154	110	78	38	14	18	4	4
12 South Kolombangara	2,215	284	319	247	204	172	206	184	168	154	99	65	34	26	18	11	12	7	5
13 Vonavona	2,883	455	408	365	249	225	162	196	200	135	131	83	84	72	50	29	25	8	6
14 Kusaghe	1,157	153	145	140	108	106	72	83	99	65	54	45	39	23	13	8	2	1	1
15 Munda	1,352	173	164	167	176	102	102	85	113	65	65	33	23	23	25	19	13	3	1
16 Nusa Roviana	1,018	132	135	128	102	75	66	58	64	57	60	47	26	16	17	14	8	6	7
17 Roviana Lagoon	2,441	309	327	394	251	202	187	123	134	147	111	73	49	56	33	24	11	5	5
18 South Rendova	1,280	163	170	156	125	83	81	99	76	64	63	49	35	41	22	26	16	6	5
19 North Rendova	879	146	139	111	74	48	67	47	53	49	27	31	30	15	12	15	10	2	3
20 Kolombaghea	929	109	107	118	137	62	72	47	47	57	49	32	31	13	14	25	4	2	3
21 Mbuini Tusu	1,596	199	211	143	122	149	171	123	131	86	67	47	43	31	29	11	26	4	3
22 Nono	1,899	279	256	207	186	147	146	164	123	117	75	57	44	37	30	14	8	5	4
23 Nggatokae	1,553	248	231	203	173	96	86	99	102	95	62	36	31	32	23	23	6	1	6
24 North Vangunu	1,320	206	165	158	110	103	90	103	84	93	59	35	33	18	23	21	12	4	3
25 Noro	1,772	224	209	177	146	175	189	193	186	113	65	49	24	8	7	3	3	1	-
26 North Kolombangara	1,253	159	148	175	166	99	98	89	79	49	56	46	26	25	15	13	5	2	3

P2.2: Male population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age G	roup								
Fromice/ waru	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
03 Isabel Province	13,328	1,946	1,883	1,617	1,260	854	921	982	944	609	547	455	406	308	222	158	116	44	56
01 Kia	1,054	147	142	113	83	71	91	89	92	59	46	32	31	26	14	9	6	2	1
02 Baolo	599	83	83	62	62	36	39	49	52	30	18	31	16	15	7	3	9	3	1
03 Kokota	692	89	87	53	57	65	67	64	58	28	38	26	21	19	6	5	4	3	2
04 Hovikoilo	1,016	171	143	130	128	52	56	84	80	36	30	25	24	19	19	12	2	2	3
05 Buala	1,456	179	184	208	115	103	94	97	98	74	76	66	52	40	30	16	12	8	4
06 Tirotongana	342	49	59	43	17	20	18	25	19	21	14	9	13	12	8	6	5	1	3
07 Koviloko	579	81	85	76	51	43	38	36	27	24	23	19	27	14	5	15	7	1	7
08 Kmaga	910	135	145	126	114	51	49	54	56	40	37	23	25	22	10	7	8	5	3
09 Kaloka	466	55	68	63	49	32	31	39	27	17	16	17	7	10	18	6	7	1	3
10 Tatamba	717	110	125	91	56	24	53	54	45	31	29	24	15	20	17	8	7	4	4
11 Sigana	1,195	212	171	134	132	89	80	63	74	38	51	43	32	22	17	18	12	1	6
12 Japuana	1,062	161	142	138	95	62	66	71	74	64	53	30	35	18	20	10	11	3	9
13 Kolomola	460	62	75	46	43	25	14	54	39	15	18	14	23	14	7	4	3	1	3
14 Kolotubi	811	125	106	87	108	44	69	54	50	31	27	31	24	13	14	10	10	2	6
15 Susubona	954	144	149	136	66	56	51	68	72	38	32	28	39	21	21	19	8	6	-
16 Samasodu	1,015	143	119	111	84	81	105	81	81	63	39	37	22	23	9	10	5	1	1
04 Central province	13,261	2,010	1,945	1,670	1,181	939	916	928	958	612	535	366	373	255	203	144	104	41	81
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	1,663	272	252	179	143	110	115	127	119	84	60	49	52	28	33	16	14	3	7
02 West Gela	1,110	165	168	172	100	56	66	88	81	51	42	38	14	21	28	13	1	5	1
03 East Gela	1,040	156	149	138	85	75	60	96	74	37	36	26	25	31	17	19	9	5	2
04 Tulagi	658	72	95	88	66	49	62	41	43	33	47	18	19	17	1	-	2	5	-
05 South West Gela	1,299	167	191	188	109	105	91	86	94	64	52	28	41	28	25	7	11	6	6
06 South East Gela	827	121	106	102	90	64	59	41	56	40	23	22	28	21	18	17	11	4	4
07 North East Gela	1,078	168	150	103	61	94	77	57	103	46	50	17	54	5	12	28	19	-	34
08 North West Gela	825	113	110	99	78	59	48	56	67	43	41	20	33	16	14	10	8	1	9
09 Banika	1,062	146	146	155	124	79	67	88	70	46	55	36	23	12	5	6	3	1	-
10 Pavuvu	994	142	159	127	91	75	73	67	63	34	31	31	23	27	12	15	7	4	13
11 Lovukol	1,099	196	154	138	94	76	82	76	89	58	33	37	25	18	9	3	9	2	-
12 North Savo	800	151	136	90	66	49	56	49	53	38	32	23	15	12	16	6	3	3	2
13 South Savo	806	141	129	91	74	48	60	56	46	38	33	21	21	19	13	4	7	2	3
05 Rennell-Bellona Province	e 1,549	187	198	234	141	106	82	102	86	61	59	78	81	44	13	26	27	15	9
01 East Tenggano	183	18	18	22	26	14	13	6	8	12	4	13	14	6	1	5	1	-	2
02 West Tenggano	199	35	32	26	12	15	14	13	14	10	5	5	6	1	5	3	1	1	1
03 Lughu	198	29	26	30	18	9	8	14	14	8	10	8	11	11	-	2	-	-	-
04 Kanava	135	10	20	19	16	13	2	14	8	5	7	6	5	2	-	-	5	2	1
05 Te Tau Gangoto	293	34	23	65	20	24	9	22	8	15	11	30	16	3	-	2	11	-	-
06 Mugi Henua	59	7	14	4	5	2	5	4	9	1	1	2	2	1	-	-	2	-	-
07 Matangi	75	10	7	14	5	5	7	4	7	3	-	2	5	1	1	-	1	3	-
08 East Gaongau	117	13	18	8	18	9	2	6	11	1	10	2	4	-	-	9	4	2	-
09 West Gaongau	170	16	24	27	14	8	16	9	5	2	5	7	16	9	1	2	1	4	4
10 Sa'aiho	120	15	16	19	7	7	6	10	2	4	6	3	2	10	5	3	1	3	1

P2.2: Male population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age (Group								
1 TOVINCE/ Waru	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
06 Guadalcanal Province	48,283	7,681	6,800	5,828	4,697	4,403	3,898	3,505	3,185	2,194	1,770	1,239	922	646	577	420	266	104	148
01 Tandai	7,785	1,148	1,002	845	739	795	800	659	603	370	274	191	141	77	63	40	23	8	7
02 Saghalu	3,446	527	472	424	427	334	282	239	194	159	107	86	47	47	37	27	24	5	8
03 Savulei	1,582	273	234	196	166	129	119	113	94	63	61	39	36	25	16	8	8	1	1
04 Tangarare	1,633	241	229	219	192	114	125	114	95	70	73	41	38	23	21	14	10	8	6
05 Wanderer Bay	1,792	302	286	238	155	131	124	118	136	73	55	43	35	28	34	13	11	4	6
06 Duidui	1,631	239	255	215	142	125	122	111	107	76	57	42	43	14	26	14	15	7	21
07 Vatukulau	864	181	157	106	56	48	45	54	42	40	25	21	24	14	12	19	11	8	1
08 Talise	829	140	157	139	72	61	33	37	44	28	16	23	20	18	11	12	14	-	4
09 Avuavu	1,096	185	181	194	88	67	63	59	58	56	26	27	16	14	19	25	7	4	7
10 Moli	1,786	346	299	239	157	137	106	83	101	65	78	44	36	28	29	13	14	2	9
11 Tetekanji	531	115	88	77	32	22	27	36	25	29	21	14	16	11	5	5	-	3	5
12 Birao	1,589	291	238	210	149	110	96	107	107	70	67	42	24	23	23	14	6	9	3
13 Valasi	746	131	119	104	76	41	41	67	46	22	35	17	14	10	10	3	4	2	4
14 Kolokarako	715	91	92	107	75	74	53	36	31	34	42	21	19	-	10	19	6	1	4
15 Longgu	1,946	341	301	248	173	146	132	112	124	93	77	47	32	25	34	22	21	8	10
16 Aola	2,065	323	269	263	211	190	160	169	117	94	72	66	43	25	26	21	7	3	6
17 Paripao	1,555	212	209	166	175	124	80	113	112	83	57	45	49	27	34	29	13	8	19
18 East Tasimboko	3,917	669	550	467	411	376	324	269	229	178	128	110	64	45	44	24	16	3	10
19 Vulolo	2,294	367	333	289	209	208	176	138	164	72	104	80	39	36	30	22	15	6	6
20 Malango	5,540	788	656	556	543	642	532	457	413	268	210	134	108	94	62	42	21	10	4
21 West Ghaobata	2,573	403	346	266	223	252	253	223	184	144	90	49	42	40	14	21	15	2	6
22 East Ghaobata	2,368	368	327	260	226	277	205	191	159	107	95	57	36	22	17	13	5	2	1
07 Malaita Province	69,232	10,876	10,585	9,539	7,159	5,227	4,940	4,461	3,894	2,666	2,352	1,822	1,579	1,333	1,086	642	526	293	252
01 Auki	2,592	341	362	359	268	172	206	181	191	122	125	97	73	44	23	14	9	3	2
02 Aimela	3,889	593	576	557	415	300	287	269	215	155	136	93	72	71	66	32	28	8	16
03 Buma	3,275	520	521	514	355	230	215	229	191	123	88	74	59	59	33	26	24	8	6
04 Fauabu	4,400	796	727	624	473	308	275	258	247	166	135	114	77	67	49	34	22	10	18
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	1,270	207	212	169	116	107	103	81	61	49	37	30	32	26	21	5	6	6	2
06 Mandalua/Folotana	1,383	210	188	193	154	122	98	93	63	58	45	47	33	22	23	11	11	8	4
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	2,779	451	420	359	277	201	194	176	148	91	90	92	78	62	64	32	20	19	5
08 Malu'u	2,180	333	273	269	238	197	163	138	121	83	100	65	62	58	41	11	11	12	5
09 Matakwalao	1,391	230	180	197	170	94	84	61	73	57	56	37	55	30	33	10	10	11	3
10 Takwa	5,002	826	793	651	530	388	341	302	296	178	163	113	111	97	73	48	37	31	24
11 East Baegu	2,370	403	370	381	285	170	120	126	101	91	76	61	42	41	36	31	22	7	7
12 Fouenda	929	165	160	152	90	51	59	52	60	35	32	12	13	17	11	6	5	2	7
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	420	77	57	76	35	19	30	23	19	18	13	11	8	7	7	7	6	6	1
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	2,581	425	432	394	257	174	189	148	140	84	62	73	47	52	32	25	22	11	14
15 Nafinua	2,125	326	319	310	232	177	148	116	132	77	68	49	34	50	27	32	15	7	6

P2.2: Male population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age (Froup								
1 Tovince/ Waru	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	1,796	269	299	237	180	152	169	115	78	71	53	41	30	25	33	19	12	9	4
17 Gulalofou	2,995	511	505	380	261	237	204	220	168	101	83	75	79	67	42	23	20	11	8
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	1,725	252	299	290	160	123	118	69	97	62	65	36	31	47	35	18	11	3	9
19 Aiaisi	1,815	269	258	206	167	150	143	159	118	59	42	44	51	40	33	33	22	8	13
20 Areare	1,752	269	265	225	167	153	110	128	105	52	58	43	49	25	35	29	17	13	9
21 Raroisu'u	2,460	408	390	313	266	191	165	161	101	92	82	53	50	48	40	33	27	22	18
22 Aba/Asimeuru	2,438	305	352	369	260	158	144	132	139	110	112	86	68	52	49	33	40	14	15
23 Asimae	1,586	199	221	216	176	97	106	111	93	68	66	49	44	28	37	25	34	6	10
24 Mareho	1,237	188	168	180	127	87	93	65	74	45	48	38	32	31	16	9	14	10	12
25 Tai	2,384	363	343	312	254	165	183	169	146	90	82	68	60	54	42	15	19	12	7
26 Kwarekwareo	961	164	145	123	91	84	79	64	57	39	26	22	18	22	11	7	3	6	-
27 Siesie	1,883	320	330	231	180	140	142	107	119	93	60	39	46	24	19	9	13	7	4
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	2,644	464	410	361	242	221	231	171	125	108	77	75	53	38	39	13	7	3	6
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	4,884	689	714	636	549	397	372	379	265	185	186	144	119	85	79	38	21	16	10
30 Langalanga	924	137	126	115	80	76	66	60	64	55	44	19	24	28	14	7	8	1	-
31 Luaniua	697	105	113	84	66	39	67	63	44	30	24	16	18	7	11	2	5	-	3
32 Pelau	343	45	37	38	34	39	29	27	33	13	12	5	7	7	7	2	3	2	3
33 Sikaiana	122	16	20	18	4	8	7	8	10	6	6	1	4	2	5	3	2	1	1
08 Makira-Ulawa Province	20,789	3,534	3,119	2,524	1,847	1,608	1,623	1,530	1,291	846	741	517	443	344	325	187	160	67	83
01 North Ulawa	586	100	96	80	42	40	41	41	38	26	14	17	11	14	15	4	6	-	1
02 South Ulawa	627	97	87	92	51	37	34	40	39	35	28	22	13	9	10	10	14	3	6
03 West Ulawa	434	57	66	60	40	22	30	19	25	17	24	21	12	12	12	7	7	2	1
04 Ugi and Pio	619	90	79	80	73	55	53	40	31	21	28	25	10	8	9	3	3	7	4
05 Arosi South	1,575	245	235	196	127	119	134	143	97	61	64	38	26	26	17	15	18	10	4
06 Arosi West	1,064	188	149	116	103	66	76	94	84	54	36	20	25	24	16	4	4	2	3
07 Arosi North	1,207	201	171	164	130	95	101	79	58	38	44	37	18	16	19	16	13	1	6
08 Arosi East	1,083	216	154	123	90	84	80	82	67	45	38	29	23	15	21	8	5	3	-
09 Bauro West	2,066	340	296	225	185	191	165	160	149	90	52	42	49	28	41	20	13	5	15
10 Bauro Central	2,384	381	338	251	215	218	221	181	149	107	89	66	57	44	29	23	7	3	5
11 Bauro East	845	157	135	109	71	72	73	56	47	25	18	24	18	10	10	9	4	1	6
12 Wainoni West	1,074	189	184	120	125	81	81	76	64	30	33	22	19	17	16	7	4	3	3
13 Wainoni East	1,263	214	193	172	111	90	72	106	76	40	40	26	39	29	23	8	12	3	9
14 Star Harbour North	1,654	278	269	239	136	112	122	111	97	73	55	35	36	23	31	12	14	9	2
15 Santa Ana	757	124	109	111	67	56	55	46	43	18	36	22	15	13	21	11	5	-	5
16 Santa Catalina	413	74	74	43	38	35	33	26	13	23	19	7	8	7	2	4	3	1	3
17 Star Harbour South	580	115	101	69	50	37	48	31	34	20	30	11	8	12	4	6	1	-	3
18 Rawo	356	58	58	41	25	35	29	21	25	18	10	7	9	5	4	3	3	4	1
19 Weather Coast	842	146	120	93	60	50	94	68	58	41	28	19	18	14	12	8	7	2	4
20 Haununu	1,360	264	205	140	108	113	81	110	97	64	55	27	29	18	13	9	17	8	2

P2.2: Male population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age (Froup								
Province/ ward	ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
09 Temotu Province	10,466	1,562	1,621	1,313	1,002	702	623	602	623	490	432	351	300	216	184	141	119	70	115
01 Fenualoa	618	110	120	80	65	18	22	30	37	27	22	18	18	17	10	9	5	5	5
02 Polynesian Outer Island	ls 165	28	26	19	13	12	12	13	9	7	6	5	6	1	2	-	2	1	3
03 Nipua/Nopoli	422	68	86	54	43	17	19	17	22	18	11	16	8	19	5	2	5	2	10
04 Lipe/Temua	367	51	50	44	46	26	25	13	23	14	13	8	10	12	8	4	6	5	9
05 Manuopo	496	76	77	67	50	37	25	28	25	19	22	20	6	15	5	12	2	1	9
06 Nenumpo	553	78	90	85	53	40	27	23	27	19	29	30	13	10	7	8	3	8	3
07 Nevenema	460	59	69	54	44	28	27	44	23	22	26	14	17	9	4	5	5	5	5
08 Luva Station	1,143	139	154	127	141	87	70	53	74	89	44	41	40	22	31	9	13	3	6
09 Graciosa Bay	638	83	72	63	58	65	71	46	42	31	27	20	23	9	6	3	4	2	13
10 Nea/Noole	874	120	131	108	90	62	57	57	46	48	33	38	26	16	11	7	12	3	9
11 North East Santa Cruz	936	134	140	129	102	63	51	56	64	35	43	23	31	22	13	11	8	3	8
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	955	141	145	150	87	68	46	50	58	43	42	33	28	15	15	15	9	6	4
13 Duff Islands	262	27	54	42	14	16	21	17	11	8	13	7	8	6	3	9	4	2	-
14 Utupua	586	110	104	72	50	33	28	39	22	29	16	14	18	10	14	13	8	4	2
15 Vanikoro	625	109	117	67	43	41	40	42	51	23	17	16	14	10	14	8	6	2	5
16 Tikopia	604	122	77	64	25	34	38	27	50	25	27	17	13	9	17	17	14	12	16
17 Neo	762	107	109	88	78	55	44	47	39	33	41	31	21	14	19	9	13	6	8
10 Honiara town council	34,089	3,993	3,453	3,259	3,627	4,469	3,800	2,999	2,498	1,765	1,422	1,028	743	439	286	152	91	32	33
01 Nggossi	5,240	693	529	490	548	619	538	467	426	291	217	148	132	69	34	17	14	4	4
02 Mbumburu	1,912	216	190	164	199	261	232	183	150	94	67	65	41	15	12	11	8	-	4
03 Rove/Lengakiki	1,464	137	118	118	172	176	176	151	117	96	63	54	40	19	13	6	4	4	-
04 Cruz	125	5	9	2	6	17	15	4	14	8	15	4	15	6	3	1	1	-	-
05 Vavaea	3,788	428	363	309	381	537	458	358	285	175	167	118	76	59	38	16	13	5	2
06 Vuhokesa	627	75	67	61	71	88	61	58	33	33	26	19	12	6	7	4	2	2	2
07 Mataniko	2,249	282	227	217	208	289	254	213	178	111	83	62	58	24	17	9	11	3	3
08 Kola'a	5,345	603	549	529	561	730	589	491	385	275	217	151	98	71	53	22	12	3	6
09 Kukum	971	112	86	92	95	133	115	82	67	49	31	35	33	17	13	6	4	-	1
10 Naha	187	22	20	25	13	19	23	16	17	14	7	5	1	3	1	1	-	-	-
11 Vura	4,697	505	478	494	524	641	516	382	304	270	214	151	80	57	42	20	10	6	3
12 Panatina	7,484	915	817	758	849	959	823	594	522	349	315	216	157	93	53	39	12	5	8

P2.3: Female population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Di	All									Age (Group								
Province/Ward	Ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Solomon Island	251,415	36,499	34,152	29,369	25,023	23,020	21,880	18,785	16,141	11,568	9,524	6,841	5,676	4,381	3,328	2,296	1,590	725	617
01 Choiseul Province	12,840	1,888	1,853	1,542	1,260	989	950	901	864	634	498	365	331	229	237	138	102	30	29
01 Wagina	784	111	140	132	75	41	52	54	37	45	24	14	17	11	19	4	3	4	1
02 Katupika	970	137	107	106	104	78	62	84	78	45	47	42	26	21	13	13	6	-	1
03 Vasipuki	768	106	107	88	75	64	49	48	63	33	32	20	32	13	18	8	8	2	2
04 Viviru	728	90	106	81	48	52	58	51	52	41	28	28	28	22	17	14	8	3	1
05 Babatana	878	117	102	71	96	82	64	69	64	34	42	32	28	18	21	14	17	3	4
06 Tepazaka	787	116	114	71	62	77	69	56	55	40	42	18	24	12	10	9	9	-	3
07 Batava	2,353	348	335	276	327	209	183	142	128	120	92	53	42	40	25	9	11	7	6
08 Tavula	1,247	231	187	171	97	80	90	86	78	60	45	24	24	19	27	12	10	4	2
09 Polo	839	123	128	116	76	59	65	68	52	42	26	21	21	11	18	9	1	1	2
10 Bangera	582	105	81	83	38	38	42	33	39	31	23	18	11	4	18	14	-	1	3
11 Susuka	838	122	126	105	73	66	73	63	56	29	28	31	20	16	14	6	8	1	1
12 Senga	908	124	146	117	75	65	67	53	75	59	25	20	18	16	21	16	7	2	2
13 Kerepangara	587	73	86	73	77	35	39	46	38	25	25	14	17	13	9	8	8	-	1
14 Kirugela	571	85	88	52	37	43	37	48	49	30	19	30	23	13	7	2	6	2	-
02 Western Province	36,723	5,265	5,035	4,338	3,806	3,049	2,885	2,562	2,421	1,933	1,477	1,073	874	663	504	371	271	114	82
01 Outer Shortlands	658	80	97	77	59	43	39	45	48	51	25	26	20	14	14	11	3	4	2
02 Inner Shortlands	1,164	157	182	133	105	98	86	76	68	80	44	39	24	31	18	6	10	1	6
03 Simbo	843	114	115	104	87	74	65	42	55	45	40	25	21	16	17	11	5	2	5
04 North Ranongga	275	42	42	37	20	18	16	17	11	15	20	11	7	4	3	5	3	3	1
05 Central Ranongga	1,287	167	196	156	119	95	77	85	80	73	45	36	48	36	23	18	17	9	7
06 South Ranongga	1,584	238	241	169	146	111	149	95	108	67	73	47	48	30	14	21	17	7	3
07 Vonunu	1,721	260	248	198	237	134	132	84	121	88	58	43	34	32	21	15	10	4	2
08 Mbilua	2,045	344	294	246	198	160	140	151	127	104	85	40	34	39	36	25	12	7	3
09 Ndovele	967	145	135	126	83	76	71	58	57	51	42	24	31	18	16	18	10	6	-
10 Irringgilla	1,372	188	207	146	176	117	108	73	73	73	65	38	42	26	13	13	10	3	1
11 Gizo	3,375	479	422	381	345	334	328	243	222	185	146	104	80	42	30	14	14	5	1
12 South Kolombangara	1,808	288	253	225	177	127	153	138	150	95	66	48	32	20	10	11	13	-	2
13 Vonavona	2,632	438	410	287	214	213	178	206	154	133	97	79	68	60	38	21	17	9	10
14 Kusaghe	1,081	170	143	117	110	105	83	69	74	50	52	40	26	13	12	10	7	-	-
15 Munda	1,268	152	156	149	201	91	81	112	81	61	45	31	29	31	26	14	4	2	2
16 Nusa Roviana	977	112	112	109	109	79	68	65	76	58	38	43	25	26	17	17	14	6	3
17 Roviana Lagoon	2,234	288	316	315	279	178	153	156	121	103	89	75	39	37	32	22	15	7	9
18 South Rendova	1,197	139	154	136	134	103	84	75	71	69	55	52	39	24	24	16	13	5	4
19 North Rendova	845	140	125	97	55	72	66	61	57	35	29	32	21	14	15	7	12	5	2
20 Kolombaghea	854	87	85	99	140	58	60	60	68	45	40	31	18	21	13	15	9	4	1
21 Mbuini Tusu	1,369	210	168	154	95	122	125	119	90	72	53	47	29	27	23	14	14	5	2
22 Nono	1,711	294	232	179	124	161	147	126	117	84	70	38	50	26	25	14	14	5	5
23 Nggatokae	1,497	190	214	232	144	115	108	106	109	65	52	37	39	20	21	18	15	8	4
24 North Vangunu	1,341	199	177	170	139	98	90	85	85	83	52	38	32	25	29	20	6	6	7
25 Noro	1,593	212	178	148	179	193	190	156	127	98	49	20	15	11	5	7	4	1	-
26 North Kolombangara	1,025	132	133	148	131	74	88	59	71	50	47	29	23	20	9	8	3	-	-

P2.3: Female population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age G	Froup								
1 Townce/ ward	Ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54 5	5 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
03 Isabel Province	12,830	1,810	1,743	1,442	1,159	1,075	1,048	973	834	568	529	425	343	254	223	153	130	62	59
01 Kia	875	120	130	89	61	88	80	84	61	35	43	13	21	11	17	8	6	4	4
02 Baolo	549	72	77	69	46	41	49	37	33	33	14	25	14	11	10	7	7	3	1
03 Kokota	485	83	69	48	36	57	41	42	32	22	19	9	10	7	2	4	3	1	-
04 Hovikoilo	972	135	130	120	121	68	80	101	52	31	41	35	16	16	9	5	4	3	5
05 Buala	1,357	174	164	150	106	109	118	100	99	83	64	57	39	25	21	12	26	6	4
06 Tirotongana	341	51	38	28	23	21	20	25	25	22	20	11	17	9	9	7	5	5	5
07 Koviloko	661	81	82	75	49	65	46	35	42	28	41	22	24	22	21	12	14	1	1
08 Kmaga	952	126	136	123	127	60	63	71	52	50	31	32	17	17	22	12	9	4	-
09 Kaloka	493	55	71	55	33	38	40	38	32	25	23	20	13	13	14	8	3	9	3
10 Tatamba	687	116	96	64	37	59	52	50	57	29	24	23	23	13	6	11	12	6	9
11 Sigana	1,202	172	169	148	137	97	103	76	71	53	51	28	31	25	17	8	5	1	10
12 Japuana	1,101	177	165	139	85	86	71	81	82	34	39	41	23	23	21	21	7	3	3
13 Kolomola	489	82	64	41	37	42	35	43	27	20	20	14	26	13	10	5	4	2	4
14 Kolotubi	860	97	100	103	108	73	81	58	56	35	35	29	21	13	19	15	8	6	3
15 Susubona	953	141	126	99	69	99	94	70	54	32	33	42	27	21	11	13	13	7	2
16 Samasodu	853	128	126	91	84	72	75	62	59	36	31	24	21	15	14	5	4	1	5
04 Central province	12,790	1,898	1,763	1,462	1,147	974	1,143	1,027	896	605	519	376	272	247	176	117	91	46	31
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	1,563	218	195	177	132	126	133	139	117	70	58	63	40	15	32	23	10	7	8
02 West Gela	1,110	192	149	132	97	94	98	77	94	46	35	37	15	18	14	6	4	1	1
03 East Gela	986	145	139	100	91	78	95	83	65	43	40	25	27	24	10	11	5	4	1
04 Tulagi	593	69	74	79	63	59	43	46	58	41	25	11	15	7	1	2	-	-	-
05 South West Gela	1,287	184	159	161	120	95	101	105	99	55	34	54	33	34	16	16	14	4	3
06 South East Gela	835	115	100	96	78	59	69	58	56	34	43	22	36	25	9	15	12	3	5
07 North East Gela	1,040	127	145	113	72	26	144	101	73	74	62	33	4	35	14	-	9	8	-
08 North West Gela	897	125	105	108	87	58	57	74	61	50	48	28	25	21	17	8	16	6	3
09 Banika	957	141	154	127	100	89	67	86	65	46	34	18	13	5	5	2	-	4	1
10 Pavuvu	962	155	169	111	67	73	86	70	61	44	40	26	10	17	10	5	6	6	6
11 Lovukol	1,029	196	146	94	97	83	101	73	56	47	39	27	22	15	11	14	4	2	2
12 North Savo	720	98	109	68	57	76	74	61	47	19	34	11	17	12	20	9	6	1	1
13 South Savo	811	133	119	96	86	58	75	54	44	36	27	21	15	19	17	6	5	-	-
05 Rennell-Bellona Province	1,492	197	199	204	119	110	69	101	85	59	72	55	54	49	36	36	30	16	1
01 East Tenggano	184	24	24	32	11	8	8	14	10	10	11	7	5	5	3	8	3	1	-
02 West Tenggano	179	39	24	25	14	16	12	16	7	3	3	3	6	4	4	-	2	1	-
03 Lughu	164	21	25	20	12	11	8	10	15	10	8	2	8	6	6	-	-	2	-
04 Kanava	104	19	11	11	12	10	6	6	6	7	5	2	1	2	3	1	1	1	-
05 Te Tau Gangoto	276	33	35	34	24	37	8	14	15	7	21	17	6	4	1	4	11	5	-
06 Mugi Henua	58	7	6	8	8	1	4	3	3	1	3	2	3	3	2	-	3	-	1
07 Matangi	69	10	8	11	2	3	5	5	5	2	3	6	4	3	-	2	-	-	-
08 East Gaongau	148	12	23	19	11	5	4	12	7	10	6	8	9	2	1	10	4	5	-
09 West Gaongau	180	17	26	26	19	8	8	12	10	5	7	4	9	16	3	8	2	-	-
10 Sa'aiho	130	15	17	18	6	11	6	9	7	4	5	4	3	4	13	3	4	1	-

P2.3: Female population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All			•					,	Age	Group								
	Ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
06 Guadalcanal Province	45,330	7,031	6,311	5,343	4,555	4,317	4,056	3,473	2,917	1,997	1,607	943	902	616	546	339	203	77	97
01 Tandai	7,129	1,099	918	783	747	810	812	587	449	290	209	127	120	56	58	32	19	3	10
02 Saghalu	3,064	427	412	407	329	334	247	239	187	145	97	52	51	46	43	27	9	6	6
03 Savulei	1,421	253	219	186	142	113	110	92	89	46	52	28	29	20	24	9	5	1	3
04 Tangarare	1,485	234	239	159	150	142	116	93	96	61	54	38	31	24	11	12	9	6	10
05 Wanderer Bay	1,656	268	206	217	173	144	123	115	123	59	70	47	42	25	15	9	12	6	2
06 Duidui	1,570	220	231	182	146	131	131	128	85	91	71	46	25	16	31	19	9	5	3
07 Vatukulau	958	156	153	92	74	67	65	67	62	49	38	23	31	20	21	14	20	-	6
08 Talise	887	123	137	141	82	58	60	46	41	33	38	21	34	21	29	6	7	3	7
09 Avuavu	1,166	195	209	120	89	87	76	109	75	61	42	20	33	20	7	12	5	3	3
10 Moli	1,910	303	295	240	166	175	133	145	122	91	73	46	54	17	24	19	3	1	3
11 Tetekanji	583	92	96	77	47	42	41	45	37	28	26	15	19	12	2	2	2	-	-
12 Birao	1,570	283	233	191	133	115	119	109	119	79	50	25	43	27	20	14	6	2	2
13 Valasi	731	114	107	99	61	54	64	63	59	27	21	13	20	8	13	3	2	1	2
14 Kolokarako	703	89	91	86	94	56	53	45	43	24	34	18	21	12	12	12	2	6	5
15 Longgu	1,821	290	267	217	190	145	152	151	121	73	57	42	28	26	27	12	15	4	4
16 Aola	1,979	308	279	235	197	197	167	143	107	81	81	55	40	34	23	19	9	2	2
17 Paripao	1,513	203	183	216	162	104	127	100	101	73	65	34	39	34	26	24	12	2	8
18 East Tasimboko	3,521	561	487	388	392	364	317	245	234	137	134	69	57	67	27	24	10	3	5
19 Vulolo	2,135	354	311	269	209	210	169	151	121	90	102	27	31	22	26	15	14	8	6
20 Malango	4,992	726	660	542	506	511	504	410	332	247	161	101	91	65	67	32	21	12	4
21 West Ghaobata	2,389	366	302	267	231	233	247	227	182	119	62	55	36	19	19	13	6	-	5
22 East Ghaobata	2,147	367	276	229	235	225	223	163	132	93	70	41	27	25	21	10	6	3	1
07 Malaita Province	68,364	10,167	9,750	8,439	6,776	5,872	5,515	4,778	3,914	2,956	2,513	1,987	1,660	1,450	992	719	459	234	183
01 Auki	2,513	294	364	287	265	208	248	200	170	125	115	70	52	46	27	29	10	1	2
02 Aimela	3,750	546	496	489	389	309	324	262	244	149	136	108	78	73	59	42	23	9	14
03 Buma	2,948	430	468	402	274	249	233	207	174	109	122	83	67	62	25	21	12	5	5
04 Fauabu	4,430	744	698	582	460	345	337	288	222	181	143	103	97	82	57	50	20	12	9
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	1,207	209	145	150	121	114	97	87	59	58	38	32	33	25	12	15	7	1	4
06 Mandalua/Folotana	1,366	187	174	166	147	130	127	82	75	61	70	35	30	29	24	9	10	8	2
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	2,753	381	384	290	292	244	226	219	142	123	91	106	72	61	42	37	26	16	1
08 Malu'u	2,153	272	255	270	230	194	184	143	132	101	86	83	62	42	44	22	18	9	6
09 Matakwalao	1,369	202	197	141	141	126	96	109	80	49	47	58	38	26	21	11	21	3	3
10 Takwa	5,068	806	728	636	484	443	426	362	279	206	155	140	97	120	79	50	26	16	15
11 East Baegu	2,411	353	382	325	239	200	193	146	124	117	82	64	52	48	44	12	18	4	8
12 Fouenda	956	170	154	132	72	69	68	58	57	59	23	19	24	18	12	9	3	2	7
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	446	82	65	50	38	18	31	35	38	9	16	13	16	8	7	10	4	5	1
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	2,513	412	361	313	256	221	209	175	116	92	80	76	52	68	41	18	15	4	4
15 Nafinua	2,070	291	288	269	242	199	152	129	126	74	69	52	48	43	26	37	11	4	10

P2.3: Female population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age	Group									_
Fromice/ waru	Ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+	_
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	1,796	288	261	228	174	177	145	100	86	79	57	45	44	47	20	23	8	9		5
17 Gulalofou	3,036	441	463	347	255	326	270	225	163	120	98	77	90	64	47	23	18	7	2	2
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	1,753	268	264	198	147	143	145	118	102	80	61	63	56	47	28	15	7	7	4	4
19 Aiaisi	1,759	236	237	208	148	137	162	138	102	75	62	70	50	46	22	27	23	8	8	8
20 Areare	1,773	266	216	209	187	147	132	130	107	81	75	57	58	36	27	20	12	7	(6
21 Raroisu'u	2,528	410	341	298	254	208	187	178	125	129	77	78	63	59	29	34	28	17	13	3
22 Aba/Asimeuru	2,498	344	334	285	251	180	158	164	173	122	108	77	75	69	41	52	23	27	15	5
23 Asimae	1,457	187	173	162	141	91	92	114	103	63	76	61	55	50	36	21	22	6	4	4
24 Mareho	1,313	180	187	173	123	108	87	93	67	75	52	35	29	35	20	14	17	6	12	2
25 Tai	2,266	353	342	280	211	180	190	157	140	85	101	56	49	38	25	21	27	7	4	4
26 Kwarekwareo	960	160	170	119	88	85	88	68	46	36	25	28	13	13	7	4	5	4	1	1
27 Siesie	1,864	329	295	261	173	158	152	122	97	71	62	45	35	25	20	5	8	2	. 4	4
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	2,477	419	395	302	257	237	198	157	138	108	89	54	42	33	18	21	4	4		1
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	4,750	628	617	599	519	437	367	330	297	223	216	137	119	91	84	45	21	16	. 4	4
30 Langalanga	998	128	125	131	110	88	70	92	52	44	40	29	23	22	28	8	3	4	. 1	1
31 Luaniua	699	87	103	77	58	54	79	49	48	36	26	20	20	17	9	7	6	1	2	2
32 Pelau	357	52	46	42	23	41	32	31	24	12	12	7	13	4	9	2	2	-		5
33 Sikaiana	127	12	22	18	7	6	10	10	6	4	3	6	8	3	2	5	1	3	1	1
08 Makira-Ulawa Province	19,630	3,308	2,719	2,259	1,693	1,741	1,756	1,492	1,263	818	699	505	438	316	243	158	120	53	49	9
01 North Ulawa	583	84	60	73	54	36	61	47	40	28	30	15	17	10	13	4	2	6		3
02 South Ulawa	667	101	77	93	44	48	44	55	41	44	31	20	19	22	9	10	3	2	. 4	4
03 West Ulawa	426	59	36	42	37	31	38	34	36	19	28	14	10	11	5	10	7	4		5
04 Ugi and Pio	590	95	75	51	45	61	53	34	42	38	25	16	16	7	13	10	4	4		1
05 Arosi South	1,434	244	220	169	129	128	148	102	98	49	37	34	25	18	13	7	12	-		1
06 Arosi West	945	158	140	108	91	77	83	68	65	38	29	24	23	11	12	8	3	5		2
07 Arosi North	1,137	210	141	145	92	120	95	75	68	41	46	30	25	16	8	12	4	3	(6
08 Arosi East	971	160	139	121	78	78	90	76	64	39	38	19	18	21	18	6	4	2	-	
09 Bauro West	1,862	314	260	192	160	179	157	158	129	74	54	51	44	26	23	17	14	7	3	3
10 Bauro Central	2,178	315	278	245	227	229	215	190	132	99	74	56	35	34	28	9	7	1	4	4
11 Bauro East	780	158	109	89	73	77	73	47	51	18	27	17	16	12	2	7	4	-	-	
12 Wainoni West	1,057	197	167	141	103	88	90	79	55	35	24	21	19	14	7	6	7	1	:	3
13 Wainoni East	1,225	189	209	135	82	106	102	98	89	44	35	49	38	14	20	5	7	1		2
14 Star Harbour North	1,608	292	251	204	124	123	137	120	105	56	59	24	38	21	18	14	14	6		2
15 Santa Ana	790	117	106	88	76	62	52	55	39	47	36	38	18	17	18	9	5	6		1
16 Santa Catalina	398	65	53	33	43	34	41	28	24	17	11	12	8	12	7	4	3	-	1	3
17 Star Harbour South	558	108	81	74	39	55	52	30	27	19	21	11	10	10	9	7	4	-		1
18 Rawo	321	65	45	26	16	24	38	27	20	15	17	8	7	4	3	1	4	1	-	
19 Weather Coast	816	137	99	89	66	76	80	53	65	37	35	20	23	13	7	4	4	2	. (6
20 Haununu	1,284	240	173	141	114	109	107	116	73	61	42	26	29	23	10	8	8	2		2_

P2.3: Female population by 5-year age groups and sex, province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward	All									Age	Group								
Frownice/ waru	Ages	0 - 4	5-9	10-14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
09 Temotu Province	10,896	1,358	1,475	1,256	1,035	834	893	748	761	551	477	376	328	220	169	157	122	67	69
01 Fenualoa	687	90	103	94	71	35	51	35	61	23	31	24	21	11	18	4	6	3	6
02 Polynesian Outer Islands	188	31	29	18	9	17	17	8	11	6	7	7	4	4	3	6	5	3	3
03 Nipua/Nopoli	458	63	63	47	55	31	29	30	25	15	20	20	11	10	5	8	5	7	14
04 Lipe/Temua	426	63	55	53	39	33	31	26	25	17	12	19	8	10	5	11	6	9	4
05 Manuopo	534	59	69	70	48	40	43	34	31	30	22	28	18	13	7	9	4	4	. 5
06 Nenumpo	613	62	103	73	59	37	49	35	33	40	31	16	11	14	22	22	4	1	1
07 Nevenema	487	56	79	51	35	32	40	41	25	31	16	19	21	11	6	9	12	3	-
08 Luva Station	1,192	118	124	145	152	96	91	95	98	71	55	41	32	29	10	16	10	6	3
09 Graciosa Bay	626	80	63	61	67	61	53	38	57	34	29	21	21	12	9	2	11	3	4
10 Nea/Noole	896	99	108	102	83	69	71	62	79	45	48	27	36	14	10	13	13	9	8
11 North East Santa Cruz	907	112	132	95	79	91	84	73	48	51	32	33	30	22	16	2	3	1	3
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	906	132	138	94	87	60	78	72	63	38	43	26	30	15	11	12	3	1	3
13 Duff Islands	249	35	35	24	19	19	26	7	16	15	15	12	8	5	9	3	1	-	-
14 Utupua	582	99	86	77	53	40	61	35	32	26	17	13	16	3	10	4	7	3	-
15 Vanikoro	668	95	103	85	47	61	56	35	53	33	26	19	18	7	5	10	8	3	4
16 Tikopia	681	64	84	75	63	50	55	52	51	37	34	16	21	23	12	14	15	9	6
17 Neo	796	100	101	92	69	62	58	70	53	39	39	35	22	17	11	12	9	2	5
10 Honiara town council	30,520	3,577	3,304	3,084	3,473	4,059	3,565	2,730	2,186	1,447	1,133	736	474	337	202	108	62	26	17
01 Nggossi	4,822	644	519	450	557	646	556	408	327	228	167	134	70	54	28	15	12	3	4
02 Mbumburu	1,713	189	187	151	183	252	216	159	124	81	64	43	26	11	11	9	5	2	-
03 Rove/Lengakiki	1,149	122	140	129	131	139	144	90	77	67	41	31	23	6	3	2	3	1	-
04 Cruz	107	8	7	10	8	9	14	13	9	6	4	11	4	3	1	-	-	-	-
05 Vavaea	3,208	362	349	314	335	445	406	292	242	129	132	76	49	41	20	8	3	3	2
06 Vuhokesa	570	66	66	46	71	70	60	46	51	27	21	12	13	11	3	4	2	1	-
07 Mataniko	2,094	234	284	205	227	237	232	223	151	92	68	47	30	31	22	8	1	2	-
08 Kola'a	4,806	574	492	508	539	667	533	474	338	238	166	105	61	47	33	20	6	3	2
09 Kukum	864	90	97	79	83	125	108	79	58	36	33	23	15	14	10	5	4	3	2
10 Naha	169	19	20	24	20	24	24	17	6	7	2	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-
11 Vura	4,399	498	416	470	527	578	492	378	330	239	177	109	73	52	24	19	11	1	5
12 Panatina	6,619	771	727	698	792	867	780	551	473	297	258	144	108	66	46	17	15	7	2

P2.4: Total population by 5-year age groups and sex, and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age		Total			Urban			Rural	
Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	102,030	53,596	48,434	413,840	210,859	202,981
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	12,500	6,573	5,927	63,727	33,155	30,572
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	11,328	5,853	5,475	59,798	31,121	28,677
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	10,354	5,382	4,972	51,577	27,180	24,397
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	10,995	5,525	5,470	40,217	20,664	19,553
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	12,344	6,360	5,984	33,075	16,039	17,036
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	11,160	5,696	5,464	31,514	15,098	16,416
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	8,817	4,568	4,249	28,775	14,239	14,536
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	7,447	4,000	3,447	25,704	13,010	12,694
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	5,161	2,808	2,353	18,477	9,262	9,215
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	4,064	2,265	1,799	15,649	7,924	7,725
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	2,818	1,650	1,168	11,521	5,848	5,673
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	2,011	1,198	813	9,776	4,913	4,863
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	1,272	726	546	7,644	3,809	3,835
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	822	466	356	6,199	3,227	2,972
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	478	259	219	4,220	2,143	2,077
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	279	160	119	3,095	1,624	1,471
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	102	58	44	1,423	742	681
85 - 89	894	512	382	58	34	24	836	478	358
90 - 94	301	170	131	8	4	4	293	166	127
95 +	332	228	104	12	11	1	320	217	103

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

		Total			Choiseul			Western			Isabel			Central		Ren	nell/Bello	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	26,372	13,532	12,840	76,649	39,926	36,723	26,158	13,328	12,830	26,051	13,261	12,790	3,041	1,549	1,492
0	15,730	8,239	7,491	821	411	410	2,364	1,236	1,128	721	391	330	786	391	395	82	38	44
1	15,264	7,924	7,340	868	472	396	2,157	1,145	1,012	798	399	399	786	412	374	68	32	36
2	15,001	7,932	7,069	784	429	355	2,141	1,115	1,026	739	404	335	777	443	334	83	47	36
3	15,233	7,956	7,277	813	415	398	2,117	1,150	967	766	397	369	786	393	393	72	30	42
4	14,999	7,677	7,322	749	420	329	2,278	1,146	1,132	732	355	377	773	371	402	79	40	39
5	15,354	7,948	7,406	880	466	414	2,220	1,165	1,055	711	361	350	827	392	435	85	40	45
6	14,807	7,604	7,203	748	380	368	2,211	1,140	1,071	793	407	386	797	376	421	84	44	40
7	13,476	7,016	6,460	730	368	362	1,994	1,029	965	674	357	317	732	405	327	65	40	25
8	13,202	6,899	6,303	726	381	345	1,891	970	921	728	367	361	611	359	252	76	32	44
9	14,287	7,507	6,780	758	394	364	2,100	1,077	1,023	720	391	329	741	413	328	87	42	45
10	13,503	7,200	6,303	678	372	306	1,921	1,011	910	678	365	313	682	379	303	92	57	35
11	12,590	6,522	6,068	673	343	330	1,854	1,006	848	580	287	293	599	325	274	102	54	48
12	12,424	6,641	5,783	674	371	303	1,779	918	861	603	333	270	643	366	277	91	50	41
13	11,901	6,198	5,703	620	308	312	1,791	955	836	578	311	267	595	289	306	85	41	44
14	11,513	6,001	5,512	617	326	291	1,851	968	883	620	321	299	613	311	302	68	32	36
15	11,365	5,680	5,685	560	261	299	1,749	866	883	581	294	287	515	245	270	59	37	22
16	10,813	5,526	5,287	613	289	324	1,749	873	876	479	238	241	503	287	216	54	30	24
17	9,927	5,103	4,824	479	268	211	1,497	768	729	438	247	191	418	221	197	67	35	32
18	9,742	4,995	4,747	454	225	229	1,466	795	671	498	246	252	497	221	276	39	16	23
19	9,365	4,885	4,480	400	203	197	1,374	727	647	423	235	188	395	207	188	41	23	18
20	10,070	4,980	5,090	408	208	200	1,369	697	672	393	184	209	446	195	251	51	26	25
21	8,056	3,996	4,060	363	179	184	1,061	523	538	357	165	192	305	144	161	26	11	15
22	8,531	4,208	4,323	403	213	190	1,175	622	553	359	153	206	375	196	179	47	19	28
23	9,875	4,770	5,105	398	193	205	1,289	614	675	401	155	246	357	163	194	48	19	29
24	8,887	4,445	4,442	421	211	210	1,242	631	611	419	197	222	430	241	189	44	31	13
25	9,899	4,846	5,053	427	254	173	1,283	665	618	422	201	221	510	237	273	26	16	10
26	8,398	4,013	4,385	434	199	235	1,164	587	577	379	186	193	389	135	254	40	27	13
27	8,568	4,273	4,295	399	193	206	1,195	630	565	398	181	217	432	191	241	23	11	12
28	7,553	3,665	3,888	339	173	166	1,074	522	552	391	181	210	369	185	184	28	10	18
29	8,256	3,997	4,259	356	186	170	1,155	582	573	379	172	207	359	168	191	34	18	16
30	9,709	4,781	4,928	369	188	181	1,222	629	593	468	242	226	578	220	358	43	22	21
31	6,970	3,545	3,425	325	162	163	977	513	464	368	195	173	334	180	154	53	27	26
32	7,115	3,596	3,519	373	195	178	1,099	578	521	358	179	179	382	194	188	28	9	19
33	6,607	3,296	3,311	360	180	180	970	494	476	366	186	180	311	137	174	43	22	21
34	7,191	3,589	3,602	401	202	199	1,065	557	508	395	180	215	350	197	153	36	22	14
35	7,851	4,016	3,835	371	193	178	1,134	566	568	382	214	168	383	203	180	44	18	26
36	6,431	3,259	3,172	327	159	168	979	516	463	333	182	151	364	187	177	27	13	14
37	6,980	3,609	3,371	403	195	208	1,130	597	533	419	213	206	483	239	244	35	23	12
38	5,582	2,846	2,736	289	142	147	862	451	411	303	160	143	315	163	152	24	8	16
39	6,307	3,280	3,027	367	204	163	954	508	446	341	175	166	309	166	143	41	24	17

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

A	7	Fotal		(Choiseul		1	Vestern			Isabel		(Central		Reni	nell/Bellor	ıa
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
40	7,315	3,814	3,501	277	156	121	1,033	593	440	367	197	170	495	244	251	38	20	18
41	4,256	2,153	2,103	269	122	147	759	380	379	215	106	109	176	91	85	25	12	13
42	4,510	2,297	2,213	250	126	124	857	446	411	236	122	114	227	120	107	24	17	7
43	3,831	1,906	1,925	232	107	125	743	361	382	166	88	78	175	88	87	16	6	10
44	3,726	1,900	1,826	241	124	117	733	412	321	193	96	97	144	69	75	17	6	11
45	4,897	2,599	2,298	256	149	107	758	414	344	262	138	124	243	128	115	36	16	20
46	3,796	1,938	1,858	203	108	95	656	347	309	187	94	93	183	92	91	24	13	11
47	3,660	1,896	1,764	230	116	114	641	324	317	178	93	85	243	126	117	20	7	13
48	3,363	1,742	1,621	174	85	89	571	336	235	233	106	127	170	82	88	38	14	24
49	3,997	2,014	1,983	193	100	93	624	352	272	216	116	100	215	107	108	13	9	4
50	4,245	2,150	2,095	195	98	97	607	351	256	274	131	143	226	115	111	47	25	22
51	2,914	1,579	1,335	140	74	66	490	264	226	176	89	87	145	92	53	32	18	14
52	2,620	1,443	1,177	146	85	61	457	258	199	156	86	70	151	55	96	22	16	6
53	2,336	1,208	1,128	133	65	68	403	211	192	146	81	65	107	48	59	19	9	10
54	2,224	1,118	1,106	140	67	73	369	169	200	128	68	60	113	56	57	13	10	3
55	2,514	1,354	1,160	135	70	65	382	201	181	185	106	79	141	80	61	28	14	14
56	2,461	1,289	1,172	147	69	78	377	211	166	146	69	77	123	70	53	51	34	17
57	2,385	1,289	1,096	124	61	63	417	206	211	126	70	56	115	75	40	23	20	3
58	1,834	910	924	90	42	48	331	168	163	110	59	51	139	76	63	13	3	10
59	2,593	1,269	1,324	146	69	77	320	167	153	182	102	80	127	72	55	20	10	10
60	2,503	1,252	1,251	108	48	60	340	185	155	160	90	70	142	89	53	19	14	5
61	1,746	876	870	95	52	43	290	149	141	91	53	38	70	32	38	19	7	12
62	1,593	836	757	93	52	41	251	125	126	115	61	54	102	48	54	18	5	13
63	1,389	735	654	76	33	43	239	117	122	89	53	36	87	45	42	22	10	12
64	1,685	836	849	80	38	42	270	151	119	107	51	56	101	41	60	15	8	7
65	1,439	775	664	110	56	54	205	116	89	87	43	44	77	38	39	5	2	3
66	1,200	629	571	73	28	45	202	110	92	95	56	39	56	33	23	20	4	16
67	2,002	1,129	873	131	65	66	278	165	113	110	57	53	139	80	59	13	1	12
68	1,013	508	505	55	29	26	193	95	98	65	31	34	55	22	33	7	4	3
69	1,367	652	715	75	29	46	216	104	112	88	35	53	52	30	22	4	2	2
70	1,495	727	768	79	41	38	202	105	97	105	45	60	91	38	53	3	1	2
71	870	447	423	53	26	27	154	74	80	59	29	30	42	22	20	12	3	9
72	875	491	384	41	19	22	155	83	72	57	29	28	81	60	21	11	2	9
73	719	379	340	39	22	17	149	80	69	48	31	17	24	15	9	19	10	9
74	739	358	381	51	17	34	118	65	53	42	24	18	23	9	14	17	10	7
75	730	378	352	55	24	31	141	72	69	43	21	22	37	27	10	7	_	7
76	585	319	266	37	19	18	103	60	43	51	15	36	21	14	7	12	6	6
77	695	356	339	39	20	19	126	57	69	47	28	19	42	15	27	22	9	13
78	574	310	264	25	7	18	91	54	37	44	21	23	41	24	17	13	11	2
79	790	421	369	23	7	16	108	55	53	61	31	30	54	24	30	3	1	2

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

100	1	Total		(Choiseul		1	Vestern			Isabel			Central		Renn	ell/Bello	na
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
80	514	261	253	25	9	16	53	24	29	37	17	20	35	19	16	5	2	3
81	277	137	140	13	8	5	44	17	27	24	7	17	13	6	7	7	2	5
82	366	211	155	9	6	3	52	27	25	17	9	8	17	8	9	10	4	6
83	175	84	91	8	7	1	29	14	15	15	4	11	16	4	12	4	2	2
84	193	107	86	9	4	5	36	18	18	13	7	6	6	4	2	5	5	-
85	203	112	91	13	8	5	27	14	13	15	8	7	14	6	8	-	-	-
86	178	106	72	9	3	6	27	17	10	13	8	5	7	5	2	-	-	-
87	181	105	76	8	6	2	21	8	13	14	4	10	5	4	1	2	1	1
88	116	66	50	9	5	4	13	5	8	15	12	3	5	2	3	3	3	-
89	216	123	93	12	7	5	25	13	12	20	7	13	9	5	4	3	3	-
90	121	64	57	5	3	2	11	4	7	15	7	8	7	2	5	-	-	-
91	57	37	20	-	-	-	10	6	4	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
92	51	24	27	3	2	1	6	3	3	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-
93	26	13	13	1	1	-	1	-	1	4	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-
94	46	32	14	1	1	-	4	3	1	2	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
95	41	23	18	2	1	1	3	2	1	3	1	2	8	4	4	-	-	-
96	26	18	8	1	1	-	4	4	-	2	1	1	=	-	-	1	1	-
97	29	18	11	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
98	59	47	12	1	-	1	2	-	2	1	-	1	38	38	-	-	-	-
99+	177	122	55	5	3	2	18	11	7	8	4	4	14	11	3	1	1	-

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	G	uadalcanal			Malaita		Ma	akira/Ulaw	a		Temotu			Honiara	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	93,613	48,283	45,330	137,596	69,232	68,364	40,419	20,789	19,630	21,362	10,466	10,896	64,609	34,089	30,520
0	3,182	1,710	1,472	4,033	2,125	1,908	1,426	750	676	575	304	271	1,740	883	857
1	2,921	1,526	1,395	4,243	2,161	2,082	1,399	726	673	562	302	260	1,462	749	713
2	2,906	1,516	1,390	4,199	2,183	2,016	1,342	692	650	576	310	266	1,454	793	661
3	2,904	1,517	1,387	4,327	2,240	2,087	1,306	665	641	606	328	278	1,536	821	715
4	2,799	1,412	1,387	4,241	2,167	2,074	1,369	701	668	601	318	283	1,378	747	631
5	2,921	1,514	1,407	4,316	2,253	2,063	1,292	684	608	661	349	312	1,441	724	717
6	2,796	1,449	1,347	4,187	2,177	2,010	1,144	597	547	643	333	310	1,404	701	703
7	2,487	1,273	1,214	3,858	1,987	1,871	1,073	594	479	620	324	296	1,243	639	604
8	2,276	1,193	1,083	3,925	2,054	1,871	1,135	603	532	588	306	282	1,246	634	612
9	2,631	1,371	1,260	4,049	2,114	1,935	1,194	641	553	584	309	275	1,423	755	668
10	2,428	1,318	1,110	4,046	2,134	1,912	1,042	550	492	563	292	271	1,373	722	651
11	2,229	1,136	1,093	3,729	1,930	1,799	1,040	545	495	523	251	272	1,261	645	616
12	2,327	1,233	1,094	3,574	1,929	1,645	992	506	486	526	276	250	1,215	659	556
13	2,167	1,083	1,084	3,460	1,878	1,582	877	474	403	496	261	235	1,232	598	634
14	2,020	1,058	962	3,169	1,668	1,501	832	449	383	461	233	228	1,262	635	627
15	2,029	1,015	1,014	3,383	1,709	1,674	802	418	384	407	194	213	1,280	641	639
16	1,928	935	993	2,965	1,563	1,402	759	399	360	419	216	203	1,344	696	648
17	1,762	897	865	2,728	1,399	1,329	639	322	317	442	235	207	1,457	711	746
18	1,830	945	885	2,481	1,273	1,208	623	318	305	403	184	219	1,451	772	679
19	1,703	905	798	2,378	1,215	1,163	717	390	327	366	173	193	1,568	807	761
20	2,045	1,064	981	2,478	1,164	1,314	691	353	338	382	168	214	1,807	921	886
21	1,529	780	749	1,959	966	993	661	297	364	266	130	136	1,529	801	728
22	1,628	781	847	2,013	967	1,046	602	276	326	305	137	168	1,624	844	780
23	1,924	952	972	2,645	1,204	1,441	651	325	326	290	139	151	1,872	1,006	866
24	1,594	826	768	2,004	926	1,078	744	357	387	293	128	165	1,696	897	799
25	1,948	929	1,019	2,424	1,132	1,292	752	373	379	336	133	203	1,771	906	865
26	1,529	739	790	1,999	971	1,028	676	301	375	287	123	164	1,501	745	756
27	1,538	775	763	2,087	1,035	1,052	682	327	355	308	133	175	1,506	797	709
28	1,427	693	734	1,812	852	960	589	282	307	261	103	158	1,263	664	599
29	1,512	762	750	2,133	950	1,183	680	340	340	324	131	193	1,324	688	636
30	1,870	932	938	2,497	1,182	1,315	766	382	384	324	151	173	1,572	833	739
31	1,243	635	608	1,796	888	908	598	304	294	270	123	147	1,006	518	488
32	1,391	653	738	1,622	818	804	563	309	254	233	97	136	1,066	564	502
33	1,192	609	583	1,586	775	811	524	255	269	247	115	132	1,008	523	485
34	1,282	676	606	1,738	798	940	571	280	291	276	116	160	1,077	561	516
35	1,525	785	740	1,921	941	980	592	300	292	341	164	177	1,158	632	526
36	1,224	623	601	1,516	770	746	507	249	258	261	112	149	893	448	445
37	1,182	632	550	1,538	764	774	547	283	264	301	149	152	942	514	428
38	995	518	477	1,304	654	650	461	226	235	223	79	144	806	445	361
39	1,176	627	549	1,529	765	764	447	233	214	258	119	139	885	459	426

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

A	Gu	adalcanal]	Malaita		Mal	kira/Ulawa	a		Temotu]	Honiara	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
40	1,445	746	699	1,778	844	934	484	267	217	305	144	161	1,093	603	490
41	716	398	318	998	472	526	327	163	164	199	92	107	572	317	255
42	777	384	393	1,039	509	530	338	168	170	182	82	100	580	323	257
43	658	350	308	901	422	479	275	134	141	174	86	88	491	264	227
44	595	316	279	906	419	487	240	114	126	181	86	95	476	258	218
45	871	471	400	1,216	591	625	389	212	177	174	88	86	692	392	300
46	677	352	325	937	435	502	264	136	128	167	91	76	498	270	228
47	610	325	285	830	425	405	256	132	124	193	89	104	459	259	200
48	561	296	265	764	385	379	260	130	130	173	81	92	419	227	192
49	658	326	332	1,118	516	602	271	131	140	202	83	119	487	274	213
50	718	371	347	1,147	519	628	277	136	141	216	103	113	538	301	237
51	406	248	158	847	431	416	204	94	110	134	64	70	340	205	135
52	407	256	151	638	318	320	171	97	74	143	79	64	329	193	136
53	350	192	158	593	285	308	174	90	84	124	53	71	287	174	113
54	301	172	129	584	269	315	196	100	96	110	52	58	270	155	115
55	332	167	165	679	348	331	179	98	81	133	68	65	320	202	118
56	419	219	200	646	314	332	174	96	78	129	60	69	249	147	102
57	416	217	199	633	338	295	186	104	82	147	68	79	198	130	68
58	242	129	113	504	229	275	139	62	77	83	38	45	183	104	79
59	415	190	225	777	350	427	203	83	120	136	66	70	267	160	107
60	365	179	186	838	370	468	157	75	82	104	51	53	270	151	119
61	225	117	108	580	261	319	142	71	71	100	60	40	134	74	60
62	247	129	118	428	221	207	120	69	51	58	27	31	161	99	62
63	187	102	85	416	224	192	93	58	35	74	31	43	106	62	44
64	238	119	119	521	257	264	148	71	77	100	47	53	105	53	52
65	226	101	125	428	246	182	111	62	49	73	47	26	117	64	53
66	159	83	76	360	180	180	82	40	42	49	24	25	104	71	33
67	382	210	172	551	312	239	180	110	70	93	48	45	125	81	44
68	141	79	62	304	151	153	68	39	29	62	24	38	63	34	29
69	215	104	111	435	197	238	127	74	53	76	41	35	79	36	43
70	249	131	118	440	197	243	95	49	46	122	59	63	109	61	48
71	149	92	57	232	117	115	75	36	39	44	20	24	50	28	22
72	146	86	60	238	126	112	65	41	24	50	24	26	31	21	10
73	107	55	52	210	100	110	58	30	28	28	11	17	37	25	12
74	108	56	52	241	102	139	52	31	21	54	27	27	33	17	16
75	106	58	48	193	102	91	50	25	25	57	28	29	41	21	20
76	91	54	37	158	84	74	47	31	16	32	15	17	33	21	12
77	100	53	47	173	96	77	66	33	33	48	25	23	32	20	12
78	50	23	27	215	121	94	43	25	18	34	14	20	18	10	8
79	122	78	44	246	123	123	74	46	28	70	37	33	29	19	10

P2.5: Total population by single years and sex, and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

A ~ ~	Gu	adalcanal		I	Malaita		Mal	kira/Ulaw	a		Temotu]	Honiara	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
80	71	38	33	167	87	80	41	26	15	51	22	29	29	17	12
81	32	16	16	96	57	39	25	14	11	18	9	9	5	1	4
82	35	25	10	161	94	67	23	13	10	29	17	12	13	8	5
83	19	15	4	42	20	22	21	7	14	15	7	8	6	4	2
84	24	10	14	61	35	26	10	7	3	24	15	9	5	2	3
85	18	9	9	62	33	29	17	9	8	27	19	8	10	6	4
86	43	28	15	47	27	20	16	10	6	13	6	7	3	2	1
87	34	18	16	44	25	19	14	10	4	28	20	8	11	9	2
88	11	7	4	31	16	15	14	9	5	10	7	3	5	-	5
89	32	16	16	65	37	28	21	13	8	24	19	5	5	3	2
90	26	14	12	41	23	18	4	2	2	11	8	3	1	1	-
91	8	5	3	12	7	5	11	10	1	12	6	6	1	1	-
92	9	5	4	19	7	12	6	2	4	3	2	1	2	1	1
93	2	1	1	7	4	3	3	2	1	7	2	5	-	-	-
94	8	7	1	21	17	4	2	1	1	6	2	4	1	-	1
95	4	1	3	10	8	2	4	2	2	6	3	3	1	1	-
96	3	2	1	10	5	5	1	1	-	3	2	1	1	1	-
97	6	4	2	10	6	4	1	1	-	10	5	5	-	-	-
98	2	2	-	7	3	4	2	1	1	4	1	3	2	2	-
99+	39	29	10	49	34	15	16	10	6	20	13	7	7	6	1

P2.6: Total population by single years and sex, and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

A 000		Total			Urban			Rural	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	102,030	53,596	48,434	413,840	210,859	202,981
0	15,730	8,239	7,491	2,828	1,481	1,347	12,902	6,758	6,144
1	15,264	7,924	7,340	2,402	1,222	1,180	12,862	6,702	6,160
2	15,001	7,932	7,069	2,423	1,308	1,115	12,578	6,624	5,954
3	15,233	7,956	7,277	2,498	1,314	1,184	12,735	6,642	6,093
4	14,999	7,677	7,322	2,349	1,248	1,101	12,650	6,429	6,221
5	15,354	7,948	7,406	2,379	1,223	1,156	12,975	6,725	6,250
6	14,807	7,604	7,203	2,418	1,210	1,208	12,389	6,394	5,995
7	13,476	7,016	6,460	2,070	1,080	990	11,406	5,936	5,470
8	13,202	6,899	6,303	2,088	1,070	1,018	11,114	5,829	5,285
9	14,287	7,507	6,780	2,373	1,270	1,103	11,914	6,237	5,677
10	13,503	7,200	6,303	2,227	1,176	1,051	11,276	6,024	5,252
11	12,590	6,522	6,068	2,088	1,067	1,021	10,502	5,455	5,047
12	12,424	6,641	5,783	2,088	1,132	956	10,336	5,509	4,827
13	11,901	6,198	5,703	1,984	1,001	983	9,917	5,197	4,720
14	11,513	6,001	5,512	1,967	1,006	961	9,546	4,995	4,551
15	11,365	5,680	5,685	2,089	1,021	1,068	9,276	4,659	4,617
16	10,813	5,526	5,287	2,173	1,085	1,088	8,640	4,441	4,199
17	9,927	5,103	4,824	2,200	1,104	1,096	7,727	3,999	3,728
18	9,742	4,995	4,747	2,235	1,155	1,080	7,507	3,840	3,667
19	9,365	4,885	4,480	2,298	1,160	1,138	7,067	3,725	3,342
20	10,070	4,980	5,090	2,638	1,352	1,286	7,432	3,628	3,804
21	8,056	3,996	4,060	2,208	1,122	1,086	5,848	2,874	2,974
22	8,531	4,208	4,323	2,354	1,226	1,128	6,177	2,982	3,195
23	9,875	4,770	5,105	2,703	1,396	1,307	7,172	3,374	3,798
24	8,887	4,445	4,442	2,441	1,264	1,177	6,446	3,181	3,265
25	9,899	4,846	5,053	2,693	1,353	1,340	7,206	3,493	3,713
26	8,398	4,013	4,385	2,249	1,115	1,134	6,149	2,898	3,251
27	8,568	4,273	4,295	2,268	1,179	1,089	6,300	3,094	3,206
28	7,553	3,665	3,888	1,946	1,002	944	5,607	2,663	2,944
29	8,256	3,997	4,259	2,004	1,047	957	6,252	2,950	3,302
30	9,709	4,781	4,928	2,370	1,253	1,117	7,339	3,528	3,811
31	6,970	3,545	3,425	1,578	803	775	5,392	2,742	2,650
32	7,115	3,596	3,519	1,643	838	805	5,472	2,758	2,714
33	6,607	3,296	3,311	1,587	837	750	5,020	2,459	2,561
34	7,191	3,589	3,602	1,639	837	802	5,552	2,752	2,800
35	7,851	4,016	3,835	1,839	1,001	838	6,012	3,015	2,997
36	6,431	3,259	3,172	1,405	725	680	5,026	2,534	2,492
37	6,980	3,609	3,371	1,540	832	708	5,440	2,777	2,663
38	5,582	2,846	2,736	1,294	708	586	4,288	2,138	2,150
39	6,307	3,280	3,027	1,369	734	635	4,938	2,546	2,392

P2.6: Total population by single years and sex, and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

		Total		,	Urban			Rural	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
40	7,315	3,814	3,501	1,703	949	754	5,612	2,865	2,747
41	4,256	2,153	2,103	934	512	422	3,322	1,641	1,681
42	4,510	2,297	2,213	957	513	444	3,553	1,784	1,769
43	3,831	1,906	1,925	790	417	373	3,041	1,489	1,552
44	3,726	1,900	1,826	777	417	360	2,949	1,483	1,466
45	4,897	2,599	2,298	1,083	609	474	3,814	1,990	1,824
46	3,796	1,938	1,858	794	429	365	3,002	1,509	1,493
47	3,660	1,896	1,764	735	406	329	2,925	1,490	1,435
48	3,363	1,742	1,621	666	367	299	2,697	1,375	1,322
49	3,997	2,014	1,983	786	454	332	3,211	1,560	1,651
50	4,245	2,150	2,095	827	471	356	3,418	1,679	1,739
51	2,914	1,579	1,335	575	346	229	2,339	1,233	1,106
52	2,620	1,443	1,177	546	327	219	2,074	1,116	958
53	2,336	1,208	1,128	447	266	181	1,889	942	947
54	2,224	1,118	1,106	423	240	183	1,801	878	923
55	2,514	1,354	1,160	510	310	200	2,004	1,044	960
56	2,461	1,289	1,172	421	247	174	2,040	1,042	998
57	2,385	1,289	1,096	390	236	154	1,995	1,053	942
58	1,834	910	924	286	165	121	1,548	745	803
59	2,593	1,269	1,324	404	240	164	2,189	1,029	1,160
60	2,503	1,252	1,251	432	239	193	2,071	1,013	1,058
61	1,746	876	870	236	138	98	1,510	738	772
62	1,593	836	757	255	148	107	1,338	688	650
63	1,389	735	654	176	104	72	1,213	631	582
64	1,685	836	849	173	97	76	1,512	739	773
65	1,439	775	664	203	108	95	1,236	667	569
66	1,200	629	571	152	101	51	1,048	528	520
67	2,002	1,129	873	199	124	75	1,803	1,005	798
68	1,013	508	505	122	66	56	891	442	449
69	1,367	652	715	146	67	79	1,221	585	636
70	1,495	727	768	193	99	94	1,302	628	674
71	870	447	423	95	59	36	775	388	387
72	875	491	384	69	38	31	806	453	353
73	719	379	340	61	34	27	658	345	313
74	739	358	381	60	29	31	679	329	350
75	730	378	352	73	35	38	657	343	314
76	585	319	266	54	34	20	531	285	246
77	695	356	339	53	33	20	642	323	319
78	574	310	264	42	21	21	532	289	243
79	790	421	369	57	37	20	733	384	349

P2.6: Total population by single years and sex, and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Ago		Total			Urban			Rural	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
80	514	261	253	44	21	23	470	240	230
81	277	137	140	8	4	4	269	133	136
82	366	211	155	25	18	7	341	193	148
83	175	84	91	12	7	5	163	77	86
84	193	107	86	13	8	5	180	99	81
85	203	112	91	17	9	8	186	103	83
86	178	106	72	8	5	3	170	101	69
87	181	105	76	14	10	4	167	95	72
88	116	66	50	6	1	5	110	65	45
89	216	123	93	13	9	4	203	114	89
90	121	64	57	2	1	1	119	63	56
91	57	37	20	3	2	1	54	35	19
92	51	24	27	2	1	1	49	23	26
93	26	13	13	-	-	-	26	13	13
94	46	32	14	1	-	1	45	32	13
95	41	23	18	2	2	-	39	21	18
96	26	18	8	1	1	-	25	17	8
97	29	18	11	-	-	-	29	18	11
98	59	47	12	2	2	-	57	45	12
99+	177	122	55	7	6	1	170	116	54

P3.1: Total population by ward and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009

							Religious	denominatio	n					
Province/Ward		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse to	
	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs	No Religion	Answer	Other
Solomon Island	515,870	164,639	100,999	88,395	60,506	51,919	13,153	9,444	5,303	2,427	4,191	681	137	14,076
01 Choiseul Province	26,372	285	5,995	321	4,401	14,361	283	12	4	44	1	25	4	636
01 Wagina	1,636	5	983	1	27	583	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	-
02 Katupika	1,988	11	64	20	1,118	755	10	-	-	-	-	1	1	8
03 Vasipuki	1,574	6	-	-	1,004	558	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
04 Viviru	1,499	12	8	5	227	1,013	180	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
05 Babatana	1,738	14	32	24	26	1,520	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	95
06 Tepazaka	1,680	3	60	2	119	1,450	6	1	-	1	-	-	-	38
07 Batava	4,931	48	1,731	31	139	2,827	31	1	4	-	-	1	-	118
08 Tavula	2,487	21	1,358	16	30	1,034	4	3	-	-	-	20	-	1
09 Polo	1,699	9	454	173	79	865	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	117
10 Bangera	1,158	56	830	-	8	258	5	-	-	-	1	_	-	-
11 Susuka	1,746	73	235	16	53	1,171	6	6	-	-	-	3	1	182
12 Senga	1,856	5	214	1	42	1,591	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
13 Kerepangara	1,140	13	6	20	634	452	2	-	-	6	-	-	-	7
14 Kirugela	1,240	9	20	12	895	284	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	15
02 Western Province	76,649	2,605	5,176	2,008	21,772	29,984	11,568	168	649	313	13	67	36	2,290
01 Outer Shortlands	1,306	11	395	3	18	688	-	-	40	13	-	-	-	138
02 Inner Shortlands	2,397	25	2,151	7	30	115	1	1	1	40	_	-	-	26
03 Simbo	1,782	22	6	47	174	1,343	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	112
04 North Ranongga	541	-	2	-	423	99	-	13	3	-	-	-	-	1
05 Central Ranongga	2,514	5	17	2	1,138	1,320	-	25	2	-	-	2	-	3
06 South Ranongga	3,305	20	67	73	277	2,580	25	-	12	3	-	-	1	247
07 Vonunu	3,558	74	81	102	182	2,603	16	32	132	42	9	2	-	283
08 Mbilua	4,290	59	58	52	385	3,093	14	-	145	1	-	1	-	482
09 Ndovele	1,967	13	14	18	582	1,282	30	_	4	-	_	-	-	24
10 Irringgilla	2,833	17	29	8	888	1,698	144	_	14	-	_	-	-	35
11 Gizo	7,177	438	855	546	1,526	3,057	285	22	69	130	_	19	26	204
12 South Kolombangara	4,023	138	201	261	2,117	769	483	2	1	30	1	10	-	10
13 Vonavona	5,515	239	583	309	641	1,479	2,008	4	34	3	_	-	1	214
14 Kusaghe	2,238	5	7	4	459	7	1,730	_	2	-	_	-	1	23
15 Munda	2,620	82	75	90	172	1,349	750	3	2	1	_	3	4	89
16 Nusa Roviana	1,995	37	17	17	298	1,178	142	46	20	2	-	1	-	237
17 Roviana Lagoon	4,675	100	57	72	287	842	3,246	1	6	-	2	4	1	57
18 South Rendova	2,477	23	20	89	1,779	537	27	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
19 North Rendova	1,724	254	13	14	342	222	850	1	4	-	_	4	1	19
20 Kolombaghea	1,783	2	_	3	1,067	42	667	-	-	-	_	2	-	-
21 Mbuini Tusu	2,965	99	95	48	254	1,806	610	-	42	1	_	3	1	6
22 Nono	3,610	66	57	30	1,876	1,535	25	6	1	-	1	1	_	12
23 Nggatokae	3,050	35	15	21	2,946	27	1	1	-	-	_	4	-	-
24 North Vangunu	2,661	47	6	18	1,548	985	2	2	49	1	_	1	_	2
25 Noro	3,365	759	291	144	465	1,130	424	7	66	9	_	6	-	64
26 North Kolombangara	2,278	35	64	30	1,898	198	10	2	-	37	_	3	_	1

P3.1: Total population by ward and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							Religious	denomination	ı					
Province/Ward		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse to	
	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs N	o Religion	Answer	Other
03 Isabel Province	26,158	23,183	834	115	513	181	29	11	8	9	6	3	-	1,266
01 Kia	1,929	1,658	93	19	85	44	3	-	1	-	-	1	-	25
02 Baolo	1,148	1,111	5	4	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
03 Kokota	1,177	1,092	18	9	22	9	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	24
04 Hovikoilo	1,988	1,913	12	3	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	46
05 Buala	2,813	2,645	31	27	41	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
06 Tirotongana	683	683	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07 Koviloko	1,240	1,205	1	2	24	1	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	2
08 Kmaga	1,862	1,809	5	3	36	2	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
09 Kaloka	959	956	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Tatamba	1,404	1,171	1	4	228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11 Sigana	2,397	2,353	17	5	11	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
12 Japuana	2,163	2,129	12	-	4	8	3	-	-	-	6	1	-	-
13 Kolomola	949	846	78	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
14 Kolotubi	1,671	788	489	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	384
15 Susubona	1,907	1,190	19	3	11	7	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	671
16 Samasodu	1,868	1,634	51	33	29	82	12	-	7	7	-	-	-	13
04 Central province	26,051	21,747	2,384	889	753	128	13	30	26	21	-	8	-	52
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	3,226	3,145	30	3	47	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
02 West Gela	2,220	2,176	14	3	19	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
03 East Gela	2,026	1,942	29	24	14	-	-	-	-	11	-	6	-	-
04 Tulagi	1,251	909	148	76	52	24	8	21	-	10	-	-	-	3
05 South West Gela	2,586	2,551	2	3	7	1	-	1	7	-	-	-	-	14
06 South East Gela	1,662	1,638	8	5	9	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
07 North East Gela	2,118	2,003	11	36	47	18	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
08 North West Gela	1,722	1,714	2	-	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
09 Banika	2,019	798	242	516	401	61	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Pavuvu	1,956	1,697	12	146	79	1	-	-	14	-	-	1	-	6
11 Lovukol	2,128	1,384	670	62	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	6
12 North Savo	1,520	1,086	350	12	51	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
13 South Savo	1,617	704	866	3	22	9	-	2	4	-	-	-	-	7
05 Rennell-Bellona Province	3,041	170	8	1,192	1,512	2	1	2	9	-	-	-	1	144
01 East Tenggano	367	-	-	11	356	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
02 West Tenggano	378	-	2	350	24	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
03 Lughu	362	1	-	237	30	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	92
04 Kanava	239	10	1	130	63	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	28
05 Te Tau Gangoto	569	77	2	190	291	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
06 Mugi Henua	117	-	-	11	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
07 Matangi	144	3	-	23	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
08 East Gaongau	265	4	-	78	183	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
09 West Gaongau	350	10	1	78	257	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
10 Sa'aiho	250	65	2	84	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9

P3.1: Total population by ward and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							Religious	denominatio	on					
Province/Ward		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse to	
	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs	No Religion	Answer	Other
06 Guadalcanal Province	93,613	22,311	35,275	16,397	11,694	2,733	185	709	978	93	1,650	213	16	1,359
01 Tandai	14,914	2,703	5,616	3,783	1,382	297	32	427	215	18	-	2	1	438
02 Saghalu	6,510	2,052	3,400	570	418	41	3	7	1	2	-	5	-	11
03 Savulei	3,003	473	2,418	12	12	9	20	-	57	-	-	-	-	2
04 Tangarare	3,118	230	2,821	16	2	3	12	-	34	-	-	-	-	-
05 Wanderer Bay	3,448	1,682	1,706	39	14	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
06 Duidui	3,201	772	21	2,391	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
07 Vatukulau	1,822	413	697	489	186	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-
08 Talise	1,716	5	877	340	424	37	20	-	-	-	5	4	-	4
09 Avuavu	2,262	29	1,909	212	89	16	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	4
10 Moli	3,696	737	2,278	179	269	4	-	-	5	-	37	2	-	185
11 Tetekanji	1,114	7	807	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	287	-	-	8
12 Birao	3,159	683	1,615	350	292	6	-	1	-	-	102	5	-	105
13 Valasi	1,477	423	914	116	11	5	-	-	-	-	4	4	-	-
14 Kolokarako	1,418	31	333	679	299	54	4	-	-	-	3	14	1	-
15 Longgu	3,767	2,004	853	446	314	13	5	1	27	-	3	4	1	96
16 Aola	4,044	879	1,280	196	1,112	566	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
17 Paripao	3,068	262	70	475	1,611	622	7	1	-	-	2	17	-	1
18 East Tasimboko	7,438	2,344	2,448	431	1,794	70	6	43	282	7	-	3	-	10
19 Vulolo	4,429	40	884	1,093	639	554	4	7	-	-	1,127	79	2	-
20 Malango	10,532	2,098	2,171	3,503	1,712	246	27	200	27	60	40	72	11	365
21 West Ghaobata	4,962	2,691	959	510	481	84	17	7	166	-	1	-	-	46
22 East Ghaobata	4,515	1,753	1,198	565	614	100	27	15	153	6	1	-	-	83
07 Malaita Province	137,596	36,241	32,879	42,813	7,966	254	275	6,714	1,418	1,414	2,467	149	16	4,990
01 Auki	5,105	770	1,616	2,053	324	16	4	132	9	34	-	6	6	135
02 Aimela	7,639	3,646	233	2,807	124	1	4	140	464	1	-	2	-	217
03 Buma	6,223	3,993	302	1,674	93	5	-	15	31	-	-	13	1	96
04 Fauabu	8,830	3,669	2,459	1,683	88	9	5	223	47	2	29	3	-	613
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	2,477	980	922	274	67	1	-	65	-	-	13	-	-	155
06 Mandalua/Folotana	2,749	448	32	1,316	541	5	39	148	12	-	51	19	5	133
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	5,532	1,385	134	1,866	285	1	16	989	58	36	84	8	-	670
08 Malu'u	4,333	603	925	1,543	159	6	7	785	1	1	1	10	-	292
09 Matakwalao	2,760	471	175	662	47	-	-	1,115	-	-	9	-	-	281
10 Takwa	10,070	1,882	2,660	2,047	1,537	24	13	678	515	119	150	6	-	439
11 East Baegu	4,781	1,881	1,310	1,082	70	-	5	4	125	1	264	-	_	39
12 Fouenda	1,885	172	979	195	505	6	-	1	6	-	1	8	_	12
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	866	780	58	10	10	5	-	-	3	_	-	-	_	-
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	5,094	2,319	464	1,670	349	-	2	129	-	_	2	5	-	154
15 Nafinua	4,195	540	42	2,302	275	1	-	730	-	-	1	-	-	304

P3.1: Total population by ward and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

				-			Religious	denominatio	n					
Province/Ward		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse to	
	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs	No Religion	Answer	Other
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	3,592	604	12	1,997	363	1	113	86	-	-	89	1	-	326
17 Gulalofou	6,031	54	1,201	2,611	620	3	-	729	-	-	780	-	-	33
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	3,478	62	20	2,017	688	-	-	-	-	55	608	-	-	28
19 Aiaisi	3,574	668	1,005	1,672	119	1	-	-	-	89	19	1	-	-
20 Areare	3,525	533	2,212	732	29	1	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	9
21 Raroisu'u	4,988	490	3,849	489	97	-	14	7	-	-	9	-	-	33
22 Aba/Asimeuru	4,936	3,437	71	1,238	58	3	-	-	5	1	3	1	1	118
23 Asimae	3,043	1,575	666	771	16	6	-	1	1	1	6	-	-	-
24 Mareho	2,550	57	2,247	222	11	-	4	-	1	-	-	3	-	5
25 Tai	4,650	820	1,647	1,281	89	11	6	7	-	711	13	8	2	55
26 Kwarekwareo	1,921	50	1,024	597	108	12	2	8	-	23	3	23	1	70
27 Siesie	3,747	104	1,990	885	25	106	6	8	-	93	258	7	-	265
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	5,121	563	2,339	2,029	38	3	-	7	-	47	56	3	-	36
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	9,634	1,423	1,209	4,865	1,073	8	34	441	75	49	6	12	-	439
30 Langalanga	1,922	33	1,059	219	152	2	-	261	1	151	3	10	-	31
31 Luaniua	1,396	1,393	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32 Pelau	700	591	15	4	2	17	1	5	63	-	-	-	-	2
33 Sikaiana	249	245	1	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
08 Makira-Ulawa Province	40,419	18,947	9,004	9,983	1,253	96	49	125	355	75	5	5	-	522
01 North Ulawa	1,169	510	476	8	63	1	4	-	63	-	-	-	-	44
02 South Ulawa	1,294	987	85	1	18	-	-	1	199	-	-	-	-	3
03 West Ulawa	860	736	1	5	86	1	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	16
04 Ugi and Pio	1,209	1,119	49	8	22	8	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
05 Arosi South	3,009	528	67	2,299	63	6	16	1	-	-	-	-	-	29
06 Arosi West	2,009	498	24	1,014	279	13	6	1	-	-	-	1	-	173
07 Arosi North	2,344	2,214	21	33	57	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-
08 Arosi East	2,054	1,601	9	23	375	4	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	40
09 Bauro West	3,928	3,354	297	106	37	14	1	36	17	1	-	1	-	64
10 Bauro Central	4,562	1,924	1,679	547	168	29	2	22	59	59	2	1	-	70
11 Bauro East	1,625	52	961	510	5	2	-	32	1	3	1	1	-	57
12 Wainoni West	2,131	68	1,264	772	5	2	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
13 Wainoni East	2,488	250	1,417	811	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14 Star Harbour North	3,262	1,191	1,337	723	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Santa Ana	1,547	1,262	4	271	5	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3
16 Santa Catalina	811	586	5	208	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17 Star Harbour South	1,138	99	1,026	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18 Rawo	677	9	93	574	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19 Weather Coast	1,658	32	29	1,569	10	5	-	3	-	9	-	-	-	1
20 Haununu	2,644	1,927	160	488	29	7	3	7	-	3	1	-	-	19

P3.1: Total population by ward and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							Religious	denominati	on					
Province/Ward		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse to	
	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs	No Religion	Answer	Other
09 Temotu Province	21,362	18,640	33	33	458	14	64	424	1,316	21	1	11	4	343
01 Fenualoa	1,305	1,263	-	1	-	1	-	8	31	-	-	-	-	1
02 Polynesian Outer Islands	353	353	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
03 Nipua/Nopoli	880	842	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	9
04 Lipe/Temua	793	747	1	1	-	-	7	-	37	-	-	-	-	-
05 Manuopo	1,030	920	-	-	14	-	1	9	14	5	-	-	-	67
06 Nenumpo	1,166	1,057	-	4	3	-	-	59	23	-	-	-	-	20
07 Nevenema	947	676	-	3	32	-	-	125	97	-	-	4	4	6
08 Luva Station	2,335	1,765	18	15	176	10	3	101	223	2	-	-	-	22
09 Graciosa Bay	1,264	1,077	1	-	1	-	51	5	66	12	-	-	-	51
10 Nea/Noole	1,770	1,211	1	-	7	1	-	6	539	-	1	1	-	3
11 North East Santa Cruz	1,843	1,712	4	6	34	1	-	1	73	-	-	-	-	12
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	1,861	1,686	-	-	17	1	1	24	48	-	-	-	-	84
13 Duff Islands	511	499	4	-	6	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
14 Utupua	1,168	1,129	2	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Vanikoro	1,293	1,229	-	-	55	-	-	5	-	-	-	4	-	-
16 Tikopia	1,285	1,274	-	1	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17 Neo	1,558	1,200	2	2	66	-	1	81	134	2	-	2	-	68
10 Honiara town council	64,609	20,510	9,411	14,644	10,184	4,166	686	1,249	540	437	48	200	60	2,474
01 Nggossi	10,062	3,699	1,776	1,264	1,711	697	86	108	51	157	2	43	6	462
02 Mbumburu	3,625	1,174	783	713	380	249	54	98	56	4	-	3	6	105
03 Rove/Lengakiki	2,613	1,000	488	450	222	230	14	12	25	23	5	10	3	131
04 Cruz	232	69	52	31	16	10	2	-	-	6	31	-	-	15
05 Vavaea	6,996	2,650	1,073	1,796	499	420	76	158	31	40	-	15	4	234
06 Vuhokesa	1,197	338	352	184	179	49	2	14	14	24	1	3	1	36
07 Mataniko	4,343	1,833	727	825	281	302	66	85	13	30	4	55	1	121
08 Kola'a	10,151	3,126	1,160	3,242	982	717	103	320	43	49	2	22	1	384
09 Kukum	1,835	700	317	247	252	180	44	12	7	20	-	1	2	53
10 Naha	356	220	40	51	19	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
11 Vura	9,096	2,602	1,010	1,937	2,170	620	74	181	120	39	2	4	2	335
12 Panatina	14,103	3,099	1,633	3,904	3,473	672	165	261	180	45	1	44	34	592

P3.2: Total population by province and religious denomination, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province		Church of	Roman	South Sea	Seventh Day	United	Christian	Jehovah's	Christian		Custom		Refuse	
Trovince	Total	Melanesia	Catholic	Evangelical Church	Adventist	Church	Fellowship Church	Witness	OutReach	Bahai	Beliefs	No Religion	to Answer	Other
Solomon Island	515,870	164,639	100,999	88,395	60,506	51,919	13,153	9,444	5,303	2,427	4,191	681	137	14,076
Choiseul	26,372	285	5,995	321	4,401	14,361	283	12	4	44	1	25	4	636
Western	76,649	2,605	5,176	2,008	21,772	29,984	11,568	168	649	313	13	67	36	2,290
Isabel	26,158	23,183	834	115	513	181	29	11	8	9	6	3	-	1,266
Central	26,051	21,747	2,384	889	753	128	13	30	26	21	-	8	-	52
Rennell-Bellona	3,041	170	8	1,192	1,512	2	1	2	9	-	-	-	1	144
Guadacanal	93,613	22,311	35,275	16,397	11,694	2,733	185	709	978	93	1,650	213	16	1,359
Malaita	137,596	36,241	32,879	42,813	7,966	254	275	6,714	1,418	1,414	2,467	149	16	4,990
Makira-Ulawa	40,419	18,947	9,004	9,983	1,253	96	49	125	355	75	5	5	-	522
Temotu	21,362	18,640	33	33	458	14	64	424	1,316	21	1	11	4	343
Honiara	64,609	20,510	9,411	14,644	10,184	4,166	686	1,249	540	437	48	200	60	2,474

P3.3: Total population by ethnic group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

											E	thnic Groups									
Province		Total			Melanesian		Po	olynesian		M	icronesian		(Chinese		F	diropean			Other	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	491,466	251,653	239,813	15,911	7,985	7,926	6,446	3,275	3,171	654	486	168	721	466	255	672	590	82
Choiseul	26,372	13,532	12,840	24,577	12,559	12,018	89	42	47	1,616	844	772	6	4	2	4	4	-	80	79	1
Western	76,649	39,926	36,723	73,188	37,972	35,216	323	190	133	2,753	1,444	1,309	102	77	25	97	73	24	186	170	16
Isabel	26,158	13,328	12,830	25,776	13,078	12,698	137	55	82	81	37	44	67	66	1	8	4	4	89	88	1
Central	26,051	13,261	12,790	24,808	12,629	12,179	1,193	606	587	36	17	19	1	-	1	7	3	4	6	6	-
Rennell-Bellona	3,041	1,549	1,492	157	77	80	2,877	1,468	1,409	1	-	1	3	3	-	3	1	2	-	-	-
Guadalcanal	93,613	48,283	45,330	92,261	47,531	44,730	878	476	402	364	201	163	27	19	8	44	31	13	39	25	14
Malaita	137,596	69,232	68,364	134,946	67,891	67,055	2,466	1,206	1,260	59	27	32	66	59	7	18	11	7	41	38	3
Makira-Ulawa	40,419	20,789	19,630	39,414	20,212	19,202	821	412	409	29	15	14	37	35	2	6	5	1	112	110	2
Temotu	21,362	10,466	10,896	17,763	8,740	9,023	3,592	1,722	1,870	3	1	2	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	1	-
Honiara	64,609	34,089	30,520	58,576	30,964	27,612	3,535	1,808	1,727	1,504	689	815	345	223	122	531	332	199	118	73	45
Urban	102,030	53,596	48,434	94,541	49,681	44,860	4,325	2,213	2,112	1,965	933	1,032	408	263	145	614	392	222	177	114	63
Rural	413,840	210,859	202,981	396,925	201,972	194,953	11,586	5,772	5,814	4,481	2,342	2,139	246	223	23	107	74	33	495	476	19

P3.4: Total population by ethnic group, 5-year age groups and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age				Ethnic Group)		
Group	Total	Melanesian	Polynesian	Micronesian	Chinese	European	Other
Total	515,870	491,466	15,911	6,446	654	721	672
0 - 4	76,227	72,992	2,128	1,000	44	51	12
5-9	71,126	68,059	2,033	953	26	41	14
10-14	61,931	59,209	1,798	864	29	24	7
15 - 19	51,212	49,048	1,425	684	33	19	3
20 - 24	45,419	43,465	1,308	515	59	45	27
25 - 29	42,674	40,694	1,310	495	61	64	50
30 - 34	37,592	35,767	1,199	425	71	48	82
35 - 39	33,151	31,410	1,114	362	88	60	117
40 - 44	23,638	22,249	818	309	70	71	121
45 - 49	19,713	18,558	675	252	64	58	106
50 - 54	14,339	13,498	472	191	50	65	63
55 - 59	11,787	11,042	470	147	21	65	42
60 - 64	8,916	8,395	341	88	24	51	17
65 - 69	7,021	6,635	251	83	8	37	7
70 - 74	4,698	4,440	205	32	5	14	2
75 - 79	3,374	3,173	176	20	1	3	1
80 - 84	1,525	1,410	92	19	-	3	1
85+	1,527	1,422	96	7	-	2	-
Male							
Total	264,455	251,653	7,985	3,275	486	466	590
0 - 4	39,728	38,014	1,115	530	29	32	8
5-9	36,974	35,464	982	488	13	19	8
10-14	32,562	31,154	918	466	14	8	2
15 - 19	26,189	25,086	732	343	13	13	2
20 - 24	22,399	21,418	634	253	46	27	21
25 - 29	20,794	19,779	655	243	43	37	37
30 - 34	18,807	17,856	596	204	55	24	72
35 - 39	17,010	16,051	555	190	67	39	108
40 - 44	12,070	11,321	390	142	63	45	109
45 - 49	10,189	9,530	333	124	57	43	102
50 - 54	7,498	7,023	238	100	39	39	59
55 - 59	6,111	5,673	250	80	20	49	39
60 - 64	4,535	4,263	161	38	16	44	13
65 - 69	3,693	3,483	131	39	7	27	6
70 - 74	2,402	2,269	100	16	3	12	2
75 - 79	1,784	1,685	87	7	1	3	1
80 - 84	800	741	46	9	=	3	1
85+	910	843	62	3		2	-

P3.4: Total population by ethnic group, 5-year age groups and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Age				Ethnic Group)		
Group	Total	Melanesian	Polynesian	Micronesian	Chinese	European	Other
Female							
Total	251,415	239,813	7,926	3,171	168	255	82
0 - 4	36,499	34,978	1,013	470	15	19	4
5-9	34,152	32,595	1,051	465	13	22	6
10-14	29,369	28,055	880	398	15	16	5
15 - 19	25,023	23,962	693	341	20	6	1
20 - 24	23,020	22,047	674	262	13	18	6
25 - 29	21,880	20,915	655	252	18	27	13
30 - 34	18,785	17,911	603	221	16	24	10
35 - 39	16,141	15,359	559	172	21	21	9
40 - 44	11,568	10,928	428	167	7	26	12
45 - 49	9,524	9,028	342	128	7	15	4
50 - 54	6,841	6,475	234	91	11	26	4
55 - 59	5,676	5,369	220	67	1	16	3
60 - 64	4,381	4,132	180	50	8	7	4
65 - 69	3,328	3,152	120	44	1	10	1
70 - 74	2,296	2,171	105	16	2	2	-
75 - 79	1,590	1,488	89	13	-	-	-
80 - 84	725	669	46	10	-	-	-
85+	617	579	34	4	-	-	-

P3.5: Total population by citizenship and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of						Citi	zenship					
		Total		Solom	on Islands l	y Birth	Solomon Isl	lands by Na	turalisation		Other Coun	try
residence	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	510,776	261,420	249,356	3,635	1,947	1,688	1,459	1,088	371
Choiseul	26,372	13,532	12,840	26,080	13,337	12,743	195	101	94	97	94	3
Western	76,649	39,926	36,723	76,083	39,518	36,565	314	196	118	252	212	40
Isabel	26,158	13,328	12,830	26,017	13,202	12,815	41	29	12	100	97	3
Central	26,051	13,261	12,790	26,016	13,242	12,774	28	17	11	7	2	5
Rennell-Bellona	3,041	1,549	1,492	3,036	1,548	1,488	2	1	1	3	-	3
Guadalcanal	93,613	48,283	45,330	92,936	47,920	45,016	597	315	282	80	48	32
Malaita	137,596	69,232	68,364	136,852	68,826	68,026	623	307	316	121	99	22
Makira-Ulawa	40,419	20,789	19,630	39,958	20,479	19,479	322	176	146	139	134	5
Temotu	21,362	10,466	10,896	21,336	10,452	10,884	18	8	10	8	6	2
Honiara	64,609	34,089	30,520	62,462	32,896	29,566	1,495	797	698	652	396	256
Urban	102,030	53,596	48,434	99,558	52,205	47,353	1,684	903	781	788	488	300
Rural	413,840	210,859	202,981	411,218	209,215	202,003	1,951	1,044	907	671	600	71

P3.6: Total population by age and sex and citizenship, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Citizenship						
Age Group		Total			on Islands by Bi			lands by Natur			er Country	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	510,776	261,420	249,356	3,635	1,947	1,688	1,459	1,088	371
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	75,775	39,470	36,305	394	220	174	58	38	20
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	70,727	36,762	33,965	339	179	160	60	33	27
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	61,579	32,407	29,172	316	142	174	36	13	23
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	50,877	25,997	24,880	302	177	125	33	15	18
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	45,024	22,180	22,844	320	172	148	75	47	28
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	42,247	20,566	21,681	298	139	159	129	89	40
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	37,179	18,540	18,639	261	154	107	152	113	39
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	32,689	16,704	15,985	266	153	113	196	153	43
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	23,215	11,789	11,426	220	114	106	203	167	36
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	19,277	9,888	9,389	250	142	108	186	159	27
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	14,033	7,303	6,730	174	94	80	132	101	31
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	11,526	5,949	5,577	169	88	81	92	74	18
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	8,739	4,428	4,311	119	59	60	58	48	10
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	6,884	3,612	3,272	105	59	46	32	22	10
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	4,643	2,368	2,275	46	26	20	9	8	1
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	3,346	1,768	1,578	24	12	12	4	4	-
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	1,503	786	717	18	10	8	4	4	-
85+	1,527	910	617	1,513	903	610	14	7	7	-	-	-

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

	•		•							Ma	rital status										
Age Group		Total		Ne	ever Marrie	i		Married			Custom			Divorced		5	Separated			Widowed	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	306,586	155,191	151,395	105,496	60,483	45,013	168,795	83,304	85,491	15,470	7,536	7,934	1,455	421	1,034	3,260	967	2,293	12,110	2,480	9,630
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	48,171	25,706	22,465	2,360	390	1,970	537	77	460	17	6	11	76	5	71	51	5	46
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	29,176	17,681	11,495	13,169	3,841	9,328	2,497	814	1,683	94	16	78	321	34	287	162	13	149
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	14,694	9,494	5,200	23,769	9,593	14,176	3,351	1,541	1,810	142	34	108	484	115	369	234	17	217
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	5,678	3,558	2,120	28,005	13,485	14,520	2,860	1,521	1,339	229	56	173	518	146	372	302	41	261
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	3,003	1,728	1,275	26,840	13,841	12,999	2,145	1,165	980	244	56	188	489	156	333	430	64	366
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	1,383	690	693	19,844	10,456	9,388	1,206	672	534	181	46	135	375	114	261	649	92	557
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	978	469	509	16,360	8,828	7,532	1,009	602	407	165	52	113	324	117	207	877	121	756
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	629	288	341	11,656	6,574	5,082	577	367	210	130	37	93	204	65	139	1,143	167	976
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	496	238	258	9,335	5,302	4,033	441	254	187	94	36	58	142	58	84	1,279	223	1,056
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	425	201	224	6,477	3,789	2,688	321	185	136	69	33	36	125	51	74	1,499	276	1,223
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	330	155	175	4,810	3,026	1,784	198	120	78	43	19	24	79	41	38	1,561	332	1,229
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	231	111	120	2,879	1,831	1,048	139	85	54	24	14	10	62	30	32	1,363	331	1,032
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	163	86	77	1,928	1,332	596	96	67	29	10	8	2	27	16	11	1,150	275	875
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	61	33	28	731	524	207	49	33	16	6	3	3	16	7	9	662	200	462
85+	1,527	910	617	78	45	33	632	492	140	44	33	11	7	5	2	18	12	6	748	323	425
Choiseul																					
Total	15,233	7,676	7,557	4,881	2,822	2,059	9,072	4,472	4,600	374	172	202	33	8	25	169	58	111	704	144	560
15 - 19	2,506	1,246	1,260	2,350	1,237	1,113	130	8	122	22	-	22	1	1	-	2	-	2	1	-	1
20 - 24	1,993	1,004	989	1,202	791	411	687	191	496	85	21	64	3	1	2	11	-	11	5	-	5
25 - 29	1,955	1,005	950	597	421	176	1,233	523	710	98	53	45	2	-	2	20	8	12	5	-	5
30 - 34	1,828	927	901	250	146	104	1,472	726	746	67	39	28	3	1	2	28	15	13	8	-	8
35 - 39	1,757	893	864	149	72	77	1,489	773	716	50	27	23	7	1	6	41	14	27	21	6	15
40 - 44	1,269	635	634	92	42	50	1,119	576	543	24	11	13	2	-	2	13	2	11	19	4	15
45 - 49	1,056	558	498	62	31	31	918	504	414	14	11	3	3	1	2	15	6	9	44	5	39
50 - 54	754	389	365	51	20	31	623	349	274	4	3	1	4	1	3	9	3	6	63	13	50
55 - 59	642	311	331	29	8	21	530	288	242	5	4	1	2	-	2	8	2	6	68	9	59
60 - 64	452	223	229	34	21	13	317	178	139	2	2	-	-	-	-	8	2	6	91	20	71
65 - 69	444	207	237	28	12	16	286	176	110	1	-	1	4	2	2	10	5	5	115	12	103
70 - 74	263	125	138	19	10	9	136	88	48	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	1	2	104	26	78
75 - 79	179	77	102	12	6	6	91	61	30	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	72	9	63
80 - 84	64	34	30	3	2	1	24	17	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	15	22
85+	71	42	29	3	3		17	14	3	-	-	<u>-</u>					<u>-</u>		51	25	26

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	•		•					-		Ma	rital status										
Age Group		Total		Ne	ver Married	i		Married			Custom		1	Divorced		S	eparated		1	Vidowed	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Western																					
Total	45,980	23,895	22,085	16,190	9,694	6,496	25,403	12,593	12,810	2,077	998	1,079	75	26	49	529	172	357	1,706	412	1,294
15 - 19	7,835	4,029	3,806	7,491	3,985	3,506	242	33	209	94	10	84	-	-	-	8	1	7	-	-	-
20 - 24	6,136	3,087	3,049	4,072	2,564	1,508	1,542	361	1,181	473	155	318	3	2	1	39	4	35	7	1	6
25 - 29	5,871	2,986	2,885	2,206	1,526	680	3,026	1,177	1,849	558	265	293	5	-	5	57	15	42	19	3	16
30 - 34	5,333	2,771	2,562	953	654	299	3,877	1,855	2,022	402	234	168	15	3	12	62	21	41	24	4	20
35 - 39	5,059	2,638	2,421	567	384	183	4,151	2,103	2,048	212	116	96	7	2	5	73	25	48	49	8	41
40 - 44	4,125	2,192	1,933	270	165	105	3,533	1,898	1,635	139	82	57	8	2	6	84	28	56	91	17	74
45 - 49	3,250	1,773	1,477	189	121	68	2,784	1,535	1,249	86	60	26	14	6	8	76	35	41	101	16	85
50 - 54	2,326	1,253	1,073	118	73	45	1,971	1,106	865	45	34	11	7	2	5	47	11	36	138	27	111
55 - 59	1,827	953	874	94	63	31	1,482	810	672	35	22	13	8	4	4	28	13	15	180	41	139
60 - 64	1,390	727	663	72	52	20	1,057	610	447	22	15	7	4	3	1	23	6	17	212	41	171
65 - 69	1,094	590	504	74	48	26	760	475	285	4	2	2	1	-	1	16	7	9	239	58	181
70 - 74	778	407	371	40	27	13	490	304	186	3	1	2	2	1	1	11	4	7	232	70	162
75 - 79	569	298	271	29	22	7	322	216	106	2	1	1	-	-	-	3	1	2	213	58	155
80 - 84	214	100	114	9	6	3	109	68	41	2	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	93	24	69
85+	173	91	82	6	4	2	57	42	15	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	108	44	64
Isabel																					
Total	15,717	7,882	7,835	4,609	2,662	1,947	9,988	4,905	5,083	307	140	167	20	13	7	101	43	58	692	119	573
15 - 19	2,419	1,260	1,159	2,296	1,247	1,049	98	11	87	21	2	19	-	-	-	3	-	3	1	-	1
20 - 24	1,929	854	1,075	1,175	693	482	660	138	522	81	22	59	-	-	-	10	1	9	3	-	3
25 - 29	1,969	921	1,048	580	382	198	1,289	492	797	86	44	42	-	-	-	9	3	6	5	-	5
30 - 34	1,955	982	973	221	156	65	1,675	796	879	36	23	13	3	1	2	10	5	5	10	1	9
35 - 39	1,778	944	834	117	74	43	1,595	844	751	26	14	12	1	-	1	18	8	10	21	4	17
40 - 44	1,177	609	568	52	26	26	1,059	552	507	21	14	7	6	5	1	15	6	9	24	6	18
45 - 49	1,076	547	529	48	29	19	963	492	471	10	6	4	6	3	3	18	12	6	31	5	26
50 - 54	880	455	425	26	12	14	778	426	352	6	4	2	1	1	-	5	2	3	64	10	54
55 - 59	749	406	343	19	10	9	649	379	270	7	5	2	-	-	-	3	2	1	71	10	61
60 - 64	562	308	254	17	11	6	455	282	173	4	2	2	2	2	-	4	2	2	80	9	71
65 - 69	445	222	223	20	10	10	324	193	131	2	2	-	-	-	-	3	1	2	96	16	80
70 - 74	311	158	153	15	3	12	196	134	62	2	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	2	95	19	76
75 - 79	246	116	130	11	2	9	147	100	47	4	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	13	71
80 - 84	106	44	62	3	3	-	46	30	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57	11	46
85+	115	56	59	9	4	5	54	36	18	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	50	15	35

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

				Marital status																		
Age Group		Total		Never Married				Married		Custom				Divorced			Separated			Widowed		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Central																						
Total	15,303	7,636	7,667	4,674	2,657	2,017	9,115	4,465	4,650	563	273	290	67	17	50	215	65	150	669	159	510	
15 - 19	2,328	1,181	1,147	2,198	1,160	1,038	104	17	87	18	2	16	-	-	-	5	1	4	3	1	2	
20 - 24	1,913	939	974	1,178	689	489	620	220	400	77	29	48	8	-	8	24	1	23	6	-	6	
25 - 29	2,059	916	1,143	650	429	221	1,238	433	805	97	39	58	8	3	5	55	12	43	11	-	11	
30 - 34	1,955	928	1,027	249	152	97	1,518	699	819	139	66	73	13	2	11	25	6	19	11	3	8	
35 - 39	1,854	958	896	147	98	49	1,554	789	765	86	47	39	8	2	6	32	19	13	27	3	24	
40 - 44	1,217	612	605	55	36	19	1,066	545	521	44	23	21	9	2	7	14	5	9	29	1	28	
45 - 49	1,054	535	519	53	24	29	861	472	389	47	29	18	4	1	3	16	4	12	73	5	68	
50 - 54	742	366	376	40	18	22	624	328	296	17	9	8	2	1	1	12	4	8	47	6	41	
55 - 59	645	373	272	35	22	13	518	324	194	16	13	3	5	3	2	8	2	6	63	9	54	
60 - 64	502	255	247	28	10	18	386	210	176	7	5	2	3	2	1	9	5	4	69	23	46	
65 - 69	379	203	176	19	10	9	273	174	99	2	2	-	2	-	2	1	1	-	82	16	66	
70 - 74	261	144	117	10	5	5	161	116	45	7	4	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	77	16	61	
75 - 79	195	104	91	7	4	3	101	70	31	5	4	1	-	-	-	2	2	-	80	24	56	
80 - 84	87	41	46	2	-	2	50	38	12	1	1	-	2	-	2	8	-	8	24	2	22	
85+	112	81	31	3	-	3	41	30	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	67	50	17	
Rennell-Belle																						
Total	1,822	930	892	656	403	253	974	481	493	-	•	-	55	23	32	30	9	21	107	14	93	
15 - 19	260	141	119	257	141	116	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
20 - 24	216	106	110	166	101	65	47	5	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	
25 - 29	151	82	69	79	64	15	65	17	48	-	-	-	4	-	4	2	1	1	1	-	1	
30 - 34	203	102	101	51	35	16	134	59	75	-	-	-	8	4	4	10	4	6	-	-	-	
35 - 39	171	86	85	22	11	11	136	72	64	-	-	-	5	2	3	6	1	5	2	-	2	
40 - 44	120	61	59	17	12	5	94	48	46	-	-	-	7	-	7	- ,	-	-	2	1	1	
45 - 49	131	59	72 55	8	5	3	107	46	61	-	-	-	11	6	5	4	2	2	1	-	1	
50 - 54	133	78	55	28	19	9	95	58	37	-	-	-	4	1	3	4	-	4	2	-	2	
55 - 59	135	81	54	11	7	4	102	65	37	-	-	-	13	8	5	-	-	-	9	1	8	
60 - 64	93	44	49	4	1	3	67	42	25	-	-	-	2	1	I	-	-	-	20	-	20	
65 - 69	49	13	36	3	2	1	30	8	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	3	13	
70 - 74	62	26	36	6	3	3	37	21	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	2	17	
75 - 79	57	27	30	1	-	I	42	26	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	1	13	
80 - 84	31	15	16	2	1	1	11	10	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	16	2	14	
85+	10	9	1	1	1	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	1	

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	Marital status																				
Age Group		Total Never Married			Married Custom							Divorced		Separated			Widowed				
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Guadalcanal																					
Total	54,619	27,974	26,645	18,639	10,993	7,646	27,929	13,792	14,137	5,271	2,616	2,655	303	82	221	569	143	426	1,908	348	1,560
15 - 19	9,252	4,697	4,555	8,514	4,583	3,931	514	83	431	185	30	155	3	1	2	20	-	20	16	-	16
20 - 24	8,720	4,403	4,317	5,251	3,328	1,923	2,469	775	1,694	847	288	559	28	1	27	69	9	60	56	2	54
25 - 29	7,954	3,898	4,056	2,545	1,700	845	4,141	1,676	2,465	1,084	490	594	24	6	18	89	24	65	71	2	69
30 - 34	6,978	3,505	3,473	1,048	676	372	4,767	2,275	2,492	951	510	441	45	13	32	95	21	74	72	10	62
35 - 39	6,102	3,185	2,917	506	310	196	4,585	2,392	2,193	780	444	336	61	13	48	68	12	56	102	14	88
40 - 44	4,191	2,194	1,997	250	129	121	3,288	1,784	1,504	433	249	184	34	8	26	62	13	49	124	11	113
45 - 49	3,377	1,770	1,607	155	72	83	2,618	1,436	1,182	369	208	161	31	11	20	43	12	31	161	31	130
50 - 54	2,182	1,239	943	100	48	52	1,641	1,011	630	204	134	70	25	6	19	31	12	19	181	28	153
55 - 59	1,824	922	902	81	47	34	1,356	757	599	137	77	60	15	5	10	23	6	17	212	30	182
60 - 64	1,262	646	616	49	24	25	878	509	369	114	68	46	17	9	8	18	8	10	186	28	158
65 - 69	1,123	577	546	51	22	29	728	444	284	67	48	19	12	4	8	17	9	8	248	50	198
70 - 74	759	420	339	38	23	15	499	325	174	42	28	14	6	3	3	21	9	12	153	32	121
75 - 79	469	266	203	25	14	11	260	188	72	28	20	8	1	1	-	7	3	4	148	40	108
80 - 84	181	104	77	13	9	4	82	61	21	14	8	6	-	-	-	2	2	-	70	24	46
85+	245	148	97	13	8	5	103	76	27	16	14	2	1	1	-	4	3	1	108	46	62
Malaita																					
Total	78,240	38,232	40,008	25,770	14,230	11,540	44,381	21,495	22,886	3,114	1,453	1,661	305	76	229	821	222	599	3,849	756	3,093
15 - 19	13,935	7,159	6,776	13,097	7,018	6,079	693	123	570	101	14	87	3	-	3	20	-	20	21	4	17
20 - 24	11,099	5,227	5,872	6,617	3,884	2,733	3,870	1,192	2,678	439	131	308	28	8	20	91	8	83	54	4	50
25 - 29	10,455	4,940	5,515	3,181	1,945	1,236	6,405	2,664	3,741	639	290	349	32	9	23	114	20	94	84	12	72
30 - 34	9,239	4,461	4,778	1,184	711	473	7,200	3,410	3,790	569	285	284	46	9	37	136	32	104	104	14	90
35 - 39	7,808	3,894	3,914	593	286	307	6,514	3,340	3,174	412	203	209	44	10	34	122	36	86	123	19	104
40 - 44	5,622	2,666	2,956	274	103	171	4,767	2,376	2,391	230	119	111	41	8	33	89	30	59	221	30	191
45 - 49	4,865	2,352	2,513	212	79	133	4,099	2,103	1,996	190	110	80	21	7	14	84	21	63	259	32	227
50 - 54	3,809	1,822	1,987	146	47	99	3,046	1,618	1,428	151	90	61	38	10	28	46	14	32	382	43	339
55 - 59	3,239	1,579	1,660	118	32	86	2,526	1,386	1,140	121	62	59	16	3	13	37	15	22	421	81	340
60 - 64	2,783	1,333	1,450	127	39	88	1,980	1,128	852	88	47	41	18	4	14	39	18	21	531	97	434
65 - 69	2,078	1,086	992	75	23	52	1,443	920	523	57	30	27	10	3	7	15	8	7	478	102	376
70 - 74	1,361	642	719	57	25	32	832	498	334	47	23	24	5	2	3	9	7	2	411	87	324
75 - 79	985	526	459	44	15	29	565	394	171	34	24	10	2	2	-	10	7	3	330	84	246
80 - 84	527	293	234	17	7	10	252	191	61	19	15	4	1	1	-	2	1	1	236	78	158
85+	435	252	183	28	16	12	189	152	37	17	10	7	-	-	-	7	5	2	194	69	125

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

•										Marital st	tatus										
Age Group		Total		Ne	ver Married			Married		(Custom		D	ivorced		5	Separated			Widowed	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Makira-Ulawa																					
Total	22,956	11,612	11,344	7,318	4,234	3,084	14,124	6,941	7,183	269	121	148	133	36	97	169	50	119	943	230	713
15 - 19	3,540	1,847	1,693	3,268	1,809	1,459	241	33	208	16	2	14	5	2	3	7	1	6	3	-	3
20 - 24	3,349	1,608	1,741	2,037	1,245	792	1,239	346	893	38	7	31	8	2	6	18	5	13	9	3	6
25 - 29	3,379	1,623	1,756	1,014	646	368	2,235	939	1,296	55	26	29	24	4	20	39	8	31	12	-	12
30 - 34	3,022	1,530	1,492	418	255	163	2,464	1,226	1,238	70	36	34	15	5	10	25	4	21	30	4	26
35 - 39	2,554	1,291	1,263	245	131	114	2,200	1,120	1,080	32	20	12	21	3	18	24	11	13	32	6	26
40 - 44	1,664	846	818	114	52	62	1,464	773	691	16	8	8	12	2	10	18	4	14	40	7	33
45 - 49	1,440	741	699	68	25	43	1,255	685	570	17	11	6	12	4	8	15	5	10	73	11	62
50 - 54	1,022	517	505	33	16	17	888	485	403	3	2	1	12	2	10	7	2	5	79	10	69
55 - 59	881	443	438	31	11	20	741	413	328	5	2	3	7	3	4	6	3	3	91	11	80
60 - 64	660	344	316	30	16	14	500	297	203	4	1	3	9	4	5	1	-	1	116	26	90
65 - 69	568	325	243	21	8	13	418	277	141	6	2	4	4	2	2	4	2	2	115	34	81
70 - 74	345	187	158	16	4	12	200	139	61	4	3	1	1	1	-	3	3	-	121	37	84
75 - 79	280	160	120	14	11	3	175	124	51	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	24	66
80 - 84	120	67	53	3	-	3	58	45	13	2	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	-	56	21	35
85+	132	83	49	6	5	1	46	39	7	-	-	-	3	2	1	1	1	-	76	36	40
Temotu																					
Total	12,777	5,970	6,807	4,187	2,089	2,098	6,646	3,199	3,447	981	484	497	179	46	133	163	54	109	621	98	523
15 - 19	2,037	1,002	1,035	1,943	988	955	73	10	63	15	2	13	3	1	2	3	1	2	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,536	702	834	1,075	597	478	364	82	282	75	23	52	6	-	6	12	-	12	4	-	4
25 - 29	1,516	623	893	540	294	246	777	258	519	169	66	103	14	1	13	12	4	8	4	-	4
30 - 34	1,350	602	748	225	96	129	920	421	499	144	72	72	24	1	23	27	12	15	10	-	10
35 - 39	1,384	623	761	147	59	88	1,026	476	550	146	82	64	28	3	25	21	2	19	16	1	15
40 - 44	1,041	490	551	69	16	53	798	414	384	102	48	54	23	7	16	19	2	17	30	3	27
45 - 49	909	432	477	52	10	42	682	363	319	91	48	43	25	5	20	16	6	10	43	-	43
50 - 54	727	351	376	33	5	28	546	290	256	61	35	26	18	7	11	13	5	8	56	9	47
55 - 59	628	300	328	29	7	22	461	248	213	53	28	25	15	4	11	7	2	5	63	11	52
60 - 64	436	216	220	30	5	25	292	177	115	33	17	16	9	6	3	15	8	7	57	3	54
65 - 69	353	184	169	12	3	9	228	143	85	39	22	17	4	4	-	6	5	1	64	7	57
70 - 74	298	141	157	11	2	9	178	105	73	22	15	7	2	2	-	8	3	5	77	14	63
75 - 79	241	119	122	9	3	6	138	87	51	14	12	2	5	4	1	2	2	-	73	11	62
80 - 84	137	70	67	5	2	3	73	50	23	7	5	2	1	-	1	1	1	-	50	12	38
85+	184	115	69	7	2	5	90	75	15	10	9	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	74	27	47

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

										Ma	rital status	S									
Age Group		Total		Ne	ever Marrie	d		Married			Custom		I	Divorced		S	eparated		V	Vidowed	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Honiara																					
Total	43,939	23,384	20,555	18,572	10,699	7,873	21,163	10,961	10,202	2,514	1,279	1,235	285	94	191	494	151	343	911	200	711
15 - 19	7,100	3,627	3,473	6,757	3,538	3,219	262	72	190	65	15	50	2	1	1	8	1	7	6	-	6
20 - 24	8,528	4,469	4,059	6,403	3,789	2,614	1,671	531	1,140	382	138	244	10	2	8	44	6	38	18	3	15
25 - 29	7,365	3,800	3,565	3,302	2,087	1,215	3,360	1,414	1,946	565	268	297	29	11	18	87	20	67	22	-	22
30 - 34	5,729	2,999	2,730	1,079	677	402	3,978	2,018	1,960	482	256	226	57	17	40	100	26	74	33	5	28
35 - 39	4,684	2,498	2,186	510	303	207	3,590	1,932	1,658	401	212	189	62	20	42	84	28	56	37	3	34
40 - 44	3,212	1,765	1,447	190	109	81	2,656	1,490	1,166	197	118	79	39	12	27	61	24	37	69	12	57
45 - 49	2,555	1,422	1,133	131	73	58	2,073	1,192	881	185	119	66	38	8	30	37	14	23	91	16	75
50 - 54	1,764	1,028	736	54	30	24	1,444	903	541	86	56	30	19	6	13	30	12	18	131	21	110
55 - 59	1,217	743	474	49	31	18	970	632	338	62	41	21	13	6	7	22	13	9	101	20	81
60 - 64	776	439	337	34	22	12	545	356	189	47	28	19	5	2	3	8	2	6	137	29	108
65 - 69	488	286	202	27	17	10	320	216	104	20	12	8	6	4	2	7	3	4	108	34	74
70 - 74	260	152	108	19	9	10	150	101	49	12	10	2	3	3	-	2	1	1	74	28	46
75 - 79	153	91	62	11	9	2	87	66	21	6	3	3	1	1	-	2	1	1	46	11	35
80 - 84	58	32	26	4	3	1	26	14	12	4	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	23	11	12
85+	50	33	17	2	2	-	31	24	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	15	7	8

P3.7: Population 15 years and older by marital status, 5-year age group and sex and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

										Ma	rital status										
Age Group		Total		Ne	ver Marrie	d		Married			Custom		I	Divorced		S	eparated			Widowed	
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Urban																					
Total	67,848	35,788	32,060	27,308	15,639	11,669	33,661	17,316	16,345	4,278	2,154	2,124	379	122	257	830	244	586	1,392	313	1,079
15 - 19	10,995	5,525	5,470	10,452	5,405	5,047	409	98	311	110	20	90	2	1	1	15	1	14	7	-	7
20 - 24	12,344	6,360	5,984	8,967	5,299	3,668	2,618	815	1,803	650	228	422	17	3	14	68	11	57	24	4	20
25 - 29	11,160	5,696	5,464	4,710	2,994	1,716	5,230	2,180	3,050	1,007	471	536	47	17	30	131	32	99	35	2	33
30 - 34	8,817	4,568	4,249	1,551	984	567	6,177	3,086	3,091	813	428	385	73	20	53	156	43	113	47	7	40
35 - 39	7,447	4,000	3,447	786	479	307	5,738	3,101	2,637	647	346	301	76	23	53	140	41	99	60	10	50
40 - 44	5,161	2,808	2,353	297	176	121	4,251	2,346	1,905	361	217	144	50	14	36	105	39	66	97	16	81
45 - 49	4,064	2,265	1,799	197	104	93	3,332	1,923	1,409	278	178	100	48	13	35	73	26	47	136	21	115
50 - 54	2,818	1,650	1,168	97	51	46	2,305	1,441	864	144	98	46	30	11	19	57	19	38	185	30	155
55 - 59	2,011	1,198	813	85	48	37	1,611	1,023	588	105	68	37	16	8	8	37	18	19	157	33	124
60 - 64	1,272	726	546	58	38	20	912	596	316	73	44	29	5	2	3	21	5	16	203	41	162
65 - 69	822	466	356	43	22	21	554	360	194	37	20	17	7	5	2	17	6	11	164	53	111
70 - 74	478	259	219	29	13	16	276	173	103	31	24	7	5	3	2	4	1	3	133	45	88
75 - 79	279	160	119	23	17	6	154	110	44	15	8	7	1	1	-	3	1	2	83	23	60
80 - 84	102	58	44	9	5	4	51	31	20	6	3	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	34	17	17
85+	78	49	29	4	4	-	43	33	10	1	1	-	1	-	1	2	-	2	27	11	16
Rural																					
Total	238,738	119,403	119,335	78,188	44,844	33,344	135,134	65,988	69,146	11,192	5,382	5,810	1,076	299	777	2,430	723	1,707	10,718	2,167	8,551
15 - 19	40,217	20,664	19,553	37,719	20,301	17,418	1,951	292	1,659	427	57	370	15	5	10	61	4	57	44	5	39
20 - 24	33,075	16,039	17,036	20,209	12,382	7,827	10,551	3,026	7,525	1,847	586	1,261	77	13	64	253	23	230	138	9	129
25 - 29	31,514	15,098	16,416	9,984	6,500	3,484	18,539	7,413	11,126	2,344	1,070	1,274	95	17	78	353	83	270	199	15	184
30 - 34	28,775	14,239	14,536	4,127	2,574	1,553	21,828	10,399	11,429	2,047	1,093	954	156	36	120	362	103	259	255	34	221
35 - 39	25,704	13,010	12,694	2,217	1,249	968	21,102	10,740	10,362	1,498	819	679	168	33	135	349	115	234	370	54	316
40 - 44	18,477	9,262	9,215	1,086	514	572	15,593	8,110	7,483	845	455	390	131	32	99	270	75	195	552	76	476
45 - 49	15,649	7,924	7,725	781	365	416	13,028	6,905	6,123	731	424	307	117	39	78	251	91	160	741	100	641
50 - 54	11,521	5,848	5,673	532	237	295	9,351	5,133	4,218	433	269	164	100	26	74	147	46	101	958	137	821
55 - 59	9,776	4,913	4,863	411	190	221	7,724	4,279	3,445	336	186	150	78	28	50	105	40	65	1,122	190	932
60 - 64	7,644	3,809	3,835	367	163	204	5,565	3,193	2,372	248	141	107	64	31	33	104	46	58	1,296	235	1,061
65 - 69	6,199	3,227	2,972	287	133	154	4,256	2,666	1,590	161	100	61	36	14	22	62	35	27	1,397	279	1,118
70 - 74	4,220	2,143	2,077	202	98	104	2,603	1,658	945	108	61	47	19	11	8	58	29	29	1,230	286	944
75 - 79	3,095	1,624	1,471	140	69	71	1,774	1,222	552	81	59	22	9	7	2	24	15	9	1,067	252	815
80 - 84	1,423	742	681	52	28	24	680	493	187	43	30	13	5	2	3	15	6	9	628	183	445
85+	1,449	861	588	74	41	33	589	459	130	43	32	11	6	5	1	16	12	4	721	312	409

P4.1: Total population and whether place of birth same ward as place of enumeration, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province		Place of	Birth
Trovince	Total	Same ward	Other
Total	515,870	310,944	204,926
Choiseul	26,372	15,768	10,604
Western	76,649	30,178	46,471
Isabel	26,158	13,015	13,143
Central	26,051	12,659	13,392
Rennell-Bellona	3,041	1,636	1,405
Guadalcanal	93,613	69,224	24,389
Malaita	137,596	105,439	32,157
Makira-Ulawa	40,419	25,619	14,800
Temotu	21,362	14,267	7,095
Honiara	64,609	23,139	41,470

P4.2: Total population by province by place of enumeration and place of birth, Solomon Islands: 2009*

Province of]	Province of birt	h				
enumeration	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell/ Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/ Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Oversea
Solomon Islands												
Total	515,870	25,043	76,811	26,773	23,625	3,161	81,482	158,045	42,273	24,723	51,137	2,797
Same ward	310,944	15,768	30,178	13,015	12,659	1,636	69,224	105,439	25,619	14,267	23,139	-
Other	204,926	9,275	46,633	13,758	10,966	1,525	12,258	52,606	16,654	10,456	27,998	2,797
Choiseul												
Total	26,372	21,498	2,887	132	58	7	128	253	91	47	1,007	264
Same ward	15,768	15,768	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Other	10,604	5,730	2,887	132	58	7	128	253	91	47	1,007	264
Western												
Total	76,649	1,688	65,838	413	340	31	415	1,579	341	442	4,841	721
Same ward	30,178	-	30,178	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Other	46,471	1,688	35,660	413	340	31	415	1,579	341	442	4,841	721
Isabel												
Total	26,158	136	379	22,858	132	9	151	244	86	87	1,948	128
Same ward	13,015	-	_	13,015	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Other	13,143	136	379	9,843	132	9	151	244	86	87	1,948	128
Central												
Total	26,051	53	231	238	19,969	114	374	1,140	177	311	3,430	14
Same ward	12,659	-	_	_	12,659	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Other	13,392	53	231	238	7,310	114	374	1,140	177	311	3,430	14
Rennell-Bellona												
Total	3,041	9	25	30	47	2,403	50	16	47	7	406	1
Same ward	1,636	-	_	_	-	1,636	_	-	_	-	-	-
Other	1,405	9	25	30	47	767	50	16	47	7	406	1
Guadalcanal												
Total	93,613	461	1,565	821	1,463	125	77,660	6,267	881	1,529	2,544	297
Same ward	69,224	-	_	_	-	-	69,224	-	_	-	-	-
Other	24,389	461	1,565	821	1,463	125	8,436	6,267	881	1,529	2,544	297
Malaita												
Total	137,596	100	752	158	321	18	635	127,999	297	146	6,994	176
Same ward	105,439	-	_	-	-	-	_	105,439	_	-	_	_
Other	32,157	100	752	158	321	18	635	22,560	297	146	6,994	176
Makira-Ulawa												
Total	40,419	24	210	99	61	4	179	369	38,417	297	589	170
Same ward	25,619	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,619	-	-	-
Other	14,800	24	210	99	61	4	179	369	12,798	297	589	170
Temotu												
Total	21,362	12	133	38	101	8	162	128	112	20,040	620	8
Same ward	14,267	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,267	-	-
Other	7,095	12	133	38	101	8	162	128	112	5,773	620	8
Honiara												
Total	64,609	1,062	4,791	1,986	1,133	442	1,728	20,050	1,824	1,817	28,758	1,018
Same ward	23,139	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	23,139	_
Other	41,470	1,062	4,791	1,986	1,133	442	1,728	20,050	1,824	1,817	5,619	1,018

^{*} Note that this data refer to lifetime migration among wards and, by defect, among provinces. Persons born and enumerated in a given province are not provincial migrants; thus, persons born in a given province can be dessagregated between those born in the same ward where enumerated and those enumerated in another ward (but within the same province). Those enumerated in a province different from the province of birth are, obviously, provincial migrants.

P4.3: Overseas born population by country of birth, Solomon Islands: 2009

Country	Number of people
Australia	302
Papua New Guinea	612
United States of America	32
New Zealand	81
United Kingdom	43
Japan	32
Germany	7
Canada	18
Other Pacific	325
Vanuatu	72
Hong Kong	71
Fiji	112
Other Asia	576
Netherlands	6
Other Europe	21
France	2
Italy	5
Other Country	480
Total	2,797

Place of usual residence

Province]	Place of usual r	esidence	
1 Townice	Total	Same ward	Other	NS
Total	515,870	475,741	28,768	11,361
Choiseul	26,372	24,280	1,720	372
Western	76,649	69,967	5,558	1,124
Isabel	26,158	23,717	1,980	461
Central	26,051	24,901	821	329
Rennell-Bellona	3,041	2,488	519	34
Guadalcanal	93,613	87,074	4,664	1,875
Malaita	137,596	131,436	3,615	2,545
Makira-Ulawa	40,419	36,979	2,084	1,356
Temotu	21,362	19,951	1,001	410
Honiara	64,609	54,948	6,806	2,855

P4.5: Total population by province with place of usual residence different from place of enumeration, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of	Other place of usual residence Rennel/ Makira-														
enumeration	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Oversea			
Total	28,768	1,994	5,477	2,111	1,085	367	2,624	7,372	2,313	1,569	2,732	1,124			
Choiseul	1,720	1,021	310	40	11	1	62	27	36	28	118	66			
Western	5,558	448	3,729	94	49	3	109	323	64	38	451	250			
Isabel	1,980	81	90	1,354	23	2	64	80	30	14	152	90			
Central	821	14	18	25	440	-	66	64	37	13	142	2			
Rennell-Bellona	519	1	13	13	14	274	6	8	32	-	154	4			
Guadalcanal	4,664	123	286	130	179	22	1,712	1,347	165	375	262	63			
Malaita	3,615	29	167	40	42	3	84	2,474	54	22	569	131			
Makira-Ulawa	2,084	4	44	29	16	1	64	124	1,502	46	107	147			
Temotu	1,001	-	14	15	4	-	34	12	13	811	91	7			
Honiara	6,806	273	806	371	307	61	423	2,913	380	222	686	364			

P4.6: Population usually residing overseas by country of residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Country	Number of People
Australia	200
Papua New Guinea	137
United States of America	20
New Zealand	56
United Kingdom	24
Japan	19
Germany	1
Canada	5
Other Pacific	29
Vanuatu	13
Hong Kong	20
Fiji	25
Other Asia	376
Netherlands	1
Other Europe	13
France	3
Italy	-
Other Country	182
Total	1,124

P4.7: Total population and whether place of usual residence 5 years ago same ward as place of enumeration, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence		Place of usual	residence 5 years ago
- Trace of residence	Total	Same ward	Other
Total	439,643	362,645	76,998
Choiseul	22,337	18,097	4,240
Western	65,592	53,518	12,074
Isabel	22,402	17,446	4,956
Central	22,143	19,201	2,942
Rennell-Bellona	2,657	1,919	738
Guadalcanal	78,901	65,463	13,438
Malaita	116,553	109,295	7,258
Makira-Ulawa	33,577	27,989	5,588
Temotu	18,442	15,696	2,746
Honiara	57,039	34,021	23,018

P4.8 Total population with place of usual residence 5 years ago different from place of enumeration by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

	Other place of residence 5 years ago												
						Rennell/			Makira-				
Place of residence	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Overseas	Not reported
Total	433,924	22,095	66,458	21,849	21,722	2,469	71,974	126,613	32,992	18,664	46,173	1,750	1,165
Choiseul	22,130	20,133	1,087	113	32	-	74	98	43	6	403	81	60
Western	65,318	819	61,002	273	83	2	235	566	135	57	1,650	290	206
Isabel	22,039	152	358	19,898	133	10	207	197	100	19	802	104	59
Central	21,660	43	100	163	19,981	89	301	200	96	31	600	8	48
Rennell-Bellona	2,635	3	24	18	11	2,169	30	15	21	4	325	4	11
Guadalcanal	77,907	198	931	440	742	31	69,362	2,534	572	765	1,889	224	219
Malaita	116,812	47	329	67	141	4	215	113,313	92	34	2,035	208	327
Makira-Ulawa	32,724	72	211	82	33	1	257	195	30,981	136	555	104	97
Temotu	18,028	36	59	31	20	5	135	137	44	17,057	446	12	46
Honiara	54,671	592	2,357	764	546	158	1,158	9,358	908	555	37,468	715	92

P4.9: Population that lived overseas 5 years ago by country of residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Country	Number of people
Australia	310
Papua New Guinea	342
United States of America	36
New Zealand	68
United Kingdom	32
Japan	32
Germany	1
Canada	6
Other Pacific	56
Vanuatu	62
Hong Kong	25
Fiji	223
Other Asia	374
Netherlands	-
Other Europe	14
France	-
Italy	3
Other Country	166
Total	1,750

P4.10 Total Population by place of enumeration and place of residence 5 years ago, Solomon Islands: 2009*

Place of enumeration						Place of Rennell/	fresidence 5	years ago	Makira-				
riace of enumeration	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Overseas	Not reported
Solomon Islands													
Total	433,924	22,095	66,458	21,849	21,722	2,469	71,974	126,613	32,992	18,664	46,173	1,750	1,165
Same ward	362,645	18,097	53,518	17,446	19,201	1,919	65,463	109,295	27,989	15,696	34,021	-	-
Other	71,279	3,998	12,940	4,403	2,521	550	6,511	17,318	5,003	2,968	12,152	1,750	1,165
Choiseul													
Total	22,130	20,133	1,087	113	32	-	74	98	43	6	403	81	60
Same ward	18,097	18,097	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_
Other	4,033	2,036	1,087	113	32	_	74	98	43	6	403	81	60
Western													
Total	65,318	819	61,002	273	83	2	235	566	135	57	1,650	290	206
Same ward	53,518	_	53,518	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	11,800	819	7,484	273	83	2	235	566	135	57	1,650	290	206
Isabel	,		,								,		
Total	22,039	152	358	19,898	133	10	207	197	100	19	802	104	59
Same ward	17,446	_	_	17,446	_	_ `	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other	4,593	152	358	2,452	133	10	207	197	100	19	802	104	59
Central	,,,,,,			_,			_~.						
Total	21,660	43	100	163	19,981	89	301	200	96	31	600	8	48
Same ward	19,201	_	_	-	19,201	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Other	2,459	43	100	163	780	89	301	200	96	31	600	8	48
Rennell-Bellona	2,437	43	100	103	700	0,	501	200	,,,	51	000	G	40
Total	2,635	3	24	18	11	2,169	30	15	21	4	325	4	11
Same ward	1,919	_		-	_	1,919	-	-			-		_
Other	716	3	24	18	11	250	30	15	21	4	325	4	11
Guadalcanal	,10	2		10		200	50				323		
Total	77,907	198	931	440	742	31	69,362	2,534	572	765	1,889	224	219
Same ward	65,463	-	-	-	-	-	65,463	2,554	-	-	-		
Other	12,444	198	931	440	742	31	3,899	2,534	572		1,889	224	219
Malaita	12,	170	231	-10	7-12	51	3,077	2,334	3,2	763	1,000	22-	217
Total	116,812	47	329	67	141	4	215	113,313	92	34	2,035	208	327
Same ward	109,295	-	-	-	-		-	109,295	-	-	2,033	-	-
Other	7,517	47	329	- 67	141	4	215	4,018	92		2,035	208	
Makira-Ulawa	7,317	47	329	07	141	4	213	4,018	92	34	2,033	208	327
Total	32,724	72	211	82	33	1	257	195	30,981	136	555	104	97
Same ward	27,989	-		-	-		-	-	27,989	-	-	104	91
Other			-			- 1						104	-
Temotu	4,735	72	211	82	33	1	257	195	2,992	136	555	104	97
Total	10 020	36	59	31	20	5	135	137	44	17.057	446	12	16
	18,028				20	5	135			17,057			46
Same ward	15,696	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	15,696	-	-	-
Other	2,332	36	59	31	20	5	135	137	44	1,361	446	12	46
Honiara	-42	500	2 2	 -		150	1 1 50	0.250	000		25.460		
Total	54,671	592	2,357	764	546	158	1,158	9,358	908	555	37,468	715	92
Same ward	34,021	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	34,021	-	-
* Note that this data refe	20,650	592	2,357	764	546	158	1,158	9,358	908	555	3,447	715	

^{*} Note that this data refer to migration among wards and, by defect, among provinces. Persons living 5 years ago and enumerated in a given province are not provincial migrants; thus, persons living 5 years ago in a given province can be dessagregated between those living 5 years ago in the same ward where enumerated and those enumerated in another ward (but within the same province). Those enumerated in a province different from the province enumerated 5 years ago are, obviously, provincial migrants.

P5.1: Total population by 5-year age group and sex, reporting difficulties in seeing, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total		No l	Difficulty at a	all	So	me Difficulty	<i>y</i> .	Can	not do at all	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	74,344	38,752	35,592	1,681	868	813	202	108	94
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	70,357	36,552	33,805	752	412	340	17	10	7
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	61,207	32,167	29,040	700	386	314	24	9	15
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	50,468	25,824	24,644	732	358	374	12	7	5
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	44,553	21,991	22,562	860	402	458	6	6	-
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	41,672	20,302	21,370	993	485	508	9	7	2
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	36,239	18,130	18,109	1,342	672	670	11	5	6
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	31,314	16,144	15,170	1,819	855	964	18	11	7
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	20,125	10,418	9,707	3,487	1,641	1,846	26	11	15
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	15,074	7,876	7,198	4,618	2,304	2,314	21	9	12
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	9,853	5,155	4,698	4,464	2,333	2,131	22	10	12
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	7,435	3,896	3,539	4,323	2,203	2,120	29	12	17
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	5,046	2,591	2,455	3,826	1,923	1,903	44	21	23
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	3,435	1,889	1,546	3,525	1,781	1,744	61	23	38
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	2,013	1,036	977	2,591	1,330	1,261	94	36	58
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,281	686	595	1,981	1,049	932	112	49	63
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	530	295	235	913	482	431	82	23	59
85+	1,527	910	617	446	267	179	964	589	375	117	54	63
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	475,392	243,971	231,421	39,571	20,073	19,498	907	411	496

P5.2: Total population by 5-year age group and sex, reporting difficulties in hearing, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total		No l	Difficulty at all		So	me Difficulty		Canı	not do at all	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	73,605	38,356	35,249	2,258	1,167	1,091	364	205	159
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	69,737	36,240	33,497	1,347	709	638	42	25	17
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	60,781	31,929	28,852	1,087	600	487	63	33	30
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	50,245	25,696	24,549	908	464	444	59	29	30
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	44,524	21,959	22,565	833	399	434	62	41	21
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	41,730	20,332	21,398	853	415	438	91	47	44
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	36,583	18,311	18,272	966	469	497	43	27	16
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	32,095	16,474	15,621	1,017	510	507	39	26	13
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	22,327	11,493	10,834	1,273	561	712	38	16	22
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	18,329	9,511	8,818	1,345	657	688	39	21	18
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	12,781	6,735	6,046	1,532	752	780	26	11	15
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	10,121	5,328	4,793	1,616	750	866	50	33	17
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	7,191	3,725	3,466	1,682	793	889	43	17	26
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	5,059	2,736	2,323	1,895	932	963	67	25	42
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	3,006	1,574	1,432	1,616	793	823	76	35	41
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,827	960	867	1,433	777	656	114	47	67
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	733	403	330	709	362	347	83	35	48
85+	1,527	910	617	638	374	264	790	480	310	99	56	43
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	491,312	252,136	239,176	23,160	11,590	11,570	1,398	729	669

P5.3: Total population by 5-year age group and sex, reporting difficulties in walking, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total		No I	Difficulty at all		Son	me Difficulty		Can	not do at all	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	70,780	36,878	33,902	3,870	2,038	1,832	1,577	812	765
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	70,132	36,436	33,696	923	502	421	71	36	35
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	61,172	32,128	29,044	687	398	289	72	36	36
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	50,440	25,816	24,624	732	354	378	40	19	21
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	44,568	22,010	22,558	813	373	440	38	16	22
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	41,721	20,356	21,365	919	421	498	34	17	17
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	36,237	18,198	18,039	1,328	597	731	27	12	15
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	31,505	16,239	15,266	1,618	753	865	28	18	10
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	21,542	11,173	10,369	2,057	878	1,179	39	19	20
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	17,355	9,217	8,138	2,318	957	1,361	40	15	25
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	11,714	6,300	5,414	2,557	1,160	1,397	68	38	30
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	8,915	4,858	4,057	2,792	1,208	1,584	80	45	35
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	6,000	3,232	2,768	2,831	1,263	1,568	85	40	45
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	4,067	2,285	1,782	2,825	1,344	1,481	129	64	65
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	2,258	1,235	1,023	2,264	1,078	1,186	176	89	87
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,385	764	621	1,794	928	866	195	92	103
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	519	302	217	890	450	440	116	48	68
85+	1,527	910	617	403	259	144	964	576	388	160	75	85
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	480,713	247,686	233,027	32,182	15,278	16,904	2,975	1,491	1,484

P5.4: Total population by 5-year age group and sex, reporting difficulties in remembering, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total		No I	Difficulty at all		So	me Difficulty		Can	not do at all	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
0 - 4	76,227	39,728	36,499	69,406	36,148	33,258	4,950	2,604	2,346	1,871	976	895
5-9	71,126	36,974	34,152	69,047	35,845	33,202	1,969	1,066	903	110	63	47
10-14	61,931	32,562	29,369	60,586	31,792	28,794	1,259	721	538	86	49	37
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	49,767	25,467	24,300	1,381	684	697	64	38	26
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	43,720	21,584	22,136	1,631	777	854	68	38	30
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	40,621	19,807	20,814	1,989	954	1,035	64	33	31
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	35,255	17,660	17,595	2,281	1,115	1,166	56	32	24
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	30,578	15,743	14,835	2,522	1,236	1,286	51	31	20
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	20,915	10,868	10,047	2,656	1,178	1,478	67	24	43
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	16,881	8,926	7,955	2,786	1,245	1,541	46	18	28
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	11,704	6,240	5,464	2,594	1,239	1,355	41	19	22
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	9,151	4,973	4,178	2,582	1,117	1,465	54	21	33
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	6,343	3,417	2,926	2,496	1,092	1,404	77	26	51
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	4,367	2,497	1,870	2,542	1,149	1,393	112	47	65
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	2,578	1,426	1,152	2,000	943	1,057	120	33	87
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,583	892	691	1,639	820	819	152	72	80
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	629	373	256	784	383	401	112	44	68
85+	1,527	910	617	514	337	177	871	502	369	142	71	71
Total	515,870	264,455	251,415	473,645	243,995	229,650	38,932	18,825	20,107	3,293	1,635	1,658

P5.5: Total population reporting a severe disability by sex and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province	В	lindness		I	Deafness		I	ameness		Senile :	and/ or amn	esic
Trovince	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Choiseul	57	22	35	94	54	40	204	97	107	228	108	120
Western	159	77	82	220	115	105	509	254	255	586	293	293
Isabel	75	36	39	105	53	52	174	83	91	217	97	120
Central	62	27	35	111	55	56	208	128	80	160	67	93
Rennell-Bellona	5	4	1	11	9	2	22	11	11	13	7	6
Guadalcanal	139	52	87	226	102	124	460	223	237	571	286	285
Malaita	248	110	138	397	217	180	826	406	420	872	439	433
Makira-Ulawa	60	26	34	84	48	36	206	103	103	242	129	113
Temotu	71	36	35	79	39	40	160	76	84	151	71	80
Honiara	31	21	10	71	37	34	206	110	96	253	138	115
Solomon Islands	907	411	496	1,398	729	669	2,975	1,491	1,484	3,293	1,635	1,658

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province/Ward		Total			Full time		•	Part time			Left school		ľ	Never been	
Province/ waru	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Solomon Islands	439,643	224,727	214,916	142,900	75,556	67,344	4,817	2,457	2,360	224,008	119,781	104,227	67,918	26,933	40,985
Choisuel Province	22,337	11,385	10,952	7,918	4,045	3,873	47	22	25	13,252	6,713	6,539	1,120	605	515
01 Wagina	1,391	718	673	583	287	296	2	-	2	765	410	355	41	21	20
02 Katupika	1,705	872	833	545	288	257	8	4	4	1,086	545	541	66	35	31
03 Vasipuki	1,335	673	662	468	247	221	4	1	3	798	388	410	65	37	28
04 Viviru	1,275	637	638	480	267	213	6	6	-	760	352	408	29	12	17
05 Babatana	1,502	741	761	488	261	227	1	1	-	933	445	488	80	34	46
06 Tepazaka	1,429	758	671	454	249	205	1	-	1	921	478	443	53	31	22
07 Batava	4,165	2,160	2,005	1,581	788	793	10	4	6	2,383	1,255	1,128	191	113	78
08 Tavula	2,060	1,044	1,016	692	345	347	3	2	1	1,177	590	587	188	107	81
09 Polo	1,431	715	716	518	255	263	4	3	1	854	423	431	55	34	21
10 Bangera	937	460	477	353	187	166	2	1	1	491	237	254	91	35	56
11 Susuka	1,481	765	716	467	223	244	5	-	5	943	510	433	66	32	34
12 Senga	1,591	807	784	629	326	303	-	-	-	901	441	460	61	40	21
13 Kerepangara	965	451	514	360	156	204	1	-	1	536	259	277	68	36	32
14 Kirugela	1,070	584	486	300	166	134	-	-	-	704	380	324	66	38	28
Western Province	65,592	34,134	31,458	22,090	11,335	10,755	444	233	211	40,004	20,890	19,114	3,054	1,676	1,378
01 Outer Shortlands	1,129	551	578	356	180	176	3	1	2	750	362	388	20	8	12
02 Inner Shortlands	2,035	1,028	1,007	837	454	383	10	3	7	1,158	561	597	30	10	20
03 Simbo	1,524	795	729	493	272	221	2	2	-	839	425	414	190	96	94
04 North Ranongga	457	224	233	166	76	90	-	-	-	270	135	135	21	13	8
05 Central Ranongga	2,151	1,031	1,120	792	386	406	3	3	-	1,212	566	646	144	76	68
06 South Ranongga	2,801	1,455	1,346	905	454	451	5	4	1	1,731	911	820	160	86	74
07 Vonunu	3,034	1,573	1,461	1,197	608	589	4	1	3	1,744	919	825	89	45	44
08 Mbilua	3,556	1,855	1,701	1,301	672	629	14	7	7	2,117	1,103	1,014	124	73	51
09 Ndovele	1,658	836	822	557	277	280	3	3	-	992	493	499	106	63	43
10 Irringgilla	2,416	1,232	1,184	918	479	439	2	-	2	1,360	679	681	136	74	62
11 Gizo	6,142	3,246	2,896	1,845	928	917	65	26	39	3,960	2,120	1,840	272	172	100
12 South Kolombangara	3,451	1,931	1,520	1,153	610	543	7	4	3	2,138	1,214	924	153	103	50
13 Vonavona	4,622	2,428	2,194	1,432	747	685	74	35	39	2,841	1,518	1,323	275	128	147
14 Kusaghe	1,915	1,004	911	583	303	280	16	6	10	1,221	645	576	95	50	45
15 Munda	2,295	1,179	1,116	910	466	444	4	3	1	1,332	685	647	49	25	24
16 Nusa Roviana	1,751	886	865	544	282	262	16	12	4	1,138	566	572	53	26	27
17 Roviana Lagoon	4,078	2,132	1,946	1,638	839	799	5	3	2	2,252	1,195	1,057	183	95	88
18 South Rendova	2,175	1,117	1,058	652	338	314	8	4	4	1,363	686	677	152	89	63
19 North Rendova	1,438	733	705	434	210	224	14	11	3	855	441	414	135	71	64
20 Kolombaghea	1,587	820	767	503	250	253	79	44	35	952	496	456	53	30	23

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

ro.1: Population 5 years at		Total			Full time			art time		` `	eft school		N	lever been	
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
21 Mbuini Tusu	2,556	1,397	1,159	725	381	344	2	1	1	1,751	977	774	78	38	40
22 Nono	3,037	1,620	1,417	911	475	436	36	23	13	1,957	1,040	917	133	82	51
23 Nggatokae	2,612	1,305	1,307	933	471	462	30	15	15	1,475	729	746	174	90	84
24 North Vangunu	2,256	1,114	1,142	746	346	400	27	12	15	1,411	719	692	72	37	35
25 Noro	2,929	1,548	1,381	803	435	368	6	3	3	2,067	1,084	983	53	26	27
26 North Kolombangara	1,987	1,094	893	756	396	360	9	7	2	1,118	621	497	104	70	34
Isabel Province	22,402	11,382	11,020	6,475	3,390	3,085	708	336	372	11,705	6,295	5,410	3,514	1,361	2,153
01 Kia	1,662	907	755	476	248	228	8	3	5	1,060	589	471	118	67	51
02 Baolo	993	516	477	331	168	163	18	4	14	539	295	244	105	49	56
03 Kokota	1,005	603	402	231	126	105	11	7	4	673	415	258	90	55	35
04 Hovikoilo	1,682	845	837	612	317	295	21	8	13	744	388	356	305	132	173
05 Buala	2,460	1,277	1,183	722	407	315	38	19	19	1,383	729	654	317	122	195
06 Tirotongana	583	293	290	156	95	61	7	2	5	254	132	122	166	64	102
07 Koviloko	1,078	498	580	329	161	168	11	8	3	524	254	270	214	75	139
08 Kmaga	1,601	775	826	617	309	308	37	21	16	662	344	318	285	101	184
09 Kaloka	849	411	438	246	135	111	-	-	-	331	169	162	272	107	165
10 Tatamba	1,178	607	571	313	180	133	69	35	34	635	335	300	161	57	104
11 Sigana	2,013	983	1,030	549	266	283	143	60	83	1,030	528	502	291	129	162
12 Japuana	1,825	901	924	535	263	272	49	21	28	1,024	553	471	217	64	153
13 Kolomola	805	398	407	115	69	46	64	30	34	332	211	121	294	88	206
14 Kolotubi	1,449	686	763	436	210	226	44	22	22	678	361	317	291	93	198
15 Susubona	1,622	810	812	380	213	167	129	69	60	853	418	435	260	110	150
16 Samasodu	1,597	872	725	427	223	204	59	27	32	983	574	409	128	48	80
Central Province	22,143	11,251	10,892	7,378	3,952	3,426	166	81	85	10,786	5,849	4,937	3,813	1,369	2,444
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	2,736	1,391	1,345	865	456	409	34	19	15	1,380	751	629	457	165	292
02 West Gela	1,863	945	918	688	375	313	1	1	-	808	433	375	366	136	230
03 East Gela	1,725	884	841	563	316	247	11	5	6	712	413	299	439	150	289
04 Tulagi	1,110	586	524	362	198	164	54	24	30	623	339	284	71	25	46
05 South West Gela	2,235	1,132	1,103	800	438	362	6	3	3	1,122	609	513	307	82	225
06 South East Gela	1,426	706	720	486	262	224	4	1	3	719	382	337	217	61	156
07 North East Gela	1,823	910	913	498	267	231	-	-	-	956	515	441	369	128	241
08 North West Gela	1,484	712	772	515	258	257	2	-	2	673	362	311	294	92	202
09 Banika	1,732	916	816	517	272	245	8	2	6	736	429	307	471	213	258
10 Pavuvu	1,659	852	807	597	313	284	16	7	9	806	449	357	240	83	157
11 Lovukol	1,736	903	833	512	286	226	5	1	4	932	496	436	287	120	167
12 North Savo	1,271	649	622	463	259	204	6	5	1	616	317	299	186	68	118
13 South Savo	1,343	665	678	512	252	260	19	13	6	703	354	349	109	46	63

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

		Total			Full time		P	art time]	Left school		N	lever been	
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Rennell/Bellona Province	2,657	1,362	1,295	1,056	543	513	11	8	3	1,470	749	721	120	62	58
01 East Tenggano	325	165	160	134	66	68	-	-	-	164	88	76	27	11	16
02 West Tenggano	304	164	140	125	67	58	1	-	1	161	87	74	17	10	7
03 Lughu	312	169	143	121	68	53	-	-	-	184	95	89	7	6	1
04 Kanava	210	125	85	80	53	27	2	-	2	122	68	54	6	4	2
05 Te Tau Gangoto	502	259	243	208	104	104	5	5	-	274	143	131	15	7	8
06 Mugi Henua	103	52	51	43	21	22	-	-	-	59	30	29	1	1	-
07 Matangi	124	65	59	46	25	21	-	-	-	75	38	37	3	2	1
08 East Gaongau	240	104	136	96	41	55	1	1	-	133	58	75	10	4	6
09 West Gaongau	317	154	163	127	62	65	2	2	-	179	85	94	9	5	4
10 Sa'aiho	220	105	115	76	36	40	-	-	-	119	57	62	25	12	13
Guadalcanal Province	78,901	40,602	38,299	25,244	13,368	11,876	840	455	385	39,017	20,956	18,061	13,800	5,823	7,977
01 Tandai	12,667	6,637	6,030	3,855	2,020	1,835	88	44	44	7,264	3,948	3,316	1,460	625	835
02 Saghalu	5,556	2,919	2,637	2,094	1,126	968	31	20	11	2,937	1,565	1,372	494	208	286
03 Savulei	2,477	1,309	1,168	982	516	466	11	8	3	1,378	726	652	106	59	47
04 Tangarare	2,643	1,392	1,251	1,067	580	487	15	11	4	1,452	750	702	109	51	58
05 Wanderer Bay	2,878	1,490	1,388	1,113	606	507	14	8	6	1,424	753	671	327	123	204
06 Duidui	2,742	1,392	1,350	883	485	398	35	16	19	951	531	420	873	360	513
07 Vatukulau	1,485	683	802	531	279	252	5	1	4	669	319	350	280	84	196
08 Talise	1,453	689	764	596	306	290	4	1	3	502	260	242	351	122	229
09 Avuavu	1,882	911	971	622	351	271	6	2	4	661	332	329	593	226	367
10 Moli	3,047	1,440	1,607	824	432	392	18	11	7	1,387	699	688	818	298	520
11 Tetekanji	907	416	491	150	77	73	6	2	4	164	90	74	587	247	340
12 Birao	2,585	1,298	1,287	788	419	369	27	17	10	1,252	644	608	518	218	300
13 Valasi	1,232	615	617	329	181	148	69	35	34	549	283	266	285	116	169
14 Kolokarako	1,238	624	614	397	199	198	8	4	4	523	285	238	310	136	174
15 Longgu	3,136	1,605	1,531	1,223	630	593	18	7	11	1,456	766	690	439	202	237
16 Aola	3,413	1,742	1,671	1,171	597	574	16	10	6	1,897	985	912	329	150	179
17 Paripao	2,653	1,343	1,310	949	481	468	11	8	3	1,399	743	656	294	111	183
18 East Tasimboko	6,208	3,248	2,960	1,694	913	781	189	100	89	2,936	1,577	1,359	1,389	658	731
19 Vulolo	3,708	1,927	1,781	823	428	395	13	8	5	1,213	744	469	1,659	747	912
20 Malango	9,018	4,752	4,266	2,711	1,436	1,275	120	69	51	4,786	2,673	2,113	1,401	574	827
21 West Ghaobata	4,193	2,170	2,023	1,224	633	591	72	38	34	2,406	1,303	1,103	491	196	295
22 East Ghaobata	3,780	2,000	1,780	1,218	673	545	64	35	29	1,811	980	831	687	312	375

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

ro.1: ropulation 5 years at	ila olasi aj	Total			Full time		•	art time			Left school		ľ	Never been	
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Malaita Province	116,553	58,356	58,197	37,179	19,865	17,314	891	499	392	47,241	25,941	21,300	31,242	12,051	19,191
01 Auki	4,470	2,251	2,219	1,591	826	765	14	10	4	2,422	1,285	1,137	443	130	313
02 Aimela	6,500	3,296	3,204	2,002	1,090	912	48	31	17	2,899	1,579	1,320	1,551	596	955
03 Buma	5,273	2,755	2,518	1,650	916	734	26	11	15	1,842	1,119	723	1,755	709	1,046
04 Fauabu	7,290	3,604	3,686	2,273	1,166	1,107	8	1	7	2,803	1,593	1,210	2,206	844	1,362
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	2,061	1,063	998	473	262	211	13	6	7	679	393	286	896	402	494
06 Mandalua/Folotana	2,352	1,173	1,179	765	412	353	14	10	4	915	482	433	658	269	389
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	4,700	2,328	2,372	1,446	778	668	20	10	10	1,722	968	754	1,512	572	940
08 Malu'u	3,728	1,847	1,881	1,192	616	576	123	77	46	1,746	918	828	667	236	431
09 Matakwalao	2,328	1,161	1,167	628	368	260	10	5	5	908	501	407	782	287	495
10 Takwa	8,438	4,176	4,262	2,542	1,366	1,176	195	115	80	3,147	1,751	1,396	2,554	944	1,610
11 East Baegu	4,025	1,967	2,058	1,254	697	557	25	11	14	1,122	666	456	1,624	593	1,031
12 Fouenda	1,550	764	786	550	301	249	29	13	16	578	308	270	393	142	251
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	707	343	364	251	135	116	1	-	1	234	153	81	221	55	166
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	4,257	2,156	2,101	1,491	846	645	15	6	9	1,267	775	492	1,484	529	955
15 Nafinua	3,578	1,799	1,779	1,245	676	569	5	4	1	1,478	818	660	850	301	549
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	3,035	1,527	1,508	958	493	465	21	12	9	1,173	632	541	883	390	493
17 Gulalofou	5,079	2,484	2,595	1,504	794	710	10	5	5	1,433	745	688	2,132	940	1,192
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	2,958	1,473	1,485	818	471	347	15	6	9	687	355	332	1,438	641	797
19 Aiaisi	3,069	1,546	1,523	998	534	464	21	7	14	1,377	747	630	673	258	415
20 Areare	2,990	1,483	1,507	1,066	563	503	10	3	7	1,417	727	690	497	190	307
21 Raroisu'u	4,170	2,052	2,118	1,420	732	688	9	2	7	2,046	1,060	986	695	258	437
22 Aba/Asimeuru	4,287	2,133	2,154	1,305	698	607	67	33	34	2,026	1,138	888	889	264	625
23 Asimae	2,657	1,387	1,270	827	472	355	17	9	8	1,328	735	593	485	171	314
24 Mareho	2,182	1,049	1,133	822	406	416	5	1	4	1,066	547	519	289	95	194
25 Tai	3,934	2,021	1,913	1,482	753	729	3	2	1	1,960	1,047	913	489	219	270
26 Kwarekwareo	1,597	797	800	542	270	272	4	1	3	677	361	316	374	165	209
27 Siesie	3,098	1,563	1,535	926	496	430	26	12	14	1,007	564	443	1,139	491	648
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	4,238	2,180	2,058	1,305	708	597	99	81	18	1,513	841	672	1,321	550	771
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	8,317	4,195	4,122	2,898	1,543	1,355	37	14	23	3,872	2,077	1,795	1,510	561	949
30 Langalanga	1,657	787	870	456	216	240	1	1	-	852	459	393	348	111	237
31 Luaniua	1,204	592	612	264	147	117	-	-	-	524	326	198	416	119	297
32 Pelau	603	298	305	148	73	75	-	-	-	389	207	182	66	18	48
33 Sikaiana	221	106	115	87	41	46	-	-	-	132	64	68	2	1	1

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

P6.1: Population 5 years an	•	Total			Full time			art time			eft school		N	ever been	
Province/Ward	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Makira-Ulawa Province	33,577	17,255	16,322	11,111	5,958	5,153	742	362	380	18,173	9,575	8,598	3,551	1,360	2,191
01 North Ulawa	985	486	499	343	183	160	2	1	1	513	260	253	127	42	85
02 South Ulawa	1,096	530	566	387	206	181	53	23	30	530	267	263	126	34	92
03 West Ulawa	744	377	367	212	125	87	2	-	2	461	235	226	69	17	52
04 Ugi and Pio	1,024	529	495	327	186	141	5	2	3	572	309	263	120	32	88
05 Arosi South	2,520	1,330	1,190	903	469	434	41	26	15	1,447	765	682	129	70	59
06 Arosi West	1,663	876	787	561	289	272	7	5	2	954	521	433	141	61	80
07 Arosi North	1,933	1,006	927	650	355	295	13	9	4	1,094	569	525	176	73	103
08 Arosi East	1,678	867	811	392	195	197	88	43	45	902	478	424	296	151	145
09 Bauro West	3,274	1,726	1,548	1,024	550	474	34	17	17	1,873	1,042	831	343	117	226
10 Bauro Central	3,866	2,003	1,863	1,355	694	661	24	14	10	2,157	1,155	1,002	330	140	190
11 Bauro East	1,310	688	622	331	186	145	2	-	2	773	431	342	204	71	133
12 Wainoni West	1,745	885	860	503	285	218	263	115	148	667	372	295	312	113	199
13 Wainoni East	2,085	1,049	1,036	732	396	336	36	17	19	1,071	550	521	246	86	160
14 Star Harbour North	2,692	1,376	1,316	1,131	613	518	32	18	14	1,417	710	707	112	35	77
15 Santa Ana	1,306	633	673	487	251	236	70	36	34	649	320	329	100	26	74
16 Santa Catalina	672	339	333	250	134	116	23	17	6	331	166	165	68	22	46
17 Star Harbour South	915	465	450	368	197	171	-	-	-	479	242	237	68	26	42
18 Rawo	554	298	256	167	103	64	1	-	1	288	162	126	98	33	65
19 Weather Coast	1,375	696	679	437	241	196	21	6	15	807	404	403	110	45	65
20 Haununu	2,140	1,096	1,044	551	300	251	25	13	12	1,188	617	571	376	166	210
Temotu Province	18,442	8,904	9,538	6,075	3,196	2,879	420	171	249	8,050	4,317	3,733	3,897	1,220	2,677
01 Fenualoa	1,105	508	597	396	200	196	15	6	9	419	212	207	275	90	185
02 Polynesian Outer Island	294	137	157	53	33	20	1	-	1	96	61	35	144	43	101
03 Nipua/Nopoli	749	354	395	260	133	127	1	-	1	295	156	139	193	65	128
04 Lipe/Temua	679	316	363	213	107	106	1	-	1	256	139	117	209	70	139
05 Manuopo	895	420	475	288	148	140	1	1	-	393	201	192	213	70	143
06 Nenumpo	1,026	475	551	335	171	164	20	6	14	359	204	155	312	94	218
07 Nevenema	832	401	431	282	136	146	2	-	2	342	193	149	206	72	134
08 Luva Station	2,078	1,004	1,074	704	368	336	47	22	25	1,080	552	528	247	62	185
09 Graciosa Bay	1,101	555	546	367	185	182	43	15	28	525	317	208	166	38	128
10 Nea/Noole	1,551	754	797	501	278	223	8	4	4	754	408	346	288	64	224
11 North East Santa Cruz	1,597	802	795	513	302	211	82	37	45	689	362	327	313	101	212
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	1,588	814	774	556	306	250	70	32	38	679	374	305	283	102	181
13 Duff Islands	449	235	214	163	95	68	3	1	2	165	99	66	118	40	78
14 Utupua	959	476	483	364	196	168	21	9	12	440	230	210	134	41	93
15 Vanikoro	1,089	516	573	324	163	161	98	35	63	454	245	209	213	73	140
16 Tikopia	1,099	482	617	303	146	157	2	-	2	495	238	257	299	98	201
17 Neo	1,351	655	696	453	229	224	5	3	2	609	326	283	284	97	187

P6.1: Population 5 years and older by sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute by ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province/Ward		Total]	Full time		P	art time		I	æft school		N	ever been	
Trovince/ waru	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Honiara town council	57,039	30,096	26,943	18,374	9,904	8,470	548	290	258	34,310	18,496	15,814	3,807	1,406	2,401
01 Nggossi	8,725	4,547	4,178	2,654	1,412	1,242	85	40	45	5,574	2,936	2,638	412	159	253
02 Mbumburu	3,220	1,696	1,524	966	531	435	44	22	22	2,060	1,082	978	150	61	89
03 Rove/Lengakiki	2,354	1,327	1,027	757	393	364	13	6	7	1,471	876	595	113	52	61
04 Cruz	219	120	99	49	21	28	2	2	-	163	96	67	5	1	4
05 Vavaea	6,206	3,360	2,846	1,787	970	817	81	48	33	3,880	2,164	1,716	458	178	280
06 Vuhokesa	1,056	552	504	231	132	99	7	4	3	693	364	329	125	52	73
07 Mataniko	3,827	1,967	1,860	1,210	622	588	33	20	13	2,235	1,229	1,006	349	96	253
08 Kola'a	8,974	4,742	4,232	2,885	1,582	1,303	110	67	43	5,398	2,891	2,507	581	202	379
09 Kukum	1,633	859	774	535	285	250	22	8	14	1,015	547	468	61	19	42
10 Naha	315	165	150	87	44	43	3	3	-	212	114	98	13	4	9
11 Vura	8,093	4,192	3,901	2,899	1,555	1,344	57	28	29	4,696	2,461	2,235	441	148	293
12 Panatina	12,417	6,569	5,848	4,314	2,357	1,957	91	42	49	6,913	3,736	3,177	1,099	434	665

P6.2: Population 5 years and older by age and sex, and whether attending a formal educational institute, Solomon Islands: 2009

A		Total			Full time		I	Part time			Left school		ľ	Never been	
Age	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	439,643	224,727	214,916	142,900	75,556	67,344	4,817	2,457	2,360	224,008	119,781	104,227	67,918	26,933	40,985
5	15,354	7,948	7,406	7,427	3,776	3,651	502	226	276	1,494	800	694	5,931	3,146	2,785
6	14,807	7,604	7,203	9,501	4,797	4,704	506	233	273	698	363	335	4,102	2,211	1,891
7	13,476	7,016	6,460	10,233	5,307	4,926	400	200	200	403	208	195	2,440	1,301	1,139
8	13,202	6,899	6,303	10,817	5,592	5,225	261	125	136	372	212	160	1,752	970	782
9	14,287	7,507	6,780	12,299	6,430	5,869	211	121	90	392	223	169	1,385	733	652
10	13,503	7,200	6,303	11,797	6,247	5,550	126	72	54	391	204	187	1,189	677	512
11	12,590	6,522	6,068	11,239	5,802	5,437	119	54	65	424	240	184	808	426	382
12	12,424	6,641	5,783	10,953	5,832	5,121	103	61	42	534	285	249	834	463	371
13	11,901	6,198	5,703	10,385	5,399	4,986	92	53	39	687	374	313	737	372	365
14	11,513	6,001	5,512	9,698	5,096	4,602	79	48	31	1,027	504	523	709	353	356
15	11,365	5,680	5,685	8,905	4,480	4,425	97	50	47	1,598	777	821	765	373	392
16	10,813	5,526	5,287	7,715	4,071	3,644	109	46	63	2,315	1,094	1,221	674	315	359
17	9,927	5,103	4,824	6,178	3,278	2,900	87	32	55	2,989	1,498	1,491	673	295	378
18	9,742	4,995	4,747	4,891	2,706	2,185	95	49	46	3,983	1,900	2,083	773	340	433
19	9,365	4,885	4,480	3,861	2,295	1,566	101	56	45	4,604	2,184	2,420	799	350	449
20	10,070	4,980	5,090	2,879	1,755	1,124	123	65	58	6,106	2,780	3,326	962	380	582
21	8,056	3,996	4,060	718	443	275	98	54	44	6,548	3,236	3,312	692	263	429
22	8,531	4,208	4,323	587	381	206	104	52	52	7,046	3,476	3,570	794	299	495
23	9,875	4,770	5,105	570	372	198	115	77	38	8,220	3,956	4,264	970	365	605
24	8,887	4,445	4,442	465	305	160	124	74	50	7,519	3,782	3,737	779	284	495
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	1,034	712	322	388	231	157	36,739	18,247	18,492	4,513	1,604	2,909
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	267	183	84	273	132	141	32,595	17,094	15,501	4,457	1,398	3,059
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	135	91	44	190	93	97	28,392	15,507	12,885	4,434	1,319	3,115
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	122	70	52	137	62	75	19,038	10,793	8,245	4,341	1,145	3,196
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	83	57	26	104	52	52	15,439	8,966	6,473	4,087	1,114	2,973
50+	53,187	27,733	25,454	141	79	62	273	139	134	34,455	21,078	13,377	18,318	6,437	11,881

6.3: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Pro	ovince				
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	147,717	7,965	22,534	7,183	7,544	1,067	26,084	38,070	11,853	6,495	18,922
Preschool	29,746	2,022	4,788	1,813	1,798	168	4,633	8,159	2,801	1,289	2,275
Standard 1	16,685	985	2,577	744	945	78	3,097	4,686	1,372	774	1,427
Standard 2	15,453	881	2,361	752	908	114	2,824	4,297	1,256	711	1,349
Standard 3	14,673	818	2,213	680	817	147	2,638	4,229	1,125	673	1,333
Standard 4	12,594	695	2,000	603	643	90	2,232	3,533	979	568	1,251
Standard 5	11,003	582	1,681	547	672	98	1,966	2,979	856	469	1,153
Standard 6	9,190	504	1,568	425	422	75	1,592	2,348	721	451	1,084
Form 1	7,194	381	1,327	404	316	74	1,241	1,518	506	388	1,039
Form 2	6,293	346	1,119	304	265	40	1,114	1,394	392	293	1,026
Form 3	4,290	201	692	121	244	48	741	874	225	190	954
Form 4	3,013	92	564	213	84	37	541	375	160	117	830
Form 5	1,732	81	224	48	81	7	231	239	62	68	691
Form 6/7	1,944	12	157	34	23	4	397	150	40	11	1,116
Tertiary	1,881	13	77	12	23	5	315	162	35	6	1,233
Vocational	1,533	18	122	52	23	2	369	367	270	82	228
Other	10,493	334	1,064	431	280	80	2,153	2,760	1,053	405	1,933

P6.3: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							vince				
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Male											
Total	78,013	4,067	11,568	3,726	4,033	551	13,823	20,364	6,320	3,367	10,194
Preschool	15,295	1,072	2,483	934	881	75	2,413	4,177	1,482	646	1,132
Standard 1	8,855	487	1,329	405	495	44	1,641	2,505	766	422	761
Standard 2	8,229	480	1,190	409	533	55	1,518	2,305	667	372	700
Standard 3	7,763	434	1,214	333	441	101	1,354	2,235	589	353	709
Standard 4	6,773	369	1,073	317	321	46	1,186	1,971	532	302	656
Standard 5	5,771	285	831	290	379	38	1,008	1,640	453	239	608
Standard 6	4,775	251	789	223	228	48	812	1,274	377	239	534
Form 1	3,639	151	662	189	185	39	608	827	245	206	527
Form 2	3,282	162	541	144	147	24	607	729	213	152	563
Form 3	2,247	104	325	63	139	22	403	473	124	97	497
Form 4	1,601	41	260	121	38	6	333	205	88	60	449
Form 5	873	39	105	26	38	6	113	118	34	42	352
Form 6/7	1,210	9	87	21	16	2	236	94	28	8	709
Tertiary	1,146	8	53	7	14	5	193	93	21	3	749
Vocational	950	15	81	23	12	-	239	225	150	37	168
Other	5,604	160	545	221	166	40	1,159	1,493	551	189	1,080

P6.3: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

						Pro	ovince				
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Female											
Total	69,704	3,898	10,966	3,457	3,511	516	12,261	17,706	5,533	3,128	8,728
Preschool	14,451	950	2,305	879	917	93	2,220	3,982	1,319	643	1,143
Standard 1	7,830	498	1,248	339	450	34	1,456	2,181	606	352	666
Standard 2	7,224	401	1,171	343	375	59	1,306	1,992	589	339	649
Standard 3	6,910	384	999	347	376	46	1,284	1,994	536	320	624
Standard 4	5,821	326	927	286	322	44	1,046	1,562	447	266	595
Standard 5	5,232	297	850	257	293	60	958	1,339	403	230	545
Standard 6	4,415	253	779	202	194	27	780	1,074	344	212	550
Form 1	3,555	230	665	215	131	35	633	691	261	182	512
Form 2	3,011	184	578	160	118	16	507	665	179	141	463
Form 3	2,043	97	367	58	105	26	338	401	101	93	457
Form 4	1,412	51	304	92	46	31	208	170	72	57	381
Form 5	859	42	119	22	43	1	118	121	28	26	339
Form 6/7	734	3	70	13	7	2	161	56	12	3	407
Tertiary	735	5	24	5	9	-	122	69	14	3	484
Vocational	583	3	41	29	11	2	130	142	120	45	60
Other	4,889	174	519	210	114	40	994	1,267	502	216	853

P6.4: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by age and sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age									Level of l	Education							
Age	Total	Preschool	Standard 1	Standard 2	Standard 3	Standard 4	Standard 5	Standard 6 I	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6/7	Tertiary	Vocational	Other
Total	147,717	29,746	16,685	15,453	14,673	12,594	11,003	9,190	7,194	6,293	4,290	3,013	1,732	1,944	1,881	1,533	10,493
5	7,929	6,918	368	139	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	504
6	10,007	8,292	908	219	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	533
7	10,633	6,871	2,432	587	171	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	538
8	11,078	4,288	4,098	1,631	361	73	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	614
9	12,510	2,185	4,369	3,618	1,351	265	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	694
10	11,923	777	2,532	3,867	2,767	959	205	65	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	727
11	11,358	277	1,248	2,679	3,448	2,168	694	163	24	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	649
12	11,056	138	503	1,480	2,806	2,860	1,826	593	115	36	20	-	-	-	-	-	679
13	10,477	-	227	712	1,753	2,641	2,484	1,405	510	114	31	13	-	-	-	-	587
14	9,777	-	-	342	1,013	1,719	2,305	1,899	1,272	528	96	20	14	-	-	-	569
15	9,002	-	-	179	454	960	1,593	1,972	1,712	1,153	344	72	18	-	-	-	545
16	7,824	-	-	-	311	460	934	1,408	1,565	1,508	796	299	51	5	4	14	469
17	6,265	-	-	-	183	188	400	762	944	1,294	1,024	784	190	30	20	23	423
18	4,986	-	-	-	-	267	201	367	571	822	875	797	481	142	26	51	386
19	3,962	-	-	-	-	-	320	236	283	519	666	626	526	359	57	74	296
20	3,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	320	153	304	431	401	443	394	141	137	278
21	816	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	7	7	1	3	276	205	91	207
22	691	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	6	199	182	119	183
23	685	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	176	229	129	151
24	589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123	207	113	146
25 - 29	1,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	222	548	312	340
30 - 34	540	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	153	194	175
35 - 39	325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	125	124
40 - 44	259	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	33	198
45 - 49	187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	31	151
50+	414	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	87	327

P6.4: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by age and sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	-								Level of	Education							
Age	Total	Preschool	Standard 1	Standard 2 S	Standard 3	Standard 4 S	Standard 5	Standard 6 I	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6/7	Tertiary	Vocational (Other
Male																	
Total	78,013	15,295	8,855	8,229	7,763	6,773	5,771	4,775	3,639	3,282	2,247	1,601	873	1,210	1,146	950	5,604
5	4,002	3,465	205	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260
6	5,030	4,124	486	112	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	286
7	5,507	3,594	1,231	289	90	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	284
8	5,717	2,292	2,078	810	173	41	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	317
9	6,551	1,160	2,374	1,868	640	130	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	366
10	6,319	416	1,369	2,053	1,423	501	119	37	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	387
11	5,856	164	693	1,466	1,763	1,063	302	76	14	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	312
12	5,893	80	294	834	1,551	1,490	901	287	60	21	8	-	-	-	-	-	367
13	5,452	-	125	423	993	1,463	1,224	651	218	51	19	4	-	-	-	-	281
14	5,144	-	-	199	570	967	1,286	949	564	236	44	14	5	-	-	-	310
15	4,530	-	-	103	254	562	848	979	802	507	146	42	10	-	-	-	277
16	4,117	-	-	-	179	281	528	781	803	760	381	137	20	3	3	7	234
17	3,310	-	-	-	105	121	238	438	552	686	492	350	77	17	11	12	211
18	2,755	-	-	-	-	135	116	224	328	481	462	426	246	72	14	28	223
19	2,351	-	-	-	-	-	190	155	176	330	421	363	278	190	38	44	166
20	1,820	-	-	-	-	-	-	198	99	204	269	265	233	236	65	97	154
21	497	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	3	5	-	2	166	114	60	138
22	433	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	140	100	78	113
23	449	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	139	95	93
24	379	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	130	80	82
25 - 29	943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164	359	197	223
30 - 34	315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	101	113	88
35 - 39	184	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	72	64
40 - 44	132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	14	97
45 - 49	109	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	15	91
50+	218	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38	180

P6.4: Population 5 years and older who attend a formal educational institute by age and sex and level of education attended, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Ago									Level of	Education							
Age	Total	Preschool	Standard 1	Standard 2 S	Standard 3	Standard 4 S	Standard 5 S	Standard 6 I	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6/7	Tertiary	Vocational (Other
Female																	
Total	69,704	14,451	7,830	7,224	6,910	5,821	5,232	4,415	3,555	3,011	2,043	1,412	859	734	735	583	4,889
5	3,927	3,453	163	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244
6	4,977	4,168	422	107	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	247
7	5,126	3,277	1,201	298	81	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254
8	5,361	1,996	2,020	821	188	32	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	297
9	5,959	1,025	1,995	1,750	711	135	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	328
10	5,604	361	1,163	1,814	1,344	458	86	28	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	340
11	5,502	113	555	1,213	1,685	1,105	392	87	10	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	337
12	5,163	58	209	646	1,255	1,370	925	306	55	15	12	-	-	-	-	-	312
13	5,025	-	102	289	760	1,178	1,260	754	292	63	12	9	-	-	-	-	306
14	4,633	-	-	143	443	752	1,019	950	708	292	52	6	9	-	-	-	259
15	4,472	-	-	76	200	398	745	993	910	646	198	30	8	-	-	-	268
16	3,707	-	-	-	132	179	406	627	762	748	415	162	31	2	1	7	235
17	2,955	-	-	-	78	67	162	324	392	608	532	434	113	13	9	11	212
18	2,231	-	-	-	-	132	85	143	243	341	413	371	235	70	12	23	163
19	1,611	-	-	-	-	-	130	81	107	189	245	263	248	169	19	30	130
20	1,182	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	54	100	162	136	210	158	76	40	124
21	319	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	4	2	1	1	110	91	31	69
22	258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	4	59	82	41	70
23	236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	90	34	58
24	210	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	77	33	64
25 - 29	479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	189	115	117
30 - 34	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	52	81	87
35 - 39	141	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	53	60
40 - 44	127	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	19	101
45 - 49	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	16	60
50+	196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	147

P6.5: Population 12 years and older by sex and highest level of education completed by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

	•			•	* *	Place	of residence	•					
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Total	342,424	17,144	51,401	17,518	17,154	2,066	61,133	88,443	25,657	14,260	47,648	75,132	267,292
No School completed	52,266	698	1,823	2,982	3,114	94	11,642	22,802	3,216	3,317	2,578	4,708	47,558
Preschool/Nursery school	2,465	78	282	121	181	12	513	847	188	78	165	330	2,135
Some primary	91,710	5,372	13,466	3,491	5,670	665	17,119	27,714	6,779	4,071	7,363	13,165	78,545
Completed primary	102,520	7,219	22,447	5,407	4,675	744	16,593	20,932	8,656	3,947	11,900	20,452	82,068
Completed form 3	39,057	1,954	6,153	3,065	1,856	218	6,766	6,569	3,087	1,433	7,956	12,299	26,758
Completed form 5	20,051	720	2,875	1,128	800	85	3,220	3,428	1,101	505	6,189	8,809	11,242
Completed form 6	4,546	162	521	153	121	37	765	672	210	91	1,814	2,475	2,071
Completed form 7	1,052	14	92	26	21	2	163	119	44	16	555	700	352
Some College/No degree	12,248	451	1,801	487	363	123	1,875	1,746	706	346	4,350	5,962	6,286
Bachelors degree	2,176	45	267	32	30	30	210	147	72	34	1,309	1,570	606
Masters degree	560	5	60	10	6	3	72	32	12	9	351	443	117
Doctoral degree	134	1	11	1	1	-	19	14	5	2	80	107	27
Vocational certificate	3,252	215	817	124	82	35	462	476	423	88	530	847	2,405
Other	10,387	210	786	491	234	18	1,714	2,945	1,158	323	2,508	3,265	7,122

P6.5: Population 12 years and older by sex and highest level of education completed by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

						Place	of residence						
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Male													
Total	174,031	8,681	26,736	8,847	8,602	1,053	31,348	43,707	13,041	6,740	25,276	39,593	134,438
No School completed	18,733	344	945	1,084	982	42	4,621	7,811	1,182	917	805	1,532	17,201
Preschool/Nursery school	1,139	34	155	46	78	6	212	404	96	32	76	144	995
Some primary	46,360	2,713	6,712	1,839	2,783	311	8,631	14,339	3,462	2,034	3,536	6,453	39,907
Complted primary	53,383	3,477	11,191	2,686	2,656	344	8,817	11,655	4,347	2,131	6,079	10,406	42,977
Completed form 3	21,784	1,030	3,256	1,719	1,098	117	3,943	3,852	1,725	806	4,238	6,619	15,165
Completed form 5	11,855	397	1,609	630	485	54	1,964	2,145	651	288	3,632	5,138	6,717
Completed form 6	2,849	95	321	106	92	22	507	464	136	51	1,055	1,449	1,400
Completed form 7	732	12	62	20	20	1	114	98	38	11	356	448	284
Some College/No degree	7,870	287	1,210	337	244	102	1,187	1,191	487	235	2,590	3,553	4,317
Bachelors degree	1,604	39	204	27	23	20	156	117	57	31	930	1,119	485
Masters degree	439	5	50	7	6	2	63	25	9	7	265	342	97
Doctoral degree	104	-	8	-	-	-	14	12	4	2	64	85	19
Vocational certificate	2,258	147	525	85	39	24	334	356	295	66	387	613	1,645
Other	4,921	101	488	261	96	8	785	1,238	552	129	1,263	1,692	3,229

P6.5: Population 12 years and older by sex and highest level of education completed by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

						Place	of residence						
Level of Education						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Female													
Total	168,393	8,463	24,665	8,671	8,552	1,013	29,785	44,736	12,616	7,520	22,372	35,539	132,854
No School completed	33,533	354	878	1,898	2,132	52	7,021	14,991	2,034	2,400	1,773	3,176	30,357
Preschool/Nursery school	1,326	44	127	75	103	6	301	443	92	46	89	186	1,140
Some primary	45,350	2,659	6,754	1,652	2,887	354	8,488	13,375	3,317	2,037	3,827	6,712	38,638
Complted primary	49,137	3,742	11,256	2,721	2,019	400	7,776	9,277	4,309	1,816	5,821	10,046	39,091
Completed form 3	17,273	924	2,897	1,346	758	101	2,823	2,717	1,362	627	3,718	5,680	11,593
Completed form 5	8,196	323	1,266	498	315	31	1,256	1,283	450	217	2,557	3,671	4,525
Completed form 6	1,697	67	200	47	29	15	258	208	74	40	759	1,026	671
Completed form 7	320	2	30	6	1	1	49	21	6	5	199	252	68
Some College/No degree	4,378	164	591	150	119	21	688	555	219	111	1,760	2,409	1,969
Bachelors degree	572	6	63	5	7	10	54	30	15	3	379	451	121
Masters degree	121	-	10	3	-	1	9	7	3	2	86	101	20
Doctoral degree	30	1	3	1	1	-	5	2	1	-	16	22	8
Vocational certificate	994	68	292	39	43	11	128	120	128	22	143	234	760
Other	5,466	109	298	230	138	10	929	1,707	606	194	1,245	1,573	3,893

P6.6: Population 12 years and older by age and sex and highest level of education completed, Solomon Islands: 2009

							I	Level of Educ	cation						
Age										Some					
Group		No School	Preschool/	Some	Primary	Form 3	Form 5	Form 6	Form 7	College/	Bachelors	Masters	Doctoral	Vocational	
	Total	completed	Nursery school	primary	completed	completed	completed	completed	completed	No degree	degree	degree	degree	certificate	Other
Total	342,424	52,266	2,465	91,710	102,520	39,057	20,051	4,546	1,052	12,248	2,176	560	134	3,252	10,387
12 - 14	35,838	2,353	865	28,349	3,525	139	21	14	2	3	-	-	-	-	567
15 - 19	51,212	3,892	157	16,650	20,401	7,061	1,520	188	25	304	4	2	2	58	948
20 - 24	45,419	4,604	203	7,376	12,054	8,670	6,532	1,803	302	2,091	76	10	9	388	1,301
25 - 29	42,674	4,808	157	6,705	12,139	7,175	5,496	1,322	317	2,275	307	43	10	630	1,290
30 - 34	37,592	4,824	151	6,311	13,505	5,027	2,893	536	153	1,917	410	62	23	611	1,169
35 - 39	33,151	4,726	133	5,390	12,454	4,819	1,470	301	86	1,774	390	87	17	504	1,000
40 - 44	23,638	4,491	125	4,038	7,996	2,974	898	165	67	1,336	287	102	17	386	756
45 - 49	19,713	4,227	118	3,856	7,139	1,547	602	84	38	751	254	90	21	247	739
50 - 54	14,339	3,578	83	3,033	4,805	703	351	61	27	618	186	67	16	176	635
55 - 59	11,787	3,232	111	2,940	3,554	446	160	41	15	506	140	52	10	110	470
60 - 64	8,916	3,041	76	2,406	2,086	282	55	14	10	311	78	19	5	56	477
65 - 69	7,021	2,766	111	1,960	1,376	121	30	5	5	184	29	11	2	35	386
70 - 74	4,698	2,199	72	1,233	771	51	11	3	1	87	9	8	-	22	231
75 - 79	3,374	1,705	59	825	443	33	10	2	2	58	4	1	2	13	217
80 - 84	1,525	890	23	319	154	4	1	-	1	21	2	3	-	8	99
85+	1,527	930	21	319	118	5	1	7	1	12	-	3	-	8	102

P6.6: Population 12 years and older by age and sex and highest level of education completed, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							I	evel of Educ	cation						
Age										Some					
Group		No School	Preschool/	Some	Primary	Form 3	Form 5	Form 6	Form 7	College/	Bachelors	Masters	Doctoral '	Vocational	
	Total	completed	Nursery school	primary	completed	completed	completed	completed	completed	No degree	degree	degree	degree	certificate	Other
Male															
Total	174,031	18,733	1,139	46,360	53,383	21,784	11,855	2,849	732	7,870	1,604	439	104	2,258	4,921
12 - 14	18,840	1,255	499	15,071	1,639	72	10	6	1	2	-	-	-	-	285
15 - 19	26,189	1,796	86	8,966	10,325	3,476	738	87	12	173	3	1	2	36	488
20 - 24	22,399	1,823	88	3,538	5,677	4,474	3,473	995	181	1,217	34	4	6	258	631
25 - 29	20,794	1,773	58	2,979	5,528	3,693	3,137	866	229	1,258	180	26	7	453	607
30 - 34	18,807	1,607	59	2,848	6,482	2,969	1,877	369	116	1,177	285	42	15	437	524
35 - 39	17,010	1,482	60	2,458	6,418	2,822	1,054	225	60	1,230	282	64	12	390	453
40 - 44	12,070	1,243	45	1,870	4,343	1,894	650	132	56	906	232	87	13	260	339
45 - 49	10,189	1,216	30	1,777	4,180	1,131	428	62	31	522	209	72	17	176	338
50 - 54	7,498	1,043	29	1,470	2,980	533	269	48	21	466	155	61	14	94	315
55 - 59	6,111	1,024	40	1,428	2,283	318	133	35	11	376	121	43	9	61	229
60 - 64	4,535	994	26	1,255	1,418	222	43	9	6	228	66	15	5	39	209
65 - 69	3,693	1,025	41	1,118	999	98	23	4	4	154	25	10	2	25	165
70 - 74	2,402	846	32	695	557	44	8	3	1	83	7	7	-	14	105
75 - 79	1,784	726	22	466	340	31	10	2	2	52	3	1	2	9	118
80 - 84	800	390	13	184	125	4	1	-	-	17	2	3	-	2	59
85+	910	490	11	237	89	3	1	6	1	9	-	3	-	4	56

P6.6: Population 12 years and older by age and sex and highest level of education completed, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	Level of Education														
Age										Some					
Group		No School	Preschool/	Some	Primary	Form 3	Form 5	Form 6	Form 7	College/		Masters	Doctoral '		
	Total	completed	Nursery school	primary	completed	completed	completed	completed	completed	No degree	degree	degree	degree	certificate	Other
Female															
Total	168,393	33,533	1,326	45,350	49,137	17,273	8,196	1,697	320	4,378	572	121	30	994	5,466
12 - 14	16,998	1,098	366	13,278	1,886	67	11	8	1	1	-	-	-	-	282
15 - 19	25,023	2,096	71	7,684	10,076	3,585	782	101	13	131	1	1	-	22	460
20 - 24	23,020	2,781	115	3,838	6,377	4,196	3,059	808	121	874	42	6	3	130	670
25 - 29	21,880	3,035	99	3,726	6,611	3,482	2,359	456	88	1,017	127	17	3	177	683
30 - 34	18,785	3,217	92	3,463	7,023	2,058	1,016	167	37	740	125	20	8	174	645
35 - 39	16,141	3,244	73	2,932	6,036	1,997	416	76	26	544	108	23	5	114	547
40 - 44	11,568	3,248	80	2,168	3,653	1,080	248	33	11	430	55	15	4	126	417
45 - 49	9,524	3,011	88	2,079	2,959	416	174	22	7	229	45	18	4	71	401
50 - 54	6,841	2,535	54	1,563	1,825	170	82	13	6	152	31	6	2	82	320
55 - 59	5,676	2,208	71	1,512	1,271	128	27	6	4	130	19	9	1	49	241
60 - 64	4,381	2,047	50	1,151	668	60	12	5	4	83	12	4	-	17	268
65 - 69	3,328	1,741	70	842	377	23	7	1	1	30	4	1	-	10	221
70 - 74	2,296	1,353	40	538	214	7	3	-	-	4	2	1	-	8	126
75 - 79	1,590	979	37	359	103	2	-	-	-	6	1	-	-	4	99
80 - 84	725	500	10	135	29	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	6	40
85+	617	440	10	82	29	2	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	4	46

P6.7: Population 5 years and older by age and sex and literacy by language, Solomon Islands: 2009

	Total				Literate		N	ot Literate		
Age Group	p Language	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	English	439,643	224,727	214,916	303,384	163,838	139,546	136,259	60,889	75,370
5-9		71,126	36,974	34,152	21,850	11,146	10,704	49,276	25,828	23,448
10-14		61,931	32,562	29,369	45,737	23,661	22,076	16,194	8,901	7,293
15 - 19		51,212	26,189	25,023	44,144	22,683	21,461	7,068	3,506	3,562
20 - 24		45,419	22,399	23,020	38,043	19,257	18,786	7,376	3,142	4,234
25 - 29		42,674	20,794	21,880	35,419	17,974	17,445	7,255	2,820	4,435
30 - 34		37,592	18,807	18,785	30,397	16,248	14,149	7,195	2,559	4,636
35 - 39		33,151	17,010	16,141	26,330	14,707	11,623	6,821	2,303	4,518
40 - 44		23,638	12,070	11,568	17,496	10,184	7,312	6,142	1,886	4,256
45 - 49		19,713	10,189	9,524	14,059	8,501	5,558	5,654	1,688	3,966
50 - 54		14,339	7,498	6,841	9,723	6,091	3,632	4,616	1,407	3,209
55 - 59		11,787	6,111	5,676	7,600	4,783	2,817	4,187	1,328	2,859
60 - 64		8,916	4,535	4,381	5,026	3,265	1,761	3,890	1,270	2,620
65 - 69		7,021	3,693	3,328	3,442	2,393	1,049	3,579	1,300	2,279
70 - 74		4,698	2,402	2,296	1,960	1,367	593	2,738	1,035	1,703
75 - 79		3,374	1,784	1,590	1,300	944	356	2,074	840	1,234
80 - 84		1,525	800	725	468	333	135	1,057	467	590
85+		1,527	910	617	390	301	89	1,137	609	528
Total	Pidgin	439,643	224,727	214,916	292,704	157,374	135,330	146,939	67,353	79,586
5-9		71,126	36,974	34,152	15,721	8,024	7,697	55,405	28,950	26,455
10-14		61,931	32,562	29,369	37,890	19,362	18,528	24,041	13,200	10,841
15 - 19		51,212	26,189	25,023	43,255	22,158	21,097	7,957	4,031	3,926
20 - 24		45,419	22,399	23,020	38,201	19,304	18,897	7,218	3,095	4,123
25 - 29		42,674	20,794	21,880	35,769	18,076	17,693	6,905	2,718	4,187
30 - 34		37,592	18,807	18,785	30,936	16,404	14,532	6,656	2,403	4,253
35 - 39		33,151	17,010	16,141	26,904	14,850	12,054	6,247	2,160	4,087
40 - 44		23,638	12,070	11,568	18,043	10,392	7,651	5,595	1,678	3,917
45 - 49		19,713	10,189	9,524	14,531	8,628	5,903	5,182	1,561	3,621
50 - 54		14,339	7,498	6,841	10,134	6,229	3,905	4,205	1,269	2,936
55 - 59		11,787	6,111	5,676	7,883	4,864	3,019	3,904	1,247	2,657
60 - 64		8,916	4,535	4,381	5,269	3,375	1,894	3,647	1,160	2,487
65 - 69		7,021	3,693	3,328	3,706	2,539	1,167	3,315	1,154	2,161
70 - 74		4,698	2,402	2,296	2,106	1,445	661	2,592	957	1,635
75 - 79		3,374	1,784	1,590	1,366	984	382	2,008	800	1,208
80 - 84		1,525	800	725	513	364	149	1,012	436	576
85+		1,527	910	617	477	376	101	1,050	534	516

Note: Literacy is the ability to read and write a simple sentence

P6.7: Population 5 years and older by age and sex and literacy by language, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

			Total			Literate		Not Literate				
Age Grou	p Language	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		
Total	Local	439,643	224,727	214,916	290,632	154,628	136,004	149,011	70,099	78,912		
5-9		71,126	36,974	34,152	16,023	8,184	7,839	55,103	28,790	26,313		
10-14		61,931	32,562	29,369	33,738	17,235	16,503	28,193	15,327	12,866		
15 - 19		51,212	26,189	25,023	41,054	20,973	20,081	10,158	5,216	4,942		
20 - 24		45,419	22,399	23,020	37,438	18,811	18,627	7,981	3,588	4,393		
25 - 29		42,674	20,794	21,880	35,351	17,860	17,491	7,323	2,934	4,389		
30 - 34		37,592	18,807	18,785	30,947	16,355	14,592	6,645	2,452	4,193		
35 - 39		33,151	17,010	16,141	27,080	14,799	12,281	6,071	2,211	3,860		
40 - 44		23,638	12,070	11,568	18,514	10,436	8,078	5,124	1,634	3,490		
45 - 49		19,713	10,189	9,524	15,055	8,685	6,370	4,658	1,504	3,154		
50 - 54		14,339	7,498	6,841	10,581	6,306	4,275	3,758	1,192	2,566		
55 - 59		11,787	6,111	5,676	8,531	5,013	3,518	3,256	1,098	2,158		
60 - 64		8,916	4,535	4,381	5,939	3,562	2,377	2,977	973	2,004		
65 - 69		7,021	3,693	3,328	4,400	2,723	1,677	2,621	970	1,651		
70 - 74		4,698	2,402	2,296	2,755	1,656	1,099	1,943	746	1,197		
75 - 79		3,374	1,784	1,590	1,834	1,130	704	1,540	654	886		
80 - 84		1,525	800	725	710	433	277	815	367	448		
85+		1,527	910	617	682	467	215	845	443	402		
Total	Other	439,643	224,727	214,916	117,427	63,211	54,216	322,216	161,516	160,700		
5-9		71,126	36,974	34,152	11,196	5,782	5,414	59,930	31,192	28,738		
10-14		61,931	32,562	29,369	12,702	6,454	6,248	49,229	26,108	23,121		
15 - 19		51,212	26,189	25,023	14,628	7,464	7,164	36,584	18,725	17,859		
20 - 24		45,419	22,399	23,020	14,617	7,321	7,296	30,802	15,078	15,724		
25 - 29		42,674	20,794	21,880	13,966	7,108	6,858	28,708	13,686	15,022		
30 - 34		37,592	18,807	18,785	12,460	6,605	5,855	25,132	12,202	12,930		
35 - 39		33,151	17,010	16,141	10,807	6,015	4,792	22,344	10,995	11,349		
40 - 44		23,638	12,070	11,568	7,351	4,260	3,091	16,287	7,810	8,477		
45 - 49		19,713	10,189	9,524	5,978	3,567	2,411	13,735	6,622	7,113		
50 - 54		14,339	7,498	6,841	4,131	2,538	1,593	10,208	4,960	5,248		
55 - 59		11,787	6,111	5,676	3,360	2,062	1,298	8,427	4,049	4,378		
60 - 64		8,916	4,535	4,381	2,309	1,458	851	6,607	3,077	3,530		
65 - 69		7,021	3,693	3,328	1,769	1,122	647	5,252	2,571	2,681		
70 - 74		4,698	2,402	2,296	1,011	672	339	3,687	1,730	1,957		
75 - 79		3,374	1,784	1,590	673	466	207	2,701	1,318	1,383		
80 - 84		1,525	800	725	241	151	90	1,284	649	635		
85+		1,527	910	617	228	166	62	1,299	744	555		

Note: Literacy is the ability to read and write a simple sentence

P6.8: Population 5 years and older by sex and literacy by language and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

	Language												
Province		Englis	sh	Pidgi	n	Local Lan	guage	Other					
	Total	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No				
Total	439,643	303,384	136,259	292,704	146,939	290,632	149,011	117,427	322,216				
Choiseul	22,337	16,686	5,651	16,476	5,861	17,864	4,473	4,758	17,579				
Western	65,592	52,142	13,450	51,467	14,125	52,473	13,119	17,587	48,005				
Isabel	22,402	15,413	6,989	14,905	7,497	15,003	7,399	8,440	13,962				
Central	22,143	13,003	9,140	13,431	8,712	13,640	8,503	3,556	18,587				
Rennell-Bellona	2,657	2,170	487	2,057	600	2,442	215	1,155	1,502				
Guadalcanal	78,901	52,639	26,262	52,040	26,861	52,252	26,649	26,590	52,311				
Malaita	116,553	65,244	51,309	60,346	56,207	61,047	55,506	17,317	99,236				
Makira-Ulawa	33,577	25,082	8,495	24,185	9,392	24,777	8,800	17,102	16,475				
Temotu	18,442	12,200	6,242	9,915	8,527	6,634	11,808	2,349	16,093				
Honiara	57,039	48,805	8,234	47,882	9,157	44,500	12,539	18,573	38,466				
Male													
Total	224,727	163,838	60,889	157,374	67,353	154,628	70,099	63,211	161,516				
Choiseul	11,385	8,546	2,839	8,393	2,992	8,916	2,469	2,408	8,977				
Western	34,134	27,312	6,822	26,888	7,246	27,094	7,040	9,183	24,951				
Isabel	11,382	8,315	3,067	7,988	3,394	7,898	3,484	4,696	6,686				
Central	11,251	7,391	3,860	7,460	3,791	7,388	3,863	1,939	9,312				
Rennell-Bellona	1,362	1,123	239	1,040	322	1,246	116	593	769				
Guadalcanal	40,602	28,683	11,919	28,194	12,408	28,043	12,559	14,241	26,361				
Malaita	58,356	35,998	22,358	33,193	25,163	33,294	25,062	9,641	48,715				
Makira-Ulawa	17,255	13,360	3,895	12,846	4,409	12,958	4,297	9,085	8,170				
Temotu	8,904	6,543	2,361	5,360	3,544	3,667	5,237	1,281	7,623				
Honiara	30,096	26,567	3,529	26,012	4,084	24,124	5,972	10,144	19,952				
Female													
Total	214,916	139,546	75,370	135,330	79,586	136,004	78,912	54,216	160,700				
Choiseul	10,952	8,140	2,812	8,083	2,869	8,948	2,004	2,350	8,602				
Western	31,458	24,830	6,628	24,579	6,879	25,379	6,079	8,404	23,054				
Isabel	11,020	7,098	3,922	6,917	4,103	7,105	3,915	3,744	7,276				
Central	10,892	5,612	5,280	5,971	4,921	6,252	4,640	1,617	9,275				
Rennell-Bellona	1,295	1,047	248	1,017	278	1,196	99	562	733				
Guadalcanal	38,299	23,956	14,343	23,846	14,453	24,209	14,090	12,349	25,950				
Malaita	58,197	29,246	28,951	27,153	31,044	27,753	30,444	7,676	50,521				
Makira-Ulawa	16,322	11,722	4,600	11,339	4,983	11,819	4,503	8,017	8,305				
Temotu	9,538	5,657	3,881	4,555	4,983	2,967	6,571	1,068	8,470				
Honiara	26,943	22,238	4,705	21,870	5,073	20,376	6,567	8,429	18,514				

P6.9: Population 5 years and older by age and sex, literate in any language by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

							Place of r	esidence					
Age Group						Rennell/			Makira/				
-	Solomon Islands	Choisuel	Western	Isabel			Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Total	336,831	18,846	57,269	17,117	15,271	2,533	60,673	72,433	28,955	12,414	51,320	79,362	257,469
5-9	29,193	1,431	4,712	1,362	705	308	6,318	5,358	3,926	1,115	3,958	6,351	22,842
10-14	49,722	2,800	8,274	2,548	2,235	420	9,098	11,987	4,337	2,194	5,829	9,471	40,251
15 - 19	46,167	2,408	7,534	2,181	2,056	255	8,291	11,424	3,335	1,879	6,804	10,494	35,673
20 - 24	40,321	1,902	5,909	1,700	1,664	213	7,675	8,573	3,131	1,330	8,224	11,821	28,500
25 - 29	37,733	1,881	5,692	1,782	1,797	151	6,944	7,932	3,191	1,284	7,079	10,658	27,075
30 - 34	32,796	1,780	5,172	1,762	1,643	202	5,856	6,968	2,825	1,133	5,455	8,349	24,447
35 - 39	28,596	1,713	4,887	1,589	1,550	168	5,103	5,706	2,379	1,049	4,452	7,032	21,564
40 - 44	19,429	1,231	3,991	995	965	120	3,323	3,646	1,456	693	3,009	4,780	14,649
45 - 49	15,824	1,027	3,144	873	796	129	2,639	3,013	1,268	541	2,394	3,754	12,070
50 - 54	11,062	725	2,253	680	528	131	1,649	2,265	842	377	1,612	2,533	8,529
55 - 59	8,920	619	1,770	578	453	135	1,313	1,930	725	305	1,092	1,765	7,155
60 - 64	6,207	428	1,313	400	342	93	853	1,414	517	191	656	1,055	5,152
65 - 69	4,616	416	1,040	273	215	49	715	974	426	127	381	641	3,975
70 - 74	2,864	231	732	177	155	62	449	559	236	74	189	334	2,530
75 - 79	1,923	158	514	124	68	57	242	387	206	57	110	202	1,721
80 - 84	742	50	193	41	34	30	84	179	67	25	39	69	673
85+	716	46	139	52	65	10	121	118	88	40	37	53	663
Male													
Total	178,720	9,490	29,672	9,033	8,269	1,291	32,405	39,107	15,166	6,635	27,652	42,565	136,155
5-9	14,944	719	2,364	711	399	152	3,230	2,707	2,085	571	2,006	3,232	11,712
10-14	25,837	1,424	4,307	1,312	1,190	217	4,734	6,283	2,269	1,118	2,983	4,885	20,952
15 - 19	23,719	1,176	3,829	1,143	1,052	136	4,241	5,972	1,733	929	3,508	5,300	18,419
20 - 24	20,279	942	2,950	745	853	106	3,993	4,224	1,500	628	4,338	6,151	14,128
25 - 29	18,936	957	2,886	851	833	82	3,492	4,038	1,539	559	3,699	5,514	13,422
30 - 34	17,206	902	2,685	905	853	101	3,126	3,719	1,453	542	2,920	4,429	12,777
35 - 39	15,553	869	2,559	884	847	86	2,840	3,242	1,237	551	2,438	3,885	11,668
40 - 44	10,919	623	2,123	563	548	61	1,925	2,140	795	422	1,719	2,729	8,190
45 - 49	9,111	546	1,721	490	474	57	1,526	1,846	698	356	1,397	2,202	6,909
50 - 54	6,558	373	1,215	407	310	78	1,037	1,397	465	275	1,001	1,586	4,972
55 - 59	5,245	301	927	345	302	81	754	1,178	407	237	713	1,139	4,106
60 - 64	3,716	218	691	258	225	44	516	888	303	161	412	665	3,051
65 - 69	2,846	196	569	166	150	13	419	669	290	114	260	416	2,430
70 - 74	1,719	117	389	119	107	26	275	348	147	62	129	215	1,504
75 - 79	1,185	69	279	74	44	27	166	261	139	49	77	133	1,052
80 - 84	454	27	96	26	27	15	57	112	45	23	26	47	407
85+	493	31	82	34	55	9	74	83	61	38	26	37	456

P6.9: Population 5 years and older by age and sex, literate in any language by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

							Place of r	esidence					
Age Group						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Islands	Choisuel	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Female													
Total	158,111	9,356	27,597	8,084	7,002	1,242	28,268	33,326	13,789	5,779	23,668	36,797	121,314
5-9	14,249	712	2,348	651	306	156	3,088	2,651	1,841	544	1,952	3,119	11,130
10-14	23,885	1,376	3,967	1,236	1,045	203	4,364	5,704	2,068	1,076	2,846	4,586	19,299
15 - 19	22,448	1,232	3,705	1,038	1,004	119	4,050	5,452	1,602	950	3,296	5,194	17,254
20 - 24	20,042	960	2,959	955	811	107	3,682	4,349	1,631	702	3,886	5,670	14,372
25 - 29	18,797	924	2,806	931	964	69	3,452	3,894	1,652	725	3,380	5,144	13,653
30 - 34	15,590	878	2,487	857	790	101	2,730	3,249	1,372	591	2,535	3,920	11,670
35 - 39	13,043	844	2,328	705	703	82	2,263	2,464	1,142	498	2,014	3,147	9,896
40 - 44	8,510	608	1,868	432	417	59	1,398	1,506	661	271	1,290	2,051	6,459
45 - 49	6,713	481	1,423	383	322	72	1,113	1,167	570	185	997	1,552	5,161
50 - 54	4,504	352	1,038	273	218	53	612	868	377	102	611	947	3,557
55 - 59	3,675	318	843	233	151	54	559	752	318	68	379	626	3,049
60 - 64	2,491	210	622	142	117	49	337	526	214	30	244	390	2,101
65 - 69	1,770	220	471	107	65	36	296	305	136	13	121	225	1,545
70 - 74	1,145	114	343	58	48	36	174	211	89	12	60	119	1,026
75 - 79	738	89	235	50	24	30	76	126	67	8	33	69	669
80 - 84	288	23	97	15	7	15	27	67	22	2	13	22	266
85+	223	15	57	18	10	1	47	35	27	2	11	16	207

P6.10: Population 5 years and older by age and sex, not literate* by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group					P	rovince Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Island	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Total	102,812	3,491	8,323	5,285	6,872	124	18,228	44,120	4,622	6,028	5,719	10,168	92,644
5-9	41,933	2,411	5,704	2,264	3,003	89	6,793	14,977	1,912	1,981	2,799	4,977	36,956
10-14	12,209	462	922	511	897	18	2,073	5,991	446	375	514	883	11,326
15 - 19	5,045	98	301	238	272	5	961	2,511	205	158	296	501	4,544
20 - 24	5,098	91	227	229	249	3	1,045	2,526	218	206	304	523	4,575
25 - 29	4,941	74	179	187	262	-	1,010	2,523	188	232	286	502	4,439
30 - 34	4,796	48	161	193	312	1	1,122	2,271	197	217	274	468	4,328
35 - 39	4,555	44	172	189	304	3	999	2,102	175	335	232	415	4,140
40 - 44	4,209	38	134	182	252	-	868	1,976	208	348	203	381	3,828
45 - 49	3,889	29	106	203	258	2	738	1,852	172	368	161	310	3,579
50 - 54	3,277	29	73	200	214	2	533	1,544	180	350	152	285	2,992
55 - 59	2,867	23	57	171	192	-	511	1,309	156	323	125	246	2,621
60 - 64	2,709	24	77	162	160	-	409	1,369	143	245	120	217	2,492
65 - 69	2,405	28	54	172	164	-	408	1,104	142	226	107	181	2,224
70 - 74	1,834	32	46	134	106	-	310	802	109	224	71	144	1,690
75 - 79	1,451	21	55	122	127	-	227	598	74	184	43	77	1,374
80 - 84	783	14	21	65	53	1	97	348	53	112	19	33	750
85+	811	25	34	63	47	-	124	317	44	144	13	25	786
Male													
Total	46,007	1,895	4,462	2,349	2,982	71	8,197	19,249	2,089	2,269	2,444	4,458	41,549
5-9	22,030	1,270	3,017	1,172	1,546	46	3,570	7,878	1,034	1,050	1,447	2,621	19,409
10-14	6,725	296	551	305	480	17	1,094	3,256	255	195	276	497	6,228
15 - 19	2,470	70	200	117	129	5	456	1,187	114	73	119	225	2,245
20 - 24	2,120	62	137	109	86	-	410	1,003	108	74	131	209	1,911
25 - 29	1,858	48	100	70	83	-	406	902	84	64	101	182	1,676
30 - 34	1,601	25	86	77	75	1	379	742	77	60	79	139	1,462
35 - 39	1,457	24	79	60	111	-	345	652	54	72	60	115	1,342
40 - 44	1,151	12	69	46	64	=	269	526	51	68	46	79	1,072
45 - 49	1,078	12	52	57	61	2	244	506	43	76	25	63	1,015
50 - 54	940	16	38	48	56	-	202	425	52	76	27	64	876
55 - 59	866	10	26	61	71	-	168	401	36	63	30	59	807
60 - 64	819	5	36	50	30	-	130	445	41	55	27	61	758
65 - 69	847	11	21	56	53	-	158	417	35	70	26	50	797
70 - 74	683	8	18	39	37	-	145	294	40	79	23	44	639
75 - 79	599	8	19	42	60	-	100	265	21	70	14	27	572
80 - 84	346	7	4	18	14	-	47	181	22	47	6	11	335
85+	417	11	9	22	26	_	74	169	22	77	7	12	405

^{*}Not literate: cannot read or write a simple sentence in any language

P6.10: Population 5 years and older by age and sex, not literate* by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

					P	rovince							
Age Group						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Solomon Island	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Female													
Total	56,805	1,596	3,861	2,936	3,890	53	10,031	24,871	2,533	3,759	3,275	5,710	51,095
5-9	19,903	1,141	2,687	1,092	1,457	43	3,223	7,099	878	931	1,352	2,356	17,547
10-14	5,484	166	371	206	417	1	979	2,735	191	180	238	386	5,098
15 - 19	2,575	28	101	121	143	-	505	1,324	91	85	177	276	2,299
20 - 24	2,978	29	90	120	163	3	635	1,523	110	132	173	314	2,664
25 - 29	3,083	26	79	117	179	-	604	1,621	104	168	185	320	2,763
30 - 34	3,195	23	75	116	237	-	743	1,529	120	157	195	329	2,866
35 - 39	3,098	20	93	129	193	3	654	1,450	121	263	172	300	2,798
40 - 44	3,058	26	65	136	188	-	599	1,450	157	280	157	302	2,756
45 - 49	2,811	17	54	146	197	-	494	1,346	129	292	136	247	2,564
50 - 54	2,337	13	35	152	158	2	331	1,119	128	274	125	221	2,116
55 - 59	2,001	13	31	110	121	-	343	908	120	260	95	187	1,814
60 - 64	1,890	19	41	112	130	-	279	924	102	190	93	156	1,734
65 - 69	1,558	17	33	116	111	-	250	687	107	156	81	131	1,427
70 - 74	1,151	24	28	95	69	-	165	508	69	145	48	100	1,051
75 - 79	852	13	36	80	67	-	127	333	53	114	29	50	802
80 - 84	437	7	17	47	39	1	50	167	31	65	13	22	415
85+	394	14	25	41	21	-	50	148	22	67	6	13	381

^{*}Not literate: cannot read or write a simple sentence in any language

P7.1: Population 12 years and older by sex, whether doing any work during the last week before the census, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence		Total			Yes		No			
race of residence	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Total	342,424	174,031	168,393	208,103	106,562	101,541	134,321	67,469	66,852	
Choiseul	17,144	8,681	8,463	10,380	5,452	4,928	6,764	3,229	3,535	
Western	51,401	26,736	24,665	32,595	17,656	14,939	18,806	9,080	9,726	
Isabel	17,518	8,847	8,671	11,907	6,075	5,832	5,611	2,772	2,839	
Central	17,154	8,602	8,552	10,718	5,385	5,333	6,436	3,217	3,219	
Rennell-Bellona	2,066	1,053	1,013	1,284	673	611	782	380	402	
Guadalcanal	61,133	31,348	29,785	37,731	19,440	18,291	23,402	11,908	11,494	
Malaita	88,443	43,707	44,736	58,311	27,808	30,503	30,132	15,899	14,233	
Makira-Ulawa	25,657	13,041	12,616	15,116	7,801	7,315	10,541	5,240	5,301	
Temotu	14,260	6,740	7,520	9,560	4,319	5,241	4,700	2,421	2,279	
Honiara	47,648	25,276	22,372	20,501	11,953	8,548	27,147	13,323	13,824	
Urban	73,887	38,927	34,960	35,694	20,167	15,527	38,193	18,760	19,433	
Rural	268,537	135,104	133,433	172,409	86,395	86,014	96,128	48,709	47,419	

P7.2: Population 12 years and older by age and sex and whether doing any work during the last week before the census, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total			Yes			No	
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	342,424	174,031	168,393	208,103	106,562	101,541	134,321	67,469	66,852
12 - 14	35,838	18,840	16,998	2,245	1,071	1,174	33,593	17,769	15,824
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	12,386	5,719	6,667	38,826	20,470	18,356
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	27,296	12,682	14,614	18,123	9,717	8,406
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	32,400	16,072	16,328	10,274	4,722	5,552
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	30,946	16,063	14,883	6,646	2,744	3,902
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	28,133	14,950	13,183	5,018	2,060	2,958
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	20,210	10,632	9,578	3,428	1,438	1,990
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	16,756	8,909	7,847	2,957	1,280	1,677
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	12,068	6,470	5,598	2,271	1,028	1,243
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	9,570	5,131	4,439	2,217	980	1,237
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	6,641	3,525	3,116	2,275	1,010	1,265
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	4,726	2,620	2,106	2,295	1,073	1,222
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	2,524	1,403	1,121	2,174	999	1,175
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,404	815	589	1,970	969	1,001
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	459	269	190	1,066	531	535
85+	1,527	910	617	339	231	108	1,188	679	509

P7.3: Population 12 years and older who did not work during the week before the census by sex and job situation, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence		Total]	Have a job bu	t did not wor e last week	Do not have a job*			
Trace of residence	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	134,321	67,469	66,852	2,282	1,130	1,152	132,039	66,339	65,700
Choiseul	6,764	3,229	3,535	249	110	139	6,515	3,119	3,396
Western	18,806	9,080	9,726	711	354	357	18,095	8,726	9,369
Isabel	5,611	2,772	2,839	63	24	39	5,548	2,748	2,800
Central	6,436	3,217	3,219	111	62	49	6,325	3,155	3,170
Rennell-Bellona	782	380	402	1	1	-	781	379	402
Guadalcanal	23,402	11,908	11,494	359	172	187	23,043	11,736	11,307
Malaita	30,132	15,899	14,233	208	103	105	29,924	15,796	14,128
Makira-Ulawa	10,541	5,240	5,301	210	106	104	10,331	5,134	5,197
Temotu	4,700	2,421	2,279	65	31	34	4,635	2,390	2,245
Honiara	27,147	13,323	13,824	305	167	138	26,842	13,156	13,686
Urban	38,193	18,760	19,433	471	252	219	37,722	18,508	19,214
Rural	96,128	48,709	47,419	1,811	878	933	94,317	47,831	46,486

^{*}Include the economically inactive population and the unemployed

P7.4: Population 12 years and older who did not work during the week before the census by age, sex and job situation, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age Group		Total]	Have a job bu the	t did not wor e last week	Do not have a job*			
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	134,321	67,469	66,852	2,282	1,130	1,152	132,039	66,339	65,700
12 - 14	33,593	17,769	15,824	22	13	9	33,571	17,756	15,815
15 - 19	38,826	20,470	18,356	124	53	71	38,702	20,417	18,285
20 - 24	18,123	9,717	8,406	333	151	182	17,790	9,566	8,224
25 - 29	10,274	4,722	5,552	354	157	197	9,920	4,565	5,355
30 - 34	6,646	2,744	3,902	355	156	199	6,291	2,588	3,703
35 - 39	5,018	2,060	2,958	276	138	138	4,742	1,922	2,820
40 - 44	3,428	1,438	1,990	192	107	85	3,236	1,331	1,905
45 - 49	2,957	1,280	1,677	183	101	82	2,774	1,179	1,595
50 - 54	2,271	1,028	1,243	127	77	50	2,144	951	1,193
55 - 59	2,217	980	1,237	105	50	55	2,112	930	1,182
60 - 64	2,275	1,010	1,265	76	47	29	2,199	963	1,236
65 - 69	2,295	1,073	1,222	66	38	28	2,229	1,035	1,194
70 - 74	2,174	999	1,175	35	24	11	2,139	975	1,164
75 - 79	1,970	969	1,001	25	12	13	1,945	957	988
80 - 84	1,066	531	535	5	4	1	1,061	527	534
85+	1,188	679	509	4	2	2	1,184	677	507

^{*}Include the economically inactive population and the unemployed

P7.5: Population 12 years and older by sex and employment status, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

-	•	•	, <u> </u>				Place of re	sidence					
Employment Status and sex						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Employee (gov)													
Total	15,129	607	1,881	604	671	125	2,081	3,107	910	627	4,516	6,913	8,216
Male	9,727	344	1,127	376	427	95	1,337	2,120	620	430	2,851	4,371	5,356
Female	5,402	263	754	228	244	30	744	987	290	197	1,665	2,542	2,860
Employee (priv)													
Total	26,953	1,117	5,501	1,065	420	107	5,320	3,154	947	351	8,971	14,345	12,608
Male	20,462	967	4,306	959	355	88	4,023	2,513	797	275	6,179	9,942	10,520
Female	6,491	150	1,195	106	65	19	1,297	641	150	76	2,792	4,403	2,088
Employer													
Total	1,510	27	292	77	12	5	207	228	130	10	522	677	833
Male	1,184	23	233	60	12	5	165	194	106	8	378	489	695
Female	326	4	59	17	-	-	42	34	24	2	144	188	138
Self employed													
Total	11,909	681	2,597	650	924	35	2,016	2,058	624	152	2,172	3,475	8,434
Male	8,777	576	1,946	451	694	22	1,448	1,474	504	127	1,535	2,408	6,369
Female	3,132	105	651	199	230	13	568	584	120	25	637	1,067	2,065
Voluntary work													
Total	5,550	413	1,039	478	178	23	1,122	875	610	297	515	1,162	4,388
Male	3,684	339	747	319	131	14	691	619	412	179	233	557	3,127
Female	1,866	74	292	159	47	9	431	256	198	118	282	605	1,261
Unpaid family work													
Total	35,654	733	4,639	1,055	1,490	186	6,642	9,742	4,662	4,005	2,500	5,508	30,146
Male	14,182	482	1,742	593	619	25	2,673	4,178	2,190	1,209	471	1,287	12,895
Female	21,472	251	2,897	462	871	161	3,969	5,564	2,472	2,796	2,029	4,221	17,251
Producing goods for sale													
Total	25,739	971	6,760	838	2,093	144	6,055	5,574	1,070	961	1,273	2,366	23,373
Male	14,421	672	3,584	533	1,257	40	3,339	3,374	665	591	366	768	13,653
Female	11,318	299	3,176	305	836	104	2,716	2,200	405	370	907	1,598	9,720
Producing goods for own con-													
Total	87,941	6,080	10,597	7,203	5,041	660	14,647	33,781	6,373	3,222	337	1,719	86,222
Male	35,255	2,159	4,325	2,808	1,952	385	5,936	13,439	2,613	1,531	107	597	34,658
Female	52,686	3,921	6,272	4,395	3,089	275	8,711	20,342	3,760	1,691	230	1,122	51,564
Total	210,385	10,629	33,306	11,970	10,829	1,285	38,090	58,519	15,326	9,625	20,806	36,165	174,220
Male	107,692	5,562	18,010	6,099	5,447	674	19,612	27,911	7,907	4,350	12,120	20,419	87,273
Female	102,693	5,067	15,296	5,871	5,382	611	18,478	30,608	7,419	5,275	8,686	15,746	86,947

P7.6: Population 12 years and older by age and sex, and employment status, Solomon Islands: 2009

Employment status

				I	Employment s	tatus			
Age Group	Total	Employee (gov)	Employee (priv)	Employer	Self employed	Voluntary work	Unpaid family work	Producing goods for sale	Producing goods for own consumption
Total	210,385	15,129	26,953	1,510	11,909	5,550	35,654	25,739	87,941
12 - 14	2,267	3	75	9	84	96	660	249	1,091
15 - 19	12,510	96	1,178	50	574	513	3,125	1,524	5,450
20 - 24	27,629	1,321	4,080	195	1,380	945	5,617	3,202	10,889
25 - 29	32,754	3,005	5,090	217	1,758	861	5,678	3,742	12,403
30 - 34	31,301	2,867	4,606	268	1,907	696	4,917	3,775	12,265
35 - 39	28,409	2,652	4,072	230	1,855	613	4,184	3,630	11,173
40 - 44	20,402	1,986	2,816	178	1,333	430	2,809	2,743	8,107
45 - 49	16,939	1,346	2,088	171	1,040	395	2,376	2,257	7,266
50 - 54	12,195	963	1,339	81	736	295	1,812	1,542	5,427
55 - 59	9,675	568	853	55	520	216	1,568	1,208	4,687
60 - 64	6,717	231	419	34	335	185	1,063	818	3,632
65 - 69	4,792	67	224	14	204	130	831	581	2,741
70 - 74	2,559	17	81	5	104	109	508	280	1,455
75 - 79	1,429	4	23	1	49	43	297	125	887
80 - 84	464	2	5	1	25	13	105	35	278
85+	343	1	4	1	5	10	104	28	190
Male									
Total	107,692	9,727	20,462	1,184	8,777	3,684	14,182	14,421	35,255
12 - 14	1,084	3	40	8	52	46	273	149	513
15 - 19	5,772	41	723	25	411	306	1,247	878	2,141
20 - 24	12,833	598	2,703	128	962	624	2,118	1,757	3,943
25 - 29	16,229	1,582	3,756	153	1,285	559	2,121	2,090	4,683
30 - 34	16,219	1,820	3,582	208	1,416	457	1,849	2,087	4,800
35 - 39	15,088	1,809	3,252	194	1,382	411	1,619	2,000	4,421
40 - 44	10,739	1,383	2,266	151	976	283	1,108	1,479	3,093
45 - 49	9,010	1,040	1,666	143	786	274	921	1,228	2,952
50 - 54	6,547	742	1,087	72	558	212	771	893	2,212
55 - 59	5,181	442	714	51	406	157	717	680	2,014
60 - 64	3,572	197	370	32	251	138	482	499	1,603
65 - 69	2,658	52	198	12	156	83	416	364	1,377
70 - 74	1,427	12	73	4	74	89	261	181	733
75 - 79	827	4	23	1	39	26	169	88	477
80 - 84	273	2	5	1	19	10	48	27	161
85+	233	-	4	1	4	9	62	21	132

P7.6: Population 12 years and older by age and sex, and employment status, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	Employment status												
Age Group	Total	Employee (gov)	Employee (priv)	Employer	Self employed	Voluntary work	Unpaid family work	Producing goods for sale	Producing goods for own consumption				
Female													
Total	102,693	5,402	6,491	326	3,132	1,866	21,472	11,318	52,686				
12 - 14	1,183	-	35	1	32	50	387	100	578				
15 - 19	6,738	55	455	25	163	207	1,878	646	3,309				
20 - 24	14,796	723	1,377	67	418	321	3,499	1,445	6,946				
25 - 29	16,525	1,423	1,334	64	473	302	3,557	1,652	7,720				
30 - 34	15,082	1,047	1,024	60	491	239	3,068	1,688	7,465				
35 - 39	13,321	843	820	36	473	202	2,565	1,630	6,752				
40 - 44	9,663	603	550	27	357	147	1,701	1,264	5,014				
45 - 49	7,929	306	422	28	254	121	1,455	1,029	4,314				
50 - 54	5,648	221	252	9	178	83	1,041	649	3,215				
55 - 59	4,494	126	139	4	114	59	851	528	2,673				
60 - 64	3,145	34	49	2	84	47	581	319	2,029				
65 - 69	2,134	15	26	2	48	47	415	217	1,364				
70 - 74	1,132	5	8	1	30	20	247	99	722				
75 - 79	602	-	-	-	10	17	128	37	410				
80 - 84	191	-	-	-	6	3	57	8	117				
85+	110	1	-	-	1	1	42	7	58				

P7.7: Population 12 years and older by main occupation and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009

Occupation	Total	Male	Femal
Total	210,385	107,692	102,693
Armed Forces	315	105	210
Non-Commissioned armed forces officers	9	5	2
Armd forces occupations other ranks	28	11	17
Legislators and senior officials	988	822	160
Adminstravtive and commercial managers	747	598	149
Production and specialised service manager	229	195	34
Hospitality retail and other sevice manager	342	264	7
Science and engineering professionals	583	538	4:
Life science and health professionals	1,525	701	82
Teaching professionals	7,776	4,293	3,483
Business and administration professionals	1,744	1,102	642
Information and communications technology professioanls	53	40	1
Legal social and cultural professionals	1,608	1,365	24
Science and engineering associate professionals	1,001	924	7
Health associate professionals	473	235	23
Business and administration associate professionals	1,074	768	30
Legal social cultural and related associate professionals	773	547	22
Information and communications technicians	187	148	3
General and keyboard clerks	543	208	33
Customer service clerks	687	371	31
Numerical and material recording clearks	1,367	991	37
Other clerical support workers	181	112	6
Personal and protective services workers	7,731	1,074	6,65
Models salespersons and demonstrators	5,229	2,457	2,77
Personal care workrs	65	21	4
Protective service workers	3,709	3,500	20
Market oriented skilled agricultual worker	17,634	9,805	7,82
Market oriented skilled forestry fishery and hunting workers	8,661	7,961	70
Subsistence farmers fishers hunters and gatherers	109,682	46,768	62,91
Extraction and building trade workers	8,825	8,705	12
Metal machinery and relted workers	1,878	1,842	3
Precision handicrafts printingand related workers	2,129	793	1,33
Electrical and electronic trade workers	301	292	
Food processing wood working garment and other craft and relatd workers	2,286	822	1,46
Stationery plant and machinery operators	1,841	1,783	5
Assemblers	83	76	,
Drivers and mobile plant operators	3,283	3,269	1

P7.7: Population 12 years and older by main occupation and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Occupation	Total	Male	Female
Cleaners and helpers	10,733	1,157	9,576
Agircultural forestry and fishery labourers	2,283	1,747	536
Labourers in mining construction manufacturing and transport	900	632	268
Food preparation assistants	70	21	49
Street and related service workers	20	9	11
Refuse workers and other elementary workers	809	615	194

P7.8: Population 12 years and older by main occupation and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pr	ovince					
Occupation						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	210,385	10,629	33,306	11,970	10,829	1,285	38,090	58,519	15,326	9,625	20,806
Armed Forces	315	6	18	9	48	-	174	34	7	4	15
Non-Commissioned armed forces officers	9	3	3	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	-
Armed forces occupations other ranks	28	-	4	3	6	-	3	8	-	2	2
Legislators and senior officials	988	31	102	41	17	10	111	109	31	44	492
Corporate managers	747	27	87	35	8	2	63	67	19	16	423
General Managers	229	8	62	9	2	-	19	14	14	10	91
Retail and other services manager	342	12	68	8	2	1	21	63	12	12	143
Physical mathematical and engineering science professionals	583	58	68	21	6	-	76	45	26	12	271
Life science and health professionals	1,525	87	233	83	62	24	161	313	66	85	411
Teaching professionals	7,776	409	1,257	386	419	104	1,222	1,985	655	334	1,005
Other professionals	1,744	42	182	25	19	1	240	105	42	29	1,059
Informations and communications technology professionals	53	2	10	-	1	-	7	-	-	1	32
Legal social and cultural professionals	1,608	102	264	80	73	24	221	288	67	128	361
Physical and engineering science technicians	1,001	20	295	22	29	-	172	66	11	3	383
Life science and health associate professionals (except nursing)	473	19	56	14	35	3	21	77	37	6	205
Teaching associate professionals	1,074	32	161	31	35	21	150	113	40	10	481
Other associate professionals	773	27	91	60	33	1	80	164	49	20	248
Information and communications technicians	187	4	18	4	1	3	25	18	6	2	106
Office Clerks	543	17	49	20	4	-	71	44	13	18	307
Customer service clerks	687	4	95	32	8	1	67	111	30	11	328
Numerical and material recoring clerks	1,367	81	223	64	35	5	285	346	65	41	222
Other clerical support workers	181	3	11	5	13	2	6	18	11	-	112

P7.8: Population 12 years and older by main occupation and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

					Pı	ovince					
Occupation						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Personal and protective services workers	7,731	126	1,454	205	83	76	1,287	1,172	433	1,324	1,571
Models salespersons and demonstrators	5,229	151	696	155	81	19	711	835	202	120	2,259
Personal care workers	65	1	15	3	-	-	8	7	4	1	26
Protective service workers	3,709	92	417	57	87	9	784	358	74	45	1,786
Market oriented skilled agricultual and fishery worker	17,634	531	4,679	520	1,310	8	5,272	3,507	1,024	450	333
Subsistence agircultural and fishery workers	8,661	655	2,455	934	872	29	585	2,194	426	325	186
Subsistence farmers fishers hunters and gathers	109,682	6,442	13,412	7,454	6,970	665	19,855	39,870	9,721	4,032	1,261
Extraction and building trade workers	8,825	635	1,659	644	161	44	1,243	1,857	836	153	1,593
Metal machinery and relted workers	1,878	91	317	114	55	3	308	231	121	15	623
Precision handicrafts printingand related workers	2,129	50	756	57	14	109	44	766	26	76	231
Other craft and related trades workers	301	3	45	4	5	-	44	18	1	5	176
Food processing wood working garment and other craft and related	2,286	118	842	125	33	2	262	395	100	30	379
Stationery plant and related oeprators	1,841	291	451	190	10	2	424	261	92	21	99
Machine operators and assembleers	83	13	3	-	-	-	20	13	4	-	30
Drivers and mobile plant operators	3,283	169	510	169	49	7	714	466	145	36	1,018
Sales and services elementary occupations	10,733	145	1,409	220	154	108	1,446	2,122	725	2,189	2,215
Agircultural fishery and related labourers	2,283	87	605	138	75	-	950	228	121	7	72
Labourers in mining construction manufacturing and transport	900	12	135	7	2	1	581	60	18	2	82
Food preparation	70	-	7	13	-	-	3	9	11	-	27
Street and related sales and service worker	20	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	17
Refuse workers and other elementary workers	809	23	80	9	12	1	351	161	41	6	125

P7.9: Population 12 years and older by main industry and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009

Industry	Total	Male	Female
Total	210,385	107,692	102,693
Crop and animal production hunting and related service activities	124,502	54,818	69,684
Forestry and logging	5,442	5,183	259
Fishing and aquaculture	11,607	9,440	2,167
Mining and coal lignite	8	8	-
Extration of crude petroleum and natural gas	6	5	1
Mining and metal ores	115	78	37
Other mininga and quarrying	387	235	152
Mining support serices activities	133	93	40
Manufacture of offd products	1,778	567	1,211
Manufacture of beverages	94	67	27
Manufacture of tobacco products	81	68	13
Manufacture of textiles	120	19	101
Manufacture of wearing apparel	105	28	77
Manufacture of leather and related products	7	2	5
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture; manufature of rticles fo straw and plaiting materials	2,347	2,243	104
Manufacture of paper and paper products	8	6	2
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	76	56	20
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	26	21	5
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	41	30	11
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemicals and botanical products	50	29	21
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	9	5	4
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	142	92	50
Manufacture of basic metals	53	41	12
MAnufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	38	34	4
Manufacture of computer electroni and optical products	5	4	1
Manufacture of electrical equipment	8	7	1
Manufacture of machinery and equipment	43	40	3
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	26	26	-
Manufacture of other transport equipment	124	121	3
Manufacture of furniture	149	146	3
Other manufacturing	683	207	476
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	401	381	20
Electricity gas steam adn air conditioning supply	373	337	36
Water collection treatment and supply	69	57	12
Sewerage	-	-	-
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	25	21	4
Remediation activities and other waste management services	7	5	2

P7.9: Population 12 years and older by main industry and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Industry	Total	Male	Female
Construction of buildings	8,104	7,964	140
Civil engineering	283	262	21
Specialized construction activities	253	242	11
Wholes ale adn retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	804	783	21
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	477	379	98
Retail trade except of motor vehicles adn motorcycles	7,636	3,936	3,700
Land transport and transport via pipelines	-	-	-
Water transport	-	-	-
Air trasnport	-	-	-
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	-	-	-
Postal and courier activities	-	-	-
Accomodation	777	413	364
Food and beverage services activities	697	165	532
Publishing activties	82	62	20
Motion picture video and television programme productin etc	47	42	5
Programming and broadcasting activities	83	59	24
Telecommunications	385	305	80
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	82	60	22
Information services activities	128	72	56
Financial services activities except insurance and pension funding	406	199	207
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory social security	32	18	14
Activities to financial services and insurance activities	59	33	26
Real estate activities	16	13	3
Legal and accounting activities	285	179	106
Activties of head offices; management consultancy activties	64	39	25
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and anlysis	93	85	8
Scientific research and development	5	4	1
Advertising and market reserach	9	7	2
Other professional scinetific and technical activties	34	21	13
Veterinary activities	1	-	1
Rental and leasing activities	6	5	1
Employment activitiies	45	39	6
Travel agency tour operator reservation services and related activities	46	33	13
Security and investigation activities	1,932	1,878	54
Services to buildings and landscape activities	82	70	12
Office administrative office support and other business support activities	138	96	42
Public Administration and defence	6,940	5,205	1,735
Education	7,709	4,306	3,403

P7.9: Population 12 years and older by main industry and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Industry	Total	Male	Female
Human Health activities	1,908	889	1,019
Residentail care activities	13	7	6
Social work activities without accomodation	26	21	5
Creative arts and entertain activities	135	100	35
Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities	79	31	48
Gambling and betting activities	125	52	73
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	190	134	56
Activities of members organisations	2,565	2,070	495
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	5	5	-
Other personal service activities	183	137	46
Activities of households as employess of domestic personnel	1,042	268	774
Undifferentiated goods-producing activities of private households for own use	16,405	1,895	14,510
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	881	589	292

P7.10: Population 12 years and older by main industry and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

12 years and older by main industry and province, Solomon Islands: 2009						rovince					
						Rennell/			Makira/		
Industry	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita		Temotu	Honiara
Total	210,385	10,629	33,306	11,970	10,829	1,285	38,090	58,519	15,326	9,625	20,806
Crop and animal production hunting and related service activities	124,502	6,893	17,679	7,596	8,197	640	24,038	42,941	10,643	4,273	1,602
Forestry and logging	5,442	547	1,995	742	23	9	478	805	585	17	241
Fishing and aquaculture	11,607	683	2,659	1,188	1,053	62	2,782	2,237	287	511	145
Mining and coal lignite	8	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	5
Extration of crude petroleum and natural gas	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	4
Mining and metal ores	115	1	6	7	-	-	82	-	-	-	19
Other mininga and quarrying	387	-	1	4	-	-	378	-	-	-	4
Mining support serices activities	133	-	3	-	4	-	96	6	4	1	19
Manufacture of offd products	1,778	27	799	68	41	1	179	310	29	17	307
Manufacture of beverages	94	1	-	1	1	-	27	1	1	-	62
Manufacture of tobacco products	81	-	2	-	-	-	18	3	-	-	58
Manufacture of textiles	120	1	63	1	1	-	13	9	5	3	24
Manufacture of wearing apparel	105	4	27	1	4	-	13	20	2	7	27
Manufacture of leather and related products	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	5
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture; manufature of rticles fo straw and plaiting materials	2,347	268	515	161	33	1	552	382	217	37	181
Manufacture of paper and paper products	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	6
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	76	-	1	2	-	-	8	5	-	-	60
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	26	-	-	-	1	-	13	-	-	-	12
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	41	-	5	-	-	-	11	6	2	-	17
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemicals and botanical products	50	1	4	-	-	-	36	6	2	-	1
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	9	1	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	142	8	24	8	9	-	31	39	10	2	11
Manufacture of basic metals	53	-	4	-	-	-	4	-	7	-	38
MAnufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	38	-	2	-	10	-	-	2	-	-	24
Manufacture of computer electroni and optical products	5	-	1	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-
Manufacture of electrical equipment	8	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	6

P7.10: Population 12 years and older by main industry and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

17.10: 1 opinition 12 years and order by main industry and province, son	,					ovince Rennell/			Makira/		
Industry	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel			Guadalcanal	Malaita		Temotu	Honiara
Manufacture of machinery and equipment	43	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	26	2	-	2	-	-	7	6	1	-	8
Manufacture of other transport equipment	124	15	39	1	19	-	12	23	4	4	7
Manufacture of furniture	149	10	28	5	2	-	19	26	2	5	52
Other manufacturing	683	1	13	2	1	-	18	621	-	6	21
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	401	15	48	13	24	-	54	52	17	-	178
Electricity gas steamadn air conditioning supply	373	3	62	4	15	-	70	17	1	6	195
Water collection treatment and supply	69	1	4	1	1	-	7	8	-	1	46
Sewerage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	25	-	5	-	-	-	1	2	3	-	14
Remediation activities and other waste management services	7	-	2	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	1
Construction of buildings	8,104	611	1,490	626	146	41	1,103	1,750	801	136	1,400
Civil engineering	283	7	57	10	1	1	49	55	7	3	93
Specialized construction activities	253	2	37	2	3	-	44	17	8	1	139
Wholesale adn retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	804	49	120	8	5	2	166	113	18	12	311
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	477	3	20	-	-	-	33	9	1	15	396
Retail trade except of motor vehicles adn motorcycles	7,636	250	1,400	209	96	128	1,031	1,335	219	200	2,768
Land transport and transport via pipelines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air trasnport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Postal and courier activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accomodation	777	16	220	3	29	3	127	45	6	6	322
Food and beverage services activities	697	14	85	123	16	-	65	93	24	4	273
Publishing activties	82	-	6	-	-	-	10	3	1	2	60
Motion picture video and television programme productin etc	47	-	6	1	1	-	9	5	3	-	22
Programming and broadcasting activities	83	2	3	2	-	-	5	2	-	1	68

P7.10: Population 12 years and older by main industry and province, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

						ovince					
						Rennell/			Makira/		
Industry	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel			Guadalcanal	Malaita		Temotu	Honiara
Telecommunications	385	6	56	9	16	4	34	50	10	4	196
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	82	1	9	2	3	2	5	5	1	2	52
Information services activities	128	7	14	5	6	-	22	29	10	6	29
Financial services activities except insurance and pension funding	406	3	31	4	3	-	36	37	4	3	285
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory social security	32	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	-	27
Activities to financial services and insurance activities	59	1	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	1	53
Real estate activities	16	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	13
Legal and accounting activities	285	8	30	10	11	-	29	38	11	5	143
Activties of head offices; management consultancy activties	64	-	2	-	1	-	3	7	2	1	48
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and anlysis	93	4	10	3	3	-	13	7	2	-	51
Scientific research and development	5	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	1
Advertising and market reserach	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	7
Other professional scinetific and technical activties	34	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	28
Veterinary activities	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rental and leasing activities	6	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Employment activities	45	-	9	-	2	1	2	-	8	-	23
Travel agency tour operator reservation services and related activities	46	-	15	1	1	-	4	3	-	-	22
Security and investigation activities	1,932	23	156	19	58	-	518	143	29	11	975
Services to buildings and landscape activities	82	-	27	2	-	1	22	4	4	1	21
Office administrative office support and other business support activities	138	3	3	2	4	-	26	25	1	-	74
Public Administration and defence	6,940	193	639	193	150	57	1,111	1,029	218	246	3,104
Education	7,709	404	1,253	368	412	91	1,215	1,902	662	312	1,090
Human Health activities	1,908	107	302	100	94	11	181	400	90	78	545
Residentail care activities	13	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	-	1	7
Social work activities without accomodation	26	-	5	2	-	-	1	-	3	5	10
Creative arts and entertain activities	135	3	33	-	1	-	11	11	1	2	73
Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities	79	-	9	3	2	-	6	9	17	4	29
Gambling and betting activities	125	1	1	-	-	_	8	5	1	-	109
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	190	-	22	2	11	-	36	10	4	1	104
Activities of members organisations	2,565	140	387	103	117	45	430	503	126	159	555
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	5	-	-	-	-	_	2	-	_	-	3
Other personal service activities	183	3	16	7	_	_	30	24	4	_	99
Activities of households as employess of domestic personnel	1,042	35	109	13	12	6	186	115	50	30	486
Undifferentiated goods-producing activities of private households for own use	16,405	222	2,653	314	178	179	2,358	3,131	1,132	3,474	2,764
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	881	26	75	13	5	-	181	66	22	7	486

P7.11: Population 12 years and older by sex who did not work during the week before the census and did not have a job, and whether actively looking for work, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence		Total			Yes		No				
rrace of restuence	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		
Total	132,039	66,339	65,700	4,884	2,786	2,098	127,155	63,553	63,602		
Choiseul	6,515	3,119	3,396	152	92	60	6,363	3,027	3,336		
Western	18,095	8,726	9,369	505	327	178	17,590	8,399	9,191		
Isabel	5,548	2,748	2,800	203	92	111	5,345	2,656	2,689		
Central	6,325	3,155	3,170	108	55	53	6,217	3,100	3,117		
Rennell-Bellona	781	379	402	13	7	6	768	372	396		
Guadalcanal	23,043	11,736	11,307	696	425	271	22,347	11,311	11,036		
Malaita	29,924	15,796	14,128	545	338	207	29,379	15,458	13,921		
Makira-Ulawa	10,331	5,134	5,197	444	212	232	9,887	4,922	4,965		
Temotu	4,635	2,390	2,245	62	40	22	4,573	2,350	2,223		
Honiara	26,842	13,156	13,686	2,156	1,198	958	24,686	11,958	12,728		
Urban	37,722	18,508	19,214	2,812	1,601	1,211	34,910	16,907	18,003		
Rural	94,317	47,831	46,486	2,072	1,185	887	92,245	46,646	45,599		

P7.12: Population 12 years and older who did not work during the week before the census and did not have a job by age and sex and whether actively looking for work, Solomon Islands: 2009

•		Total			Yes		No			
Age Group	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
Total	132,039	66,339	65,700	4,884	2,786	2,098	127,155	63,553	63,602	
12 - 14	33,571	17,756	15,815	75	49	26	33,496	17,707	15,789	
15 - 19	38,702	20,417	18,285	648	340	308	38,054	20,077	17,977	
20 - 24	17,790	9,566	8,224	1,378	801	577	16,412	8,765	7,647	
25 - 29	9,920	4,565	5,355	1,019	553	466	8,901	4,012	4,889	
30 - 34	6,291	2,588	3,703	599	346	253	5,692	2,242	3,450	
35 - 39	4,742	1,922	2,820	428	242	186	4,314	1,680	2,634	
40 - 44	3,236	1,331	1,905	252	151	101	2,984	1,180	1,804	
45 - 49	2,774	1,179	1,595	209	131	78	2,565	1,048	1,517	
50 - 54	2,144	951	1,193	102	71	31	2,042	880	1,162	
55 - 59	2,112	930	1,182	77	50	27	2,035	880	1,155	
60 - 64	2,199	963	1,236	40	20	20	2,159	943	1,216	
65 - 69	2,229	1,035	1,194	38	23	15	2,191	1,012	1,179	
70 - 74	2,139	975	1,164	9	5	4	2,130	970	1,160	
75 - 79	1,945	957	988	8	4	4	1,937	953	984	
80 - 84	1,061	527	534	-	-	-	1,061	527	534	
85+	1,184	677	507	2	-	2	1,182	677	505	

P7.13: Population 12 years and older by sex who did not work during the week before the census and who did not look for work by reasons for not looking for work and those who actively look for work by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence	:	Full time		Retired/Old			Believe no work	Bad weather/ No		Actively Looking for
	Total	homemaker	Student	age	Disabled	Didn't want to work	available	transport	Other	work
Total	127,155	11,197	75,229	8,660	2,048	4,633	1,880	157	23,351	4,884
Choiseul	6,363	864	3,643	467	153	311	90	6	829	152
Western	17,590	1,748	10,697	1,131	383	869	307	19	2,436	505
Isabel	5,345	271	3,121	484	87	241	49	8	1,084	203
Central	6,217	716	3,667	670	84	225	89	3	763	108
Rennell-Bellona	768	61	518	74	32	9	2	2	70	13
Guadalcanal	22,347	2,002	13,595	1,352	309	775	264	28	4,022	696
Malaita	29,379	1,277	19,677	2,083	619	467	299	51	4,906	545
Makira-Ulawa	9,887	801	5,111	702	155	465	112	26	2,515	444
Temotu	4,573	93	3,116	504	128	83	12	6	631	62
Honiara	24,686	3,364	12,084	1,193	98	1,188	656	8	6,095	2,156
Urban	34,910	4,812	17,432	1,723	218	1,614	938	17	8,156	2,812
Rural	92,245	6,385	57,797	6,937	1,830	3,019	942	140	15,195	2,072
Male										
Total	63,553	1,839	41,043	3,994	1,150	2,943	1,216	79	11,289	2,786
Choiseul	3,027	156	1,866	189	85	230	67	4	430	92
Western	8,399	217	5,478	500	197	589	220	12	1,186	327
Isabel	2,656	57	1,650	189	50	138	21	7	544	92
Central	3,100	120	2,045	316	59	152	59	2	347	55
Rennell-Bellona	372	3	271	34	24	8	2	-	30	7
Guadalcanal	11,311	416	7,426	627	192	474	164	11	2,001	425
Malaita	15,458	358	11,023	950	337	342	213	24	2,211	338
Makira-Ulawa	4,922	148	2,828	345	76	309	55	12	1,149	212
Temotu	2,350	19	1,699	232	73	50	12	3	262	40
Honiara	11,958	345	6,757	612	57	651	403	4	3,129	1,198
Urban	16,907	552	9,630	873	123	916	592	9	4,212	1,601
Rural	46,646	1,287	31,413	3,121	1,027	2,027	624	70	7,077	1,185
Female										
Total	63,602	9,358	34,186	4,666	898	1,690	664	78	12,062	2,098
Choiseul	3,336	708	1,777	278	68	81	23	2	399	60
Western	9,191	1,531	5,219	631	186	280	87	7	1,250	178
Isabel	2,689	214	1,471	295	37	103	28	1	540	111
Central	3,117	596	1,622	354	25	73	30	1	416	53
Rennell-Bellona	396	58	247	40	8	1	-	2	40	6
Guadalcanal	11,036	1,586	6,169	725	117	301	100	17	2,021	271
Malaita	13,921	919	8,654	1,133	282	125	86	27	2,695	207
Makira-Ulawa	4,965	653	2,283	357	79	156	57	14	1,366	232
Temotu	2,223	74	1,417	272	55	33	-	3	369	22
Honiara	12,728	3,019	5,327	581	41	537	253	4	2,966	958
Urban	18,003	4,260	7,802	850	95	698	346	8	3,944	1,211
Rural	45,599	5,098	26,384	3,816	803	992	318	70	8,118	887

P7.14: Population 12 years and older who did not work during the week before the census and who did not look for work by age and sex and reasons for not looking for work, and those who actively look for work, Solomon Islands: 2009

		Full time		Retired/Old		Didn't want to	Believe no	Bad weather/ No		Actively looking
Age Group	Total	homemaker	Student	age	Disabled	work	work available	transport	Other	for work
Total	132,039	11,197	75,229	8,660	2,048	4,633	1,880	157	23,351	4,884
12 - 14	33,571	261	31,528	7	114	351	76	3	1,156	75
15 - 19	38,702	1,122	32,654	1	186	954	413	11	2,713	648
20 - 24	17,790	2,132	8,027	20	170	1,065	524	26	4,448	1,378
25 - 29	9,920	2,144	1,801	8	149	750	327	22	3,700	1,019
30 - 34	6,291	1,641	449	14	118	385	187	20	2,878	599
35 - 39	4,742	1,229	225	28	130	334	138	17	2,213	428
40 - 44	3,236	784	163	90	130	232	76	10	1,499	252
45 - 49	2,774	630	117	134	99	182	50	7	1,346	209
50 - 54	2,144	389	46	447	114	121	32	11	882	102
55 - 59	2,112	307	40	658	149	107	23	7	744	77
60 - 64	2,199	197	53	1,050	182	54	18	10	595	40
65 - 69	2,229	159	31	1,312	150	56	7	4	472	38
70 - 74	2,139	86	20	1,590	130	18	4	3	279	9
75 - 79	1,945	73	11	1,493	121	17	4	5	213	8
80 - 84	1,061	24	15	867	51	2	-	1	101	-
85+	1,184	19	49	941	55	5	1	-	112	2
Male										
Total	66,339	1,839	41,043	3,994	1,150	2,943	1,216	79	11,289	2,786
12 - 14	17,756	98	16,593	3	71	251	58	3	630	49
15 - 19	20,417	242	17,406	-	114	674	250	8	1,383	340
20 - 24	9,566	319	5,058	7	89	687	349	12	2,244	801
25 - 29	4,565	299	1,225	3	83	463	217	9	1,713	553
30 - 34	2,588	197	294	4	67	228	115	12	1,325	346
35 - 39	1,922	146	146	8	77	176	90	5	1,032	242
40 - 44	1,331	114	88	44	72	128	40	6	688	151
45 - 49	1,179	97	76	59	52	105	32	3	624	131
50 - 54	951	83	27	189	57	63	22	6	433	71
55 - 59	930	67	23	270	80	64	21	3	352	50
60 - 64	963	51	29	429	103	33	12	4	282	20
65 - 69	1,035	52	14	578	91	42	4	3	228	23
70 - 74	975	30	10	710	70	13	2	2	133	5
75 - 79	957	23	9	743	64	12	3	2	97	4
80 - 84	527	14	3	422	30	-	-	1	57	-
85+	677	7	42	525	30	4	1	-	68	-

P7.14: Population 12 years and older who did not work during the week before the census and who did not look for work by age and sex and reasons for not looking for work, and those who actively look for work, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Age Group	Total	Full time homemaker	Student	Retired/Old age	Disabled	Didn't want to work	Believe no work available	Bad weather/ No transport	Other	Actively looking for work
Female	1000	nomenanci	Statem	uge	District	WOLK	WOLL WILLIAM	truis por t	- Cuici	TOT WOTH
Total	65,700	9,358	34,186	4,666	898	1,690	664	78	12,062	2,098
12 - 14	15,815	163	14,935	4	43	100	18	-	526	26
15 - 19	18,285	880	15,248	1	72	280	163	3	1,330	308
20 - 24	8,224	1,813	2,969	13	81	378	175	14	2,204	577
25 - 29	5,355	1,845	576	5	66	287	110	13	1,987	466
30 - 34	3,703	1,444	155	10	51	157	72	8	1,553	253
35 - 39	2,820	1,083	79	20	53	158	48	12	1,181	186
40 - 44	1,905	670	75	46	58	104	36	4	811	101
45 - 49	1,595	533	41	75	47	77	18	4	722	78
50 - 54	1,193	306	19	258	57	58	10	5	449	31
55 - 59	1,182	240	17	388	69	43	2	4	392	27
60 - 64	1,236	146	24	621	79	21	6	6	313	20
65 - 69	1,194	107	17	734	59	14	3	1	244	15
70 - 74	1,164	56	10	880	60	5	2	1	146	4
75 - 79	988	50	2	750	57	5	1	3	116	4
80 - 84	534	10	12	445	21	2	-	-	44	-
85+	507	12	7	416	25	1	-	-	44	2

P7.15: Population 12 years and older by type of economic activity and inactivity by place of residence by sex, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of		Total				1	Economically	Active						Inactive	
residence		1044			Total			Working		U	nemployed				
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	342,424	174,031	168,393	215,269	110,478	104,791	210,385	107,692	102,693	4,884	2,786	2,098	127,155	63,553	63,602
Choiseul	17,144	8,681	8,463	10,781	5,654	5,127	10,629	5,562	5,067	152	92	60	6,363	3,027	3,336
Western	51,401	26,736	24,665	33,811	18,337	15,474	33,306	18,010	15,296	505	327	178	17,590	8,399	9,191
Isabel	17,518	8,847	8,671	12,173	6,191	5,982	11,970	6,099	5,871	203	92	111	5,345	2,656	2,689
Central	17,154	8,602	8,552	10,937	5,502	5,435	10,829	5,447	5,382	108	55	53	6,217	3,100	3,117
Rennell-Bellona	2,066	1,053	1,013	1,298	681	617	1,285	674	611	13	7	6	768	372	396
Guadalcanal	61,133	31,348	29,785	38,786	20,037	18,749	38,090	19,612	18,478	696	425	271	22,347	11,311	11,036
Malaita	88,443	43,707	44,736	59,064	28,249	30,815	58,519	27,911	30,608	545	338	207	29,379	15,458	13,921
Makira-Ulawa	25,657	13,041	12,616	15,770	8,119	7,651	15,326	7,907	7,419	444	212	232	9,887	4,922	4,965
Temotu	14,260	6,740	7,520	9,687	4,390	5,297	9,625	4,350	5,275	62	40	22	4,573	2,350	2,223
Honiara	47,648	25,276	22,372	22,962	13,318	9,644	20,806	12,120	8,686	2,156	1,198	958	24,686	11,958	12,728

P7.16 Population 12 years and older by type of economic activity and inactivity by five year age group and sex, Solomon Islands: 2009

100		Total					Ecomic	ally Active						Inactive	
Age Group								Working		U	nemployed				
ОГОПР	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	342,424	174,031	168,393	215,269	110,478	104,791	210,385	107,692	102,693	4,884	2,786	2,098	127,155	63,553	63,602
12 - 14	35,838	18,840	16,998	2,342	1,133	1,209	2,267	1,084	1,183	75	49	26	33,496	17,707	15,789
15 - 19	51,212	26,189	25,023	13,158	6,112	7,046	12,510	5,772	6,738	648	340	308	38,054	20,077	17,977
20 - 24	45,419	22,399	23,020	29,007	13,634	15,373	27,629	12,833	14,796	1,378	801	577	16,412	8,765	7,647
25 - 29	42,674	20,794	21,880	33,773	16,782	16,991	32,754	16,229	16,525	1,019	553	466	8,901	4,012	4,889
30 - 34	37,592	18,807	18,785	31,900	16,565	15,335	31,301	16,219	15,082	599	346	253	5,692	2,242	3,450
35 - 39	33,151	17,010	16,141	28,837	15,330	13,507	28,409	15,088	13,321	428	242	186	4,314	1,680	2,634
40 - 44	23,638	12,070	11,568	20,654	10,890	9,764	20,402	10,739	9,663	252	151	101	2,984	1,180	1,804
45 - 49	19,713	10,189	9,524	17,148	9,141	8,007	16,939	9,010	7,929	209	131	78	2,565	1,048	1,517
50 - 54	14,339	7,498	6,841	12,297	6,618	5,679	12,195	6,547	5,648	102	71	31	2,042	880	1,162
55 - 59	11,787	6,111	5,676	9,752	5,231	4,521	9,675	5,181	4,494	77	50	27	2,035	880	1,155
60 - 64	8,916	4,535	4,381	6,757	3,592	3,165	6,717	3,572	3,145	40	20	20	2,159	943	1,216
65 - 69	7,021	3,693	3,328	4,830	2,681	2,149	4,792	2,658	2,134	38	23	15	2,191	1,012	1,179
70 - 74	4,698	2,402	2,296	2,568	1,432	1,136	2,559	1,427	1,132	9	5	4	2,130	970	1,160
75 - 79	3,374	1,784	1,590	1,437	831	606	1,429	827	602	8	4	4	1,937	953	984
80 - 84	1,525	800	725	464	273	191	464	273	191	-	-	-	1,061	527	534
85+	1,527	910	617	345	233	112	343	233	110	2	-	2	1,182	677	505

P8.1: Total population by 5 year age group and whether biological mother is still alive, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province										Age G	roup								
Trovince	Total	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Solomon Islands																			
Total	515,870	76,227	71,126	61,931	51,212	45,419	42,674	37,592	33,151	23,638	19,713	14,339	11,787	8,916	7,021	4,698	3,374	1,525	1,527
Living	419,207	75,604	69,939	60,301	48,961	41,877	37,531	30,430	24,004	13,739	8,848	4,183	2,301	862	413	113	61	23	17
Dead	96,663	623	1,187	1,630	2,251	3,542	5,143	7,162	9,147	9,899	10,865	10,156	9,486	8,054	6,608	4,585	3,313	1,502	1,510
Choiseul																			
Total	26,372	4,035	3,842	3,262	2,506	1,993	1,955	1,828	1,757	1,269	1,056	754	642	452	444	263	179	64	71
Living	21,656	4,012	3,790	3,191	2,419	1,891	1,757	1,570	1,329	813	472	235	117	38	16	5	1	-	-
Dead	4,716	23	52	71	87	102	198	258	428	456	584	519	525	414	428	258	178	64	71
Western																			
Total	76,649	11,057	10,416	9,196	7,835	6,136	5,871	5,333	5,059	4,125	3,250	2,326	1,827	1,390	1,094	778	569	214	173
Living	63,334	10,999	10,311	9,008	7,560	5,694	5,320	4,552	3,868	2,677	1,744	859	449	186	73	22	10	1	1
Dead	13,315	58	105	188	275	442	551	781	1,191	1,448	1,506	1,467	1,378	1,204	1,021	756	559	213	172
Isabel																			
Total	26,158	3,756	3,626	3,059	2,419	1,929	1,969	1,955	1,778	1,177	1,076	880	749	562	445	311	246	106	115
Living	21,301	3,733	3,579	3,001	2,327	1,820	1,783	1,658	1,375	760	566	332	229	75	41	10	7	3	2
Dead	4,857	23	47	58	92	109	186	297	403	417	510	548	520	487	404	301	239	103	113
Central																			
Total	26,051	3,908	3,708	3,132	2,328	1,913	2,059	1,955	1,854	1,217	1,054	742	645	502	379	261	195	87	112
Living	21,202	3,892	3,660	3,070	2,240	1,794	1,851	1,646	1,356	782	466	232	114	59	33	4	2	1	-
Dead	4,849	16	48	62	88	119	208	309	498	435	588	510	531	443	346	257	193	86	112
Rennell-Bellona																			
Total	3,041	384	397	438	260	216	151	203	171	120	131	133	135	93	49	62	57	31	10
Living	2,338	381	392	426	253	209	138	174	140	77	55	48	35	8	2	-	-	-	-
Dead	703	3	5	12	7	7	13	29	31	43	76	85	100	85	47	62	57	31	10

P8.1: Total population by 5 year age group and whether biological mother is still alive, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province										Age G	roup								
Trovince	Total	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Guadalcanal																			
Total	93,613	14,712	13,111	11,171	9,252	8,720	7,954	6,978	6,102	4,191	3,377	2,182	1,824	1,262	1,123	759	469	181	245
Living	77,588	14,588	12,889	10,872	8,840	8,092	7,032	5,603	4,420	2,462	1,588	638	353	111	61	26	7	5	1
Dead	16,025	124	222	299	412	628	922	1,375	1,682	1,729	1,789	1,544	1,471	1,151	1,062	733	462	176	244
Malaita																			
Total	137,596	21,043	20,335	17,978	13,935	11,099	10,455	9,239	7,808	5,622	4,865	3,809	3,239	2,783	2,078	1,361	985	527	435
Living	108,719	20,832	19,911	17,402	13,247	10,099	8,947	7,081	5,231	2,719	1,748	815	403	173	73	20	9	5	4
Dead	28,877	211	424	576	688	1,000	1,508	2,158	2,577	2,903	3,117	2,994	2,836	2,610	2,005	1,341	976	522	431
Makira-Ulawa																			
Total	40,419	6,842	5,838	4,783	3,540	3,349	3,379	3,022	2,554	1,664	1,440	1,022	881	660	568	345	280	120	132
Living	32,916	6,764	5,712	4,654	3,360	3,063	2,922	2,456	1,832	929	620	286	170	74	49	5	13	3	4
Dead	7,503	78	126	129	180	286	457	566	722	735	820	736	711	586	519	340	267	117	128
Temotu																			
Total	21,362	2,920	3,096	2,569	2,037	1,536	1,516	1,350	1,384	1,041	909	727	628	436	353	298	241	137	184
Living	16,835	2,902	3,061	2,511	1,961	1,427	1,336	1,112	1,036	621	403	239	143	46	26	6	3	-	2
Dead	4,527	18	35	58	76	109	180	238	348	420	506	488	485	390	327	292	238	137	182
Honiara																			
Total	64,609	7,570	6,757	6,343	7,100	8,528	7,365	5,729	4,684	3,212	2,555	1,764	1,217	776	488	260	153	58	50
Living	53,318	7,501	6,634	6,166	6,754	7,788	6,445	4,578	3,417	1,899	1,186	499	288	92	39	15	9	5	3
Dead	11,291	69	123	177	346	740	920	1,151	1,267	1,313	1,369	1,265	929	684	449	245	144	53	47

P8.2: Total population by 5 year age group and whether biological father is still alive, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province									Age	e Group									
	Total	0 - 4	5-9	10 -14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Solomon Islands																			
Total	515,870	76,227	71,126	61,931	51,212	45,419	42,674	37,592	33,151	23,638	19,713	14,339	11,787	8,916	7,021	4,698	3,374	1,525	1,527
Living	377,320	73,398	67,945	57,839	46,194	38,098	32,389	24,649	17,888	9,177	5,421	2,238	1,154	448	285	87	56	18	36
Dead	138,550	2,829	3,181	4,092	5,018	7,321	10,285	12,943	15,263	14,461	14,292	12,101	10,633	8,468	6,736	4,611	3,318	1,507	1,491
Choiseul																			
Total	26,372	4,035	3,842	3,262	2,506	1,993	1,955	1,828	1,757	1,269	1,056	754	642	452	444	263	179	64	71
Living	19,408	3,929	3,722	3,062	2,323	1,677	1,486	1,248	947	506	298	103	65	20	17	4	1	-	-
Dead	6,964	106	120	200	183	316	469	580	810	763	758	651	577	432	427	259	178	64	71
Western																			
Total	76,649	11,057	10,416	9,196	7,835	6,136	5,871	5,333	5,059	4,125	3,250	2,326	1,827	1,390	1,094	778	569	214	173
Living	57,451	10,780	10,100	8,770	7,227	5,341	4,654	3,770	3,003	1,847	1,104	459	242	90	39	10	9	2	4
Dead	19,198	277	316	426	608	795	1,217	1,563	2,056	2,278	2,146	1,867	1,585	1,300	1,055	768	560	212	169
Isabel																			
Total	26,158	3,756	3,626	3,059	2,419	1,929	1,969	1,955	1,778	1,177	1,076	880	749	562	445	311	246	106	115
Living	18,724	3,627	3,457	2,900	2,203	1,656	1,552	1,326	997	454	291	119	74	34	19	11	1	-	3
Dead	7,434	129	169	159	216	273	417	629	781	723	785	761	675	528	426	300	245	106	112
Central																			
Total	26,051	3,908	3,708	3,132	2,328	1,913	2,059	1,955	1,854	1,217	1,054	742	645	502	379	261	195	87	112
Living	19,374	3,799	3,597	2,992	2,141	1,669	1,668	1,360	1,079	496	314	142	47	20	36	2	10	2	-
Dead	6,677	109	111	140	187	244	391	595	775	721	740	600	598	482	343	259	185	85	112
Rennell-Bellona																			
Total	3,041	384	397	438	260	216	151	203	171	120	131	133	135	93	49	62	57	31	10
Living	1,992	369	378	400	240	194	112	130	78	31	27	18	14	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dead	1,049	15	19	38	20	22	39	73	93	89	104	115	121	92	49	62	57	31	10

P8.2: Total population by 5 year age group and whether biological father is still alive, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province									Age	Group									
Trovince	Total	0 - 4	5-9	10 -14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Guadalcanal																			
Total	93,613	14,712	13,111	11,171	9,252	8,720	7,954	6,978	6,102	4,191	3,377	2,182	1,824	1,262	1,123	759	469	181	245
Living	70,011	14,193	12,515	10,428	8,393	7,329	5,971	4,546	3,314	1,665	962	377	178	54	44	20	11	5	6
Dead	23,602	519	596	743	859	1,391	1,983	2,432	2,788	2,526	2,415	1,805	1,646	1,208	1,079	739	458	176	239
Malaita																			
Total	137,596	21,043	20,335	17,978	13,935	11,099	10,455	9,239	7,808	5,622	4,865	3,809	3,239	2,783	2,078	1,361	985	527	435
Living	98,225	20,305	19,387	16,632	12,371	8,987	7,576	5,564	3,709	1,817	1,020	442	215	108	50	20	8	4	10
Dead	39,371	738	948	1,346	1,564	2,112	2,879	3,675	4,099	3,805	3,845	3,367	3,024	2,675	2,028	1,341	977	523	425
Makira-Ulawa																			
Total	40,419	6,842	5,838	4,783	3,540	3,349	3,379	3,022	2,554	1,664	1,440	1,022	881	660	568	345	280	120	132
Living	29,631	6,409	5,461	4,399	3,196	2,798	2,587	2,029	1,359	628	392	167	103	55	33	5	4	1	5
Dead	10,788	433	377	384	344	551	792	993	1,195	1,036	1,048	855	778	605	535	340	276	119	127
Temotu																			
Total	21,362	2,920	3,096	2,569	2,037	1,536	1,516	1,350	1,384	1,041	909	727	628	436	353	298	241	137	184
Living	15,085	2,815	2,964	2,413	1,843	1,314	1,146	875	757	427	283	131	68	20	9	9	6	-	5
Dead	6,277	105	132	156	194	222	370	475	627	614	626	596	560	416	344	289	235	137	179
Honiara																			
Total	64,609	7,570	6,757	6,343	7,100	8,528	7,365	5,729	4,684	3,212	2,555	1,764	1,217	776	488	260	153	58	50
Living	47,419	7,172	6,364	5,843	6,257	7,133	5,637	3,801	2,645	1,306	730	280	148	46	38	6	6	4	3
Dead	17,190	398	393	500	843	1,395	1,728	1,928	2,039	1,906	1,825	1,484	1,069	730	450	254	147	54	47

P8.3: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and whether ever given birth by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Di	•		•					A	ge Group		•					
Place of residence	Total	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Solomon Islands																
Total	151,395	25,023	23,020	21,880	18,785	16,141	11,568	9,524	6,841	5,676	4,381	3,328	2,296	1,590	725	617
Yes	103,164	1,999	10,855	16,024	16,349	14,683	10,757	8,905	6,388	5,305	4,018	3,080	2,136	1,451	658	556
No	48,231	23,024	12,165	5,856	2,436	1,458	811	619	453	371	363	248	160	139	67	61
Choiseul																
Total	7,557	1,260	989	950	901	864	634	498	365	331	229	237	138	102	30	29
Yes	5,729	138	619	822	841	819	604	485	349	315	224	229	132	97	28	27
No	1,828	1,122	370	128	60	45	30	13	16	16	5	8	6	5	2	2
Western																
Total	22,085	3,806	3,049	2,885	2,562	2,421	1,933	1,477	1,073	874	663	504	371	271	114	82
Yes	16,083	354	1,716	2,345	2,324	2,277	1,852	1,423	1,034	847	630	478	351	266	109	77
No	6,002	3,452	1,333	540	238	144	81	54	39	27	33	26	20	5	5	5
Isabel																
Total	7,835	1,159	1,075	1,048	973	834	568	529	425	343	254	223	153	130	62	59
Yes	5,911	96	631	853	910	785	549	507	414	328	239	213	146	123	61	56
No	1,924	1,063	444	195	63	49	19	22	11	15	15	10	7	7	1	3
Central																
Total	7,667	1,147	974	1,143	1,027	896	605	519	376	272	247	176	117	91	46	31
Yes	5,474	79	443	884	909	829	580	483	352	255	224	165	112	87	43	29
No	2,193	1,068	531	259	118	67	25	36	24	17	23	11	5	4	3	2
Rennell-Bellona																
Total	892	119	110	69	101	85	59	72	55	54	49	36	36	30	16	1
Yes	655	7	42	61	95	71	57	64	52	51	48	36	33	27	10	1
No	237	112	68	8	6	14	2	8	3	3	1	-	3	3	6	-

P8.3: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and whether ever given birth by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Di e : i									Age Group		,			,	,	
Place of residence	Total	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85+
Guadalcanal																
Total	26,645	4,555	4,317	4,056	3,473	2,917	1,997	1,607	943	902	616	546	339	203	77	97
Yes	18,319	451	2,187	3,040	3,067	2,726	1,875	1,502	888	850	576	509	313	181	69	85
No	8,326	4,104	2,130	1,016	406	191	122	105	55	52	40	37	26	22	8	12
Malaita																
Total	40,008	6,776	5,872	5,515	4,778	3,914	2,956	2,513	1,987	1,660	1,450	992	719	459	234	183
Yes	26,696	466	2,781	3,939	4,121	3,460	2,697	2,301	1,813	1,509	1,286	894	663	395	206	165
No	13,312	6,310	3,091	1,576	657	454	259	212	174	151	164	98	56	64	28	18
Makira																
Total	11,344	1,693	1,741	1,756	1,492	1,263	818	699	505	438	316	243	158	120	53	49
Yes	8,301	201	1,014	1,416	1,349	1,164	746	658	484	410	293	217	147	113	49	40
No	3,043	1,492	727	340	143	99	72	41	21	28	23	26	11	7	4	9
Temotu																
Total	6,807	1,035	834	893	748	761	551	477	376	328	220	169	157	122	67	69
Yes	4,813	60	362	680	647	690	517	452	355	314	205	157	145	108	59	62
No	1,994	975	472	213	101	71	34	25	21	14	15	12	12	14	8	7
Honiara																
Total	20,555	3,473	4,059	3,565	2,730	2,186	1,447	1,133	736	474	337	202	108	62	26	17
Yes	11,183	147	1,060	1,984	2,086	1,862	1,280	1,030	647	426	293	182	94	54	24	14
No	9,372	3,326	2,999	1,581	644	324	167	103	89	48	44	20	14	8	2	3
Urban																
Total	32,060	5,470	5,984	5,464	4,249	3,447	2,353	1,799	1,168	813	546	356	219	119	44	29
Yes	18,403	282	1,812	3,227	3,354	2,984	2,124	1,647	1,049	740	488	324	198	109	39	26
No	13,657	5,188	4,172	2,237	895	463	229	152	119	73	58	32	21	10	5	3
Rural																
Total	119,335	19,553	17,036	16,416	14,536	12,694	9,215	7,725	5,673	4,863	3,835	2,972	2,077	1,471	681	588
Yes	84,761	1,717	9,043	12,797	12,995	11,699	8,633	7,258	5,339	4,565	3,530	2,756	1,938	1,342	619	530
No	34,574	17,836	7,993	3,619	1,541	995	582	467	334	298	305	216	139	129	62	58

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Women	n by number	of children e	ver born aliv	ve				
Age of Women	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Solomon Island															
Total	151,395	432,103	48,231	16,513	15,436	14,968	15,041	12,487	9,879	7,202	4,769	3,018	1,933	932	986
15 - 19	25,023	2,543	23,024	1,556	363	62	15	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	23,020	19,364	12,165	5,534	3,224	1,375	475	160	61	20	3	3	-	-	-
25 - 29	21,880	40,822	5,856	4,240	4,620	3,653	2,037	936	346	109	53	17	7	3	3
30 - 34	18,785	57,768	2,436	1,972	2,931	3,690	3,547	2,141	1,181	513	214	86	45	16	13
35 - 39	16,141	63,901	1,458	1,055	1,641	2,436	3,152	2,570	1,834	968	560	267	121	50	29
40 - 44	11,568	54,097	811	497	888	1,309	1,953	1,971	1,579	1,122	698	380	196	85	79
45 - 49	9,524	48,744	619	375	526	851	1,460	1,502	1,430	1,128	716	426	264	96	131
50 - 54	6,841	36,460	453	308	350	506	801	1,120	1,048	854	576	373	238	120	94
55 - 59	5,676	31,596	371	247	290	385	625	764	856	761	525	365	243	122	122
60 - 64	4,381	25,204	363	207	220	242	364	492	597	635	445	331	228	127	130
65 - 69	3,328	19,972	248	188	131	161	250	343	415	476	380	301	219	97	119
70 - 74	2,296	13,992	160	155	114	138	159	209	227	295	254	218	157	92	118
75 - 79	1,590	9,541	139	88	68	86	116	159	170	185	198	145	107	63	66
80 - 84	725	4,317	67	43	41	41	49	70	79	73	74	66	59	29	34
85+	617	3,782	61	48	29	33	38	47	56	63	73	40	49	32	48
Choiseul															
Total	7,557	24,256	1,828	908	801	869	872	704	513	379	249	189	118	54	73
15 - 19	1,260	168	1,122	111	25	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	989	1,003	370	352	180	63	18	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29	950	2,077	128	203	239	218	99	41	18	1	2	0	1	0	0
30 - 34	901	2,936	60	88	145	206	205	113	49	21	12	2	0	0	0
35 - 39	864	3,375	45	67	96	149	188	149	92	35	23	12	5	3	0
40 - 44	634	2,927	30	23	40	97	140	106	74	58	27	22	11	3	3
45 - 49	498	2,570	13	16	30	48	91	88	86	56	34	18	10	1	7
50 - 54	365	2,028	16	16	12	25	36	80	53	50	29	26	13	5	4
55 - 59	331	2,011	16	3	8	28	38	51	47	45	33	22	21	8	11
60 - 64	229	1,499	5	6	11	10	19	33	30	40	21	16	16	10	12
65 - 69	237	1,637	8	7	9	11	19	16	28	32	30	29	21	12	15
70 - 74	138	932	6	9	3	6	9	8	15	27	12	18	7	7	11
75 - 79	102	717	5	5	1	4	6	10	9	7	17	20	6	4	8
80 - 84	30	201	2	0	0	2	2	0	6	7	3	2	6	0	0
85+	29	175	2	2	2	1	1	3	6	0	6	2	1	1	2

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	Total	Total number of	<u>,</u>	5 -						ever born aliv		,)
Age of Women	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Western															
Total	22,085	66,024	6,002	2,510	2,544	2,349	2,453	2,065	1,536	1,040	644	405	250	131	156
15 - 19	3,806	427	3,452	291	55	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	3,049	2,864	1,333	943	505	199	47	11	7	3	1	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,885	5,550	540	632	798	511	281	89	25	4	4	-	1	-	-
30 - 34	2,562	7,866	238	245	477	581	537	263	145	41	22	7	4	1	1
35 - 39	2,421	9,344	144	155	270	443	526	431	259	105	47	26	7	4	4
40 - 44	1,933	8,711	81	65	171	256	395	378	273	172	90	31	13	4	4
45 - 49	1,477	7,283	54	54	99	129	277	301	228	159	91	53	19	5	8
50 - 54	1,073	5,755	39	43	49	82	141	227	175	142	80	31	34	15	15
55 - 59	874	5,110	27	15	37	49	109	153	153	129	83	59	26	19	15
60 - 64	663	4,000	33	17	32	42	64	78	116	100	58	49	28	18	28
65 - 69	504	3,305	26	15	13	16	31	65	72	70	74	45	38	17	22
70 - 74	371	2,540	20	14	9	13	24	33	41	47	51	48	33	13	25
75 - 79	271	1,854	5	15	18	14	11	22	23	45	25	34	26	18	15
80 - 84	114	793	5	3	8	7	4	9	13	13	11	11	13	8	9
85+	82	622	5	3	3	1	4	5	6	10	7	11	8	9	10
Isabel															
Total	7,835	24,846	1,924	911	883	863	828	757	590	433	298	160	86	40	62
15 - 19	1,159	122	1,063	75	16	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,075	1,024	444	353	188	72	12	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,048	2,008	195	235	284	218	73	21	13	3	2	3	-	-	1
30 - 34	973	2,952	63	104	195	244	213	96	28	19	7	3	1	-	-
35 - 39	834	3,272	49	35	88	158	208	142	88	34	19	9	1	-	3
40 - 44	568	2,784	19	17	27	68	108	108	101	65	33	13	7	1	1
45 - 49	529	2,956	22	19	13	30	63	104	103	73	50	28	13	2	9
50 - 54	425	2,423	11	12	15	17	44	106	79	60	37	20	17	3	4
55 - 59	343	1,956	15	10	15	9	47	55	69	55	31	15	11	3	8
60 - 64	254	1,490	15	12	9	9	17	46	38	43	27	17	7	6	8
65 - 69	223	1,375	10	11	10	11	18	30	23	32	32	19	10	7	10
70 - 74	153	915	7	12	13	9	8	14	20	16	22	12	5	6	9
75 - 79	130	794	7	5	5	8	11	15	17	14	21	11	8	7	1
80 - 84	62	392	1	4	1	4	3	9	8	11	7	8	3	2	1
85+	59	383	3	7	4	1	3	6	2	8	10	2	3	3	7

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Women	by number of	f children ev	er born aliv	e			-	
Age of Women	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Central															
Total	7,667	22,572	2,193	762	875	888	855	693	494	378	222	135	76	37	59
15 - 19	1,147	113	1,068	52	22	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	974	811	531	215	143	48	25	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29	1,143	2,138	259	240	290	203	86	44	8	10	2	0	0	1	0
30 - 34	1,027	3,245	118	96	152	238	187	109	85	20	13	6	3	0	0
35 - 39	896	3,552	67	51	89	166	162	164	104	48	24	12	5	2	2
40 - 44	605	2,847	25	19	73	57	135	91	79	54	36	14	8	3	11
45 - 49	519	2,522	36	23	27	87	88	69	59	46	31	22	5	5	21
50 - 54	376	1,965	24	16	16	24	65	66	47	47	26	28	8	7	2
55 - 59	272	1,430	17	16	12	21	43	36	37	37	18	13	14	4	4
60 - 64	247	1,324	23	10	23	10	22	29	26	55	22	10	5	5	7
65 - 69	176	1,046	11	9	8	10	10	24	20	35	17	10	10	6	6
70 - 74	117	658	5	7	10	10	8	18	10	15	13	10	7	1	3
75 - 79	91	526	4	2	5	5	9	24	9	8	9	6	7	1	2
80 - 84	46	219	3	5	4	2	11	6	1	2	7	3	1	0	1
85+	31	176	2	1	1	4	2	7	3	1	4	1	3	2	0
Rennell-Bellona															
Total	892	2,985	237	85	95	66	105	82	70	45	52	27	22	4	2
15 - 19	119	7	112	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	110	70	68	19	19	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 29	69	183	8	10	14	16	12	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
30 - 34	101	371	6	9	16	10	29	14	11	3	2	0	0	1	0
35 - 39	85	290	14	3	13	7	20	17	5	3	3	0	0	0	0
40 - 44	59	260	2	6	6	7	11	7	7	5	7	1	0	0	0
45 - 49	72	297	8	1	10	3	19	13	9	4	2	2	1	0	0
50 - 54	55	258	3	3	2	8	5	10	16	5	2	0	1	0	0
55 - 59	54	213	3	15	5	4	5	3	5	5	5	4	0	0	0
60 - 64	49	293	1	2	7	1	2	4	11	6	2	9	3	1	0
65 - 69	36	242	-	2	2	4	1	6	0	1	7	3	10	0	0
70 - 74	36	220	3	5	1	2	0	1	0	6	8	6	3	0	1
75 - 79	30	201	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	6	11	1	1	2	1
80 - 84	16	72	6	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2	1	3	0	0
85+	1	8	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands; 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Wome	n by number	of children	ever born a	live				
Age of Women	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Guadalcanal															
Total	26,645	75,493	8,326	3091	2796	2669	2634	2151	1710	1261	821	556	335	153	142
15 - 19	4,555	592	4,104	344	79	23	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	4,317	3,968	2,130	1066	674	293	113	32	4	3	0	2	0	0	0
25 - 29	4,056	7,988	1,016	768	826	700	433	211	62	21	13	3	2	1	0
30 - 34	3,473	11,145	406	361	522	661	644	430	259	112	42	18	10	4	4
35 - 39	2,917	12,335	191	181	296	418	562	450	368	203	130	72	24	14	8
40 - 44	1,997	9,601	122	89	153	213	301	366	282	197	125	86	35	14	14
45 - 49	1,607	8,552	105	56	74	117	238	249	233	229	138	77	47	19	25
50 - 54	943	5,180	55	38	50	84	95	136	138	118	97	64	37	22	9
55 - 59	902	5,167	52	43	42	55	98	115	143	111	87	69	42	23	22
60 - 64	616	3,690	40	38	27	38	40	56	92	86	59	49	55	18	18
65 - 69	546	3,280	37	39	17	24	53	44	65	82	57	58	37	17	16
70 - 74	339	1,897	26	33	19	24	27	27	23	56	36	27	21	10	10
75 - 79	203	1,190	22	15	6	6	13	23	23	25	23	21	13	3	10
80 - 84	77	414	8	8	6	6	3	5	8	7	9	6	6	4	1
85+	97	494	12	12	5	7	10	6	10	11	5	4	6	4	5
Malaita															
Total	40,008	122,382	13,312	3796	3357	3482	3613	3269	2852	2258	1631	1034	709	357	338
15 - 19	6,776	603	6,310	359	86	14	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 - 24	5,872	5,474	3,091	1275	786	427	177	76	26	11	2	1	0	0	0
25 - 29	5,515	11,306	1,576	871	968	890	608	357	156	58	19	7	2	1	2
30 - 34	4,778	16,082	657	434	570	809	888	662	389	208	83	42	23	8	5
35 - 39	3,914	16,745	454	222	292	462	626	601	505	342	222	98	57	23	10
40 - 44	2,956	15,083	259	128	174	244	359	453	414	335	261	157	95	47	30
45 - 49	2,513	13,710	212	99	115	179	293	317	371	318	243	153	122	45	46
50 - 54	1,987	11,045	174	87	100	116	177	251	300	267	202	133	87	50	43
55 - 59	1,660	9,369	151	75	89	113	149	184	209	211	168	122	95	47	47
60 - 64	1,450	8,134	164	78	62	78	127	134	185	186	160	110	67	53	46
65 - 69	992	5,664	98	67	42	48	78	90	118	148	98	89	52	28	36
70 - 74	719	4,386	56	48	31	43	55	71	67	78	78	64	56	33	39
75 - 79	459	2,452	64	22	20	35	42	31	58	57	50	27	27	13	13
80 - 84	234	1,278	28	12	15	15	17	29	31	18	19	22	11	6	11
85+	183	1,051	18	19	7	9	12	11	23	21	26	9	15	3	10

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.) Place of residence Total Total number of Women by number of children ever born alive Age of Women number of Children ever born alive women or more Makira-Ulawa Total 11,344 35,009 3,043 1,383 1,269 1,174 1,157 15 - 19 1,693 1,492 1,741 20 - 24 1.796 25 - 29 1,756 3,644 30 - 34 1,492 4,812 35 - 39 1,263 5,276 40 - 44 4,027 3,835 45 - 49 50 - 54 2,825 55 - 59 2,565 2,047 60 - 64 65 - 69 1,445 1,014 70 - 74 75 - 79 80 - 84 85 +Temotu Total 6,807 20,145 1,994 1,035 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 1.535 30 - 34 2,100 35 - 39 2,729 2,349 40 - 44 45 - 49 2.249 1.945 50 - 54 55 - 59 1,698 60 - 64 1,246 65 - 69 1,048 70 - 74 75 - 79 80 - 84

85+

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	Total	Total number of	mber of Women by number of children ever born alive												
Age of Women	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Honiara															
Total	20,555	38,391	9,372	2,367	2,075	1,877	1,815	1,216	858	489	261	112	63	26	24
15 - 19	3,473	177	3,326	121	23	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	4,059	1,749	2,999	607	301	103	26	12	10	1	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,565	4,393	1,581	728	574	378	203	59	28	7	5	1	1	-	-
30 - 34	2,730	6,259	644	404	486	479	384	191	91	31	11	4	2	-	3
35 - 39	2,186	6,983	324	202	294	356	430	281	167	80	39	5	7	1	-
40 - 44	1,447	5,508	167	97	138	213	277	242	144	99	36	21	5	4	4
45 - 49	1,133	4,770	103	60	91	151	230	171	148	96	42	21	13	4	3
50 - 54	736	3,036	89	47	62	91	119	110	99	52	34	13	11	3	6
55 - 59	474	2,077	48	30	45	56	66	57	73	44	28	12	10	1	4
60 - 64	337	1,481	44	26	30	18	44	49	46	28	31	13	5	3	-
65 - 69	202	930	20	19	17	15	19	28	24	28	18	9	4	1	-
70 - 74	108	483	14	15	5	9	9	10	14	17	5	5	2	2	1
75 - 79	62	324	8	5	5	3	5	5	9	2	7	6	1	5	1
80 - 84	26	128	2	5	1	2	2	-	5	2	3	2	1	1	-
85+	17	93	3	1	3	1	-	1	-	2	2	-	1	1	2

P8.4: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence Age of Women	Total														
	number of	Children ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Urban															
Total	32,060	64,848	13,657	3,764	3,309	2,986	3,007	2,092	1,469	878	448	219	129	55	47
15 - 19	5,470	344	5,188	232	41	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	5,984	2,988	4,172	1,025	525	181	51	18	10	1	-	1	-	-	-
25 - 29	5,464	7,200	2,237	1,149	957	605	349	109	38	10	8	1	1	-	-
30 - 34	4,249	10,329	895	610	748	775	643	319	167	55	20	6	6	2	3
35 - 39	3,447	11,403	463	306	438	571	694	477	276	131	59	19	12	1	-
40 - 44	2,353	9,310	229	142	232	326	456	424	256	166	62	34	14	6	6
45 - 49	1,799	7,864	152	87	127	218	357	294	257	166	72	32	22	7	8
50 - 54	1,168	5,169	119	64	82	129	189	183	172	110	56	32	19	5	8
55 - 59	813	3,720	73	43	68	88	120	112	126	82	51	22	16	6	6
60 - 64	546	2,563	58	35	42	38	74	76	69	59	55	22	10	7	1
65 - 69	356	1,784	32	28	27	18	40	45	48	46	32	18	12	6	4
70 - 74	219	1,105	21	24	9	21	18	24	24	32	12	16	9	5	4
75 - 79	119	675	10	11	9	4	9	7	16	13	14	12	4	6	4
80 - 84	44	224	5	6	1	3	3	3	7	4	5	3	2	1	1
85+	29	170	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	2	3	2
Rural															
Total	119,335	367,255	34,574	12,749	12,127	11,982	12,034	10,395	8,410	6,324	4,321	2,799	1,804	877	939
15 - 19	19,553	2,199	17,836	1,324	322	56	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	17,036	16,376	7,993	4,509	2,699	1,194	424	142	51	19	3	2	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,416	33,622	3,619	3,091	3,663	3,048	1,688	827	308	99	45	16	6	3	3
30 - 34	14,536	47,439	1,541	1,362	2,183	2,915	2,904	1,822	1,014	458	194	80	39	14	10
35 - 39	12,694	52,498	995	749	1,203	1,865	2,458	2,093	1,558	837	501	248	109	49	29
40 - 44	9,215	44,787	582	355	656	983	1,497	1,547	1,323	956	636	346	182	79	73
45 - 49	7,725	40,880	467	288	399	633	1,103	1,208	1,173	962	644	394	242	89	123
50 - 54	5,673	31,291	334	244	268	377	612	937	876	744	520	341	219	115	86
55 - 59	4,863	27,876	298	204	222	297	505	652	730	679	474	343	227	116	116
60 - 64	3,835	22,641	305	172	178	204	290	416	528	576	390	309	218	120	129
65 - 69	2,972	18,188	216	160	104	143	210	298	367	430	348	283	207	91	115
70 - 74	2,077	12,887	139	131	105	117	141	185	203	263	242	202	148	87	114
75 - 79	1,471	8,866	129	77	59	82	107	152	154	172	184	133	103	57	62
80 - 84	681	4,093	62	37	40	38	46	67	72	69	69	63	57	28	33
85+	588	3,612	58	46	26	30	37	46	53	60	71	39	47	29	46

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence/ Age of women	Total	Total number of	·												
	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Solomon Islands															
Total	103,164	225,028	13,838	28,527	23,717	16,659	10,435	5,531	2,614	1,130	467	148	66	22	10
15 - 19	1,999	1,307	862	992	122	21	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	10,855	10,165	3,520	5,180	1,638	396	96	16	6	3	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,024	21,271	3,550	6,560	3,856	1,447	463	102	33	8	4	-	1	-	-
30 - 34	16,349	29,918	2,217	5,180	4,617	2,659	1,120	379	120	36	13	5	2	1	-
35 - 39	14,683	33,396	1,348	3,525	4,048	2,981	1,668	703	271	102	30	5	2	-	-
40 - 44	10,757	28,141	675	2,164	2,742	2,302	1,563	804	326	119	46	7	6	1	2
45 - 49	8,905	25,384	497	1,527	2,116	1,943	1,418	731	414	155	62	28	4	9	1
50 - 54	6,388	19,048	297	1,009	1,443	1,381	1,085	679	287	138	46	13	8	2	-
55 - 59	5,305	16,672	248	759	1,081	1,167	923	587	313	138	57	17	10	-	5
60 - 64	4,018	13,162	181	535	768	830	737	511	242	115	65	23	8	2	1
65 - 69	3,080	10,340	156	388	528	637	572	395	213	118	49	17	5	1	1
70 - 74	2,136	7,174	145	314	319	394	367	271	172	86	46	8	11	3	-
75 - 79	1,451	4,879	69	219	231	291	235	197	121	55	16	11	4	2	-
80 - 84	658	2,190	35	97	127	121	99	83	46	25	14	8	3	-	-
85+	556	1,981	38	78	81	89	87	73	50	32	19	6	2	1	-
Choiseul	-														
Total	5,729	12,671	735	1,572	1,362	908	592	290	141	74	35	15	1	4	-
15 - 19	138	91	53	79	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	619	534	215	300	82	18	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	822	1,116	150	357	219	72	17	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	841	1,514	115	257	257	137	51	18	4	2	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	819	1,727	96	205	229	157	87	30	10	5	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	604	1,508	33	128	195	113	73	31	19	7	4	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	485	1,367	22	81	127	109	79	36	19	5	5	1	-	1	-
50 - 54	349	1,067	12	54	62	90	73	33	16	7	1	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	315	1,061	10	32	67	72	62	33	18	12	7	2	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	788	8	25	44	41	47	31	8	9	3	7	-	1	-
65 - 69	229	862	7	25	33	40	51	31	19	13	6	2	1	1	-
70 - 74	132	470	9	11	20	27	25	20	8	7	4	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	97	354	3	15	10	22	13	16	11	4	2	-	-	1	-
80 - 84	28	111	-	1	7	6	6	-	4	2	2	-	-	-	-
85+	27	101	2	2	4	4	4	6	3	1	1	-	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/ Age of women	/ Total	Total number of					Women by	number of	male childre	n ever born	alive				
	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Western	-														
Total	16,083	34,368	2,243	4,387	3,865	2,616	1,528	792	395	159	56	24	15	2	1
15 - 19	354	230	150	181	20	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,716	1,496	590	834	236	44	7	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,345	2,913	559	966	581	183	48	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,324	3,993	339	745	718	343	130	35	11	2	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,277	4,873	225	586	656	461	219	79	39	10	1	1	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,852	4,528	139	383	506	406	243	122	41	10	1	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,423	3,833	95	241	357	329	221	103	53	21	1	1	1	-	-
50 - 54	1,034	3,015	51	139	265	231	174	119	31	18	4	2	-	-	-
55 - 59	847	2,676	24	109	184	206	155	94	50	16	4	3	2	-	-
60 - 64	630	2,079	21	77	144	123	121	73	37	11	15	5	2	-	1
65 - 69	478	1,744	15	40	80	109	92	66	38	22	10	3	3	-	-
70 - 74	351	1,317	10	34	57	83	55	45	31	17	10	2	5	2	-
75 - 79	266	945	19	30	30	62	38	33	34	15	2	3	-	-	-
80 - 84	109	392	4	13	26	18	15	11	11	3	3	3	2	-	-
85+	77	334	2	9	5	15	10	6	14	12	4	-	-	-	-
Isabel	-														
Total	5,911	12,853	799	1,611	1,369	972	612	315	137	58	22	6	3	7	-
15 - 19	96	68	39	48	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	631	539	222	304	87	12	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	853	1,036	201	375	197	60	16	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	910	1,532	137	299	281	121	58	12	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
35 - 39	785	1,649	71	206	239	154	80	29	5	-	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	549	1,479	28	102	133	140	80	36	22	5	3	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	507	1,554	23	80	104	118	98	37	24	14	2	-	-	7	-
50 - 54	414	1,249	15	59	86	107	78	43	17	6	2	-	1	-	-
55 - 59	328	988	17	41	71	90	45	42	13	7	1	-	1	-	-
60 - 64	239	799	12	28	43	57	39	32	11	7	8	1	1	-	-
65 - 69	213	693	11	22	50	38	38	32	13	6	2	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	146	458	9	25	25	28	22	17	16	3	-	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	123	419	6	11	25	21	28	16	11	3	2	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	61	194	2	6	13	14	16	6	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
85+	56	196	6	5	8	10	9	10	2	3	1	2	_	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of i	nale childre	n ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Central	-														
Total	5,474	11,769	691	1,592	1,253	900	562	276	112	44	34	9	1	-	-
15 - 19	79	58	28	46	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	443	397	161	199	60	15	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	884	1,147	185	417	168	78	26	6	3	-	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	909	1,725	107	297	231	184	47	35	5	3	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	829	1,861	79	181	258	168	92	29	13	5	3	-	1	-	-
40 - 44	580	1,429	31	134	175	101	78	45	9	5	2	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	483	1,299	31	107	115	102	59	27	23	5	14	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	352	1,033	17	57	70	87	65	35	11	7	2	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	255	754	18	41	52	52	49	18	14	7	2	2	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	708	11	31	36	44	63	22	12	2	2	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	165	570	8	20	31	22	38	28	7	3	5	3	-	-	-
70 - 74	112	313	10	27	17	18	18	10	8	4	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	87	262	-	24	15	15	15	10	5	2	-	1	-	-	-
80 - 84	43	110	5	5	16	6	4	5	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
85+	29	103	-	6	5	8	-	5	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
Rennell-Bellona	-														
Total	655	1,530	86	161	150	98	69	65	11	12	3	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	7	5	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	42	30	19	17	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	61	92	11	24	13	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	95	192	14	19	31	19	7	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	71	153	6	22	19	9	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	57	122	7	15	13	13	4	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	64	131	5	18	20	14	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	52	150	3	3	23	10	3	5	2	2	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	51	133	5	17	7	4	8	5	2	3	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	48	145	4	8	9	6	12	6	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	36	119	2	5	7	5	2	13	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	33	102	7	1	1	7	12	2	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	27	118	1	3	1	-	2	17	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	10	34	-	4	1	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
85+	1	4	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	Total	Total number of					Women b	y number of i	male childre	n ever born	alive				
Place of residence	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Age of women	women*	alive													or more
Guadalcanal	-														
Total	18,319	39,359	2,516	5,181	4,203	2,860	1,797	1,019	437	207	67	19	12	1	-
15 - 19	451	293	202	213	28	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,187	2,097	691	1,033	353	87	21	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,040	4,177	634	1,220	778	277	106	14	6	2	2	-	1	-	-
30 - 34	3,067	5,720	407	959	861	494	226	86	23	6	3	1	1	-	-
35 - 39	2,726	6,598	204	611	746	579	315	171	67	26	4	3	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,875	5,015	116	350	469	393	312	157	43	26	7	1	1	-	-
45 - 49	1,502	4,483	64	244	347	331	239	150	77	30	10	7	2	1	-
50 - 54	888	2,655	39	167	170	182	161	91	50	22	5	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	850	2,710	40	108	182	184	143	101	57	20	11	1	3	-	-
60 - 64	576	1,919	32	84	92	118	79	99	31	30	9	2	-	-	-
65 - 69	509	1,657	33	74	81	88	101	66	43	19	4	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	313	998	25	65	42	45	47	46	22	11	6	1	3	-	-
75 - 79	181	588	9	24	33	43	26	26	11	6	1	1	1	-	-
80 - 84	69	196	8	12	11	17	8	7	1	3	1	1	-	-	-
85+	85	253	12	17	10	14	13	5	5	5	4	-	-	-	-
Malaita	-														
Total	26,696	63,767	3,182	6,669	5,856	4,497	3,178	1,756	916	389	162	53	25	6	7
15 - 19	466	319	196	230	32	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,781	2,849	854	1,268	463	145	39	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,939	5,842	806	1,448	983	467	170	48	13	3	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	4,121	8,368	479	1,185	1,121	754	365	132	56	17	7	3	1	1	-
35 - 39	3,460	8,703	262	729	887	713	503	224	86	38	16	1	1	-	-
40 - 44	2,697	7,851	152	456	596	570	449	263	137	49	16	4	3	1	1
45 - 49	2,301	7,137	118	342	492	462	395	256	147	52	19	16	1	-	1
50 - 54	1,813	5,750	72	273	373	368	329	215	97	54	20	5	6	1	-
55 - 59	1,509	5,016	66	215	279	291	285	179	106	50	22	7	4	-	5
60 - 64	1,286	4,263	51	175	250	256	228	158	104	37	15	6	5	1	-
65 - 69	894	2,941	45	125	147	203	156	103	57	37	16	5	-	-	-
70 - 74	663	2,265	48	89	94	114	135	78	54	25	21	2	2	1	-
75 - 79	395	1,267	17	65	74	78	63	48	29	15	5	1	-	-	-
80 - 84	206	644	6	44	37	42	27	26	14	6	1	2	1	-	-
85+	165	552	10	25	28	27	33	18	12	6	3	1	1	1	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of	male childre	n ever born	alive			•	
Age of women	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Makira-Ulawa	-														
Total	8,301	18,199	1,143	2,306	1,872	1,321	810	440	226	107	56	12	5	1	2
15 - 19	201	126	88	100	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,014	951	302	516	162	27	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,416	1,850	325	563	357	125	35	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	1,349	2,499	187	395	392	235	100	30	6	3	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,164	2,774	95	258	307	270	135	58	27	12	2	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	746	2,122	28	135	191	158	122	64	28	11	7	-	1	-	1
45 - 49	658	1,979	37	105	129	151	117	55	39	16	7	2	-	-	-
50 - 54	484	1,517	28	64	114	94	74	56	29	12	9	3	1	-	-
55 - 59	410	1,323	21	58	75	87	73	48	25	13	9	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	1,050	7	27	44	72	60	46	21	6	9	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	217	723	9	32	34	54	36	23	13	11	2	1	1	-	1
70 - 74	147	524	8	25	23	21	14	22	19	10	5	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	113	413	3	16	19	19	27	9	8	4	3	2	2	1	-
80 - 84	49	196	2	7	6	4	7	10	6	6	-	1	-	-	-
85+	40	152	3	5	6	4	5	8	4	2	2	1	-	-	-
Temotu	-														
Total	4,813	10,483	588	1,320	1,169	820	470	276	115	33	16	4	2	-	-
15 - 19	60	32	33	22	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	362	329	114	182	53	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	680	809	168	293	163	42	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	647	1,136	85	219	182	111	36	8	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	690	1,391	73	197	199	128	66	18	6	2	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	517	1,250	33	122	137	114	67	28	13	-	2	-	1	-	-
45 - 49	452	1,139	25	82	144	92	69	27	10	2	1	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	355	1,009	10	60	96	82	46	43	14	4	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	314	892	14	49	72	81	52	31	13	1	1	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	205	626	11	29	37	52	39	20	9	7	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	157	553	6	17	21	40	27	25	12	5	2	2	-	-	-
70 - 74	145	492	7	15	24	33	26	24	9	6	-	-	1	-	-
75 - 79	108	343	5	20	17	21	17	16	8	3	-	1	-	-	-
80 - 84	59	242	3	4	8	8	8	15	6	1	6	-	-	-	-
<u>85+</u>	62	240	1	9	11	5	9	13	9	2	2	1	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of	male childre	n ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Honiara	-														
Total	11,183	20,029	1,855	3,728	2,618	1,667	817	302	124	47	16	6	2	1	-
15 - 19	147	85	71	68	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,060	943	352	527	137	36	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,984	2,289	511	897	397	133	36	6	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,086	3,239	347	805	543	261	100	19	8	2	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,862	3,667	237	530	508	342	162	59	18	4	2	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,280	2,837	108	339	327	294	135	54	13	6	4	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,030	2,462	77	227	281	235	136	39	21	10	3	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	647	1,603	50	133	184	130	82	39	20	6	2	-	-	1	-
55 - 59	426	1,119	33	89	92	100	51	36	15	9	-	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	785	24	51	69	61	49	24	9	5	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	182	478	20	28	44	38	31	8	9	2	2	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	94	235	12	22	16	18	13	7	4	1	-	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	54	170	6	11	7	10	6	6	3	1	1	2	1	-	-
80 - 84	24	71	5	1	2	6	7	1	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
85+	14	46	2	-	4	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.5: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residenc	e/ Total	Total number of					Women b	y number of	male childr	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	boys ever born	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	alive													or more
Urban	-														
Total	18,403	33,797	2,983	5,948	4,362	2,755	1,444	574	213	76	33	11	3	1	-
15 - 19	282	166	133	134	13	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,812	1,578	618	895	226	63	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,227	3,755	830	1,421	688	212	63	9	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,354	5,371	548	1,227	905	442	172	44	13	2	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,984	5,990	359	825	831	561	274	95	28	7	4	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,124	4,868	173	527	554	468	247	112	26	11	6	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,647	4,011	116	352	453	366	227	80	33	13	5	2	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,049	2,721	65	215	281	216	149	69	36	12	2	2	1	1	-
55 - 59	740	1,993	45	148	167	179	94	66	25	11	4	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	488	1,314	35	91	116	98	83	39	15	9	1	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	324	916	25	51	69	72	64	19	15	3	5	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	198	555	17	40	35	41	30	20	8	3	3	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	109	343	11	18	14	23	17	13	5	3	2	2	1	-	-
80 - 84	39	126	6	3	4	7	11	2	4	1	-	1	-	-	-
85+	26	90	2	1	6	5	5	4	2	-	-	-	1	-	-
Rural	-														
Total	84,761	191,231	10,855	22,579	19,355	13,904	8,991	4,957	2,401	1,054	434	137	63	21	10
15 - 19	1,717	1,141	729	858	109	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	9,043	8,587	2,902	4,285	1,412	333	88	14	6	3	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	12,797	17,516	2,720	5,139	3,168	1,235	400	93	30	7	4	-	1	-	-
30 - 34	12,995	24,547	1,669	3,953	3,712	2,217	948	335	107	34	12	5	2	1	-
35 - 39	11,699	27,406	989	2,700	3,217	2,420	1,394	608	243	95	26	5	2	-	-
40 - 44	8,633	23,273	502	1,637	2,188	1,834	1,316	692	300	108	40	7	6	1	2
45 - 49	7,258	21,373	381	1,175	1,663	1,577	1,191	651	381	142	57	26	4	9	1
50 - 54	5,339	16,327	232	794	1,162	1,165	936	610	251	126	44	11	7	1	-
55 - 59	4,565	14,679	203	611	914	988	829	521	288	127	53	16	10	-	5
60 - 64	3,530	11,848	146	444	652	732	654	472	227	106	64	22	8	2	1
65 - 69	2,756	9,424	131	337	459	565	508	376	198	115	44	16	5	1	1
70 - 74	1,938	6,619	128	274	284	353	337	251	164	83	43	7	11	3	-
75 - 79	1,342	4,536	58	201	217	268	218	184	116	52	14	9	3	2	-
80 - 84	619	2,064	29	94	123	114	88	81	42	24	14	7	3	-	-
85+	530	1,891	36	77	75	84	82	69	48	32	19	6	1	1	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 boys, but one or more girls.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of f	emale child	en ever bori	n alive	•			
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Solomon Islands															
Total	103,164	207,075	16,680	29,667	23,865	15,870	8,992	4,644	2,038	889	343	112	43	13	8
15 - 19	1,999	1,236	909	960	116	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	10,855	9,199	4,027	4,981	1,427	339	63	13	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,024	19,551	4,184	6,505	3,572	1,299	348	91	20	2	3	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	16,349	27,850	2,675	5,310	4,572	2,402	942	318	92	31	4	1	1	-	1
35 - 39	14,683	30,505	1,695	3,940	4,063	2,767	1,372	556	208	54	18	6	2	-	2
40 - 44	10,757	25,956	894	2,416	2,889	2,180	1,322	642	264	90	40	14	3	2	1
45 - 49	8,905	23,360	622	1,746	2,298	1,840	1,271	645	302	111	50	9	9	1	1
50 - 54	6,388	17,412	469	1,184	1,450	1,443	890	559	214	110	48	10	6	4	1
55 - 59	5,305	14,924	385	897	1,206	1,139	789	510	228	102	38	7	2	1	1
60 - 64	4,018	12,042	301	617	789	857	657	423	190	114	46	17	4	2	1
65 - 69	3,080	9,632	197	429	594	671	511	344	181	93	45	9	6	-	-
70 - 74	2,136	6,818	148	317	380	411	368	228	147	103	18	11	5	-	-
75 - 79	1,451	4,662	96	177	286	296	260	160	95	50	15	15	1	-	-
80 - 84	658	2,127	39	106	130	109	108	80	44	17	13	8	1	3	-
85+	556	1,801	39	82	93	105	89	75	48	12	5	5	3	-	-
Choiseul															
Total	5,729	11,585	989	1,590	1,294	855	515	268	135	52	18	6	7	-	-
15 - 19	138	77	70	62	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	619	469	242	304	58	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	822	961	243	315	176	64	18	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	841	1,422	144	265	240	116	57	14	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	819	1,648	113	207	235	154	69	22	13	4	1	1	-	-	-
40 - 44	604	1,419	45	140	171	123	74	36	13	2	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	485	1,203	34	95	147	94	67	30	14	2	2	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	349	961	30	59	85	63	49	38	22	1	1	-	1	-	-
55 - 59	315	950	19	40	69	84	43	30	18	8	3	-	1	-	-
60 - 64	224	711	15	29	42	50	40	25	10	6	4	1	2	-	-
65 - 69	229	775	17	31	31	48	34	35	18	7	4	2	2	-	-
70 - 74	132	462	8	20	18	19	29	13	10	13	1	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	97	363	5	12	11	16	20	13	10	7	1	1	1	-	-
80 - 84	28	90	1	4	5	8	3	5	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
85+	27	74	3	7	2	4	7	1	3	_	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residen	ce. Total	Total number of					Women by	number of f	emale childr	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Western															
Total	16,083	31,656	2,533	4,766	3,879	2,448	1,313	661	267	136	57	15	3	4	1
15 - 19	354	197	178	158	16	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,716	1,368	651	807	218	36	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,345	2,637	632	1,038	485	144	36	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,324	3,873	372	770	677	336	121	37	8	2	-	-	1	-	-
35 - 39	2,277	4,471	266	623	726	394	167	70	22	8	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,852	4,183	146	468	522	387	200	82	36	7	3	-	-	1	-
45 - 49	1,423	3,450	86	323	408	298	188	75	31	10	2	2	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,034	2,740	83	188	266	230	128	79	24	20	10	3	1	2	-
55 - 59	847	2,434	38	139	193	216	127	85	27	12	8	2	-	-	-
60 - 64	630	1,921	30	100	147	128	100	65	28	16	11	3	-	1	1
65 - 69	478	1,561	19	58	94	120	84	41	32	20	8	2	-	-	-
70 - 74	351	1,223	9	43	56	82	64	51	18	22	5	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	266	909	13	34	44	48	51	37	24	11	3	1	-	-	-
80 - 84	109	401	5	12	16	15	27	17	7	4	5	1	-	-	-
85+	77	288	5	5	11	13	16	14	7	4	1	-	1	-	-
Isabel															
Total	5,911	11,993	916	1,696	1,397	900	534	261	122	62	13	8	2	-	-
15 - 19	96	54	46	46	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	631	485	244	300	78	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	853	972	236	370	176	52	9	6	2	-	2	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	910	1,420	157	325	261	111	42	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	785	1,623	78	206	248	146	71	24	8	2	1	1	-	-	-
40 - 44	549	1,305	27	132	169	116	64	26	6	8	-	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	507	1,402	29	84	131	108	86	36	23	10	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	414	1,174	22	60	106	99	66	36	15	9	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	328	968	16	49	62	95	55	30	12	5	3	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	239	691	17	38	49	55	38	21	17	1	3	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	213	682	13	30	46	36	35	25	16	8	2	1	1	-	-
70 - 74	146	457	15	22	26	24	21	15	11	11	-	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	123	375	10	14	27	24	23	17	3	2	1	2	-	-	-
80 - 84	61	198	2	11	9	12	14	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-
85+	56	187	4	9	5	15	8	8	3	2	_	1	1	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	e Total	Total number of					Women by	number of fe	emale childr	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of women	girls ever born alive	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 or more
Central															
Total	5,474	10,803	862	1,546	1,401	845	454	213	81	39	24	4	4	-	1
15 - 19	79	55	37	29	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	443	414	153	203	58	21	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	884	991	256	357	199	57	11	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	909	1,520	151	287	281	128	37	15	6	4	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	829	1,691	103	214	231	161	78	33	8	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	580	1,418	36	148	170	96	71	28	12	9	8	1	1	-	-
45 - 49	483	1,223	40	94	144	89	60	27	15	7	5	-	2	-	-
50 - 54	352	932	21	75	76	87	48	30	9	4	1	-	-	-	1
55 - 59	255	676	16	50	66	51	41	16	10	4	-	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	616	20	37	48	62	23	19	5	4	3	2	1	-	-
65 - 69	165	476	13	16	39	50	21	17	4	1	4	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	112	345	7	15	26	15	27	13	5	2	2	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	87	264	4	11	19	20	19	9	2	2	1	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	43	109	4	6	18	3	7	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
85+	29	73	1	4	13	5	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rennell-Bellon	a														
Total	655	1,455	84	166	170	107	63	38	11	11	2	3	-	-	-
15 - 19	7	2	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	42	40	12	22	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	61	91	14	17	17	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	95	179	10	28	37	11	5	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	71	137	8	25	13	18	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	57	138	4	10	18	14	5	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	64	166	1	12	28	10	4	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	52	108	8	14	10	8	10	2	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
55 - 59	51	80	14	9	21	2	3	1	1	_	-	-	_	-	_
60 - 64	48	148	2	12	7	10	8	1	1	7	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	36	123	3	7	1	4	5	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	33	118	-	7	3	2	13	5	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	27	83	2	1	6	11	4	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	10	38	1	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
85+	1	4	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	e Total	Total number of					Women by	numer of fe	male childre	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women*	born alive													or more
Guadalcanal	-														
Total	18,319	36,134	3,058	5,343	4,186	2,800	1,563	792	353	138	63	15	6	-	2
15 - 19	451	299	194	222	28	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,187	1,871	810	993	298	66	17	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,040	3,811	776	1,192	715	260	79	15	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,067	5,425	452	989	863	480	186	64	26	6	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,726	5,737	300	739	734	529	260	105	43	10	4	2	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,875	4,586	163	401	500	374	237	131	42	14	10	2	-	-	1
45 - 49	1,502	4,069	108	262	368	330	222	129	51	19	10	1	2	-	-
50 - 54	888	2,525	64	148	178	203	151	85	36	18	4	1	-	_	-
55 - 59	850	2,457	63	150	180	172	118	93	42	21	8	1	1	-	1
60 - 64	576	1,771	42	78	115	122	99	61	32	15	9	3	-	-	-
65 - 69	509	1,623	30	62	105	116	85	51	27	23	7	1	2	-	-
70 - 74	313	899	29	59	50	66	50	24	27	6	1	-	1	_	-
75 - 79	181	602	15	16	29	42	38	17	13	4	4	3	-	_	_
80 - 84	69	218	5	15	12	9	9	8	5	2	4	-	-	_	_
85+	85	241	7	17	11	24	12	7	5	-	1	1	-	-	-
Malaita	-														
Total	26,696	58,615	3,874	6,973	6,004	4,413	2,708	1,534	719	299	103	45	15	7	2
15 - 19	466	284	212	225	28	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,781	2,625	958	1,234	425	130	23	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,939	5,464	887	1,491	955	418	140	40	7	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	4,121	7,714	595	1,213	1,155	681	307	120	33	15	1	1	-	-	-
35 - 39	3,460	8,042	333	830	882	700	404	192	84	22	8	2	2	-	1
40 - 44	2,697	7,232	209	498	669	553	381	212	115	34	13	10	2	1	-
45 - 49	2,301	6,573	160	405	491	490	361	209	116	44	16	4	3	1	1
50 - 54	1,813	5,295	115	306	357	451	262	180	70	39	23	5	3	2	-
55 - 59	1,509	4,353	124	236	329	294	240	158	82	34	11	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	1,286	3,871	104	192	247	260	210	157	56	44	9	6	1	-	-
65 - 69	894	2,723	72	139	160	164	164	105	59	15	13	2	1	-	-
70 - 74	663	2,121	51	90	128	134	93	73	47	32	7	6	2	-	-
75 - 79	395	1,185	23	55	101	79	61	38	20	12	1	5	-	-	-
80 - 84	206	634	16	33	44	32	36	24	11	4	1	2	-	3	-
85+	165	499	15	26	33	26	26	19	15	3	_	1	1	_	_

It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of fe	male childr	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Makira-Ulawa															
Total	8,301	16,810	1,354	2,404	1,830	1,281	728	409	176	78	29	8	4	-	-
15 - 19	201	138	79	108	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,014	845	382	460	137	30	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,416	1,794	338	575	341	127	25	7	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	1,349	2,313	220	432	363	217	89	20	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,164	2,502	117	306	313	232	124	58	10	4	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	746	1,905	63	152	181	152	110	52	22	9	5	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	658	1,856	33	119	163	143	95	65	20	9	7	2	2	-	-
50 - 54	484	1,308	40	90	109	105	65	41	22	9	2	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	410	1,242	30	53	84	92	62	56	18	11	4	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	997	18	29	41	70	55	41	25	11	3	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	217	722	10	27	39	44	46	25	12	9	4	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	147	490	9	24	20	31	24	16	12	8	-	1	2	-	-
75 - 79	113	366	13	18	13	18	20	11	12	5	1	2	-	-	-
80 - 84	49	175	2	8	6	10	6	6	9	-	1	1	-	-	-
85+	40	157	-	3	8	8	3	10	5	2	1	-	-	-	-
Temotu															
Total	4,813	9,662	779	1,377	1,126	720	444	215	88	40	13	6	2	2	1
15 - 19	60	38	24	34	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	362	276	153	153	47	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	680	726	211	277	141	42	6	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	647	964	124	235	178	76	25	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	690	1,338	88	209	187	119	58	17	10	1	-	-	-	-	1
40 - 44	517	1,099	61	125	143	101	59	20	7	1	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	452	1,110	32	100	118	93	70	25	10	2	2	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	355	936	32	67	75	75	62	29	8	5	1	-	1	-	-
55 - 59	314	806	22	66	85	55	51	21	8	4	-	1	-	1	-
60 - 64	205	620	11	42	36	35	41	21	10	5	1	2	-	1	-
65 - 69	157	495	4	19	38	46	15	20	5	8	2	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	145	455	9	23	29	24	28	13	10	7	2	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	108	361	5	9	26	25	15	15	5	5	2	1	-	-	-
80 - 84	59	207	1	10	12	13	3	11	4	1	1	2	1	-	-
85+	62	231	2	8	9	9	9	13	9	1	2	-	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

Place of residence	Total	Total number of					Women by	number of fe	male childr	en ever born	alive				
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Honiara															
Total	11,183	18,362	2,231	3,806	2,578	1,501	670	253	86	34	21	2	-	-	1
15 - 19	147	92	64	74	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,060	806	422	505	102	29	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,984	2,104	591	873	367	123	23	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,086	3,020	450	766	517	246	73	25	5	1	2	-	-	-	1
35 - 39	1,862	3,316	289	581	494	314	137	33	9	2	3	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,280	2,671	140	342	346	264	121	49	11	6	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,030	2,308	99	252	300	185	118	45	18	8	5	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	647	1,433	54	177	188	122	49	39	8	5	5	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	426	958	43	105	117	78	49	20	10	3	1	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	696	42	60	57	65	43	12	6	5	3	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	182	452	16	40	41	43	22	11	6	2	1	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	94	248	11	14	24	14	19	5	6	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	54	154	6	7	10	13	9	3	5	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	24	57	2	7	5	4	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	14	47	2	3	1	1	4	1	-	_	_	2	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.6: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children ever born alive by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residen	ce. Total	Total number of					Women by	number of f	female childi	en ever bor	n alive				
Age of women	number of	girls ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	women	born alive													or more
Urban															
Total	18,403	31,051	3,595	6,131	4,227	2,543	1,145	484	162	73	37	4	1	-	1
15 - 19	282	178	123	141	17	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,812	1,410	713	856	187	48	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,227	3,445	967	1,401	602	200	46	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,354	4,958	686	1,237	844	407	119	43	12	3	2	-	-	-	1
35 - 39	2,984	5,413	449	914	798	517	216	65	16	5	4	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,124	4,442	238	554	576	446	197	82	20	8	3	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,647	3,853	151	365	475	313	200	91	31	12	8	-	1	-	-
50 - 54	1,049	2,448	86	252	296	218	96	63	22	9	7	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	740	1,727	64	182	197	146	82	42	17	7	3	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	488	1,249	53	102	88	120	65	31	12	12	5	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	324	868	25	68	73	66	46	23	10	9	2	2	-	-	-
70 - 74	198	550	22	30	44	30	38	20	9	4	1	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	109	332	11	16	15	22	25	7	8	3	2	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	39	98	2	9	11	7	6	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	26	80	5	4	4	2	4	3	1	1	-	2	-	-	-
Rural															
Total	84,761	176,024	13,085	23,536	19,638	13,327	7,847	4,160	1,876	816	306	108	42	13	7
15 - 19	1,717	1,058	786	819	99	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	9,043	7,789	3,314	4,125	1,240	291	58	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	12,797	16,106	3,217	5,104	2,970	1,099	302	81	19	2	3	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	12,995	22,892	1,989	4,073	3,728	1,995	823	275	80	28	2	1	1	-	-
35 - 39	11,699	25,092	1,246	3,026	3,265	2,250	1,156	491	192	49	14	6	2	-	2
40 - 44	8,633	21,514	656	1,862	2,313	1,734	1,125	560	244	82	37	14	3	2	1
45 - 49	7,258	19,507	471	1,381	1,823	1,527	1,071	554	271	99	42	9	8	1	1
50 - 54	5,339	14,964	383	932	1,154	1,225	794	496	192	101	41	10	6	4	1
55 - 59	4,565	13,197	321	715	1,009	993	707	468	211	95	35	7	2	1	1
60 - 64	3,530	10,793	248	515	701	737	592	392	178	102	41	17	4	2	1
65 - 69	2,756	8,764	172	361	521	605	465	321	171	84	43	7	6	-	-
70 - 74	1,938	6,268	126	287	336	381	330	208	138	99	17	11	5	-	-
75 - 79	1,342	4,330	85	161	271	274	235	153	87	47	13	15	1	-	-
80 - 84	619	2,029	37	97	119	102	102	78	42	17	13	8	1	3	-
85+	530	1,721	34	78	89	103	85	72	47	11	5	3	3	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 girls, but one or more boys.

P8.7: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and total number of children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence	Total	Total number				7	Women by nu	umber of chi	ldren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Solomon Islands													
Total	103,164	21,744	87,977	10,907	2,884	885	323	96	50	21	8	6	7
15 - 19	1,999	64	1,943	48	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	10,855	473	10,443	356	51	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,024	1,198	15,026	842	126	22	5	1	1	1	-	-	-
30 - 34	16,349	1,799	14,899	1,191	207	40	5	3	-	2	-	-	2
35 - 39	14,683	2,176	12,971	1,386	242	53	17	9	3	-	2	-	-
40 - 44	10,757	2,223	9,105	1,276	255	76	32	1	9	2	1	-	-
45 - 49	8,905	2,293	7,220	1,266	295	90	20	5	4	3	1	1	-
50 - 54	6,388	1,899	4,976	1,080	235	69	15	6	3	1	2	-	1
55 - 59	5,305	2,036	3,902	993	290	71	30	5	5	2	2	5	-
60 - 64	4,018	1,820	2,840	774	267	76	39	12	5	4	-	-	1
65 - 69	3,080	1,697	2,026	636	273	91	37	11	3	3	-	-	-
70 - 74	2,136	1,579	1,265	444	256	102	43	16	8	1	-	-	1
75 - 79	1,451	1,244	769	335	197	103	33	10	4	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	658	607	327	162	103	37	20	7	1	1	-	-	-
85+	556	636	265	118	79	50	27	10	4	1	-	-	2
Choiseul													
Total	5,729	1,335	4,806	638	198	60	19	5	1	2	-	-	-
15 - 19	138	7	132	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	619	30	592	24	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	822	74	766	42	12	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	841	94	764	62	13	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	819	110	725	79	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	604	103	525	61	13	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	485	116	395	69	16	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	349	96	269	67	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	315	147	216	69	18	10	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	124	148	46	19	7	3	-	-	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	229	178	132	44	35	10	6	2	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	132	95	73	35	15	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	97	89	48	25	13	7	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	28	33	11	4	11	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	27	39	10	6	5	3	2	_	1	-	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence	Total	Total number				V	Vomen by nu	ımber of chi	ldren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Western													
Total	16,083	2,795	14,014	1,593	329	92	32	9	8	3	2	-	1
15 - 19	354	15	341	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,716	72	1,648	65	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,345	144	2,216	116	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,324	222	2,141	157	20	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,277	257	2,068	169	36	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,852	304	1,614	194	31	6	6	-	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,423	245	1,221	168	26	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,034	290	820	173	24	9	4	1	1	1	1	-	-
55 - 59	847	260	650	161	25	4	3	1	2	-	1	-	-
60 - 64	630	249	465	119	28	10	4	1	1	1	-	-	1
65 - 69	478	215	340	85	36	13	2	1	1	-	-	-	_
70 - 74	351	199	221	79	38	11	-	1	1	-	-	-	_
75 - 79	266	169	164	56	31	10	4	1	-	-	-	-	_
80 - 84	109	77	62	26	14	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	_
85+	77	77	43	14	5	8	6	1	-	-	-	-	_
Isabel													
Total	5,911	1,444	4,937	672	187	77	26	9	3	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	96	2	94	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	631	14	619	10	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	853	58	808	39	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	_
30 - 34	910	81	839	62	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	785	107	700	67	14	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	549	116	461	69	12	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	_
45 - 49	507	171	383	95	15	11	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	414	133	320	66	19	7	2	-	-	-	-	_	-
55 - 59	328	118	233	77	15	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	_
60 - 64	239	116	164	47	22	2	1	3	-	-	-	_	-
65 - 69	213	136	134	44	22	7	4	1	1	-	-	_	_
70 - 74	146	148	68	38	20	14	3	2	1	-	-	_	_
75 - 79	123	102	71	23	12	14	2	1	-	-	-	_	_
80 - 84	61	68	19	23	13	5	1	-	-	-	-	_	-
85+	56	74	24	10	11	5	4	1	1	_	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence	Total	Total number				V	Vomen by nu	ımber of chi	ldren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Central													
Total	5,474	1,250	4,584	656	153	61	7	5	5	2	1	-	-
15 - 19	79	3	77	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	443	28	420	18	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	884	61	834	45	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	909	114	817	77	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	829	173	694	113	15	3	-	3	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	580	147	472	84	18	4	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
45 - 49	483	149	384	67	14	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	352	101	278	57	12	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	255	95	187	49	14	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	90	160	47	11	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	165	117	95	42	19	4	3	-	1	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	112	72	73	16	13	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	87	61	46	26	11	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	43	19	32	5	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	29	20	15	9	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rennell-Bellona													
Total	655	206	509	106	22	16	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	42	1	41	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	61	6	55	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	95	7	88	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	71	13	61	8	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	57	13	48	7	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	64	23	45	15	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	52	20	33	18	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	51	10	42	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	48	27	32	7	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	36	12	28	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	33	22	16	14	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	27	44	7	7	2	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	10	8	5	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence/	Total	Total number					Women by n	umer of chil	dren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Guadalcanal													
Total	18,319	3,798	15,603	1,961	535	142	61	10	3	3	1	-	-
15 - 19	451	10	441	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,187	92	2,110	63	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,040	230	2,844	168	22	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,067	368	2,770	241	44	10	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,726	456	2,373	282	49	14	6	2	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,875	405	1,572	228	57	11	6	-	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,502	482	1,162	243	70	17	7	1	-	1	1	-	-
50 - 54	888	280	674	166	34	12	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	850	390	594	171	51	20	13	1	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	576	262	405	114	39	9	5	2	1	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	509	287	321	123	44	12	7	1	-	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	313	241	171	71	51	13	6	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	181	160	87	48	30	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	69	66	31	18	16	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	85	69	48	15	15	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Malaita													
Total	26,696	6,950	22,120	3,122	928	312	131	44	18	7	3	6	5
15 - 19	466	14	454	10	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,781	150	2,651	111	18	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,939	360	3,637	252	42	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	4,121	569	3,681	349	74	11	3	1	-	1	-	-	1
35 - 39	3,460	632	2,983	376	70	21	4	3	1	-	2	-	-
40 - 44	2,697	729	2,177	387	82	35	12	-	3	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	2,301	690	1,810	359	95	22	9	1	3	1	-	1	-
50 - 54	1,813	626	1,376	307	95	24	7	2	-	-	1	-	1
55 - 59	1,509	665	1,107	241	114	26	11	2	2	1	_	5	-
60 - 64	1,286	659	880	254	90	34	21	4	2	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	894	530	572	191	78	37	10	5	-	1	-	-	-
70 - 74	663	530	405	117	70	35	21	10	4	-	-	-	1
75 - 79	395	369	202	94	50	30	12	5	2	-	-	-	_
80 - 84	206	213	110	38	27	12	12	6	-	1	-	-	-
85+	165	214	75	36	21	16	9	5	1	_	_	_	2

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence	Total	Total number				V	Vomen by nu	ımber of chi	ldren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Makira-Ulawa													
Total	8,301	1,775	7,036	919	245	61	26	6	7	1	-	-	-
15 - 19	201	3	198	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,014	39	979	31	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,416	119	1,314	87	13	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	1,349	134	1,236	94	17	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,164	190	1,011	126	20	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	746	164	619	104	13	8	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	658	184	520	99	33	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	484	140	369	95	17	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	410	152	285	103	18	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	161	185	70	30	4	2	1	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	217	107	144	45	23	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	147	135	85	24	21	7	6	1	2	1	-	-	-
75 - 79	113	136	57	14	21	10	7	2	2	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	49	49	21	13	10	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	40	62	13	11	5	6	3	1	1	-	-	-	-
Temotu													
Total	4,813	1,046	4,035	584	143	37	9	3	1	-	1	-	-
15 - 19	60	5	56	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	362	14	349	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	680	40	648	26	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	647	69	589	48	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	690	67	626	61	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	517	98	443	56	15	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	452	105	367	71	10	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	355	104	273	66	10	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	314	118	229	60	22	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
60 - 64	205	70	154	37	11	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	157	58	115	31	7	3	1	-	-	-	-	=	-
70 - 74	145	94	83	38	18	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	108	80	52	36	16	4	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
80 - 84	59	60	21	27	3	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
85+	62	64	30	12	12	5	2	1	-	_	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence	Total	Total number				V	Vomen by nu	umber of chi	ldren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Honiara													
Total	11,183	1,145	10,333	656	144	27	10	5	4	3	-	-	1
15 - 19	147	5	143	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,060	33	1,034	21	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,984	106	1,904	61	16	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,086	141	1,974	94	14	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
35 - 39	1,862	171	1,730	105	20	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,280	144	1,174	86	13	2	2	-	3	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,030	128	933	80	12	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	647	109	564	65	13	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	426	81	359	54	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	62	247	33	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	182	57	145	26	7	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	94	43	70	12	8	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	54	34	35	6	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	24	14	15	5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	14	17	6	5	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence	Total	Total number				1	Women by nu	ımber of chil	dren dead				
Age of women	number of	of Chidren dead	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *												or more
Urban													
Total	18,403	2,057	16,829	1,237	254	50	18	7	4	3	-	-	1
15 - 19	282	10	273	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,812	58	1,766	36	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,227	174	3,089	110	24	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,354	243	3,157	167	22	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
35 - 39	2,984	288	2,750	194	32	3	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,124	256	1,919	173	24	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,647	260	1,443	167	28	5	1	1	1	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,049	184	906	114	21	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	740	149	615	103	20	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	488	98	414	53	18	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	324	119	244	56	15	4	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	198	94	147	23	19	5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	109	76	67	19	15	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	39	24	25	7	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	26	24	14	7	2	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Rural													
Total	84,761	19,687	71,148	9,670	2,630	835	305	89	46	18	8	6	6
15 - 19	1,717	54	1,670	40	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	9,043	415	8,677	320	43	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	12,797	1,024	11,937	732	102	19	5	1	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	12,995	1,556	11,742	1,024	185	34	4	3	-	2	-	-	1
35 - 39	11,699	1,888	10,221	1,192	210	50	13	8	3	-	2	-	-
40 - 44	8,633	1,967	7,186	1,103	231	73	30	1	6	2	1	-	-
45 - 49	7,258	2,033	5,777	1,099	267	85	19	4	3	2	1	1	-
50 - 54	5,339	1,715	4,070	966	214	64	13	5	3	1	2	-	1
55 - 59	4,565	1,887	3,287	890	270	69	30	5	5	2	2	5	-
60 - 64	3,530	1,722	2,426	721	249	73	39	12	5	4	-	-	1
65 - 69	2,756	1,578	1,782	580	258	87	33	10	3	3	-	-	-
70 - 74	1,938	1,485	1,118	421	237	97	41	14	8	1	-	-	1
75 - 79	1,342	1,168	702	316	182	97	32	9	4	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	619	583	302	155	98	36	19	7	1	1	-	-	-
85+	530	612	251	111	77	48	27	10	4	-	-	-	2

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Wome	en by numbe	r of male ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Solomon Islands													
Total	103,164	11,996	93,509	7,881	1,361	318	62	20	3	9	-	-	1
15 - 19	1,999	34	1,967	30	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	10,855	269	10,612	220	20	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,024	672	15,423	544	46	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	16,349	966	15,502	753	80	10	2	1	-	_	-	-	1
35 - 39	14,683	1,201	13,642	908	110	20	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	10,757	1,195	9,751	858	115	27	5	-	1	_	-	-	-
45 - 49	8,905	1,269	7,862	869	133	35	3	2	-	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	6,388	1,077	5,470	793	97	25	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	5,305	1,156	4,388	750	128	23	9	2	-	5	-	-	-
60 - 64	4,018	1,028	3,221	624	132	30	6	4	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	3,080	931	2,387	508	148	24	10	3	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	2,136	848	1,528	430	128	41	6	3	_	_	-	-	-
75 - 79	1,451	692	980	303	124	36	7	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	658	307	433	162	47	13	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	556	351	343	129	51	22	7	1	-	3	-	-	-
Choiseul	-												
Total	5,729	745	5,127	482	102	15	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	138	2	136	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	619	23	598	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	822	39	789	29	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	841	50	798	36	7	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
35 - 39	819	56	767	48	4	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
40 - 44	604	55	556	41	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	485	74	426	47	9	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
50 - 54	349	60	296	46	7	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
55 - 59	315	88	244	58	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	75	168	44	8	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	229	90	164	42	21	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	132	45	94	32	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	97	44	65	22	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	28	21	12	11	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	27	23	14	5	7	_	1	_	_	_	_	-	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Wome	en by numbe	r of male ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Western	-												
Total	16,083	1,539	14,806	1,068	170	28	8	3	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	354	10	345	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,716	36	1,682	33	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,345	78	2,271	70	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,324	115	2,217	99	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,277	146	2,146	117	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,852	161	1,710	127	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,423	140	1,298	111	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,034	159	905	108	14	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	847	141	730	102	10	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	630	136	521	89	15	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	478	120	384	70	23	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	351	112	268	61	18	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	266	93	199	43	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	109	45	80	17	9	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	77	47	50	13	9	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Isabel	-												
Total	5,911	777	5,276	524	88	15	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	96	1	95	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	631	9	623	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	853	29	829	21	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	910	47	867	40	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	785	62	731	47	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	549	71	487	53	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	507	107	418	76	10	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	414	67	357	50	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	328	55	277	48	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	239	64	188	40	10	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	213	71	161	37	13	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	146	78	87	45	10	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	123	47	90	20	12	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	61	34	32	26	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	56	35	34	13	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of	<u> </u>						ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Central	-												
Total	5,474	690	4,934	434	70	29	6	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	79	3	77	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	443	18	429	10	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	884	36	853	29	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	909	56	861	41	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	829	90	752	68	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	580	72	522	48	7	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	483	99	411	57	3	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	352	60	302	42	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	255	57	206	43	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	40	190	30	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	165	63	121	31	10	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	112	42	88	10	10	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	87	33	66	13	5	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	43	8	37	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	29	13	19	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rennell-Bellona	-												
Total	655	116	575	59	6	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	42	1	41	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	61	4	57	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	95	4	91	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	71	10	63	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	57	7	52	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	64	8	59	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	52	8	44	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	51	5	46	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	48	13	38	8	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
65 - 69	36	7	30	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	33	6	28	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	27	37	12	4	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	10	6	6	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	1	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Wom	en by numbe	er of male ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Guadalcanal	-												
Total	18,319	2,117	16,572	1,450	238	50	5	3	1	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	451	6	445	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,187	52	2,139	45	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,040	144	2,908	122	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,067	203	2,892	151	21	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,726	251	2,511	184	26	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,875	217	1,688	165	18	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,502	256	1,300	157	36	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	888	164	744	128	12	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	850	224	672	140	30	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	576	153	459	92	19	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	509	158	386	96	22	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	313	133	209	80	20	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	181	89	113	53	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	69	30	46	16	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	85	37	60	15	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaita	-												
Total	26,696	3,857	23,727	2,334	464	130	22	9	1	8	-	-	1
15 - 19	466	4	462	4			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,781	80	2,705	72	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,939	188	3,773	146	18	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	4,121	308	3,859	232	23	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
35 - 39	3,460	344	3,169	248	35	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,697	397	2,377	258	47	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	2,301	381	1,991	259	40	7	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,813	348	1,523	243	39	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	1,509	390	1,229	212	50	9	4	-	-	5	-	-	-
60 - 64	1,286	391	996	215	55	16	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	894	303	680	153	40	15	5	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	663	283	477	118	43	22	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	395	208	254	89	41	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	206	101	137	46	15	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	165	131	95	39	14	11	3	1	_	2	_	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Wome	en by numbe	r of male ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Makira-Ulawa	-												
Total	8,301	952	7,512	663	98	21	5	2	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	201	3	198	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,014	23	995	15	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,416	73	1,348	63	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	1,349	66	1,288	56	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,164	106	1,068	87	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	746	90	666	72	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	658	82	584	66	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	484	84	408	70	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	410	83	336	68	4	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	89	222	55	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	217	60	170	35	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	147	73	100	31	9	5	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	113	78	72	15	19	4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	49	18	34	13	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	40	24	23	14	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Temotu	-												
Total	4,813	571	4,317	427	65	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	60	2	58	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	362	6	357	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	680	22	662	14	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	647	45	604	41	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	690	38	654	34	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	517	50	471	42	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	452	56	401	46	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	355	59	304	43	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	314	69	261	40	12	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	205	36	172	30	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	157	28	131	24	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	145	49	103	35	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	108	47	68	33	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	59	35	32	21	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	62	29	39	18	4	1	-	-	-	_	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

Place of residence/	Total	Number of							nildren dead				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women *	dead											or more
Honiara	-												
Total	11,183	632	10,663	440	60	12	6	1	-	1	-	-	-
15 - 19	147	3	144	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,060	21	1,043	14	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,984	59	1,933	46	4	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,086	72	2,025	53	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,862	98	1,781	68	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,280	75	1,222	48	6	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,030	66	974	48	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	647	68	587	55	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	426	44	387	34	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	31	267	21	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	182	31	160	15	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	94	27	74	14	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	54	16	41	11	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	24	9	17	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	14	12	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead, but one or more children ever born.

P8.8: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of male children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence/	Total	Number of						er of male ch				
Age of women	number of	male children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	women *	dead										
Urban	-											
Total	18,403	1,130	17,442	832	103	16	8	1	-	1	-	-
15 - 19	282	6	276	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,812	35	1,782	26	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,227	98	3,140	79	7	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,354	125	3,246	95	10	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,984	158	2,846	122	13	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,124	139	2,004	108	8	1	3	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,647	137	1,529	101	15	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,049	113	952	87	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	740	90	659	72	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	488	49	444	39	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	324	65	275	37	9	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	198	47	163	24	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	109	38	82	19	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	39	14	28	8	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	26	16	16	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Rural	-											
Total	84,761	10,866	76,067	7,049	1,258	302	54	19	3	8	-	-
15 - 19	1,717	28	1,691	24	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	9,043	234	8,830	194	17	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	12,797	574	12,283	465	39	9	1	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	12,995	841	12,256	658	70	8	1	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	11,699	1,043	10,796	786	97	18	1	1	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	8,633	1,056	7,747	750	107	26	2	-	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	7,258	1,132	6,333	768	118	33	3	2	-	1	-	-
50 - 54	5,339	964	4,518	706	92	21	-	1	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	4,565	1,066	3,729	678	119	23	9	2	-	5	-	-
60 - 64	3,530	979	2,777	585	127	30	6	4	1	-	-	-
65 - 69	2,756	866	2,112	471	139	22	9	3	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	1,938	801	1,365	406	118	40	6	3	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	1,342	654	898	284	118	35	6	1	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	619	293	405	154	44	13	3	-	-	-	_	-
85+	530	335	327	120	51	22	7	1	-	2	-	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 male children dead but one or more children ever born

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Solomon Islands													
Total	103,164	9,748	95,167	6,616	1,104	210	49	12	4	2	-	-	-
15 - 19	1,999	30	1,972	24	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	10,855	204	10,662	183	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	16,024	526	15,547	433	39	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	16,349	833	15,614	657	65	10	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	14,683	975	13,838	735	93	15	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	10,757	1,028	9,891	743	94	24	2	2	-	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	8,905	1,024	8,040	743	97	17	5	2	1	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	6,388	822	5,696	591	84	10	4	2	-	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	5,305	880	4,569	615	104	11	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	4,018	792	3,392	499	98	22	5	1	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	3,080	766	2,483	461	107	25	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	2,136	731	1,603	383	113	28	8	-	1	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	1,451	552	1,040	296	96	14	3	2	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	658	300	447	145	49	11	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	556	285	373	108	53	17	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Choiseul													
Total	5,729	590	5,250	386	77	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	138	5	134	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	619	7	612	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	822	35	793	23	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	841	44	803	33	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	819	54	767	50	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	604	48	565	30	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	485	42	444	40	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	349	36	315	32	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	315	59	267	39	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	49	185	31	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	229	88	172	31	22	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	132	50	93	31	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	97	45	63	24	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	28	12	20	6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	27	16	17	6	3	-	1	_	-	-	-	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Western													
Total	16,083	1,256	15,034	891	123	25	7	2	1	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	354	5	350	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,716	36	1,680	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	2,345	66	2,282	60	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,324	107	2,233	80	8	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,277	111	2,180	85	10	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,852	143	1,726	114	8	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,423	105	1,328	86	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,034	131	926	92	12	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	847	119	747	85	13	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	630	113	549	59	16	4	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	478	95	404	59	11	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	351	87	282	53	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	266	76	210	41	10	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	109	32	81	24	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	77	30	56	14	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Isabel													
Total	5,911	667	5,390	404	93	19	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	96	1	95	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	631	5	626	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	853	29	828	22	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	910	34	878	30	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	785	45	746	33	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	549	45	511	33	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	507	64	453	45	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	414	66	359	45	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	328	63	274	46	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	239	52	197	36	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	213	65	171	26	10	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	146	70	97	33	13	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	123	55	86	22	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	61	34	35	19	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	56	39	34	8	12	1	1	-	-	-	-	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Central													
Total	5,474	560	4,998	410	52	11	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	79	-	79	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	443	10	434	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	884	25	862	20	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	909	58	854	52	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	829	83	755	66	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	580	75	518	53	7	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	483	50	440	39	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	352	41	319	29	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	255	38	220	32	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	224	50	185	29	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	165	54	122	35	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	112	30	89	17	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	87	28	63	20	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	43	11	35	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	29	7	23	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rennell-Bellona													
Total	655	90	572	76	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	42	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	61	2	59	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	95	3	92	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	71	3	68	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	57	6	51	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	64	15	49	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	52	12	40	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	51	5	46	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	48	14	38	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	36	5	33	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	33	16	18	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	27	7	20	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	10	2	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	1	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number of	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Guadalcanal													
Total	18,319	1,681	16,913	1,179	183	41	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	451	4	447	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,187	40	2,150	34	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,040	86	2,963	69	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,067	165	2,919	134	11	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,726	205	2,551	148	24	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,875	188	1,714	141	13	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,502	226	1,322	147	24	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	888	116	788	86	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	850	166	715	105	29	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	576	109	483	80	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	509	129	401	93	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	313	108	228	65	17	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	181	71	125	42	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	69	36	44	16	7	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	85	32	63	15	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malaita													
Total	26,696	3,093	24,224	1,999	375	66	20	8	2	2	-	-	-
15 - 19	466	10	456	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	2,781	70	2,717	59	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,939	172	3,780	146	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	4,121	261	3,895	198	23	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	3,460	288	3,218	205	30	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,697	332	2,421	234	35	4	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	2,301	309	2,045	214	36	4	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,813	278	1,587	188	31	4	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	1,509	275	1,290	176	34	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	1,286	268	1,078	161	38	6	2	1	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	894	227	710	146	33	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	663	247	497	108	41	13	3	-	1	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	395	161	283	77	27	4	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	206	112	136	42	18	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	165	83	111	35	12	4	3	-	-	_	_	-	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Makira-Ulawa													
Total	8,301	823	7,616	573	91	16	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	201	-	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,014	16	998	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,416	46	1,372	42	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	1,349	68	1,287	56	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,164	84	1,089	68	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	746	74	687	48	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	658	102	571	73	13	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	484	56	434	44	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	410	69	348	56	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	72	230	56	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	217	47	177	33	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	147	62	107	27	7	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	113	58	72	26	14	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	49	31	26	17	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	40	38	17	11	9	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Temotu													
Total	4,813	475	4,416	335	48	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	60	3	58	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	362	8	354	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	680	18	665	13	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	647	24	625	20	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	690	29	661	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	517	48	477	35	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	452	49	408	40	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	355	45	316	34	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	314	49	272	36	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	205	34	178	22	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	157	30	132	20	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	145	45	109	28	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	108	33	79	25	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	59	25	41	13	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	62	35	41	11	6	4	-	-	-	-	_	-	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Honiara													
Total	11,183	513	10,754	363	55	6	4	-	1	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	147	2	145	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,060	12	1,049	10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	1,984	47	1,943	36	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2,086	69	2,028	51	6	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	1,862	73	1,803	48	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	1,280	69	1,221	49	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,030	62	980	44	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	647	41	612	29	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	426	37	390	35	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	293	31	269	19	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	182	26	161	17	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	94	16	83	7	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	54	18	39	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	24	5	21	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	14	5	10	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.9: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of female children dead by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Total	Number of				Women	by number	of female ch	ildren dead				
Age of women	number of	female children	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	women*	dead											or more
Urban													
Total	18,403	927	17,612	683	88	14	5	-	1	-	-	-	-
15 - 19	282	4	278	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,812	23	1,791	19	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	3,227	76	3,160	59	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	3,354	118	3,249	96	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	2,984	130	2,872	98	11	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	2,124	117	2,020	92	11	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	1,647	123	1,543	93	6	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	1,049	71	986	55	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	740	59	684	53	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	488	49	447	35	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	324	54	280	35	8	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	198	47	170	15	8	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	109	38	79	23	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	39	10	33	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	26	8	20	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rural													
Total	84,761	8,821	77,555	5,933	1,016	196	44	12	3	2	-	-	-
15 - 19	1,717	26	1,694	20	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	9,043	181	8,871	164	7	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 - 29	12,797	450	12,387	374	32	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	12,995	715	12,365	561	57	10	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
35 - 39	11,699	845	10,966	637	82	13	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
40 - 44	8,633	911	7,871	651	83	23	2	2	-	1	-	-	-
45 - 49	7,258	901	6,497	650	91	15	2	2	1	-	-	-	-
50 - 54	5,339	751	4,710	536	76	10	4	2	-	1	-	-	-
55 - 59	4,565	821	3,885	562	101	11	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	3,530	743	2,945	464	94	20	5	1	1	-	-	-	-
65 - 69	2,756	712	2,203	426	99	24	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
70 - 74	1,938	684	1,433	368	105	24	7	-	1	-	-	-	-
75 - 79	1,342	514	961	273	90	13	3	2	-	-	-	-	-
80 - 84	619	290	414	143	45	11	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
85+	530	277	353	104	51	17	5	-	-	-	-	-	_

^{*} It includes women with at least one child ever born. Those with 0 children are women with 0 female children dead but one or more children ever born

P8.10: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of surviving children by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age of	Total	rie years ar	id older by e	year age gro	up una num	or or sur v		aren by sex of d lace of residen		ice una ur s	un rurur res	idence, 5010	IIIOII ISIAIIAS	. 2002
women	number of	a.	GI : 1	***		G	D 11/		3514	3531	m .		** *	
	women	Solomon	Choiseul	Western	Isabel		Rennell/ Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Both		Islands					Бенона			Ulawa				
Total	151,318	410,359	22,921	63,229	23,402	21,322	2,779	71,695	115,432	33,234	19,099	37,246	62,791	347,568
15 - 19	25,003	2,479	161	412	120	110	2,777	582	589	261	65	172	334	2,145
20 - 24	23,002	18,891	973	2,792	1,010	783	69	3,876	5,324	1,757	591	1,716	2,930	15,961
25 - 29	21,872	39,624	2,003	5,406	1,950	2,077	177	7,758	10,946	3,525	1,495	4,287	7,026	32,598
30 - 34	18,777	55,969	2,842	7,644	2,871	3,131	364	10,777	15,513	4,678	2,031	6,118	10,086	45,883
35 - 39	16,136	61,725	3,265	9,087	3,165	3,379	277	11,879	16,113	5,086	2,662	6,812	11,115	50,610
40 - 44	11,564	51,874	2,824	8,407	2,668	2,700	247	9,196	14,354	3,863	2,251	5,364	9,054	42,820
45 - 49	9,523	46,451	2,454	7,038	2,785	2,373	274	8,070	13,020	3,651	2,144	4,642	7,604	38,847
50 - 54	6,836	34,561	1,932	5,465	2,290	1,864	238	4,900	10,419	2,685	1,841	2,927	4,985	29,576
55 - 59	5,674	29,560	1,864	4,850	1,838	1,335	203	4,777	8,704	2,413	1,580	1,996	3,571	25,989
60 - 64	4,379	23,384	1,375	3,751	1,374	1,234	266	3,428	7,475	1,886	1,176	1,419	2,465	20,919
65 - 69	3,325	18,275	1,459	3,090	1,239	929	230	2,993	5,134	1,338	990	873	1,665	16,610
70 - 74	2,295	12,413	837	2,341	767	586	198	1,656	3,856	879	853	440	1,011	11,402
75 - 79	1,590	8,297	628	1,685	692	465	157	1,030	2,083	643	624	290	599	7,698
80 - 84	725	3,710	168	716	324	200	64	348	1,065	322	389	114	200	3,510
85+	617	3,146	136	545	309	156	8	425	837	247	407	76	146	3,000
Males														
Total	151,318	213,032	11,926	32,829	12,076	11,079	1,414	37,242	59,910	17,247	9,912	19,397	32,667	180,365
15 - 19	25,003	1,273	89	220	67	55	5	287	315	123	30	82	160	1,113
20 - 24	23,002	9,896	511	1,460	530	379	29	2,045	2,769	928	323	922	1,543	8,353
25 - 29	21,872	20,599	1,077	2,835	1,007	1,111	88	4,033	5,654	1,777	787	2,230	3,657	16,942
30 - 34	18,777	28,952	1,464	3,878	1,485	1,669	188	5,517	8,060	2,433	1,091	3,167	5,246	23,706
35 - 39	16,136	32,195	1,671	4,727	1,587	1,771	143	6,347	8,359	2,668	1,353	3,569	5,832	26,363
40 - 44	11,564	26,946	1,453	4,367	1,408	1,357	115	4,798	7,454	2,032	1,200	2,762	4,729	22,217
45 - 49	9,523	24,115	1,293	3,693	1,447	1,200	123	4,227	6,756	1,897	1,083	2,396	3,874	20,241
50 - 54	6,836	17,971	1,007	2,856	1,182	973	142	2,491	5,402	1,433	950	1,535	2,608	15,363
55 - 59	5,674	15,516	973	2,535	933	697	128	2,486	4,626	1,240	823	1,075	1,903	13,613
60 - 64	4,379	12,134	713	1,943	735	668	132	1,766	3,872	961	590	754	1,265	10,869
65 - 69	3,325	9,409	772	1,624	622	507	112	1,499	2,638	663	525	447	851	8,558
70 - 74	2,295	6,326	425	1,205	380	271	96	865	1,982	451	443	208	508	5,818
75 - 79	1,590	4,187	310	852	372	229	81	499	1,059	335	296	154	305	3,882
80 - 84	725	1,883	90	347	160	102	28	166	543	178	207	62	112	1,771
85+	617	1,630	78	287	161	90	4	216	421	128	211	34	74	1,556

P8.10: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of surviving children by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009(cont'd)

Age of	Total						Pla	ce of residenc	ee					
women	number of	Solomon	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Control	Dannall/	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
	women		Choiseui	vv estel ii	Isabei		Reillen/ V Bellona	Juauaicanai	Maiaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Homaia	OI Dali	Kui ai
		Islands					Бенопа			Ulawa				
Females														
Total	151,318	197,327	10,995	30,400	11,326	10,243	1,365	34,453	55,522	15,987	9,187	17,849	30,124	167,203
15 - 19	25,003	1,206	72	192	53	55	2	295	274	138	35	90	174	1,032
20 - 24	23,002	8,995	462	1,332	480	404	40	1,831	2,555	829	268	794	1,387	7,608
25 - 29	21,872	19,025	926	2,571	943	966	89	3,725	5,292	1,748	708	2,057	3,369	15,656
30 - 34	18,777	27,017	1,378	3,766	1,386	1,462	176	5,260	7,453	2,245	940	2,951	4,840	22,177
35 - 39	16,136	29,530	1,594	4,360	1,578	1,608	134	5,532	7,754	2,418	1,309	3,243	5,283	24,247
40 - 44	11,564	24,928	1,371	4,040	1,260	1,343	132	4,398	6,900	1,831	1,051	2,602	4,325	20,603
45 - 49	9,523	22,336	1,161	3,345	1,338	1,173	151	3,843	6,264	1,754	1,061	2,246	3,730	18,606
50 - 54	6,836	16,590	925	2,609	1,108	891	96	2,409	5,017	1,252	891	1,392	2,377	14,213
55 - 59	5,674	14,044	891	2,315	905	638	75	2,291	4,078	1,173	757	921	1,668	12,376
60 - 64	4,379	11,250	662	1,808	639	566	134	1,662	3,603	925	586	665	1,200	10,050
65 - 69	3,325	8,866	687	1,466	617	422	118	1,494	2,496	675	465	426	814	8,052
70 - 74	2,295	6,087	412	1,136	387	315	102	791	1,874	428	410	232	503	5,584
75 - 79	1,590	4,110	318	833	320	236	76	531	1,024	308	328	136	294	3,816
80 - 84	725	1,827	78	369	164	98	36	182	522	144	182	52	88	1,739
85+	617	1,516	58	258	148	66	4	209	416	119	196	42	72	1,444

P8.11: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of children living in mother's household by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Islands. 20	Total -						Plac	e of residenc	ee					
Age of women	number of women	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel		Rennell/ G Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/ Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Both														
Total	151,395	262,351	13,264	36,979	12,464	13,743	1197	49,922	75,943	20,743	10,363	27,733	44,381	217,970
15 - 19	25,023	2,370	157	389	113	110	7	557	575	242	65	155	301	2,069
20 - 24	23,020	17,546	915	2,535	908	763	56	3,661	5,081	1,586	543	1,498	2,581	14,965
25 - 29	21,880	36,206	1,752	4,761	1,711	1,947	153	7,272	10,375	3,099	1,386	3,750	6,124	30,082
30 - 34	18,785	49,609	2,469	6,520	2,452	2,745	280	9,862	14,311	3,956	1,813	5,201	8,571	41,038
35 - 39	16,141	51,702	2,608	7,260	2,397	2,839	200	10,192	14,109	4,131	2,149	5,817	9,267	42,435
40 - 44	11,568	37,014	1,882	5,666	1,520	1,907	145	7,005	10,573	2,606	1,491	4,219	6,758	30,256
45 - 49	9,524	27,552	1,314	3,803	1,235	1,393	146	5,215	8,090	2,032	1,106	3,218	4,865	22,687
50 - 54	6,841	15,250	793	2,249	794	809	73	2,244	4,826	1,113	630	1,719	2,576	12,674
55 - 59	5,676	10,233	531	1,471	502	474	41	1,743	3,218	814	427	1,012	1,549	8,684
60 - 64	4,381	6,171	288	916	283	315	43	935	2,094	485	252	560	833	5,338
65 - 69	3,328	3,892	280	578	233	206	12	585	1,206	294	175	323	495	3,397
70 - 74	2,296	2,171	142	372	117	96	14	302	724	151	131	122	238	1,933
75 - 79	1,590	1,440	82	263	94	60	11	201	394	144	99	92	146	1,294
80 - 84	725	645	28	111	57	42	13	71	211	43	43	26	40	605
85+	617	550	23	85	48	37	3	77	156	47	53	21	37	513
Males														
Total	151,395	138,315	7,040	19,190	6,355	7,198	581	26,423	40,577	11,034	5,337	14,580	23,325	114,990
15 - 19	25,023	1,223	89	204	62	55	5	280	308	116	30	74	148	1,075
20 - 24	23,020	9,203	481	1,322	475	368	20	1,932	2,654	846	295	810	1,358	7,845
25 - 29	21,880	18,805	940	2,488	875	1,039	74	3,779	5,364	1,578	725	1,943	3,173	15,632
30 - 34	18,785	25,721	1,282	3,308	1,292	1,458	138	5,041	7,466	2,077	969	2,690	4,450	21,271
35 - 39	16,141	27,295	1,379	3,820	1,231	1,484	108	5,497	7,427	2,205	1,081	3,063	4,909	22,386
40 - 44	11,568	19,603	1,005	2,982	828	956	69	3,732	5,638	1,409	802	2,182	3,560	16,043
45 - 49	9,524	14,729	704	2,006	601	751	60	2,848	4,395	1,084	572	1,708	2,528	12,201
50 - 54	6,841	8,362	449	1,205	407	435	46	1,222	2,713	646	306	933	1,392	6,970
55 - 59	5,676	5,637	279	744	244	265	20	964	1,887	456	208	570	852	4,785
60 - 64	4,381	3,360	155	453	132	169	24	523	1,198	276	117	313	467	2,893
65 - 69	3,328	2,049	154	299	101	105	2	298	695	146	82	167	260	1,789
70 - 74	2,296	1,086	61	162	39	51	4	153	427	69	59	61	120	966
75 - 79	1,590	695	36	115	27	29	6	96	206	82	51	47	72	623
80 - 84	725	303	15	49	19	11	4	29	122	23	20	11	19	284
85+	617	244	11	33	22	22	1	29	77	21	20	8	17	227

P8.11: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of children living in mother's household by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	Total -		Place of residence											
Age of women	number of women	Solomon Islands	Choiseul	Western	Isabel		Rennell/ (Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/ Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Females														
Total	151,395	124,036	6,224	17,789	6,109	6,545	616	23,499	35,366	9,709	5,026	13,153	21,056	102,980
15 - 19	25,023	1,147	68	185	51	55	2	277	267	126	35	81	153	994
20 - 24	23,020	8,343	434	1,213	433	395	36	1,729	2,427	740	248	688	1,223	7,120
25 - 29	21,880	17,401	812	2,273	836	908	79	3,493	5,011	1,521	661	1,807	2,951	14,450
30 - 34	18,785	23,888	1,187	3,212	1,160	1,287	142	4,821	6,845	1,879	844	2,511	4,121	19,767
35 - 39	16,141	24,407	1,229	3,440	1,166	1,355	92	4,695	6,682	1,926	1,068	2,754	4,358	20,049
40 - 44	11,568	17,411	877	2,684	692	951	76	3,273	4,935	1,197	689	2,037	3,198	14,213
45 - 49	9,524	12,823	610	1,797	634	642	86	2,367	3,695	948	534	1,510	2,337	10,486
50 - 54	6,841	6,888	344	1,044	387	374	27	1,022	2,113	467	324	786	1,184	5,704
55 - 59	5,676	4,596	252	727	258	209	21	779	1,331	358	219	442	697	3,899
60 - 64	4,381	2,811	133	463	151	146	19	412	896	209	135	247	366	2,445
65 - 69	3,328	1,843	126	279	132	101	10	287	511	148	93	156	235	1,608
70 - 74	2,296	1,085	81	210	78	45	10	149	297	82	72	61	118	967
75 - 79	1,590	745	46	148	67	31	5	105	188	62	48	45	74	671
80 - 84	725	342	13	62	38	31	9	42	89	20	23	15	21	321
85+	617	306	12	52	26	15	2	48	79	26	33	13	20	286

P8.12: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of children not living in mother's household by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

A C	Total _						Plac	e of residenc	e					
Age of women	number of	Solomon	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell/ G	uadalcanal	Malaita	Makira/	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
	women	Islands					Bellona			Ulawa				
Both														
Total	151,395	148,008	9,657	26,250	10,938	7,579	1,582	21,773	39,489	12,491	8,736	9,513	18,410	129,598
15 - 19	25,023	109	4	23	7	-	-	25	14	19	-	17	33	76
20 - 24	23,020	1,345	58	257	102	20	13	215	243	171	48	218	349	996
25 - 29	21,880	3,418	251	645	239	130	24	486	571	426	109	537	902	2,516
30 - 34	18,785	6,360	373	1,124	419	386	84	915	1,202	722	218	917	1,515	4,845
35 - 39	16,141	10,023	657	1,827	768	540	77	1,687	2,004	955	513	995	1,848	8,175
40 - 44	11,568	14,860	942	2,741	1,148	793	102	2,191	3,781	1,257	760	1,145	2,296	12,564
45 - 49	9,524	18,899	1,140	3,235	1,550	980	128	2,855	4,930	1,619	1,038	1,424	2,739	16,160
50 - 54	6,841	19,311	1,139	3,216	1,496	1,055	165	2,656	5,593	1,572	1,211	1,208	2,409	16,902
55 - 59	5,676	19,327	1,333	3,379	1,336	861	162	3,034	5,486	1,599	1,153	984	2,022	17,305
60 - 64	4,381	17,213	1,087	2,835	1,091	919	223	2,493	5,381	1,401	924	859	1,632	15,581
65 - 69	3,328	14,383	1,179	2,512	1,006	723	218	2,408	3,928	1,044	815	550	1,170	13,213
70 - 74	2,296	10,242	695	1,969	650	490	184	1,354	3,132	728	722	318	773	9,469
75 - 79	1,590	6,857	546	1,422	598	405	146	829	1,689	499	525	198	453	6,404
80 - 84	725	3,065	140	605	267	158	51	277	854	279	346	88	160	2,905
85+	617	2,596	113	460	261	119	5	348	681	200	354	55	109	2,487
Males														
Total	151,395	74,717	4,886	13,639	5,721	3,881	833	10,819	19,333	6,213	4,575	4,817	9,342	65,375
15 - 19	25,023	50	-	16	5	-	-	7	7	7	-	8	12	38
20 - 24	23,020	693	30	138	55	11	9	113	115	82	28	112	185	508
25 - 29	21,880	1,794	137	347	132	72	14	254	290	199	62	287	484	1,310
30 - 34	18,785	3,231	182	570	193	211	50	476	594	356	122	477	796	2,435
35 - 39	16,141	4,900	292	907	356	287	35	850	932	463	272	506	923	3,977
40 - 44	11,568	7,343	448	1,385	580	401	46	1,066	1,816	623	398	580	1,169	6,174
45 - 49	9,524	9,386	589	1,687	846	449	63	1,379	2,361	813	511	688	1,346	8,040
50 - 54	6,841	9,609	558	1,651	775	538	96	1,269	2,689	787	644	602	1,216	8,393
55 - 59	5,676	9,879	694	1,791	689	432	108	1,522	2,739	784	615	505	1,051	8,828
60 - 64	4,381	8,774	558	1,490	603	499	108	1,243	2,674	685	473	441	798	7,976
65 - 69	3,328	7,360	618	1,325	521	402	110	1,201	1,943	517	443	280	591	6,769
70 - 74	2,296	5,240	364	1,043	341	220	92	712	1,555	382	384	147	388	4,852
75 - 79	1,590	3,492	274	737	345	200	75	403	853	253	245	107	233	3,259
80 - 84	725	1,580	75	298	141	91	24	137	421	155	187	51	93	1,487
85+	617	1,386	67	254	139	68	3	187	344	107	191	26	57	1,329

P8.12: Female population 15 years and older by 5-year age group and number of children not living in mother's household by sex of child, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

A an of	Total _	Place of residence													
Age of women	number of	Solomon	Choiseul	Western	Isabel			uadalcanal	Malaita		Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural	
	women	Islands]	Bellona			Ulawa					
Females															
Total	151,395	73,291	4,771	12,611	5,217	3,698	749	10,954	20,156	6,278	4,161	4,696	9,068	64,223	
15 - 19	25,023	59	4	7	2	-	-	18	7	12	-	9	21	38	
20 - 24	23,020	652	28	119	47	9	4	102	128	89	20	106	164	488	
25 - 29	21,880	1,624	114	298	107	58	10	232	281	227	47	250	418	1,206	
30 - 34	18,785	3,129	191	554	226	175	34	439	608	366	96	440	719	2,410	
35 - 39	16,141	5,123	365	920	412	253	42	837	1,072	492	241	489	925	4,198	
40 - 44	11,568	7,517	494	1,356	568	392	56	1,125	1,965	634	362	565	1,127	6,390	
45 - 49	9,524	9,513	551	1,548	704	531	65	1,476	2,569	806	527	736	1,393	8,120	
50 - 54	6,841	9,702	581	1,565	721	517	69	1,387	2,904	785	567	606	1,193	8,509	
55 - 59	5,676	9,448	639	1,588	647	429	54	1,512	2,747	815	538	479	971	8,477	
60 - 64	4,381	8,439	529	1,345	488	420	115	1,250	2,707	716	451	418	834	7,605	
65 - 69	3,328	7,023	561	1,187	485	321	108	1,207	1,985	527	372	270	579	6,444	
70 - 74	2,296	5,002	331	926	309	270	92	642	1,577	346	338	171	385	4,617	
75 - 79	1,590	3,365	272	685	253	205	71	426	836	246	280	91	220	3,145	
80 - 84	725	1,485	65	307	126	67	27	140	433	124	159	37	67	1,418	
85+	617	1,210	46	206	122	51	2	161	337	93	163	29	52	1,158	

P8.13: Female population aged 15-54 years by live births in 12 months preceding the census by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of	F · F · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	0 211 1112 111 12	Indiana pree	Place of	ilia, oj province un		2 051401100, 20	iomon island
residence/	Number of	Se	ex of child		residence/	Number of	Se	x of child	
Age of	women				Age of	women			
women		Total	Males	Females	women		Total	Males	Females
Solomon					Choiseul				
Total	132,782	15,776	8,298	7,478	Total	6,461	819	416	403
15 - 19	25,023	1,044	529	515	15 - 19	1,260	73	36	37
20 - 24	23,020	4,104	2,182	1,922	20 - 24	989	230	115	115
25 - 29	21,880	4,497	2,344	2,153	25 - 29	950	208	111	97
30 - 34	18,785	3,344	1,737	1,607	30 - 34	901	181	95	86
35 - 39	16,141	1,935	1,074	861	35 - 39	864	89	42	47
40 - 44	11,568	609	317	292	40 - 44	634	32	17	15
45 - 49	9,524	182	91	91	45 - 49	498	4	-	4
50 - 54	6,841	61	24	37	50 - 54	365	2	-	2
Western					Isabel				
Total	19,206	2,376	1,236	1,140	Total	6,611	705	387	318
15 - 19	3,806	201	93	108	15 - 19	1,159	50	24	26
20 - 24	3,049	639	344	295	20 - 24	1,075	189	105	84
25 - 29	2,885	635	316	319	25 - 29	1,048	189	110	79
30 - 34	2,562	466	233	233	30 - 34	973	154	84	70
35 - 39	2,421	310	180	130	35 - 39	834	88	47	41
40 - 44	1,933	101	60	41	40 - 44	568	27	12	15
45 - 49	1,477	18	9	9	45 - 49	529	5	4	1
50 - 54	1,073	6	1	5	50 - 54	425	3	1	2
Central					Rennell-E	Bellona			
Total	6,687	779	383	396	Total	670	88	47	41
15 - 19	1,147	29	17	12	15 - 19	119	7	5	2
20 - 24	974	171	81	90	20 - 24	110	19	9	10
25 - 29	1,143	262	123	139	25 - 29	69	22	11	11
30 - 34	1,027	176	85	91	30 - 34	101	22	12	10
35 - 39	896	102	55	47	35 - 39	85	15	9	6
40 - 44	605	30	16	14	40 - 44	59	3	1	2
45 - 49	519	7	5	2	45 - 49	72	-	_	-
50 - 54	376	2	1	1	50 - 54	55	-	_	-
Guadalcar	ıal				Malaita				
Total	23,865	3,166	1,677	1,489	Total	34,311	4,013	2,122	1,891
15 - 19	4,555	229	119	110	15 - 19	6,776	224	119	105
20 - 24	4,317	870	437	433	20 - 24	5,872	1,060	557	503
25 - 29	4,056	847	454	393	25 - 29	5,515	1,164	613	551
30 - 34	3,473	652	361	291	30 - 34	4,778	859	442	417
35 - 39	2,917	380	206	174	35 - 39	3,914	493	285	208
40 - 44	1,997	141	77	64	40 - 44	2,956	132	65	67
45 - 49	1,607	37	20	17	45 - 49	2,513	64	32	32
50 - 54	943	10	3	7	50 - 54	1,987	17	9	8

P8.13: Female population aged 15-54 years by live births in 12 months preceding the census by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Place of residence/	Number of women		ex of child	months prec	Place of residence/ Age of	Number of women		x of child	nomon Islanus
women	WOLLEGE	Total	Males	Females	women	Wollie	Total	Males	Females
Makira-U	awa				Temotu				
Total	9,967	1,422	767	655	Total	5,675	592	311	281
15 - 19	1,693	109	61	48	15 - 19	1,035	31	10	21
20 - 24	1,741	371	220	151	20 - 24	834	143	81	62
25 - 29	1,756	403	197	206	25 - 29	893	175	91	84
30 - 34	1,492	299	159	140	30 - 34	748	135	67	68
35 - 39	1,263	171	97	74	35 - 39	761	77	46	31
40 - 44	818	49	25	24	40 - 44	551	24	12	12
45 - 49	699	15	6	9	45 - 49	477	7	4	3
50 - 54	505	5	2	3	50 - 54	376	-	-	-
Honiara									
Total	19,329	1,816	952	864					
15 - 19	3,473	91	45	46					
20 - 24	4,059	412	233	179					
25 - 29	3,565	592	318	274					
30 - 34	2,730	400	199	201					
35 - 39	2,186	210	107	103					
40 - 44	1,447	70	32	38					
45 - 49	1,133	25	11	14					
50 - 54	736	16	7	9					
Urban					Rural				
Total	29,934	2,921	1,553	1,368	Total	102,848	12,855	6,745	6,110
15 - 19	5,470	169	85	84	15 - 19	19,553	875	444	431
20 - 24	5,984	706	388	318	20 - 24	17,036	3,398	1,794	1,604
25 - 29	5,464	933	503	430	25 - 29	16,416	3,564	1,841	1,723
30 - 34	4,249	629	324	305	30 - 34	14,536	2,715	1,413	1,302
35 - 39	3,447	323	174	149	35 - 39	12,694	1,612	900	712
40 - 44	2,353	113	57	56	40 - 44	9,215	496	260	236
45 - 49	1,799	30	14	16	45 - 49	7,725	152	77	75
50 - 54	1,168	18	8	10	50 - 54	5,673	43	16	27

P8.14: Year of birth of last child born by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence of mother, Solomon Islands: 2009

	5	Sex of child				Sex of child	
Year of birth/ Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females	Year of birth/ Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females
Solomon Island				Choiseul			
Total	102,355	53,698	48,657	Total	5,714	3,006	2,708
2009	14,245	7,504	6,741	2,009	747	383	364
2008	14,214	7,472	6,742	2,008	806	443	363
2007	10,135	5,297	4,838	2,007	541	294	247
2006	7,507	3,950	3,557	2,006	393	208	185
2005	5,970	3,136	2,834	2,005	294	156	138
2004	4,622	2,395	2,227	2,004	276	142	134
2003	3,803	1,901	1,902	2,003	185	97	88
2002	2,774	1,473	1,301	2,002	159	83	76
2001	2,468	1,279	1,189	2,001	133	65	68
2000	2,708	1,408	1,300	2,000	130	75	55
1995-1999	9,504	5,061	4,443	1995-1999	550	295	255
1990-1994	7,362	3,879	3,483	1990-1994	431	213	218
Before 1990	17,043	8,943	8,100	Before 1990	1,069	552	517
Western				Isabel			
Total	16,007	8,424	7,583	Total	5,860	3,023	2,837
2009	2,138	1,114	1,024	2,009	630	343	287
2008	2,043	1,098	945	2,008	741	378	363
2007	1,446	742	704	2,007	556	304	252
2006	1,100	610	490	2,006	472	251	221
2005	994	525	469	2,005	384	202	182
2004	762	427	335	2,004	267	137	130
2003	651	329	322	2,003	269	125	144
2002	483	245	238	2,002	173	102	71
2001	412	205	207	2,001	158	67	91
2000	462	216	246	2,000	140	80	60
1995-1999	1,541	839	702	1995-1999	496	255	241
1990-1994	1,211	627	584	1990-1994	427	224	203
Before 1990	2,764	1,447	1,317	Before 1990	1,147	555	592

P8.14: Year of birth of last child born by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence of mother, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Year of	\$	Sex of child		Year of birth/		Sex of child	
birth/ Mother's	T-4-1	N/I-1	El	Mother's	T-4-1	N. 45-1	El
place of	Total	Males	Females	place of residence	Total	Males	Females
Central				Rennell-Bell	ona		
Total	5,429	2,703	2,726	Total	651	336	315
2009	684	334	350	2,009	80	45	35
2008	763	413	350	2,008	56	21	35
2007	534	276	258	2,007	48	30	18
2006	418	185	233	2,006	23	10	13
2005	342	162	180	2,005	16	4	12
2004	262	106	156	2,004	24	15	9
2003	220	87	133	2,003	11	2	9
2002	122	58	64	2,002	14	7	7
2001	115	60	55	2,001	7	6	1
2000	130	75	55	2,000	18	7	11
1995-1999	450	254	196	1995-1999	104	55	49
1990-1994	402	195	207	1990-1994	45	25	20
Before 1990	987	498	489	Before 1990	205	109	96
Guadalcanal				Malaita			
Total	18,183	9,472	8,711	Total	26,407	13,961	12,446
2009	2,871	1,525	1,346	2,009	3,610	1,912	1,698
2008	2,690	1,386	1,304	2,008	3,956	2,037	1,919
2007	2,021	1,072	949	2,007	2,623	1,328	1,295
2006	1,473	759	714	2,006	1,860	976	884
2005	1,072	555	517	2,005	1,384	741	643
2004	895	474	421	2,004	1,021	534	487
2003	698	359	339	2,003	840	444	396
2002	482	249	233	2,002	620	328	292
2001	385	192	193	2,001	657	367	290
2000	460	240	220	2,000	673	340	333
1995-1999	1,524	776	748	1995-1999	2,501	1,356	1,145
1990-1994	1,128	598	530	1990-1994	1,978	1,042	936
Before 1990	2,484	1,287	1,197	Before 1990	4,684	2,556	2,128

P8.14: Year of birth of last child born by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence of mother, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Year of	\$	Sex of child		Year of birth/		Sex of child	
birth/ Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females	Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females
Makira-Ulav	va			Temotu			
Total	8,222	4,407	3,815	Total	4,752	2,547	2,205
2009	1,292	700	592	2,009	537	274	263
2008	1,253	663	590	2,008	508	284	224
2007	926	493	433	2,007	407	218	189
2006	558	290	268	2,006	367	199	168
2005	509	272	237	2,005	264	132	132
2004	354	185	169	2,004	228	120	108
2003	261	136	125	2,003	214	119	95
2002	183	107	76	2,002	143	76	67
2001	165	93	72	2,001	98	58	40
2000	216	122	94	2,000	119	65	54
1995-1999	667	338	329	1995-1999	443	242	201
1990-1994	536	313	223	1990-1994	385	213	172
Before 1990	1,302	695	607	Before 1990	1,039	547	492
Honiara							
Total	11,130	5,819	5,311				
2009	1,656	874	782				
2008	1,398	749	649				
2007	1,033	540	493				
2006	843	462	381				
2005	711	387	324				
2004	533	255	278				
2003	454	203	251				
2002	395	218	177				
2001	338	166	172				
2000	360	188	172				
1995-1999	1,228	651	577				
1990-1994	819	429	390				
Before 1990	1,362	697	665				

P8.14: Year of birth of last child born by sex of child, by province and urban-rural residence of mother, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Year of birth/	5	Sex of child		Year of birth/		Sex of child	
Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females	Mother's place of residence	Total	Males	Females
Urban				Rural			
Total	18,316	9,672	8,644	Total	84,039	44,026	40,013
2009	2,646	1,407	1,239	2,009	11,599	6,097	5,502
2008	2,292	1,192	1,100	2,008	11,922	6,280	5,642
2007	1,755	950	805	2,007	8,380	4,347	4,033
2006	1,398	763	635	2,006	6,109	3,187	2,922
2005	1,163	632	531	2,005	4,807	2,504	2,303
2004	895	455	440	2,004	3,727	1,940	1,787
2003	817	400	417	2,003	2,986	1,501	1,485
2002	647	364	283	2,002	2,127	1,109	1,018
2001	555	269	286	2,001	1,913	1,010	903
2000	583	304	279	2,000	2,125	1,104	1,021
1995-1999	1,925	1,025	900	1995-1999	7,579	4,036	3,543
1990-1994	1,366	712	654	1990-1994	5,996	3,167	2,829
Before 1990	2,274	1,199	1,075	Before 1990	14,769	7,744	7,025

P8.15: Number of private households reporting a death of a household resident during the 12 months preceding the census by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province	Death	of a residen	t
Fromice	Total	Yes	No
Total	91,251	1,721	89,530
Choiseul	4,712	93	4,619
Western	13,762	264	13,498
Isabel	5,143	67	5,076
Central	4,905	91	4,814
Rennell-Bellona	688	25	663
Guadalcanal	17,163	296	16,867
Malaita	24,421	458	23,963
Makira-Ulawa	7,173	120	7,053
Temotu	4,303	68	4,235
Honiara	8,981	239	8,742
Urban	15,382	348	15,034
Rural	75,869	1,373	74,496

P8.16: Number of deaths of household residents during the 12 months preceding the census by age and sex of deceased, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Age of	Total number	nber Place of residence											
deceased	of household	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell/	Guadalcanal	Malaita 1	Makira/	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
	deaths					Bellona			Ulawa				
Both Sexes													
Total	1,721	93	264	67	91	25	296	458	120	68	239	348	1,373
< 1	432	20	52	12	31	5	65	134	32	24	57	73	359
1-4	120	7	16	3	3	-	37	35	8	1	10	14	106
5-9	68	-	11	-	2	-	25	16	2	2	10	14	54
10-14	48	3	6	3	6	1	10	11	3	2	3	7	41
15 - 19	40	1	5	1	2	-	4	18	2	1	6	11	29
20 - 24	56	2	11	-	2	1	16	18	2	-	4	7	49
25 - 29	74	_	8	1	4	-	13	27	4	2	15	24	50
30 - 34	76	2	10	4	6	-	14	18	10	4	8	19	57
35 - 39	57	2	3	2	1	-	14	21	3	-	11	15	42
40 - 44	59	3	11	6	3	1	6	8	5	1	15	22	37
45 - 49	74	6	12	4	4	1	8	15	2	-	22	28	46
50 - 54	100	12	19	2	3	-	14	23	4	3	20	28	72
55 - 59	83	5	18	3	3	2	13	17	5	5	12	21	62
60 - 64	71	2	15	4	2	4	10	18	3	3	10	13	58
65 - 69	96	4	23	7	3	1	18	18	7	3	12	17	79
70 - 74	87	9	11	6	4	1	6	24	10	6	10	16	71
75 - 79	75	6	19	2	10	3	10	13	6	2	4	6	69
80 - 84	45	3	6	2	2	3	5	10	5	5	4	6	39
85+	60	6	8	5	-	2	8	14	7	4	6	7	53

P8.16: Number of deaths of household residents during the 12 months preceding the census by age and sex of deceased, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Age of	Total number		Place of residence												
deceased	of household deaths	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central 1	Rennell/ Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita N	/Iakira/ Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural		
Male															
Total	993	51	175	36	64	16	155	260	64	31	141	204	789		
< 1	242	15	31	6	26	3	30	69	22	9	31	38	204		
1-4	66	2	11	2	2	-	16	21	5	1	6	9	57		
5-9	34	-	9	-	1	-	8	8	-	1	7	10	24		
10-14	26	2	2	1	5	-	4	5	3	1	3	6	20		
15 - 19	20	-	1	1	2	-	3	8	2	1	2	7	13		
20 - 24	33	1	10	-	1	-	7	11	-	-	3	6	27		
25 - 29	43	-	3	1	4	-	10	14	-	1	10	15	28		
30 - 34	37	1	5	4	-	-	6	14	1	2	4	11	26		
35 - 39	30	1	1	-	-	-	11	15	-	-	2	5	25		
40 - 44	32	2	10	2	1	1	2	4	2	-	8	11	21		
45 - 49	38	2	7	2	3	-	3	8	2	-	11	12	26		
50 - 54	61	7	11	1	2	-	11	15	3	1	10	16	45		
55 - 59	48	4	10	2	-	2	7	7	4	3	9	13	35		
60 - 64	58	1	14	4	2	4	8	13	2	2	8	10	48		
65 - 69	56	3	19	2	1	-	8	8	4	1	10	12	44		
70 - 74	58	5	10	4	3	-	3	16	6	4	7	11	47		
75 - 79	52	2	13	1	10	3	9	6	3	2	3	5	47		
80 - 84	29	3	4	1	1	2	4	8	2	1	3	3	26		
85+	30	-	4	2	_	1	5	10	3	1	4	4	26		

P8.16: Number of deaths of household residents during the 12 months preceding the census by age and sex of deceased, province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Age of	Total number						Place of res	sidence					
deceased	of household	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Rennell/	Guadalcanal	Malaita N		Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
	deaths					Bellona			Ulawa				
Female													
Total	728	42	89	31	27	9	141	198	56	37	98	144	584
< 1	190	5	21	6	5	2	35	65	10	15	26	35	155
1-4	54	5	5	1	1	-	21	14	3	-	4	5	49
5-9	34	-	2	-	1	-	17	8	2	1	3	4	30
10-14	22	1	4	2	1	1	6	6	-	1	-	1	21
15 - 19	20	1	4	-	-	-	1	10	-	-	4	4	16
20 - 24	23	1	1	-	1	1	9	7	2	-	1	1	22
25 - 29	31	-	5	-	-	-	3	13	4	1	5	9	22
30 - 34	39	1	5	-	6	-	8	4	9	2	4	8	31
35 - 39	27	1	2	2	1	-	3	6	3	-	9	10	17
40 - 44	27	1	1	4	2	-	4	4	3	1	7	11	16
45 - 49	36	4	5	2	1	1	5	7	-	-	11	16	20
50 - 54	39	5	8	1	1	-	3	8	1	2	10	12	27
55 - 59	35	1	8	1	3	-	6	10	1	2	3	8	27
60 - 64	13	1	1	-	-	-	2	5	1	1	2	3	10
65 - 69	40	1	4	5	2	1	10	10	3	2	2	5	35
70 - 74	29	4	1	2	1	1	3	8	4	2	3	5	24
75 - 79	23	4	6	1	-	-	1	7	3	-	1	1	22
80 - 84	16	-	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	4	1	3	13
85+	30	6	4	3	-	1	3	4	4	3	2	3	27

H1: Number of private household by number of occupants by sex, and average household size, by ward and urban-rural distribution, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province/Ward and urban-	Private households		n private hous		_Average household size		
rural distribution		Total	Male	Female	(persons per household		
Solomon Islands	91,251	504,985	257,738	247,247	5.5		
Urban	15,382	99,299	51,848	47,451	6.5		
Rural	75,869	405,686	205,890	199,796	5.3		
Choiseul Province	4,712	25,916	13,255	12,661	5.5		
01 Wagina	250	1,636	852	784	6.5		
02 Katupika	399	1,965	995	970	4.9		
03 Vasipuki	312	1,569	801	768	5.0		
04 Viviru	289	1,499	771	728	5.2		
05 Babatana	324	1,720	846	874	5.3		
06 Tepazaka	322	1,665	880	785	5.2		
07 Batava	802	4,669	2,434	2,235	5.8		
08 Tavula	418	2,487	1,240	1,247	5.9		
09 Polo	302	1,699	860	839	5.6		
10 Bangera	189	1,158	576	582	6.1		
11 Susuka	304	1,746	908	838	5.7		
12 Senga	345	1,856	948	908	5.4		
13 Kerepangara	204	1,077	544	533	5.3		
14 Kirugela	252	1,170	600	570	4.6		
Western Province	13,762	73,333	37,796	35,537	5.3		
01 Outer Shortlands	253	1,287	629	658	5.1		
02 Inner Shortlands	448	2,385	1,228	1,157	5.3		
03 Simbo	314	1,782	939	843	5.7		
04 North Ranongga	92	520	246	274	5.7		
05 Central Ranongga	488	2,514	1,227	1,287	5.2		
06 South Ranongga	644	3,294	1,711	1,583	5.1		
07 Vonunu	645	3,448	1,787	1,661	5.3		
08 Mbilua	754	4,215	2,172	2,043	5.6		
09 Ndovele	378	1,967	1,000	967	5.2		
10 Irringgilla	501	2,645	1,361	1,284	5.3		
11 Gizo	1,335	7,002	3,661	3,341	5.2		
12 South Kolombangara	722	3,804	1,998	1,806	5.3		
13 Vonavona	990	5,334	2,733	2,601	5.4		
14 Kusaghe	332	2,144	1,099	1,045	6.5		
15 Munda	471	2,294	1,196	1,098	4.9		
16 Nusa Roviana	379	1,967	1,007	960	5.2		
17 Roviana Lagoon	757	4,332	2,257	2,075	5.7		
18 South Rendova	451	2,441	1,246	1,195	5.4		
19 North Rendova	334	1,724	879	845	5.2		
20 Kolombaghea	322	1,571	814	757	4.9		
21 Mbuini Tusu	486	2,781	1,452	1,329	5.7		
22 Nono	628	3,388	1,748	1,640	5.4		
23 Nggatokae	584	2,897	1,471	1,426	5.0		
24 North Vangunu	461	2,527	1,260	1,267	5.5		
25 Noro	589	3,071	1,608	1,463	5.2		
26 North Kolombangara	404	1,999	1,067	932	4.9		

Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.) Province/Ward and urban-		Persons in	private hous	eholds	Average household size		
rural distribution	Private households —	Total	Male	Female	persons per household)		
Isabel Province	5,143	25,147	12,764	12,383	4.9		
01 Kia	437	1,876	1,003	873	4.3		
02 Baolo	244	1,103	575	528	4.5		
03 Kokota	249	1,134	650	484	4.6		
04 Hovikoilo	392	1,819	936	883	4.6		
05 Buala	511	2,724	1,391	1,333	5.3		
06 Tirotongana	161	683	342	341	4.2		
07 Koviloko	253	1,206	559	647	4.8		
08 Kmaga	351	1,721	852	869	4.9		
09 Kaloka	197	959	466	493	4.9		
10 Tatamba	282	1,383	709	674	4.9		
11 Sigana	438	2,280	1,149	1,131	5.2		
12 Japuana	405	2,087	1,010	1,077	5.2		
13 Kolomola	205	949	460	489	4.6		
14 Kolotubi	303	1,539	748	791	5.1		
15 Susubona	361	1,880	948	932	5.2		
16 Samasodu	354	1,804	966	838	5.1		
Central Province	4,905	25,809	13,116	12,693	5.3		
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	672	3,170	1,631	1,539	4.7		
02 West Gela	443	2,220	1,110	1,110	5.0		
03 East Gela	400	2,026	1,040	986	5.1		
04 Tulagi	244	1,251	658	593	5.1		
05 South West Gela	474	2,521	1,259	1,262	5.3		
06 South East Gela	323	1,662	827	835	5.1		
07 North East Gela	429	2,118	1,078	1,040	4.9		
08 North West Gela	330	1,714	820	894	5.2		
09 Banika	333	2,015	1,058	957	6.1		
10 Pavuvu	333	1,940	987	953	5.8		
11 Lovukol	358	2,042	1,047	995	5.7		
12 North Savo	287	1,513	795	718	5.3		
13 South Savo	279	1,617	806	811	5.8		
Rennell-Bellona Province	688	3,006	1,519	1,487	4.4		
01 East Tenggano	85	367	183	184	4.3		
02 West Tenggano	81	378	199	179	4.7		
03 Lughu	81	362	198	164	4.5		
04 Kanava	60	238	134	104	4.0		
05 Te Tau Gangoto	123	551	276	275	4.5		
06 Mugi Henua	23	117	59	58	5.1		
07 Matangi	32	144	75	69	4.5		
08 East Gaongau	70	265	117	148	3.8		
09 West Gaongau	76	337	161	176	4.4		
10 Sa'aiho	57	247	117	130	4.3		

Province/Ward and urban-	Private households —		private house		_Average household size		
rural distribution	111 vacc nous enous	Total	Male	Female	persons per household		
Guadalcanal Province	17,163	91,919	47,287	44,632	5.4		
01 Tandai	2,463	14,806	7,707	7,099	6.0		
02 Saghalu	1,044	5,990	3,158	2,832	5.7		
03 Savulei	471	2,992	1,572	1,420	6.4		
04 Tangarare	551	3,017	1,581	1,436	5.5		
05 Wanderer Bay	649	3,421	1,775	1,646	5.3		
06 Duidui	700	3,174	1,615	1,559	4.5		
07 Vatukulau	417	1,822	864	958	4.4		
08 Talise	364	1,681	815	866	4.6		
09 Avuavu	470	2,247	1,086	1,161	4.8		
10 Moli	802	3,685	1,779	1,906	4.6		
11 Tetekanji	214	1,076	510	566	5.0		
12 Birao	588	3,131	1,577	1,554	5.3		
13 Valasi	272	1,463	738	725	5.4		
14 Kolokarako	280	1,325	671	654	4.7		
15 Longgu	654	3,649	1,885	1,764	5.6		
16 Aola	758	4,013	2,041	1,972	5.3		
17 Paripao	604	2,935	1,485	1,450	4.9		
18 East Tasimboko	1,419	7,388	3,894	3,494	5.2		
19 Vulolo	911	4,428	2,293	2,135	4.9		
20 Malango	1,749	10,374	5,426	4,948	5.9		
21 West Ghaobata	976	4,962	2,573	2,389	5.1		
22 East Ghaobata	807	4,340	2,242	2,098	5.4		
Malaita Province	24,421	136,384	68,481	67,903	5.6		
01 Auki	873	5,021	2,527	2,494	5.8		
02 Aimela	1,338	7,526	3,847	3,679	5.6		
03 Buma	1,049	6,213	3,265	2,948	5.9		
04 Fauabu	1,534	8,829	4,400	4,429	5.8		
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	454	2,477	1,270	1,207	5.5		
06 Mandalua/Folotana	546	2,679	1,344	1,335	4.9		
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	1,135	5,526	2,776	2,750	4.9		
08 Malu'u	851	4,193	2,104	2,089	4.9		
09 Matakwalao	558	2,758	1,390	1,368	4.9		
10 Takwa	1,802	10,005	4,966	5,039	5.6		
11 East Baegu	839	4,775	2,367	2,408	5.7		
12 Fouenda	321	1,885	929	956	5.9		
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	157	866	420	446	5.5		
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	884	5,053	2,554	2,499	5.7		
15 Nafinua	765	4,139	2,096	2,043	5.4		
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	648	3,580	1,784	1,796	5.5		
17 Gulalofou	1,081	5,946	2,966	2,980	5.5		
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	636	3,478	1,725	1,753	5.5		
19 Aiaisi	561	3,574	1,725	1,759	6.4		
20 Areare	544	3,374 3,494	1,734		6.4		
				1,760			
21 Raroisu'u	867	4,981	2,456	2,525	5.7 5.2		
22 Aba/Asimeuru	939	4,863	2,374	2,489	5.2		
23 Asimae	561	2,898	1,495	1,403	5.2		
24 Mareho 25 Tai	399 787	2,539 4,621	1,226 2,357	1,313 2,264	6.4 5.9		

Province/Ward and urban-	Private households —		private hous		_Average household size		
rural distribution	1 11 vate nous enous	Total	Male	Female	(persons per household		
Malaita Province							
26 Kwarekwareo	318	1,878	929	949	5.9		
27 Siesie	656	3,738	1,874	1,864	5.7		
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	806	5,040	2,575	2,465	6.3		
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	1,767	9,553	4,841	4,712	5.4		
30 Langalanga	341	1,922	924	998	5.6		
31 Luaniua	216	1,396	697	699	6.5		
32 Pelau	128	689	332	357	5.4		
33 Sikaiana	60	249	122	127	4.2		
Makira-Ulawa Province	7,173	39,407	20,186	19,221	5.5		
01 North Ulawa	217	1,156	581	575	5.3		
02 South Ulawa	275	1,281	616	665	4.7		
03 West Ulawa	202	860	434	426	4.3		
04 Ugi and Pio	207	1,125	566	559	5.4		
05 Arosi South	545	2,904	1,495	1,409	5.3		
06 Arosi West	388	1,909	1,008	901	4.9		
07 Arosi North	405	2,344	1,207	1,137	5.8		
08 Arosi East	383	2,040	1,083	957	5.3		
09 Bauro West	691	3,722	1,943	1,779	5.4		
10 Bauro Central	742	4,484	2,339	2,145	6.0		
11 Bauro East	265	1,607	835	772	6.1		
12 Wainoni West	367	2,044	1,026	1,018	5.6		
13 Wainoni East	470	2,486	1,263	1,223	5.3		
14 Star Harbour North	526	3,171	1,592	1,579	6.0		
15 Santa Ana	288	1,547	757	790	5.4		
16 Santa Catalina	167	799	406	393	4.8		
17 Star Harbour South	187	1,137	579	558	6.1		
18 Rawo	114	662	348	314	5.8		
19 Weather Coast	297	1,578	802	776	5.3		
20 Haununu	437	2,551	1,306	1,245	5.8		
Temotu Province	4,303	21,104	10,310	10,794	4.9		
)1 Fenualoa	4,303 279	1,301	10,310 617	684	4.9 4.7		
	90						
O2 Polynesian Outer Islands O3 Nipua/Nopoli	90 173	353 880	165 422	188 458	3.9 5.1		
93 Nipua/Nopon 94 Lipe/Temua	173	793	422 367	458 426	5.0		
•	209	1,028	367 495	533	5.0 4.9		
)5 Manuopo	209 250	1,028 1,166	553	613	4.9 4.7		
06 Nenumpo 07 Nevenema	230 212	1,100 947	553 460	487	4.7		
08 Luva Station	421	2,215	1,083		4.3 5.3		
				1,132			
99 Graciosa Bay	254	1,197	592 850	605	4.7		
10 Nea/Noole	382	1,746	850	896	4.6		
11 North East Santa Cruz	349	1,811	918	893	5.2		
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	339	1,852	949	903	5.5		
13 Duff Islands	126	511	262	249	4.1		
14 Utupua	232	1,168	586	582	5.0		
15 Vanikoro	266	1,293	625	668	4.9		
16 Tikopia	262	1,285	604	681	4.9		
17 Neo	301	1,558	762	796	5.2		

Province/Ward and urban-	Dui-mata hanna ah al da	Persons in	private hous	eholds	Average household size		
rural distribution	Private households —	Total	Male	Female	(persons per household		
Honiara town council	8,981	62,960	33,024	29,936	7.0		
01 Nggossi	1,430	9,877	5,146	4,731	6.9		
02 Mbumburu	513	3,625	1,912	1,713	7.1		
03 Rove/Lengakiki	334	2,310	1,225	1,085	6.9		
04 Cruz	17	115	57	58	6.8		
05 Vavaea	942	6,746	3,589	3,157	7.2		
06 Vuhokesa	148	1,167	608	559	7.9		
07 Mataniko	542	4,300	2,218	2,082	7.9		
08 Kola'a	1,499	9,802	5,166	4,636	6.5		
09 Kukum	233	1,735	911	824	7.4		
10 Naha	54	356	187	169	6.6		
11 Vura	1,268	9,069	4,681	4,388	7.2		
12 Panatina	2,001	13,858	7,324	6,534	6.9		

H2: Population living in private households by sex and relationship to head of household, by province and urban-rural residence, Solomon Islands: 2009

Relationship to hea	ad of		-	•			Location						
households						Rennell/			Makira/				
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Both	504,985	25,916	73,333	25,147	25,809	3,006	91,919	136,384	39,407	21,104	62,960	99,299	405,686
Head	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981	15,382	75,869
Spouse	70,828	3,554	10,138	3,821	3,989	358	13,768	19,119	5,653	3,106	7,322	12,347	58,481
Child	229,072	10,927	30,911	10,488	12,160	992	45,068	68,955	17,912	9,131	22,528	36,870	192,202
Adpoted Child	7,505	327	936	105	163	134	863	2,881	950	354	792	1,368	6,137
Child in law	7,360	492	1,260	297	313	23	856	2,084	613	189	1,233	1,776	5,584
Grandchild	32,625	2,661	7,167	1,667	1,418	391	4,361	7,801	3,210	1,508	2,441	4,226	28,399
Parent	7,121	405	865	411	518	53	1,070	1,982	516	377	924	1,425	5,696
Siblings	15,895	542	1,538	434	666	100	3,091	3,292	992	515	4,725	6,562	9,333
Other relatives	33,522	1,360	4,350	1,636	1,243	252	4,919	5,126	2,062	1,433	11,141	15,211	18,311
Not related/friend	9,806	936	2,406	1,145	434	15	760	723	326	188	2,873	4,132	5,674
Males													
Total	257,738	13,255	37,796	12,764	13,116	1,519	47,287	68,481	20,186	10,310	33,024	51,848	205,890
Head	76,653	3,805	11,351	4,073	4,269	497	14,700	20,529	6,148	3,394	7,887	13,453	63,200
Spouse	1,271	123	254	223	53	28	197	63	51	53	226	339	932
Ĉhild	120,726	5,760	16,009	5,390	6,348	499	23,946	36,729	9,501	4,659	11,885	19,454	101,272
Adpoted Child	4,022	166	503	57	85	70	486	1,549	498	181	427	715	3,307
Child in law	3,087	255	700	179	123	11	441	501	277	78	522	772	2,315
Grandchild	17,619	1,467	3,948	921	781	186	2,318	4,114	1,721	830	1,333	2,279	15,340
Parent	2,064	111	245	96	187	13	311	513	148	114	326	487	1,577
Siblings	8,434	308	906	241	380	50	1,690	1,533	544	216	2,566	3,538	4,896
Other relatives	18,577	762	2,504	875	675	154	2,779	2,615	1,109	701	6,403	8,743	9,834
Not related/friend	5,285	498	1,376	709	215	11	419	335	189	84	1,449	2,068	3,217
Females													
Total	247,247	12,661	35,537	12,383	12,693	1,487	44,632	67,903	19,221	10,794	29,936	47,451	199,796
Head	14,598	907	2,411	1,070	636	191	2,463	3,892	1,025	909	1,094	1,929	12,669
Spouse	69,557	3,431	9,884	3,598	3,936	330	13,571	19,056	5,602	3,053	7,096	12,008	57,549
Ĉhild	108,346	5,167	14,902	5,098	5,812	493	21,122	32,226	8,411	4,472	10,643	17,416	90,930
Adpoted Child	3,483	161	433	48	78	64	377	1,332	452	173	365	653	2,830
Child in law	4,273	237	560	118	190	12	415	1,583	336	111	711	1,004	3,269
Grandchild	15,006	1,194	3,219	746	637	205	2,043	3,687	1,489	678	1,108	1,947	13,059
Parent	5,057	294	620	315	331	40	759	1,469	368	263	598	938	4,119
Siblings	7,461	234	632	193	286	50	1,401	1,759	448	299	2,159	3,024	4,437
Other relatives	14,945	598	1,846	761	568	98	2,140	2,511	953	732	4,738	6,468	8,477
Not related/friend	4,521	438	1,030	436	219	4	341	388	137	104	1,424	2,064	2,457

H3: Number of private households by type of living quarters, by province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province, ward		_		Apartments/	Building with two or more	Dwelling attached to shop		_
	Total	Detached	Detached	Flats	households shared	or non residential building	house	Other
Solomon Islands	91,251	84,282	3,469	658	2,004	387	265	186
Choiseul Province	4,712	4,372	169	47	81	19	11	13
01 Wagina	250	245	1	-	3	1	-	-
02 Katupika	399	331	17	37	6	4	-	4
03 Vasipuki	312	308	-	-	-	-	4	-
04 Viviru	289	283	2	-	4	-	-	-
05 Babatana	324	312	_	-	4	_	-	8
06 Tepazaka	322	318	3	_	1	_	-	_
07 Batava	802	731	46	6	5	11	2	1
08 Tavula	418	357	51	3	4	3	_	
09 Polo	302	272	22	-	8	_	_	_
10 Bangera	189	189			-	_	_	_
11 Susuka	304	249	19	-	31	_	5	-
12 Senga				- 1	31	-	3	-
	345	336	8	1	-	-	-	-
13 Kerepangara	204	204	-	-	-	-	-	-
14 Kirugela	252	237	-	-	15	-	-	-
Western Province	13,762	12,456	704	99	266	104	89	44
01 Outer Shortlands	253	242	1	-	9	1	-	-
02 Inner Shortlands	448	429	6	-	12	1	-	-
03 Simbo	314	303	2	-	8	1	-	-
04 North Ranongga	92	89	-	1	1	1	-	-
05 Central Ranongga	488	460	11	-	12	5	-	-
06 South Ranongga	644	603	22	1	14	4	-	-
07 Vonunu	645	599	31	2	4	9	-	-
08 Mbilua	754	659	68	12	9	3	3	-
09 Ndovele	378	372	6	_	-	-	_	_
10 Irringgilla	501	482	13	2	2	2	_	_
11 Gizo	1,335	1,085	128	30	33	32	16	11
12 South Kolombangara	722	674	38	5	2	1	-	2
13 Vonavona	990	951	14	-	21	2	_	2
14 Kusaghe	332	323	17	_	7	$\frac{2}{2}$	_	2
15 Munda	471	353	41	4	2	$\overset{2}{2}$	- 67	2
					2	8		2
16 Nusa Roviana	379	326	38	5	-		2	-
17 Roviana Lagoon	757	639	59	2	35	1	1	20
18 South Rendova	451	434	6	-	9	2	-	-
19 North Rendova	334	309	10	-	15	-	-	-
20 Kolombaghea	322	321	-	-	1	-	-	-
21 Mbuini Tusu	486	458	8	-	14	3	-	3
22 Nono	628	532	73	8	8	4	-	3
23 Nggatokae	584	572	7	-	3	2	-	-
24 North Vangunu	461	436	6	3	12	4	-	-
25 Noro	589	409	116	20	30	14	-	-
26 North Kolombangara	404	396	-	4	3	-	-	1
Isabel Province	5,143	4,841	141	59	64	33	3	2
01 Kia	437	299	61	55	18	4	-	
02 Baolo	244	232	3	-	7	1	1	_
03 Kokota	249	232	5	-	6	8	1	-
04 Hovikoilo	392			-	9	2	-	-
	592 511	381	- 7	2	9	9	-	2
05 Buala		482	/	2			-	2
06 Tirotongana	161	156	-	-	3	2	-	-
07 Koviloko	253	252	- 1	-	1	-	-	-
08 Kmaga	351	348	1	-	2	-	-	-
09 Kaloka	197	189	7	-	1	-	-	-
10 Tatamba	282	281	-	-	-	1	-	-
11 Sigana	438	430	7	-	1	-	-	-
12 Japuana	405	404	-	-	-	-	1	-
13 Kolomola	205	205	-	-	-	-	-	-
14 Kolotubi	303	303	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Susubona	361	355	1	-	1	4	-	-
16 Samasodu	354	294	49	2	6	2	1	_

H3: Number of private households by type of living quarters, by province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

H3: Number of private hou	useholds b	y type of I	iving quar	Apartments/	nce and ward, Solomon I Building with two or more	Dwelling attached to shop	Lodging	
Province, ward	Total	Detached	Detached	Aparunents/ Flats		or non residential building	house	Other
Central Province	4,905	4,665	190	15	24	2	3	6
01 Sandfly/Buenavista	672	654	15	1	2	_	-	-
02 West Gela	443	443	-	-	_	_	_	_
03 East Gela	400	382	11	_	5	_	_	2
04 Tulagi	244	172	57	12	2	1	_	
05 South West Gela	474	437	35	1	_	_	_	1
06 South East Gela	323	322	1	1	-	_	-	1
07 North East Gela	429	429	1	-	-	-	-	-
08 North West Gela			- 2	-	-	-	- 1	-
	330	327	2	-	-	-	1	-
09 Banika	333	296	32	-	4	1	-	- 1
10 Pavuvu	333	322	3	-	5	-	2	1
11 Lovukol	358	349	5	1	2	-	-	1
12 North Savo	287	272	15	-	-	-	-	-
13 South Savo	279	260	14	-	4	-	-	1
Rennell-Bellona Province	688	675	3	-	3	-	5	2
01 East Tenggano	85	83	_	_	1	-	1	_
02 West Tenggano	81	77	1	_	_	_	2	1
03 Lughu	81	81	-	_	_	_	-	- 1
04 Kanava	60	58	1	_	_	_	_	1
	123	121	1	_	2	_	-	1
05 Te Tau Gangoto			-	-	2	-	-	-
06 Mugi Henua	23	23	-	-	-	-	-	-
07 Matangi	32	32	-	-	-	-	-	-
08 East Gaongau	70	70	-	-	-	-	-	-
09 West Gaongau	76	74	-	-	-	-	2	-
10 Sa'aiho	57	56	1	-	-	-	-	-
Guadalcanal Province	17,163	15,834	445	53	712	28	58	33
01 Tandai	2,463	2,268	90	9	67	12	16	1
02 Saghalu	1,044	1,005	17	5	11	3	3	_
03 Savulei	471	459	8	_	4	_	_	_
04 Tangarare	551	533	10	_	8	_	_	_
05 Wanderer Bay	649	644	2	_	3	_	_	_
06 Duidui	700	692	5	_	1	_	2	_
07 Vatukulau	417	416	3	_	1	_	-	- 1
			-	-	- 1	-		1
08 Talise	364	362		-	1	-	-	1
09 Avuavu	470	460	3	-	3	1	3	-
10 Moli	802	796	4	-	-	-	2	-
11 Tetekanji	214	212	2	-	-	-	-	-
12 Birao	588	568	3	-	2	-	-	15
13 Valasi	272	251	4	-	1	-	16	-
14 Kolokarako	280	280	-	-	-	-	-	-
15 Longgu	654	629	9	3	11	2	-	-
16 Aola	758	735	13	-	5	5	-	-
17 Paripao	604	585	1	_	16	-	2	-
18 East Tasimboko	1,419	1,037	89	2	288	-	2	1
19 Vulolo	911	869	19	2	21	<u>-</u>	_	_
20 Malango	1,749	1,584	68	27	49	2	8	11
21 West Ghaobata	976	696	71	1	204	1	3	-
22 East Ghaobata	807	753	27	4	17	2	1	3
Malaita Province	24,421	23,579	527	35	209	23	10	38
01 Auki	873	751	58	24	15	9	1	15
02 Aimela	1,338	1,249	80	2	5	1	-	1
03 Buma	1,049	1,044	-	1	2	-	-	2
04 Fauabu	1,534	1,518	4	-	12	-	-	-
05 West Baegu/Fataleka	454	451	-	-	1	2	-	-
06 Mandalua/Folotana	546	522	5	-	16	-	-	3
07 Fo'ondo/Gwaiau	1,135	1,111	14	-	5	-	-	5
08 Malu'u	851	840	2	-	5	2	1	1
09 Matakwalao	558	550	2	_	6	-	-	-
10 Takwa	1,802	1,750	23	_	24	1	_	4
11 East Baegu	839	825	7	_	5	1	1	
12 Fouenda	321	316	3	_	2		-	_
13 Sulufou/Kwarande	157	152	2	-	3	-	-	-
14 Sububenu/Burianiasi	137 884	132 884	2	-	3	-	-	-
			-	-	- 2	-	-	-
15 Nafinua	765	758	5	-	2	-	-	

H3: Number of private households by type of living quarters, by province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

	scholus i	by type or			Building with two or more	Dwelling attached to shop	Lodging	
Province, ward	Total	Detached		Flats		or non residential building	house	Other
Malaita Province						<u> </u>		
16 Faumamanu/Kwai	648	556	92	_	-	-	-	-
17 Gulalofou	1,081	998	82	_	1	-	-	-
18 Waneagu/Taelanasina	636	626	-	_	10	-	_	-
19 Aiaisi	561	522	26	_	10	-	3	-
20 Areare	544	514	23	_	7	-	_	-
21 Raroisu'u	867	843	1	2	21	-	-	-
22 Aba/Asimeuru	939	930	3	_	2	1	_	3
23 Asimae	561	556	1	-	2	1	-	1
24 Mareho	399	386	6	1	5	-	_	1
25 Tai	787	750	31	1	4	-	1	-
26 Kwarekwareo	318	309	4	-	2	-	3	-
27 Siesie	656	625	28	1	1	1	_	-
28 Waneagu Silana Sina	806	791	11	_	3	1	_	-
29 Keaimela/Radefasu	1,767	1,715	10	3	36	1	_	2
30 Langalanga	341	338	3	_	-	-	_	-
31 Luaniua	216	215	-	_	_	1	-	-
32 Pelau	128	128	-	_	-	-	_	_
33 Sikaiana	60	56	1	_	2	1	_	_
08 Makira-Ulawa Province	7,173	6,742	229	33	72	59	25	13
01 North Ulawa	217	215	229	33	1	39	4 5	13
			-	- 2		-	-	1
02 South Ulawa	275	269	-	3	3	-	-	-
03 West Ulawa	202	192	-	-	10	-	-	-
04 Ugi and Pio	207	207	- 12	-	-	- 10	- 4	-
05 Arosi South	545	516	13	-	2	10	4	-
06 Arosi West	388	386	2	-	- 12	-	-	- 7
07 Arosi North	405	370	3	4	13	5	3	7
08 Arosi East	383	378	5	-	-	-	-	-
09 Bauro West	691	671	15	- 16	- 0	5	- 4	-
10 Bauro Central	742	653	42	16	8	19	4	-
11 Bauro East	265	254	2	-	7	2	-	-
12 Wainoni West	367	307	60	-	- 1	-	-	- 1
13 Wainoni East	470	455	8	2	1	1	2	1
14 Star Harbour North	526	512	6	-	4	-	-	4
15 Santa Ana	288	269	15	-	3	1	-	-
16 Santa Catalina	167	143	24	-	-	-	-	-
17 Star Harbour South	187	187	-	-	-		-	-
18 Rawo	114	109		-	-	5	-	-
19 Weather Coast	297	269	1	-	16	11	-	-
20 Haununu	437	380	33	8	4	-	12	-
09 Temotu Province	4,303	4,156	74	15	29	14	11	4
01 Fenualoa	279	273	6	-	-	-	-	-
02 Polynesian Outer Islands	90	88	1	-	-	1	-	-
03 Nipua/Nopoli	173	172	-	-	-	1	-	-
04 Lipe/Temua	158	149	7	-	1	1	-	-
05 Manuopo	209	202	3	-	1	3	-	-
06 Nenumpo	250	243	3	-	-	3	1	-
07 Nevenema	212	207	4	-	-	-	1	-
08 Luva Station	421	379	25	13	-	2	-	2
09 Graciosa Bay	254	243	6	-	2	1	2	-
10 Nea/Noole	382	368	3	2	8	-	1	-
11 North East Santa Cruz	349	346	1	-	-	-	2	-
12 Nanggu/Lord Howe	339	327	8	-	3	1	-	-
13 Duff Islands	126	114	1	-	11	-	-	-
14 Utupua	232	230	-	-	2	-	-	-
15 Vanikoro	266	263	1	-	-	-	-	2
16 Tikopia	262	253	5	-	-	-	4	-
17 Neo	301	299	-	_	1	1	-	-

H3: Number of private households by type of living quarters, by province and ward, Solomon Islands: 2009 (cont'd.)

Province, ward			Semi-	Apartments/	Building with two or more	Dwelling attached to shop	Lodging	
Fromice, waru	Total	Detached	Detached	Flats	households shared	or non residential building	house	Other
10 Honiara town council	8,981	6,962	987	302	544	105	50	31
01 Nggossi	1,430	1,197	94	39	81	3	16	-
02 Mbumburu	513	388	69	27	27	1	-	1
03 Rove/Lengakiki	334	210	53	27	41	-	3	-
04 Cruz	17	3	11	1	-	2	-	-
05 Vavaea	942	775	106	29	18	8	4	2
06 Vuhokesa	148	72	48	5	13	-	5	5
07 Mataniko	542	387	83	13	37	19	2	1
08 Kola'a	1,499	1,192	181	50	57	5	2	12
09 Kukum	233	123	88	10	9	3	-	-
10 Naha	54	14	37	-	2	-	-	1
11 Vura	1,268	1,071	77	37	59	12	10	2
12 Panatina	2,001	1,530	140	64	200	52	8	7

H4: Main material used for walls, floors, and roof by province and urban-rural distribution, Solomon Islands: 2009

							Location						
Main Materials						Rennell			Makira/				
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	Urban	Rural
Main Material for Walls													
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981	15,382	75,869
Wood	35,115	1,844	8,073	1,403	968	542	6,438	7,842	1,554	423	6,028	9,618	25,497
Tin Corrugated Iron	1,230	14	150	91	181	66	370	151	30	27	150	405	825
Concrete cement brick	3,072	33	199	49	449	2	303	427	140	41	1,429	1,936	1,136
Traditional Material	49,273	2,771	4,654	3,460	3,164	48	9,634	15,725	5,331	3,705	781	2,158	47,115
Makeshift or improvised material	1,361	36	207	73	112	27	265	116	70	90	365	642	719
Other	1,200	14	479	67	31	3	153	160	48	17	228	623	577
Main Material for Floor													
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981	15,382	75,869
Wood	56,374	2,451	11,650	3,002	2,063	633	9,365	15,414	3,557	1,372	6,867	12,023	44,351
Tin Corrugated Iron	269	14	15	33	12	1	61	66	21	4	42	63	206
Concrete cement brick	5,888	61	520	151	828	10	1,322	644	289	150	1,913	2,835	3,053
Traditional Material	26,755	2,163	1,530	1,887	1,934	36	5,657	7,974	3,103	2,351	120	354	26,401
Makeshift or improvised material	219	8	16	39	11	2	69	25	20	11	18	41	178
Other	1,746	15	31	31	57	6	689	298	183	415	21	66	1,680
Main Material for Roof													
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981	15,382	75,869
Wood	1,093	17	168	65	53	2	140	265	111	17	255	346	747
Tin Corrugated Iron	33,103	1,752	6,738	1,421	1,361	651	4,944	7,834	978	441	6,983	10,896	22,207
Concrete cement brick	649	24	99	38	40	-	118	169	52	8	101	135	514
Traditional Material	55,664	2,884	6,618	3,575	3,426	33	11,767	16,012	5,966	3,797	1,586	3,870	51,794
Makeshift or improvised material	420	31	83	41	19	1	112	52	36	18	27	81	339
Other	322	4	56	3	6	1	82	89	30	22	29	54	268

H5: Number of private households by number of rooms, by province and urban-rural distribution, Solomon Islands: 2009

Place of residence				N	lumber of roo	ms		
Place of residence	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7+
Total	91,251	11,648	28,772	28,887	15,051	4,632	1,409	852
Choiseul	4,712	499	1,232	1,671	811	350	87	62
Western	13,762	888	3,401	5,189	2,822	961	324	177
Isabel	5,143	442	1,303	1,795	1,080	366	105	52
Central	4,905	948	2,354	1,099	417	54	16	17
Rennell-Bellona	688	87	250	167	102	42	29	11
Guadalcanal	17,163	4,006	7,585	3,712	1,350	312	124	74
Malaita	24,421	1,684	6,300	9,033	5,202	1,600	408	194
Makira-Ulawa	7,173	1,107	1,876	2,197	1,334	452	131	76
Temotu	4,303	1,224	1,555	939	385	125	48	27
Honiara	8,981	763	2,916	3,085	1,548	370	137	162
Urban	15,382	1,357	5,026	5,251	2,547	691	261	249
Rural	75,869	10,291	23,746	23,636	12,504	3,941	1,148	603

H6: Number of private households by main source of drinking water by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Main Source of Drinking					Pla	ce of resider	nce				
water						Rennell/			Makira/		
- Water	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona G	uadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Metered -SIWA	8,366	2	37	23	26	-	1,089	383	31	4	6,771
Communial Standpipe	32,042	1,416	4,151	3,314	1,935	-	4,558	11,080	3,582	1,655	351
HH Tank	11,380	1,137	4,596	526	910	547	866	1,249	240	448	861
Communal Tank	9,690	840	2,426	574	862	92	1,267	1,849	603	1,043	134
Well- Protected	1,899	14	46	43	59	5	1,140	431	37	82	42
Well-Unprotected	1,626	2	17	22	14	10	963	94	19	250	235
River/Stream	22,396	1,184	1,967	550	899	1	6,492	8,089	2,458	335	421
Bottled Water	558	20	83	9	79	18	77	153	16	10	93
Other	3,294	97	439	82	121	15	711	1,093	187	476	73

H7: Number of private households by main source of washing water by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Main Source of	Place of residence											
Washing water						Rennell/			Makira/			
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara	
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981	
Piped - private	10,408	89	1,045	387	289	-	905	1,633	502	54	5,504	
Piped shared	10,920	300	1,099	859	775	-	2,008	2,696	758	130	2,295	
Common standpipe	24,758	1,851	4,983	2,452	1,201	-	2,614	7,476	2,489	1,468	224	
Well protected	4,756	199	1,102	38	494	7	1,377	1,253	43	191	52	
Well unprotected	5,149	285	271	30	1,327	28	939	929	272	849	219	
HH Tank	3,290	258	1,464	70	77	458	144	335	23	322	139	
Common Tank	818	67	100	21	31	19	97	242	13	209	19	
Sea	517	1	12	1	1	_	7	105	2	388	-	
River Lake Stream	29,286	1,620	3,532	1,258	659	154	8,900	9,256	2,912	559	436	
Other	1,349	42	154	27	51	22	172	496	159	133	93	

H8: Number of private households by main toilet facility by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pl	ace of resi	idence				
Main Toilet Facility						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Flush private	9,221	188	1,533	142	292	17	936	915	238	99	4,861
Flash shared	2,111	65	209	22	36	3	752	109	43	47	825
Water sealed private	6,565	241	1,681	372	106	154	1,283	1,222	223	89	1,194
Water sealed shared	2,279	52	258	267	46	4	411	287	314	89	551
Pit latrine private	10,522	120	465	1,198	8	397	3,364	3,787	154	40	989
Pit latrine shared	8,339	27	125	144	26	100	867	6,691	41	11	307
Other	22,282	603	3,499	2,935	1,334	13	4,263	6,346	2,674	480	135
None	29,932	3,416	5,992	63	3,057	-	5,287	5,064	3,486	3,448	119

H9: Number of private households by main form of household rubbish disposal by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pl	ace of resi	idence				
Main form of Waste Disposal						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Government waste collection	4,318	2	457	69	4	-	275	156	40	80	3,235
Bury	3,365	85	350	153	50	36	1,246	366	222	150	707
Burn	7,109	42	1,191	73	134	430	1,869	526	220	589	2,035
River/ Stream	3,088	67	140	96	13	3	453	736	691	25	864
Sea	17,094	789	3,255	1,157	2,333	-	465	4,221	2,146	2,470	258
Backyard	54,705	3,678	8,040	3,547	2,301	216	12,605	18,172	3,613	958	1,575
Other	1,572	49	329	48	70	3	250	244	241	31	307

H10: Number of private households by main source of lighting by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pl	ace of res	idence				
Main Source of Lighting						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Electricity -main grid	10,748	194	1,665	298	189	3	1,411	827	265	116	5,780
Own Generator	683	52	145	62	33	1	229	74	48	8	31
Solar	7,924	478	1,149	870	188	515	597	2,969	424	532	202
Gas	147	19	10	20	7	-	20	48	8	2	13
Kerosene Lamp	68,150	3,869	10,425	3,825	4,476	145	14,198	19,211	5,735	3,431	2,835
Coleman lamp	230	17	19	16	-	-	20	26	74	22	36
Wood/coconut	865	2	88	3	_	-	411	228	62	68	3
Other	2,223	76	238	47	10	12	227	963	471	119	60
None	281	5	23	2	2	12	50	75	86	5	21

H11: Number of private households by main source of cooking energy by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Main Source of Cooking					PI	ace of resi	idence				
energy						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Electricity -main grid	525	8	60	5	12	-	39	34	30	6	331
Kerosene	612	23	141	40	7	4	39	77	8	12	261
Wood Coconut shells	84,420	4,588	12,990	4,860	4,790	666	16,423	24,016	7,068	4,258	4,761
Charcoal	418	11	109	132	-	-	21	12	2	-	131
Gas	4,957	74	441	104	96	18	617	254	47	25	3,281
Other	319	8	21	2	-	-	24	28	18	2	216

H12: Number of private households by housing tenure by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pl	ace of res	idence				
Housing Tenure						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Own or have mortgage	67,569	4,147	10,725	4,384	4,021	563	13,139	19,308	3,905	3,950	3,427
Rent from private Landlord	2,862	59	233	20	47	10	326	112	47	5	2,003
Subsidised rent	2,591	147	347	59	35	32	441	227	219	79	1,005
Rent free	10,489	247	1,860	574	705	21	1,487	775	2,576	135	2,109
Caretaker	2,071	62	429	88	80	62	415	413	109	110	303
Other	5,669	50	168	18	17	-	1,355	3,586	317	24	134

H13: Number of private households by land tenure by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

					Pl	ace of res	idence				
Land Tenure						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Freehold	68,473	4,297	10,456	4,759	4,303	602	12,612	19,420	5,989	3,987	2,048
Lease from Government	8,356	103	1,864	86	131	32	396	315	188	58	5,183
Lease from private/customary	6,227	224	834	207	155	22	2,124	921	482	112	1,146
Other	8,195	88	608	91	316	32	2,031	3,765	514	146	604

H14: Number of private households by number of bednets (insecticide treated) by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Province	Total number of	Number of bednets											
	Private households	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11+
Total	91,251	22,684	12,300	18,642	15,019	10,809	5,507	3,242	1,211	750	303	538	246
Choiseul	4,712	600	586	1,081	1,039	676	333	198	79	43	25	36	16
Western	13,762	2,161	1,743	2,982	2,545	2,024	1,010	653	248	170	65	120	41
Isabel	5,143	473	691	1,031	1,007	858	448	306	133	78	30	60	28
Central	4,905	647	667	1,076	924	673	421	259	82	56	18	33	49
Rennell-Bellona	688	519	103	39	21	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-
Guadalcanal	17,163	4,138	2,995	3,948	2,688	1,760	841	422	169	100	33	51	18
Malaita	24,421	7,995	3,123	4,822	3,545	2,549	1,138	648	238	141	49	134	39
Makira-Ulawa	7,173	1,632	914	1,425	1,252	869	526	294	106	65	28	44	18
Temotu	4,303	862	484	847	769	580	361	203	85	47	30	19	16
Honiara	8,981	3,657	994	1,391	1,229	817	427	259	71	50	25	40	21

Province by bednet counts

Province	Total number of		Number of bednets										
	Bednet counts	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11+
Total	210,652	-	12,300	37,284	45,057	43,236	27,535	19,452	8,477	6,000	2,727	5,380	3,204
Choiseul	13,121	-	586	2,162	3,117	2,704	1,665	1,188	553	344	225	360	217
Western	37,809	-	1,743	5,964	7,635	8,096	5,050	3,918	1,736	1,360	585	1,200	522
Isabel	16,093	-	691	2,062	3,021	3,432	2,240	1,836	931	624	270	600	386
Central	14,056	-	667	2,152	2,772	2,692	2,105	1,554	574	448	162	330	600
Rennell-Bellona	276	-	103	78	63	12	10	-	-	-	-	10	-
Guadalcanal	35,747	-	2,995	7,896	8,064	7,040	4,205	2,532	1,183	800	297	510	225
Malaita	48,265	-	3,123	9,644	10,635	10,196	5,690	3,888	1,666	1,128	441	1,340	514
Makira-Ulawa	17,575	-	914	2,850	3,756	3,476	2,630	1,764	742	520	252	440	231
Temotu	11,447	-	484	1,694	2,307	2,320	1,805	1,218	595	376	270	190	188
Honiara	16,263	-	994	2,782	3,687	3,268	2,135	1,554	497	400	225	400	321

H15: Number of private households by availability of at least one household durable in working order by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Household durables						Province Rennell/			Makira	,	
Household dill ables	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Car/Bus	. , .	,	- , -				,	,	, -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
With	2,150	3	109	4	1	_	358	118	5	7	1,545
Without	89,101	4,709	13,653	5,139	4,904	688	16,805	24,303	7,168	4,296	7,436
Motobike											
With	252	4	61	2	13	6	39	53	5	29	40
Without	90,999	4,708	13,701	5,141	4,892	682	17,124	24,368	7,168	4,274	8,941
Truck											
With	1,413	13	127	10	12	3	320	244	25	18	641
Without	89,838	4,699	13,635	5,133	4,893	685	16,843	24,177	7,148	4,285	8,340
Canoes											
With	35,351	2,992	8,950	3,143	3,126	106	3,103	8,898	2,720	2,047	266
Without	55,888	1,717	4,808	1,998	1,779	582	14,060	15,521	4,453	2,255	8,715
Boat/Ship											
With	1,939	381	357	358	38	7	93	508	78	58	61
Without	89,312	4,331	13,405	4,785	4,867	681	17,070	23,913	7,095	4,245	8,920
Outboard Motor											
With	4,921	463	1,662	536	409	34	318	927	170	134	268
Without	86,320	4,249	12,095	4,606	4,495	654	16,845	23,491	7,003	4,169	8,713
Fridge/Ice											
With	5,239	31	696	104	81	7	451	276	67	41	3,485
Without	86,012	4,681	13,066	5,039	4,824	681	16,712	24,145	7,106	4,262	5,496
TV											
With	10,554	357	2,256	349	330	29	1,211	1,234	76	64	4,648
Without	80,697	4,355	11,506	4,794	4,575	659	15,952	23,187	7,097	4,239	4,333
Telephone											
With	2,165	33	277	33	33	1	115	137	39	27	1,470
Without	89,086	4,679	13,485	5,110	4,872	687	17,048	24,284	7,134	4,276	7,511
Computer											
With	3,111	58	336	40	33	22	291	201	52	28	2,050
Without	88,140	4,654	13,426	5,103	4,872	666	16,872	24,220	7,121	4,275	6,931
Internet connection											
With	541	2	102	3	4	-	41	20	4	-	365
Without	90,710	4,710	13,660	5,140	4,901	688	17,122	24,401	7,169	4,303	8,616
Generator											
With	6,149	471	1,858	431	363	41	1,314	813	234	90	534
Without	85,102	4,241	11,904	4,712	4,542	647	15,849	23,608	6,939	4,213	8,447
Radio											
With	39,756	2,020	5,520	2,889	2,053	264	7,470	10,838	2,414	788	5,500
Without	51,495	2,692	8,242	2,254	2,852	424	9,693	13,583	4,759	3,515	3,481
Mobile Telephone											
With	18,784	277	3,055	878	370	134	3,239	2,751	577	609	6,894
Without	72,452	4,434	10,705	4,265	4,535	554	13,923	21,669	6,596	3,694	2,077
HF Radio											
With	1,217	81	253	40	22	27	97	162	113	32	
Without	90,034	4,631	13,509	5,103	4,883	661	17,066	24,259	7,060	4,271	8,591

H16: Total number of household items in working order by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Location					
Item						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal N	I alaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Car/Bus	2,931	11	152	17	1	-	458	174	8	28	2,082
Motorbike	468	26	79	12	53	6	59	106	10	50	67
Truck	1,898	40	179	23	22	3	403	348	53	23	804
Canoe	53,617	5,209	15,259	5,183	4,444	117	3,807	12,966	3,401	2,857	374
Boat/Ship	2,548	440	455	475	49	8	144	699	113	76	89
Outboard_Motor	6,003	539	1,996	634	489	42	394	1,204	200	148	357
Fridge/Ice	6,346	45	884	133	99	8	523	347	90	70	4,147
TV	11,455	380	2,431	386	341	29	1,285	1,313	79	87	5,124
Telephone	2,367	34	299	33	36	2	126	143	49	29	1,616
Computer	4,183	58	461	45	43	27	370	239	62	31	2,847
Internet_connection	562	2	105	4	4	-	47	20	4	-	376
Generator	6,541	510	1,979	453	397	45	1,385	851	243	97	581
Radio	43,626	2,253	5,999	3,254	2,211	283	8,159	11,852	2,617	858	6,140
Mobile_Telephone	33,671	436	4,716	1,269	543	204	5,330	3,704	815	850	15,804
HF Radio	1,298	85	267	41	22	27	100	172	115	33	436
Bednets*	192,935	15,457	33,219	14,949	11,396	252	38,507	40,973	14,973	7,604	15,605

^{*} Bednets treated

H17: Number of private households involved in growing food by type of cash crop and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

				•	Í	Province					
Cash crop						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Vegies/food crops											
No	26,504	869	2,523	1,002	668	131	5,075	6,769	2,346	501	6,620
Yes	64,747	3,843	11,239	4,141	4,237	557	12,088	17,652	4,827	3,802	2,361
Coco/Copra											
No	62,423	2,298	9,253	3,584	2,628	562	12,645	16,192	4,036	2,517	8,708
Yes	28,828	2,414	4,509	1,559	2,277	126	4,518	8,229	3,137	1,786	273
Betel Nut											
No	51,441	1,904	7,939	1,206	1,624	678	9,589	15,020	3,167	1,428	8,886
Yes	39,810	2,808	5,823	3,937	3,281	10	7,574	9,401	4,006	2,875	95
Cocoa											
No	67,129	4,290	11,770	4,866	4,169	688	10,771	14,202	3,626	3,786	8,961
Yes	24,122	422	1,992	277	736	-	6,392	10,219	3,547	517	20
Tobacco											
No	83,085	4,591	13,078	4,253	4,454	687	16,118	21,935	6,109	2,885	8,975
Yes	8,166	121	684	890	451	1	1,045	2,486	1,064	1,418	6
Timber											
No	81,966	3,780	10,865	4,431	4,725	676	16,594	22,334	6,575	3,033	8,953
Yes	9,285	932	2,897	712	180	12	569	2,087	598	1,270	28
Flower											
No	78,472	4,138	9,657	4,259	4,662	535	15,735	21,093	6,800	3,803	7,790
Yes	12,779	574	4,105	884	243	153	1,428	3,328	373	500	1,191
Other											
No	84,432	4,600	12,542	3,325	4,683	655	16,347	23,262	7,038	3,157	8,823
Yes	6,819	112	1,220	1,818	222	33	816	1,159	135	1,146	158

H18: Number of private households that do not grow any cash crops by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Province					
Private households						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
don't grow any crops	78,076	4,310	12,274	4,748	4,583	584	15,186	21,989	6,868	4,083	3,451
grow crops	13,175	402	1,488	395	322	104	1,977	2,432	305	220	5,530

H19: Number of private households and whether raising livestock by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Province		·	·	·	
Household durables						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Cows											
Yes	446	13	50	12	11	-	57	240	28	15	20
No	90,805	4,699	13,712	5,131	4,894	688	17,106	24,181	7,145	4,288	8,961
Pigs											
Yes	34,830	1,144	2,448	2,122	1,669	23	6,872	13,502	3,679	3,010	361
No	56,421	3,568	11,314	3,021	3,236	665	10,291	10,919	3,494	1,293	8,620
Goats											
Yes	765	8	43	20	52	-	257	191	90	64	40
No	90,486	4,704	13,719	5,123	4,853	688	16,906	24,230	7,083	4,239	8,941
Horses											
Yes	63	1	5	3	8	-	6	20	4	1	15
No	91,188	4,711	13,757	5,140	4,897	688	17,157	24,401	7,169	4,302	8,966
Poultry											
Yes	33,975	2,616	5,717	3,151	1,882	371	5,500	9,160	2,734	2,524	320
No	57,276	2,096	8,045	1,992	3,023	317	11,663	15,261	4,439	1,779	8,661

H20: Total number of livestock by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Location					
Livestock						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Cows	30,363	844	1,751	53	3,102	-	2,235	11,002	2,383	2,924	6,069
Pigs	120,971	3,701	5,257	4,089	6,322	56	23,383	51,454	11,351	9,356	6,002
Goats	20,222	90	985	2,409	1,104	-	4,110	8,137	311	1,098	1,978
Horses	2,441	60	161	126	343	-	21	945	142	80	563
Poultry	349,991	30,831	58,534	26,875	17,647	2,708	65,645	86,409	22,789	22,491	16,062

H21: Number of private households involved in fishing by type of activity and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Type of activity						Province Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Subsistence only	26,827	1,750	5,054	1,477	1,292	331	6,375	4,872	3,529	1,657	490
Sale only	368	8	67	9	9	-	59	113	29	16	58
Both	28,238	1,977	6,311	2,684	2,468	171	3,513	6,966	1,961	1,999	188
None	35,818	977	2,330	973	1,136	186	7,216	12,470	1,654	631	8,245

H22: Number of private households catching fish or shellfish by frequency and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Province					
Catch Fish or shell fish						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Frequency											
Never	35,813	1,011	2,429	1,080	1,168	189	7,134	12,511	1,810	667	7,814
Once a week	27,947	1,849	5,938	2,863	2,099	123	4,371	6,003	2,518	1,637	546
More than once a week	17,837	1,366	3,880	807	1,196	151	3,098	4,282	1,642	1,143	272
Once a month	8,043	395	1,382	353	332	209	2,041	1,469	893	784	185
Other	1,611	91	133	40	110	16	519	156	310	72	164

H23: Number of private households buying fish or shellfish by frequency and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

Buy fish or shellfish						Province Rennell/			Makira/		
buy iish or sheniish	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Never	23,399	1,386	3,109	1,950	1,745	151	4,679	5,731	3,058	892	698
Once a week	27,834	1,608	5,202	1,497	1,435	30	4,305	7,141	1,193	996	4,427
More than once a week	14,312	684	1,635	563	745	97	2,364	4,566	977	684	1,997
Once a month	21,885	828	3,508	1,028	643	357	4,913	6,107	1,483	1,475	1,543
Other	3821	206	308	105	337	53	902	876	462	256	316

H24: Number of private households catching or buying fish or shellfish by type of fish and and province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Pro	ovince				
Types of fish catch or buy						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
Number of private households											
that never catch/buy fish	8,412	267	616	646	472	68	2,109	2,713	880	193	448
Number of private households											
that ever catch/buy fish	82,839	4,445	13,146	4,497	4,433	620	15,054	21,708	6,293	4,110	8,533
Tuna	34,006	1,155	2,548	787	1,114	216	8,016	10,288	2,852	2,293	4,737
Reef fish	60,478	4,031	11,296	3,822	3,941	498	6,972	16,008	4,202	3,767	5,941
Shellfish	8,846	240	630	603	296	120	799	2,638	1,124	1,756	640
Freshwater fish	7,767	96	168	295	41	155	4,381	1,017	853	427	334
Other	3,095	388	163	160	52	1	347	347	301	1,048	288

H25: Number of private households receiving remittances in the last 12 months by total amount (SI\$) received and by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Province					
Remittances (SI\$)						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	I s abel	Central	Bellona G	uadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Number of private households	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
None	68,372	2,792	9,452	3,480	4,121	303	13,841	18,079	5,518	3,606	7,180
Don't Know	1,919	49	116	52	88	85	468	501	147	54	359
1 - 499	11,045	1,051	2,145	1,057	407	70	1,692	3,291	734	331	267
500 - 999	4,068	408	900	306	127	81	362	1,215	296	142	231
1000 - 1499	2,242	209	530	146	48	53	212	614	154	73	203
1500+	1,970	179	478	57	70	92	141	374	144	40	395
NS	1,635	24	141	45	44	4	447	347	180	57	346

H26: Number of private households by main source of household income by province, Solomon Islands: 2009

						Province					
Source of income						Rennell/			Makira/		
	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central	Bellona	Guadalcanal	Malaita	Ulawa	Temotu	Honiara
Total	91,251	4,712	13,762	5,143	4,905	688	17,163	24,421	7,173	4,303	8,981
No income	3,033	88	182	92	66	114	538	1,404	315	159	75
Wages/Salary	21,866	892	3,732	907	665	147	3,978	2,942	1,007	612	6,984
Own business	5,113	206	618	310	373	40	868	1,290	459	166	783
Sale of fish/crop/handicraft	40,591	2,443	7,518	2,900	2,518	244	7,702	11,075	3,293	2,505	393
Land lease	133	6	8	4	1	1	20	15	14	10	54
House rent	577	16	48	18	5	13	102	154	28	14	179
Remittances	1,984	206	410	174	88	82	182	584	90	120	48
Other source	17,954	855	1,246	738	1,189	47	3,773	6,957	1,967	717	465

H27: Number of private households that receive remittances by province, and by location of sender of remittances, Solomon Islands: 2009

Location of sender of	Province of households receiving remittances Rennell/ Makira/												
remittances	Total	Choiseul	Western	Isabel	Central		Guadalcanal	Malaita		Temotu	Honiara		
Solomon Islands													
Choiseul	873	744	77	8	1	_	15	12	2	3	11		
Western	1,807	234	1,403	13	8	_	56	27	16	13	37		
Isabel	584	17	28	458	22	_	20	20	6	-	13		
Central	141	_	9	12	68	3	16	9	20	1	3		
Rennell-Bellona	106	1	4	12	12	61	6	-	1	_	9		
Guadalcanal	925	9	23	5	14	_	700	86	55	20	13		
Malaita	952	10	51	23	7	-	69	733	13	4	42		
Makira-Ulawa	562	3	13	1	1	_	14	12	498	11	9		
Temotu	179	2	3	1	1	_	14	9	3	140	6		
Honiara	7,814	606	1,639	704	398	209	428	3,142	201	237	250		
Overseas													
Australia	519	27	159	6	9	11	73	62	12	4	156		
Papua New Guinea	119	4	32	2	3	3	13	14	2	2	44		
United States of America	70	1	16	_	2	1	7	13	4	1	25		
New Zealand	141	8	24	6	4	2	24	18	3	4	48		
United Kingdom	41	1	23	-	1	-	2	7	1	_	6		
Japan	18	_	10	1	_	_	1	4	-	-	2		
Germany	9	1	1	1	_	_	1	-	1	-	4		
Canada	17	_	3	_	1	_	2	1	6	-	4		
Other Pacific	23	_	5	-	1	1	4	3	3	_	6		
Vanuatu	32	_	6	-	1	-	5	8	3	_	9		
Hong Kong	13	_	8	1	-	-	2	2	-	_	_		
Fiji	127	6	16	7	4	-	14	28	1	4	47		
Other Asia	29	1	6	1	-	-	4	1	2	-	14		
Netherlands	9	_	4	_	-	-	1	1	2	-	1		
Other Europe	36	-	23	1	-	1	6	1	-	-	4		
France	4	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2		
Italy	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1		
Other Country	43	2	14	1	-	1	4	1	6	-	14		
Not reported	1,189	56	59	45	31	3	242	303	186	45	219		

GLOSSARY

Indicator	Definition
Census	A canvass of a given area, resulting in an enumeration of the entire population and the compilation of demographic, social and economic information pertaining to that population at a specific time
Economic activity	The main activity each person aged 15 years and older did during the reference week.
Economically active	Comprises of those who were either engaged in a full or part-time job or in a business, engaged mainly in farming, fishing or handicrafts making, or mainly in housework with some farming, fishing or making handicrafts, who had a job but was on leave or temporary absent for some reason, and the unemployed.
Employed	Those who 'work for pay' or 'work to support the household by producing goods mainly for sale', or 'work to support the household mainly for own consumption'.
Ethnic origin	Relates to the ethnic group a person belongs to, (i.e. the ancestry with which a person is identified, such Melanesian, Polynesian, etc).
Household	Those persons who usually eat together and share the work of preparing the food and/or the cost of work of providing it". Normally household members also live and sleep in the same building but experience has shown this is not always so, which is why the definition is based on eating together rather than on living or sleeping in the same building.
Household head	The person with the primary authority and responsibility for household affairs. This person is usually designated by the members of the household.
Industry	Records the main activity undertaken by the establishment or place where a person worked. Industry affiliation was classified according to the International Standard Industry Classification (ISIC) 1990 Revision 4_2004.

Literacy Is measured as a respondents' ability to read and write a simple

sentence in Pidgin or in English or both.

Not economically active Persons who were neither employed nor unemployed. These included those

engaged in housework only, full time students, the retired and the disabled.

Paid work Refers to the work a person completes in order to gain wages, salaries or cash.

Place of Birth This refers to the village a person was born. Where a mother travels to another

area, say to a hospital, or another country to give birth, the village or country in which she usually resided at the time she gives birth, is that child's place of birth.

Place of Usual Residence The geographic place where the enumerated person (a) has lived for the past

six months or more, or (b) having arrived in that geographic area during the last

six months and intends to stay there for 6 months.

Remittances Money sent to the household from friends or relatives living overseas or within

Solomon Islands.

Unpaid work Refers to any work a person voluntarily did whether it be for the

family, church or community, or any other related organization and for which no

compensation was paid.

Urban population Total population of the localities defined under the umbrella of urban localities

and or boundaries. There were special cases under which people residing in localities within rural boundaries that are just adjacent to urban localities are also defined as urban areas let alone the people. A good example is the outskirst of

Honiara City where people are increasingly residing outside urban peripheries.

Unemployed Those that 'did not work in the previous week (other than those who had a job

but were not at work during the reference week), but 'spent sometime looking for

work', and 'were available to work if a job was offered to them.

CENSUS BUDGET

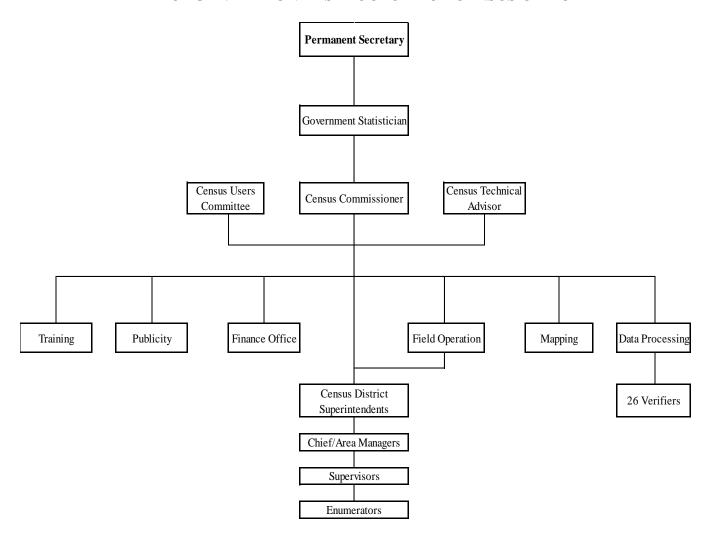
Table 1Year covered under the Census Budget							
<u>Item Totals</u>	\$ Solomons	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	% of total		
1 Transport Equipment	1,661,200	Ξ.	1,661,200		<u>5.5</u>		
2 Office Equipment and Stationery	3,733,972	<u>574,659</u>	2,694,157	<u>465,156</u>	<u>12.3</u>		
3 Survey/Field Equipment	<u>3,827,829</u>	<u>96,993</u>	3,229,817	<u>501,019</u>	<u>12.6</u>		
4 Petroleum, Oil, Lubricants	<u>517,428</u>	Ξ.	<u>517,428</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>1.7</u>		
5 Training	<u>1,842,187</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>1,842,187</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6.1</u>		
6 Wages/Salary							
Field [Temporary] staff	<u>3,149,725</u>	Ξ.	3,149,725	<u>=</u>	<u>10.4</u>		
Office staff	<u>739,947</u>	20,894	<u>537,271</u>	<u>181,783</u>	<u>2.4</u>		
Local Census Consultants	<u>875,000</u>	Ξ.	<u>875,000</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>2.9</u>		
Overtime Allowance	<u>500,000</u>	Ξ.	333,333	<u>166,667</u>	<u>1.6</u>		
Census Technical Adviser	<u>1,696,005</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>1,130,670</u>	<u>565,335</u>	<u>5.6</u>		
7 Questionnaire and Other Printing	<u>1,922,112</u>	Ξ.	1,791,112	<u>131,000</u>	<u>6.3</u>		
8 Accomodation and Touring allowances	<u>6,720,200</u>	<u>=</u>	6,720,200	<u>-</u>	<u>22.1</u>		
9 Logistical Support							
<u>Allowances</u>	<u>76,424</u>	Ξ.	<u>76,424</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>0.3</u>		
Publicity, Communications, Translation	<u>1,659,056</u>	Ξ	<u>1,659,056</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5.5</u>		
10 Household Listing	<u>1,503,056</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>1,503,056</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4.9</u>		
<u>Total Census</u>	<u>30,424,141</u>	<u>692,546</u>	<u>27,720,637</u>	<u>2,010,959</u>	<u>100.0</u>		
10 Other Contingencies							
Grand Total	30,424,141	<u>692,546</u>	<u>27,720,637</u>	<u>2,010,959</u>			

Table 2. Donor Contributions over 2008-2010

<u>Donor</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>Total</u>
SIG		5,000,000.00	1,888,897.33	6,888,897.33
ROC	216,673	2,979,978.67	<u>-</u>	3,196,651.45
<u>UNFPA</u>		844,830.26	<u>-</u>	844,830.26
<u>UNDP</u>		369,500.00	<u>-</u>	369,500.00
<u>AusAID</u>		10,415,225.00	<u>-</u>	10,415,225.00
<u>Others</u>		<u>8,111,102.67</u>	597,934.80	8,709,037.47
<u>Total</u>	216,673	27,720,636.60	2,486,832.13	30,424,141.51

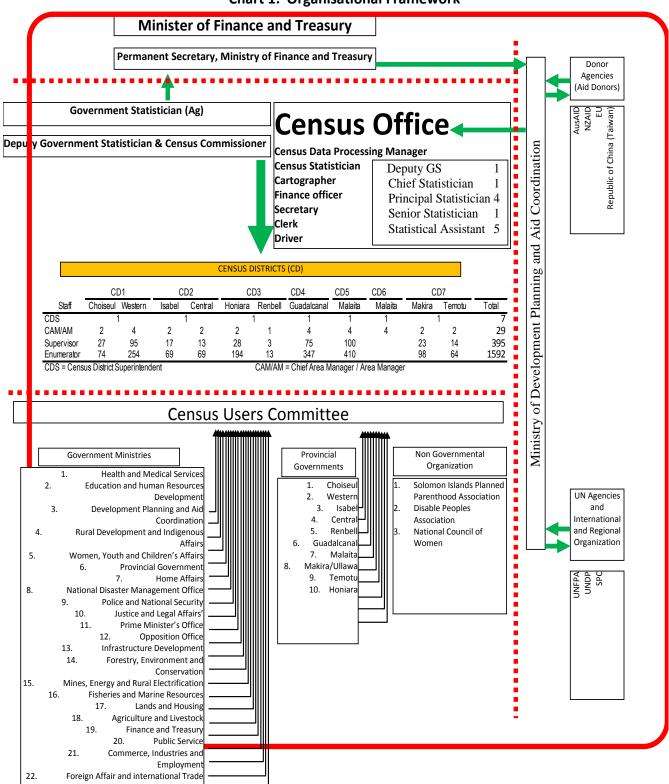
Appendix 3

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF CENSUS OFFICE



Appendix 3 cont

Chart 1: Organisational Framework



HOUSEHOLD LISTING MANUAL, 2009



KAONTIM MI KAONTIM EVERIWAN

1. Checklist

Check that you have all the necessary materials:

- Household lisiting instruction manual. This information tells you how to record information and conduct household listing exercise.
- All Enumeartion Area maps. These maps show all the areas where you must visit households. These maps have a boundary and an Enumeration Area number of the area you will work with.
- Stickers. Put stickers onto the household somewhere visible (door or wall) and also put the detachable part of the sticker onto the household listing form. This number will be linked to the GPS location.
- GPS units. The GPS is used to take a location (waypoint) of each individual household.
- All household listing forms. The forms need to be filled with all the information about the household we are collecting.
- Black (felt tip) pen and pencil. The pen is used to write on the form. **If you have problems with the pen leaking use your pencil**
- Exercise book. Put all your important thoughts or experiences so that this can help make the census work better.
- Spare batteries (AA size). These are put in the GPS when the batteries run flat.
- Official notice for the census where it says what you are doing for the household listing. This notice explains the household listing and census work and why it is important.
- Census ID badge with name and ID number
- Plastic zip bag for carrying all household listing forms. You can put all the forms inside so that they don't get damaged or wet.
- Clipboard. Used to write on the forms
- All census codes for Province and Wards

•

2. What is Census?

Census is used to find out information about all the people of the Solomon Islands (Men and Women) and where and how people live. The Census aims to count every person throughout the whole of Solomon Islands

This means we count:

- every Man
- every Woman (child)
- all visitors or tourists that stay in Solomon Islands.

3. What is a household?

Household means the places where everyone sleep cook and eat food together all the time. It means that there are different ways people lived. These include;

- All sleeping houses
- All school domatories
- Temporary dwellings which people used to lived in for a short period of time. These dwellings can be for working purposes only or garden houses etc.

A household consists of a person or a group of related or unrelated personm who live together in the same dwelling units, who acknowledge one adult male or female as the head of the household, who share the same housekeeping arrangements, and who are considered to constitute one unit. In some cases one may find a group of people living together in the same house, but each person has seperate eating arrangements; they

should be counted as separate one-person households (also require two GPS location points). Collective living arrangements (e.g. – logging camps, boarding schools, or prisons) will not be considered as households.

- A man with his wife or his wives with or without children
- A man with his wife or his wives, his children, and his parents
- A man with his wife or wives, and his married children living together for some social or economical reasons (e.g. the group recognizes one person as the household head).
- An unmarried man or woman with his or her children who provides their living essentials and foods.
- Awidowed or divorced man or woman with or without children

The head of household is the person who is acknowledged as such by members of the household and who is usually responsible for the upkeep and maintenance of the household.

There are also other ways of living together (sleep together) and this is called INSTITUTION. The arrangement is different from one household. On the pilot test, we are not going to collect any information from them. These places include;

- hospitals, clinics, prisons.
- boarding schools, religious missions.
- hotels, motels and other places that accommodates tourists.

4. Enumeration Area maps

The areas that you are to cover are shown in the boundary line on the photo or map that indicates the place you're going to visit. Make sure you don't cross the boundary line which indicated area that you're to visit. It is your responsibility to find out every single house that a person sleeps in the night, in the area that you're working in. You must cover every area that has been indicated on the map and locate every house. It is very important to cover all the houses no matter they're not living close to each other.

5. Locating the EAs

The Area Manager's will provde the listing team with a base map containing the Enumeration Area (EA) assigned to the team. Upon arrival in an EA the team should contact the local authourities living in the vicinity (maybe village or settlement) and request assistance to identify the boundaries of the EA. In most cases, the boundaries follow recognizeable natural features (e.g. streams, rivers, valleys and mountain ridges) and construction features (e.g. roads or tracks). In some cases, the boundaries may not be marked with visible features (especially in rural areas). In these cases, attention should be paid to carefully locating the EA using any local knowledge or any detailed description for EA.

Using the EA maps, listers should tour or 'canvass' the EA to determine an efficient route of travel for listing all the structures. Divide the EA into parts if necessary such as a group of structures. It is useful to get an idea of relative landmarks, public buildings (e.g. schools, offices, churches or markets). Where possible the use of Aerial Photography or Satellite Imagery has been used to create high resolution A3 maps of each EA.

Sometimes it may also be useful to create a rough sketch map as a guide when carrying out field listing

6. Census listing instructions.

These are the main activities that you are required to carry out during the household listing:

- 1. Your job is to find out every household in the area that you're going to cover.
- 2. Ask the name of the head of household and fill-up the household listing form.
- 3. Ask the total number of people who sleep in the house and fill this in the form by writing first the number of Males, Females and Total number of HH members.
- 4. Ask and record the total number of HH members aged 18 and over. Include Males Females and Total.
- 5. Place the HH Sticker on the main door or wall of the household and one sticker (detachable) with the same number on the listing form. See section 8 of the manual for detailed instructions.
- 6. Take a GPS location of the household. The household location is stored in the GPS and recored as the same number that is on the HH listing sticker (see section 8).

7. The Household Listing Form

It is important that the work you done are complete and accurate. Here are the instructions on how you should fill in the Household Listing Form.

I. How to introduce yourself to a Household

When you enter one household or you are in the area of one household, make sure you meet a member of that household and give your greetings by saying:

"Hello, my name is _____ and I am working for the National Statistics Office. I am here carrying out Population Census for Solmon Islands and I have come to ask you for some information for the census which we are now carrying out throughout the country. I would like to talk to the head of this household and ask a few questions e.t.c"

Explain to them the objectives of the census and let the respondent know that the information obtained will be confidential and will only be used for statistical purposes

If the head of the household is present, go ahead with the interview, take the GPS waypoints and put the sticker on the door.

If the head of household is not available, call again later sometime or the next day when you expect them to be home or make an arrangement for you to come back and leave a message with the household members, telling them the date of your next return. And make sure you honour your promise and live up to your work programme. If again when you return the head of household is not at home you are advised to interview the spouse, failing this you should interview the next responsible member of the household and one who is a usual resident of the household in question.

Do not forget to list vacant structures as well as structures where the household members refuse to cooperate or are not at home at the time of the listing. In such cases leave some kind of explanation on the form and note this also in your exercise book.

II. How to fill in the household listing form

Befor e you fill in the form you must remember to

• Use **black** pen only

- You must write in all CAPITAL letters only
- Leave one box empty to give space between two names or words.
- If you made a mistake or fill in a wrong letter, colour in that box and use the next box.

Listing fom blong yu hemi luk olsem:

COI	NFIDI +	HOUS	DLOMON ISLANDS HOLD LISTING FORM POPULATION CENSUS	+	
Pro Wa EA	rd	Other vill names Lister: Name:	Signature	Urban/Rural Classi Urban [1], Rural HH Structure Class Residential [1], Non-Res Business Premise	ification:
> HI	h No	GPS sticker	Name of Household Head	Total number of HH members	Total HH members 18+
7		PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:

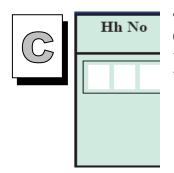
Fill in your ID number here. This is your identification number which will be used to identify you. This number should only be used by you.



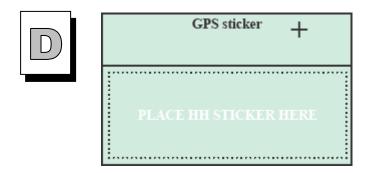
Fill in the boxes by using the number/codes

Prov		Province: It has (2) digit number codes
Ward		Ward: It has (4) digit number codes
	-	EA: This is the Enumeration Area number in which you will carry out your work. It has
EA		three (3) digit code. You should know and
		familiarise yourself with the numbers/codes before going out to the field.

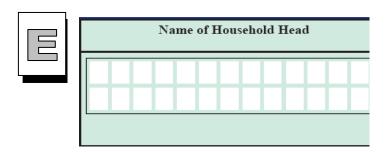
Village		Village: Write the of the village inside the box.
		You don't need t50 fill in the code



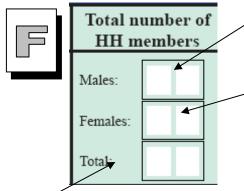
The first house you visit within your EA, you should give that household number **001.** It has a space for 3 *digit only*. When you visit the second (2) household, you will number that household **002**. Continue on until you finish all the household in that EA. When you enter a new EA you must start a new numbering again.



The space provided here is for you to put the sticker here. Peel off one sticker and put it here. See <u>section 8</u> on 'How to put the sticker'



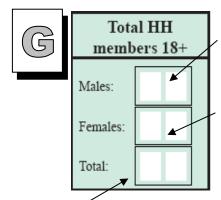
This is where you fill in the name of the household head. There can only be one head per household. Write the first or christian name first and then the second name or surname afterwards. Each box is for one letter. If you made a mistake or write a wrong letter, colour that box and write the correct letter in the next box. You must write in CAPITAL letters or PRINT clearly.



Ask how many Male live inside the household. Put the number inside the box Males: If the number of Males is less than 10 then write with a zero infront with the number. For example of there are two males in the household you write 02 inside the box.

Ask how many Female live inside the household. Put the number inside the box Females: If the number of Females is less than 10 then write with a zero infront with the number. For example if there are four Females in the household you write 04 inside the box.

Add up all Male and Female living in the household and write the Total number into the box called Total. If the total number HH members are less than 10 then write with a zero infront with the number. For example if there are nine members in total in the household you write 09 inside the box.



Ask how many Male aged 18 and over that live inside the household. Put the number inside the box Males: If the number of Males (over 18) is less than 10 hen write with a zero infront with the number. For example if there are two nales in the household you write 02 inside the box.

Ask how many Female aged 18 and over that live inside the household. Put he number inside the box Females: If the number of Females is less than 10 hen write with a zero infront with the number. For example if there are four Females in the household you write 04 inside the box.

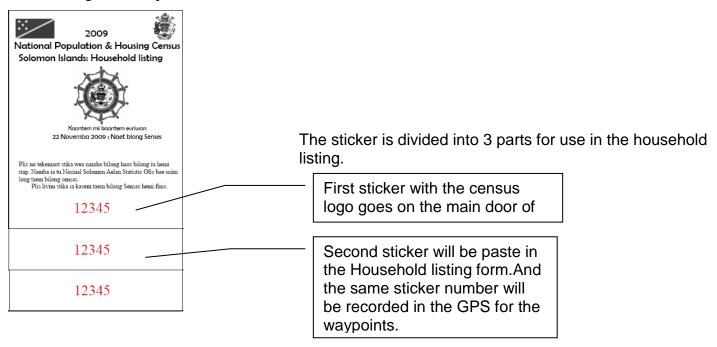
Add up all Male and Female aged over 18 living in the household put the Total number into the box called Total. If the total number HH members aged over 18 are less than 10 then write with a zero infront with the number. For example if there are nine members in total in the household you write 09 inside the box.



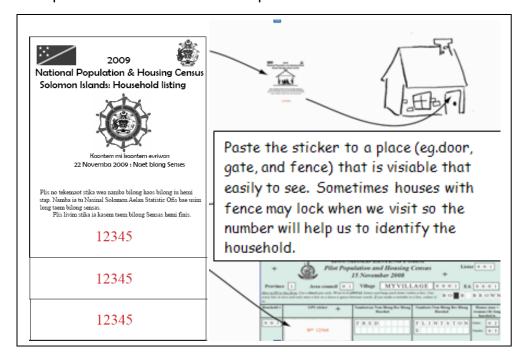
Mark 1 for Urban area or 2 for Rural Enumeration Area. Urban areas include Honiara and all Provincial Capital/Towns (All urban wards are highlighted in the coding section in section 10).

8. How to put a sticker.

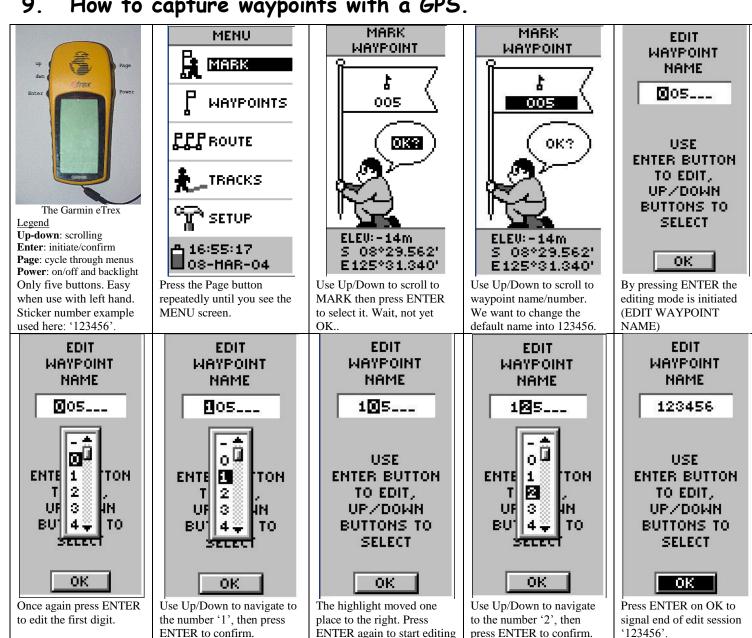
This is one good example of a census sticker.



This picture demonstrates how to put a census sticker in the households.

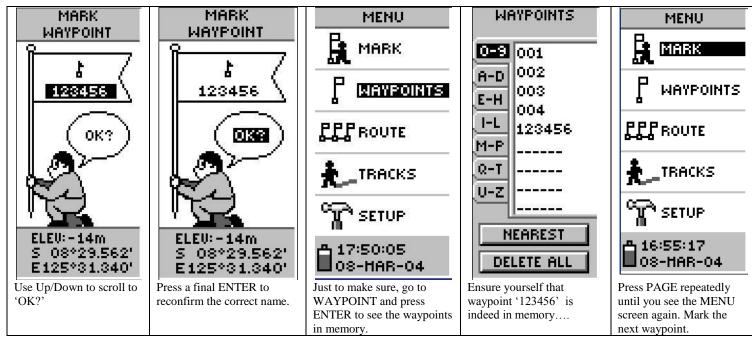


9. How to capture waypoints with a GPS.



the second digit.

Continue until '123456'



10. Census listing coding system

I. All province codes

Code	Province Name	
1	Choiseul	
2	Western	
3	Isabel	
4	Central	
5	Rennell-Bellona	
6	Guadalcanal	
7	Malaita	
8	Makira-Ulawa	
9	Temotu	
10	Honiara	

II. All Ward codes and names

Code	Ward Name	
101	Wagina	
102	Katupika	
103	Vasiduki	
104	Vivuri	
105	Babatana	
106	Tepazaka	
107	Batava	
108	Tavula	
109	Polo	
110	Bangara	
111	Susuka	
112	Senga	
113	Kerepangara	
114	Kirugela	
201	Outer Shortlands	
202	Inner Shortlands	
203	Simbbo	
204	North Ranongga	
205	Central Ranongga	
206	South Ranongga	
207	Vonunu	
208	Mbilua	
209	Ndovele	
210	Irringgila	
211	Gizo	
212	South Kolombanga	
213	Vona Vona	
214	Kusaghe	
215	Munda	
216	Nusa Roviana	
217	Roviana Lagoon	
218	South Rendova	
219	North Rendova	
220	Kolombaghea	

Code Ward Name 221 Mbuini Tusu 222 Nono 223 Nggatokae 224 North Vangunu 225 Noro 226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 409 Ba		T	
223 Nggatokae 224 North Vangunu 225 Noro 226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411	Code	Ward Name	
224 North Vangunu 225 Noro 226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	221	Mbuini Tusu	
224 North Vangunu 225 Noro 226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	222	Nono	
225 Noro 226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	223	Nggatokae	
226 North Kolombanga 301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	224	North Vangunu	
301 Kia 302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	225	Noro	
302 Baolo 303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	226	North Kolombanga	
303 Kokota 304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	301	Kia	
304 Hovikoilo 305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	302	Baolo	
305 Buala 306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	303	Kokota	
306 Tirotonga 307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	304	Hovikoilo	
307 Koviloko 308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	305	Buala	
308 Kmaga 309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	306	Tirotonga	
309 Klaoka 310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	307	Koviloko	
310 Tatamba 311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	308	Kmaga	
311 Sigana 312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	309	Klaoka	
312 Japuana 313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	310	Tatamba	
313 Kolomola 314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	311	Sigana	
314 Kolotubi 315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	312	Japuana	
315 Susubona 316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	313	Kolomola	
316 Samasodu 401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	314	Kolotubi	
401 Sandfly/Buena Vi 402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	315	Susubona	
402 West Gela 403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	316	Samasodu	
403 East Gela 404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	401	Sandfly/Buena Vi	
404 Tulagi 405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	402	West Gela	
405 South West Gela 406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	403	East Gela	
406 South East Gela 407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	404	Tulagi	
407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	405	South West Gela	
407 North East Gela 408 North West Gela 409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	406	South East Gela	
409 Banika 410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	407		
410 Pavuvu 411 Lovukol	408	North West Gela	
411 Lovukol	409	Banika	
411 Lovukol	410	Pavuvu	
	411		
	412	North Savo	

Code	Ward Name	
413	South Savo	
501	East Te Nggano	
502	West Te Naggano	
503	Lughu	
504	Kangava	
505	Tetau Nangoto	
506	Mugihenua	
507	Matangi	
508	East Ngonggau	
509	West Ngonggau	
510	Sa'Aiho	
601	Tandai	
602	Saghalu	
603	Savulei	
604	Tangarere	
605	Wanderer Bay	
606	Dauidui	
607	Vatukulau	
608	Talise	
609	Avuavu	
610	Moli	
611	Tetekanji	
612	Birao	
613	Valasi	
614	Kolokarako	
615	Longgu	
616	Aola	
617	Paripao	
618	East Tasiboko	
619	Vulolo	
620	Malango	
621	West Ghaobata	
622	East Ghaobata	
701	Auki	

Code	Ward Name	
702	Aimela	
703	Buma	
704	Fauabu	
705	West Baegul/Fata	
706	Mandalua/Folotan	
707	Fo'Ondo/Gwaiau	
708	Malu'U	
709	Matakwalo	
710	Takwa	
711	East Baegu	
712	Foueda	
713	Sulufou/Kwarande	
714	Sububenu/Buriani	
715	Nafinua	
716	Faumamanu/Kwai	
717	Gulalafou	
718	Waneagu/Taelana	
719	Aiaisi	
720	Areare	
721	Raroisu'U	
722	Aba/Asimeuru	
723	Asimae	
724	Mareho	
725	Tai	
726	Kwarekwareo	
727	Siesie	
728	Waeagu/Silana Si	
729	Kwaimala/Radefas	
730	Langlanga	
731	Luaniua	
732	Pelau	
733	Sikaiana	
801	North Ulawa	
802	South Ulawa	
803	West Ulawa	
804	Uki Ni Masi	
805	Arosi South	
806	Arosi West	
807	Arosi North	
808	Arosi East	
809	Bauro West	
810	Bauro Central	
811	Bauro East	

Code	Ward Name	
812	Wainoni West	
813	Wainoni East	
814	Star Harbour Nor	
815	Santa Ana	
816	Santa Catalina	
817	Star Harbour Sou	
818	Rawo	
819	Weather Coast	
820	Haununu	
901	Fenualoa	
902	Polynesian Outer	
903	Nipua/Nopoli	
904	Lipe/Temua	
905	Manuopo	
906	Nenumpo	
907	Nevenema	
908	Luva Station	
909	Graciosa Bay	
910	Nea/Noole	
911	North East Santa	
912	Nanggu/Lord Howe	
913	Duff Islands	
914	Utupua	
915	Vanikolo	
916	Tikopia	
917	Neo	
1001	Ngossi	
1002	Mbumburu	
1003	Rove-Lengakiki	
1004	Cruz	
1005	Vavea	
1006	Vuhokesa	
1007	Mataniko	
1008	Kola'A	
1009	Kukum	
1010	Naha	
1011	Vura	
1012	Panatina	

Appendix 5

HOUSEHOLD LISTING FORM

CONFID +	+ SOLOMON ISLANDS + HOUSHOLD LISTING FORM 2009 POPULATION CENSUS +				
Prov	Village	Village Urba		fication:	
Ward	Other vill names:		Urban [1], Rural	[2]	
EA	Lister: Name:	Signature: Date:			
Hh No	GPS sticker	Name of Household Head	Total number of	Total HH	
	:		HH members	members 17+	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females:	Males: Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
		+	Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
			Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
			Total:	Total:	
	DI ACE HII STICKED HEDE		Males:	Males:	
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Females:	Females:	
+	i		Total.	Lovai.	
				+	

Appendix 5 (cont)

Hh No	GPS sticker	Name of Household Head	Total number of HH members	Total HH members 17+
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females:	Males: Females:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Total: Males: Females: Total:	Total: Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE	+	Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:
	PLACE HH STICKER HERE		Males: Females: Total:	Males: Females: Total:

PILOT CENSUS CONTROL FORM

	Solomon Islands Population ENSUS 2 PILOT CENSUS CONTROL	©09		
	Province:			
+	Ward:			
	EA:			
	Total occupied households:			
	Total vacant households:			
	Total number of forms:			
	Name of Enumerator:			
	Name of Supervisor:			
	Date received in CO:	_ by:		
	Date received in SO:	_by:		
	Date scanned:	by:		
+			+	

Supervisors Manual

1. Job Description

Under the direction of the Area Manager. the Supervisor will be expected to work closely with the Enumeration team in their respective Ward to coordinate and manage the Enumerators in the Enumeration Areas allocated to them.

As a supervisor you are responsible for the accurate and efficient completion of the census in your supervisor area.

Pesonal Qualities

Ability to read and write in English
Be available for the whole of the Census period
Ability to manage a small team in a harmonious environment
Ability to work as a team member
Able to problem solve
Good communication skills

Duties

- Attend Supervisor Training for the Census in your area, and be given a Supervisor position on successful completion of your training.
- Promote the Census in your area.
- Coordinate and manage the team of Enumerators allocated to you.
- Attend a Census interview with each team member during the first few days of the start of the Census.
- Inform them of any errors they are making.
- Assist with any map reading.
- Quality check Enumerators work once it is handed in.
- Follow up on any work that is not delivered to you regularly.
- Keep a close check on anyone who is not doing their job properly.
- Allocate GPS coordinates and building stickers as required
- Assist Enumerators with any problems they encounter.
- Work collaboratively with Trainers and Quality Controllers
- Hand over completed EAs on a regular basis to Area Manager
- Keep the Area Manager informed of any problems you cannot solve.
- At the conclusion of the Census collect all materials back from the field as specified.

2. Timelines

- Oct 12 Supervisor Training starts (2 weeks)
 - You are required to attend the training course in your area
- Oct 26 Enumerator Training starts (2 weeks)
 - In the first week you should go through all your notes from your training and read the Enumerator manual and the Supervisor Supplement.

• You are required to attend the second week of Enumerator training so that you can meet up with your team of Enumerators.

Nov 09 Census Starts.

- Census interviewing commences.
- Check that all Enumerators are in place and operating.
- Start your check with each Enumerator to see that they are undertaking the interview in accordance with instructions.
- Discuss any problems with Area Manager.
- Nov 11 Start collecting completed census questionnaires from your Enumerators so that you can do your quality control checks.
 - After checking, feed back any necessary changes to the Enumerator(s).
 - Make sure you give the questionnaires back to the right Enumerator.
 - Don't forget to sign the back of questionnaires you have checked.
- Nov 16 Report to Area Manager the numbers of questionnaires collected by Enumerators for the first week.
 - Check progress of interviewers to ensure they are on schedule.
 - Continue collecting forms from the field for your quality checks.

Nov 22 Census Day

- Nov 23 Report to Area Manager the numbers of questionnaires collected by Enumerators for the second week.
 - Check progress of interviewer teams.
 - Enumerators should by now have visited all their houses. If not they must continue interviewing.
 - You may have to help where there has been a refusal or where an Enumerator is experiencing problems for houses that have a secure compound.
 - Start the second tier of the Census where Enumerators go back to confirm the numbers of people in each household on Census night.
 - Ensure their progress is such that they will be able to finish on the due date (Dec 4).
 - Continue collecting forms from the field and doing quality checks.
- Nov 30 Report to Area Manager on progress with the 'second tier' visits.
 - Note that first visits to households still MUST take priority.

- Enumerators should now be well through their work with all houses in their area visited at least once.
- Collect the remaining forms for checking.

Dec 4 This is the last day of the Census Enumeration.

- Report to Area Manager on progress.
- If any Enumerators have not finished, discuss with Area Manager how to complete.
- Dec 7 Special arrangements in place as necessary to finish all census taking.
 - Report to Area Manager daily. Questionnaires should be forwarded to Area Managers office for Quality Control checking.
 - Hand in all equipments to Area Manager
- Dec 11 All census work must be finished.
 - All questionnaires should now be with the Area Managers office.

3. Administering Your Area

One of the main Supervisor tasks is to allocate work to Enumerators under their supervision. In most areas Supervisors will not be interviewing but will be focusing on checking maps and allocating work so that all households within the EA map boundaries are visited.

Supervisors must check the maps and be sure where the boundaries are. This will probably require them to visit the area first to check location of villages and anything they are unsure of. The Supervisor must then plan what is the best way for the Enumerator team to systematically cover the area shown on the map. The best way may be to 'sweep the area' from one end to the other on the map. Or give the Enumerator an EA to complete on their own.

You must not interview any houses outside the boundaries shown on your map. If you do there is risk of double counting with the next interviewing team. You may reach agreement with a neighbouring interviewing team to interview a house in a remote area if it is close to one on your map. If you do that, the other team will have to give you the sticker number and the other header information for the Identification Information. You should hand the completed questionnaire back to the other team to return with the correct EA.

3.1. Planning routes and times

- 1. It is the responsibility of supervisors to ensure that the census in their SA is accurate and is carried out as efficiently and economically as possible. Make individual work plans for your team using the following guidelines.
 - a. *Aim*. Enumerators will have to interview each household in their EA on **census moment** and after **census night** in the enumeration period. This will only be possible if supervisor and enumerator together plan an efficient route through the EA using the EA map and the village list in the *Enumerator manual*
 - b. *Efficiency*. The route within an EA should be considered from the following angles:
 - Locating and covering all households in the EA,
 - Time required,

- Costs involved.
- Communication between enumerator and supervisor
- c. *Time*. Each EA may have up to 60 households that must be enumerated in the two weeks before census night. This could be a very heavy workload unless travel time is minimal. Therefore, the travel path in each EA must be kept as short as possible. Remember, interviews in the first two days will be slow, some enumerators will not work on Saturday or Sunday, the weather may be too bad to enumerate on some days, time will be lost in travel. Therefore, include at least 4 spare days in the first two weeks. Then calculate the average number of households each enumerator needs to complete every working day. Tell them to report to you if they fall behind.
- d. Costs. Census staff, including supervisors and enumerators, has a duty to keep travel costs to a minimum. Travel must be organized using the shortest routes and the most cost-effective means. Most EAs can be covered on foot, by motor vehicle or paddle canoe. Enumerators should only use canoes with outboard motors (OBMs) if unavoidable and only after clearance by their supervisor. Supervisors should combine their motorised canoe travel with that of enumerators.
- e. Routes. Routes should be as short as possible, adapted to the most economical travel costs and logically follow the patterns of the settlement. Wandering an unplanned routed could result in missing out houses or villages. Using one village as a centre and travelling out to other villages on a daily basis will lose time and cost money. The preferred route is for enumerators to start in one part of the EA, moving from village to village following a logical pattern. Enumerators should sleep overnight in their last village of the day and complete the first-round (census moment) enumeration before census night. Normally, enumerators will do the same route in reverse to complete the second round of interviews.
- f. Two-visit system. To reduce the need for a large number of additions and deletions during the second round of visits, institutions such as hotels, hospitals, schools and ships should be enumerated just before census night. This applies to densely populated areas and anywhere where many people come and go. In this way second-round interviews can take place immediately after census night when fewer people are likely to have moved on. This will help to avoid the problem of forgetting who slept in a household on census night and minimize the number of alterations to be made.
- g. *Meetings and reports*. To supervise the work of their teams, supervisors will need to meet individual enumerators in the field. They should set enumerator routes in such a way that their own field trips are not unnecessarily long or complicated. Enumerators will also need contact points for reporting to supervisors. Establish one or two contact points preferably close to a telephone or radio transmitter. Ask a responsible person to receive messages when you are absent. Tell this person your planned route and keep him/her informed of any substantial changes to it. Ensure that enumerators can make contact in an emergency.
- h. *Recording plans*. Travel and time plans must be written in the *Enumerator manual* (inside front cover) of each enumerator before the start of enumeration. Plans should indicate routes, expected daily progress, meeting times and locations and the name and place of the contact

person (see point g.) Copy the arrangements of each enumerator in this *Supervisor manual* (part 5).

- 2. The description in point 1 is particularly relevant for rural areas. In urban areas, travel distances are usually small and enumerators will easily have opportunities to meet with their supervisor. Apart from that, most of the points raised are valid for urban areas as well and enumerators and supervisors should follow these guidelines.
- 3. Develop the route and time planning for each enumeration area assigned to you during the supervisor training and the period between that training and the enumerators' training. Then discuss them with the enumerators who are selected on the last day of the enumerators' training or any time earlier, if possible.

3.2. Transport

- 1. The CDS or AM will give instructions to all supervisors on travel to their respective SA. The supervisor is responsible for ensuring that they and their team arrive quickly and that enumerators move to their EAs as soon as possible. It may be possible to use a truck in some SAs and drop enumerators off at their starting points. The supervisor could then walk back along the tractor track, stopping at each EA to check the work of the enumerator.
- 2. The cost of transport must be closely monitored. Supervisors must use common sense. There is no point in allowing enumerators to travel in motorized canoes at considerable expense if the result is that they finish enumerating a week early, and have nothing to do until after census night. Conversely, care must be taken to ensure that enumerators can complete their enumeration on time, which may, in some instances, require expensive transport.
- 3. Supervisors will travel longer distances requiring more motorized transport than enumerators. However, travel on foot or by paddle canoe is the preferred option and will set a good example. The CDS will estimate all transport costs and provide an imprest account from which supervisors may give small imprests to enumerators if needed.
- 4. At the end of the second round of visits all enumerators must hand in all forms (whether completed or blank) in their folders and equipment to supervisors. Whether they all go to a central point or the supervisor goes to each EA is a decision for the supervisor, bearing in mind the costs.
- 5. Most enumerators will be from the area where they worked so no further transport will be necessary. Some enumerators may originate from other areas and the supervisor should assist them to return home. Before leaving the training course supervisors should find out from the CDS or AM which enumerators fall into this category, what their destination is and what transport should be used. Supervisors may also belong to this group. They may also have to travel to an area manager control point to deliver the forms and equipment. All these things should be checked with the CDS or AM during the training course.

3.3. Supervising the Enumerators

1. Supervising the work of enumerators in the SA is the most important part of the supervisor's role. The census depends on good quality enumerations.

- 2. Training of enumerators does not finish at the end of their course. Supervisors must continue their teaching and mentoring role throughout the fieldwork. Checking and ensuring enumerators understand their job and field operations may prevent problems arising.
- 3. Supervisors, as team leaders, should encourage and motive their enumerators. Support them when problems arise. Maintain an interest in their well being.
- 4. Make sure enumerators have read and understood their manuals and that they consult it if a problem does occur during enumeration. Be sure they know the methods of communication in case of urgent problems.
- 5. Check that enumerators look for new settlements or bush houses not marked on their maps or village listings. Check also that they look for people living in unusual accommodations such as stores or sheds.
- 6. Find out if there are any institutions in the SA. Larger institutions should be visited by the supervisor to make arrangements with the head about the time and method of enumeration. In some institution local staff will do the enumeration. The CDS or AM will inform the supervisor, who should visit the institution to ensure that the member of staff is trained and has the necessary equipment, and who should return to check the work.
- 7. Make sure ships anchored in EAs on census night, or which arrive there during the week following, are enumerated.
- 8. Check the work of enumerators in the field to ensure that they have the correct approach to people, fill in the questionnaires correctly and stay within the time schedule.
- 9. Supervisors should be patient with enumerators and be prepared to repeat explanations until they are sure their instructions are understood.
- 10. If an enumerator is not working to standard or is misbehaving or impolite the supervisor must address this immediately.
 - Always make sure any discipline discussions are held in private, never in a public discussions are held in private, never in a public place. Point out the shortcomings to the enumerator and set out the ways in which he/she can improve and let him/her know that you will be monitoring performance. Make sure that the enumerator understands why. If serious misbehavior, which threatens the success or progress of the enumeration, is reported, contact the CDS or AM immediately. Ask for a replacement enumerator. If this is approved the letter of appointment, badge, imprest, questionnaire pads and all other equipment must be returned to you. These cases are very rare, normally an enumerator will be told how to improve performance and will be monitored.

3.4. Checking the Work

Summary - Quality Checking Questionnaires

Collect completed questionnaires from Enumerator at least twice a week.

Undertake your quality checks as per your instructions.

Return questionnaires to the correct Enumerator.

Advise Enumerators of any corrective action they need to take.

Get assistance from Trainer if any Enumerator requires more training.

<u>Checks are to be done by checking a sample of each Enumerators work.</u> Generally one questionnaire in five is a good average. You will need to do a lot of checking in the first few days then ease off. If the interviewer is good, then you can check less but you must check. If an interviewer is not so good, you will have to check more. Sign every questionnaire on the back, even though you have sample checked them.

The most important questions for checking are the names, relationship, sex and age/date of birth. Make sure the Enumerator is getting these questions right. You can hurry through the other questions, but make sure the Enumerator is not skipping any without writing a response. Do NOT guess any answers yourself as this can distort the true Census results

<u>Location Information</u> in the header of the questionnaire is important for the scanning. However this will be checked thoroughly by the Quality Control team in the Area Managers office. Make sure that the household number has been entered and also the sticker number.

Make sure that your Enumerators have shown all new houses with sticker numbers on their maps. Maps will be taken out of the envelopes at Census HQ and given to the Cartography team to work out a GPS location.

More than One Family in Household. Check that interviewer has followed the rules for separate questionnaires where there are more than one family in the household. Remember the criteria is where families do their cooking separately. If the household listing shows one large family but under the criteria, there should be two, you will need to issue a new sticker and use a separate questionnaire for the second family.

Check your Enumerators Report Books for any problems they might have had. Communicate these to your Area Manager. List out any problems and have a team meeting say, once a week with your Enumerators so you can share the problems.

Get the information back to Trainers as quickly as possible so that the Interviewer can be retrained on the job.

3.4.1. Checks during the first-round enumeration

1. During the enumeration supervisors make inspection tours. The number of tours (or field trips) depends on the SA.

- 2. In urban areas supervisors and enumerators will meet at the start of each day. Listen to problems encountered by enumerators, suggest ways to solve them, and discuss plans for the day. Accompany at least 2 enumerators each day and check their work. Report team progress to your AM daily.
- 3. In rural areas supervisors may not be able to meet the whole team daily, but should still check at least two enumerators each day. In principle, supervisors should visit each enumerator at least twice during the first round of enumeration and at least once during the second round. However, they must try to make as many field trips as possible.
- 4. Supervisors should put every reasonable effort to see each enumerator in the first two days of enumeration. This is very important because in the initial stage enumerators are still in experienced and will encounter most problems. Moreover, once they start making mistakes they will tend to repeat them in the rest of their work. Therefore, supervisors should correct these errors in the earliest stage possible.
- 5. In isolated rural areas with dispersed settlements it may only be possible for supervisors to make one visit to each enumerator before census night and one quick visit after.
- 6. Supervisors should correct any errors by returning to the households with the enumerator and check the interview process. Some enumerators will be more efficient than others, so spend more time with the less efficient ones, and make more frequent checks on them.
- 7. During the inspection visit before census night, supervisors must carry out 3 types of checks:
 - a. Look at a cluster of 10 houses each enumerator has visited. If one or more does not display a label with the household number and date, establish whether they belong to households in house with labels. If not, the enumerator must revisit the area and interview all households again.
 - b. Supervisors will be present during at least two interviews per enumerator visit. Check on the enumerator's approach, whether questions are exactly asked as indicated on the questionnaire and in the manual, and whether the questionnaire is correctly filled in. For instance, the enumerator should ask the questions in the right order, respondents should be recorded in the order indicated in the Enumerator Manual instructions, certain questions should be crossed out directly after completing the household inventory because of the age or sex of the respondents, enumerators should always probe whether they recorded all people who slept in the household that night and also inquire about the special cases mentioned in the Enumerator Manual
 - c. Check at least 10, and if possible, all questionnaires the enumerator completed before the supervisor's visit. See point 11 of this section as well as section 4.2 on what to look for in a questionnaire check.
- 8. Some errors are more serious than others. For example, if a person is reported as the spouse of head of household, with 6 children born alive and 'male sex' is recorded, this is obviously wrong, but can be easily corrected from the rest of the information. However if the same person is reported as the

spouse of head of household, born in 1971, female sex but no record has been made of children born alive, this can only be corrected by returning to the household.

- 9. **Omissions on the questionnaire are never acceptable.** At any time for any person recorded on a questionnaire sheet there must be either a valid answer or a diagonal cross through the question for that person, indicating that the question is not applicable to that person. Only in a few cases can a supervisor correct omissions.
- 10. Supervisors can make their own corrections of '**correctable**' **errors** using a **black** ball-point pen. **Non-correctable errors** must be noted on the top of the questionnaire page and referred back to the household. If time allows, the enumerator can return to the household before census night. If there are numerous 'non-correctable' errors the enumerator should wait until the second round of interviews to make corrections.
- 11. While attending an interview with an enumerator pay special attention to the following issues and questions.
 - a. **All questions** should be asked exactly as indicated on the questionnaire in the manual.
 - b. Enumerators should start with filling in the **header**, then ask the **individual** questions to the head of household (or another person who can act as head if the head is not present), then ask the **household questions**
 - c. **H10**. If the answer is H10a is 'No', enumerators should cross out questions H10b and H10c.
 - d. **H14**. If the answer to H14a is 'No', enumerators should cross out questions H14b and H14c.
 - e. **H16**. Any time the respondent mentions a death in the household in the last 12 month, enumerators should complete section D of the questionnaire. If no deaths were reported, enumerators should put a diagonal line through section D.
 - f. **H17.** Enumerators should mention every item on the list of crops, livestock and fish that is on the questionnaire.
 - Anytime the respondent mentions any crop grown for sale or any fish item caught for sale (H17b), the enumerator should ask question H17c fro that item. Otherwise H17c should be crossed out for that item.
 - g. Household members should be recorded in the order indicated in the *Enumerator manual* instructions (section 3.2.3, point 7, pages 20-21).
 - h. Enumerators should always **probe for people not listed**, especially old and very young people, and persons who were not enumerated anywhere else because they were working at night, slept in women's houses or are abroad for less than two months (see Enumerator manual, section 2.5, page 11).
 - i. Enumerators should cross out any non-applicable questions directly after completing the household inventory for those persons who are too young or who do not have the right sex for those questions (see the Enumerator manual, section 3.2.3, point 3 on page 20)
 - j. **P8.** Enumerators should ask the complete question as mentioned on the questionnaire.
 - k. **P12-P15**. Check that enumerators ask for the Ward name or number if people's reply to these answers is 'Honiara'.
 - 1. **P12**. Check that enumerators do not record the place of delivery of that person, but the place where the mother used to live at that time.

- m. **P13**. Check that enumerators ask the full 2 questions and explain what is meant by 'usual residence' (see the Enumerator manual, section 4.3, pages 43-44).
- n. **P19**. Enumerators should ask this question only if the respondent mentioned tertiary education in P18a. Otherwise, P19 should be crossed out (being not applicable).
- o. **P23**. Enumerators should ask the question in full and, if necessary, explain what is meant by 'payment in kind' (see the Enumerator manual, section 4.3, page 48). Note that the full question is only mentioned in the manual. It should include the section referring to people who usually work but are temporarily absent because of holiday, illness, pregnancy, etc.
- p. **P24a to P26**. Check that if the answer to question P23 is 'Yes', enumerators continue with P24a to P24d, cross out P25 and P26 and then continue with P27. If the answer to P23 is 'No', they should cross out P24a to P24d and continue with P25.
- q. **P24b and P24c**. Check for these two questions that enumerators record sufficient detail so that the census office can assess the type of work and organization (see the Enumerator manual, section 4.3, pages 49-50).
- r. **P24d**. Check that enumerators make the right calculations, People usually do not work for more than 40 hours a week.
- s. **P27**. Enumerators should explicitly explain what is meant by 'unpaid work' (see the Enumerator manual, section 4.3, pages 51-52).
- t. **P28a** and **P28b.** See comments in points q and r.
- u. **P29.** Check that enumerators only record the biological children of the woman, not adopted children or stepchildren. Also check that enumerators probe for any children not mentioned, especially children who died. These should be recorded even if they lived only a few minutes. If the respondent never had any children, the enumerator should fill in 'o' for each of the questions P29a to P29d. The questions in P29 should only be crossed out for females born in 1988 or later and for males.
- v. **P30-P34**. There should be answers to these questions for any female who reported having had any children in P29. Only if there were no children born to the respondent (or if the respondent is a male, or if she is a female born in 1988 or later), these questions should be crossed out.
- w. **H18**. Check that the enumerators fill in this question after they completed the interviews with all household members.
- x. **Header**. Enumerators should now complete the sentence. 'This is sheet of sheets' according to the number of sheets used for that household.

3.4.2. Checks after census night

- 1. During the second round of interviews supervisors should be present during at least four household interviews in each enumeration area. They have to establish that:
 - a) The enumerator works with red ball-point pen;
 - b) The enumerator uses the correction notes made by the supervisor at the top of questionnaire pages and makes the necessary corrections;
 - c) The enumerator reads out the name of each person in the household and ticks those who slept there on census night;
 - d) The enumerator deletes anyone not in the household on census night;
 - e) The enumerator collects and adds the information for anyone who slept in the household on census night but not at census moment;
 - f) The enumerator complete the following:
 - Question H18,
 - If necessary, the lower part of the header;

- Table D on the inside left of the questionnaire folder
- 2. Check at least 5 questionnaires that were completed in the second round. If in an earlier stage you found that the enumerator made many mistakes, check at least 10 questionnaires. See part 4.2 what to look for when you do the checking.

3.4.3. Checks at the end of the enumeration

- 1. After completion of the second round of visits, which may be as early as 24 November but not later than 5 December, enumerators must check their questionnaires, the hand over all equipment and documents to the supervisor. This should include the letter of appointment, identify card, completed imprest statements and cash plus all folders and questionnaires (whether blank or filled in), the manual, note pad and maps.
- 2. All received items should be ticked off as required in part 5 of this manual and signed by the enumerator and the supervisor. Both should retain a copy.
- 3. Supervisors must check all forms thoroughly before handing them over to the district superintendent, (chief) area manager or quality controller. Do this while the enumerator is still in the area. If the work is found to be acceptable the enumerator may leave. Incorrect or incomplete work must be returned to the enumerator for correction, which may mean going back to households.
- 4. Supervisors should complete the checking within 24 hours of the enumeration work being delivered.
- 5. Checks will include the following for all questionnaire folders.
 - a) All issued questionnaire folders are handed in and include all sheets with nothing removed (25 sheets per folder).
 - b) Province, Ward and EA numbers are correct and correspond between the questionnaire folder, Enumerator manual and questionnaire sheets.
 - c) The enumerator's name and number are filled in correctly on the folders and this information corresponds with the information given on the Enumerator manual..
 - d) All other boxes on the folder covers are filled in correctly.
 - e) Households are numbered serially from 001 up to the highest in the EA.
 - f) Village names (including those added by the enumerator) and numbers listed in the Enumerator manual correspond with those on the EA map and questionnaire sheets.
 - g) The questionnaire header section on the number of sheets used per household is filled in correctly.
 - h) Question H18 is correctly completed and these numbers are consistent with those of Table D on the inside left of the questionnaire folder.
 - i) Blue ball-point pen is used for the first round and red ball-point pen for the second round. Entries should be in block letters and written in the correct sections of the questions.
 - j) Rows for people in the household on both census moment and census night are ticked at the left side and other people are added or deleted as appropriate (in red ink).

- k) The lower part of the questionnaire header is correctly filled in if necessary.
- 6. Supervisors will also make consistency checks of the questions in three households from each folder. Section 4.2 of this manual gives full instructions on this. Section 4.3 describes the method of scoring to determine the quality of work whether it is of sufficient quality to pass on to the district superintendent, (chief) area manager or quality controller, or whether it must be returned to the enumerator for correction.
- 7. When satisfied with the work, certify that appropriate checks have been made by recording the households checked in the appropriate place of the 'Supervisor's notes' (part 5 of this manual).
- 8. Sign off each returned questionnaire folder in box C (File processing) on its front cover. Also, fill in the 'Equipment and document reception sheet' in the Supervisor's notes (part 5 of this manual) in two-fold, together with the enumerator and both sign the two copies. Give one copy to the enumerator and add the other one to the enumerator's documents.
- 9. Finally, return all census material from yourself and the enumerators to the district superintendent, (chief) area manager, quality controller or authorized person as instructed (see also section 3.4.1 in this manual).

3.4.4. Final checking of the questionnaires

In this section you will find instructions what to look for if you check the enumerators' work when you visit them during the enumeration period. It will also give you instructions how to rate the quality of their work. On the basis of this evaluation, you can decide whether any enumerator has to go back to his/her enumerator area to correct any mistakes or omissions.

Error Types

- 1. For the purpose of the checking activity, assume that an error exists if one of the following is the case for any answer on the questionnaire:
 - The question was left blank (an answer, no circle, no diagonal line).
 - The question contains an answer which does not appear in the range of acceptable answers:
 - Example 1: The month of birth (P5b) had the answer '15' (there are only 12 months in a year).
 - Example 2: For a woman born in 1950 question P29 was crossed out. If the birth date is correct there should have been an answer to his question stating the number of children born to her. If she had no children, the answer should read '0'.
 - The question contains an answer which falls within the allowable range, but clashes with information in other questions for the same person, or it clashes with information about other persons in the same household. In other words, the answer is not consistent with the answers to other questions.

Example 1: A persons reported with the birth date June 1990 (P5) with Form 6 as the highest education (P18). If 'Form 6' is correct, probably, the real birth date of the person is closer to 1980.

Example 2: A woman reports to be married to the head of household (P3 states 'Spouse' and P22 states 'Currently married'), but the head reports not to be married (P22 for him states 'Never married). One of them had a wrong answer recorded.

- 2. The three types of errors can all be subdivided into two main groups.
 - a) The error can be corrected by using other information about this person or other persons in the household. We call this a correctable error.

 Example: If the enumerator omitted the religion of one of the children in a household and if the religion of the parents and all brothers and sisters of this child were the same, we can with confidence write the religion of the parents in the blank space of the child.
 - b) The error cannot be corrected from other information in the household. In that case we are involved in a non-correctable error.

 Example: A woman reports to have had only one child, who slept in the household at census night (P29a and P29b are '1', P29b and P29c are '0'). However the date of birth of this child as reported in P30 and P31 (because it is both the first and last child) in inconsistent with the birth date of any person listed in P5. Since the child slept in the should it should be included on the questionnaire. Therefore either the information in P5 for one person is wrong (or missing) or the information in P30 and P31 is wrong. However, on the basis of the answers provide don the questionnaire we cannot decide what the right information is.

In our checking operation we are basically only interested in the second type of error, the non-correctable answers.

Checking

- 1. Checking of errors of types a) and b) requires good knowledge of the Enumerator manual. If in any doubt about the answers which are allowed you should re-read the appropriate section of the manual again. However, some pointers will be given here about the consistency checks that can be made regarding the questions in the questionnaire.
- 2. A difficulty of consistency checks made after census night is that consistency of characteristics of persons or a household that existed in the first interview, may have been lost in the second round of visits. This can happen because persons were added to or deleted from the households (see section 5.1, point 9 on pages 58059 of the Enumerator manual.) So in your checking work you have to look for consistency between the persons filled in with black ink and, separately, also for the persons filled in with red ink.

General checks

1. For every question some information should be provided: either a valid (written or circled) answer or a diagonal line across the question indicating that it is not applicable. There may never be blank questions!

- All written answers should be clearly readable and within the space assigned to the
 questions. None of the coding boxes may be filled in.

 If the answer consists of a circled code, the circle should be neat and clear so no confusion
 will arise about what is the right answer.
- 3. All entries from the first round of interviews should be in blue and all entries from the second round should be in red.

Checking the household questions

- 1. H2-H4. If a house is made of thatched walls and roof and an earthen floor (H2a-c) it should not be classified as a permanent but as a temporary dwelling (H4). Similarly, a house with concrete walls, roof and floor should not be classified as a temporary but as a permanent dwelling.
- 2. H10. If under H10c '5' is circled and as specification 'bush' or 'river' is given, the answer must be corrected since these types of toilets do not qualify as 'modern toilet facilities'. Therefore, H10a should state '2' (No) and H10b and H10c should be crossed out (see the instructions in the Enumerator manual, pages 28-29). If H10a is '1' (Yes), H10b and H10c should have a valid answer.
- 3. H11-H12. If there was no electricity in the dwelling (H11 is '1'), H12 cannot give 'Electricity' as the cooking fuel used. One of the answers should be changed.
- 4. H14. If H14a reports that there are bed nets in the dwelling ('Yes':1), there must be an answer to questions H14b and H14c: Otherwise, if H14a is 'No', H14b and H14c should be crossed out.
- 5. H14/H18. The figure in H14b can never be higher than the added total of H18e and H18f unless H18 is in red. If there is an inconsistency between H14b and blue figures in H18e and H18f, check the number of persons written in blue under question P2 and correct the answer that apparently is wrong. If there is an inconsistency between H14 and red figures in H18e and H18f, leave it as it is. We will accept this inconsistency.
- 6. H16-D2/D3. If H16 is '0', D2 and D3 should be crossed out. If there are one or more deceased persons recorded in H16, D2 and D3 should have information accordingly.
- 7. H17. Check that for every crop, livestock and fish item information is given in questions H17a, H17b and H17c as far as requested. Check als that for any item for which H17b states '1' (that is, it is grown or caught for sale), there should be an answer in H17c. For any item for which H17b states '2' (that is, it is not grown or caught for sale), the corresponding lien in H17c should be crossed out.
- 8. H18. This is perhaps the most important question in the census. Check whether the number of males 'On this sheet' (H18a) plus those 'On other sheets' (H18c) equals the number of males 'Total in this household' (H18e). Check similarly whether the number of females 'On this sheet' (H18b) plus those 'On other sheets' (H18d) equals the number of females 'Total in this household' (H18f).
 - Check also whether the figures on males and females in question H18 are consistent with the information in question P4 which gives also the information of the number of people by sex. If there is any inconsistency, correct the answers and discuss it with the enumerator.

Checking the individual questions

1. For every question some information should be provided: either a valid answer or a diagonal line across the question indicating that it is not applicable for that person. **There may never be blank questions!**

- 2. Check that the sequence of the listed persons in the household is correct according to the instructions in the Enumerator manual, section 3.2.3, point 7 (pages 20-21). However, do not rewrite the form to make it correct. Instead discuss it with the enumerator and instruct him/her how to do it properly.
- 3. Check that any questions (P15-P34) are crossed out correctly according to the date of birth and/or sex of the person. For example, a man cannot report children born to him (P29); and a child born in 1994 should not have any answers filled in questions P22 to P34: these should have a diagonal line across.

Vice versa, any female old enough (born before 1988) should have information written in question P29 and any person born before 1988 should have had all questions P2 to P28 appropriately addressed.

Check for ever person separately which questions, if any, should be crossed out.

4. P3. The 'Relation to the head' should be consistent with information about sex (P4). For example, if the head is a male than the spouse should be female.

P3 should be consistent with information about birth dates (P5). For example, if the relation is 'Child or 'Parent', there should be an age difference of at least 12 years and usually more than 14 years between those persons and the head. Also, the age difference between brothers and sisters should be at least 9 months, unless they are twins or one of them is an adopted or stepchild.

P3 should be consistent with information about marital status (P22). For example, if a person reports to be a spouse of the head, both that person and the head should be 'currently married'.

- 5. P4. There must always be answer to this question.
- 6. **P5.** The date of birth should be consistent with information on education (P18-P20), occupation (P24c) and birth dates of children (P30 and P31, if relevant). For example, a person born in 1987 will not have completed Form 6 (P18); a medical doctor (P24c) will be born before, say 1977; if the respondent is a mother, the birth date of her first child must be at least 12 years and usually more than 14 years later than her own date of birth. Also, if the child reported in P30 and P31 slept in the household, it should have been recorded with the same birth in P5.

There must always be an answer to the question on year of birth (P5a).

- 7. P10. If both real parents have the same ethnicity, than that of the child must be the same.
- 8. P12-P15: The answers should contain sufficient information to determine the Ward, i.e., it should contain the Ward name or number and the Province or island. If the answer is 'Honiara' a ward number should be included as well.
- 9. P24b and P24c. These two questions should have sufficient detail so that the census office can assess the type of work and organization (see the Enumerator manual, section 4.3, pages 49-50).
- 10. P24d. People usually do not work for more than 40 hours a week and public servants usually not more than 37½ hours a week. Discuss any excessive answers with the enumerator and correct the answer if necessary.
- 11. P25. If the answer to this question is '5' (Disabled) the person should have stated any kind of disability for question P8.
- 12. P28a. This question should have sufficient detail so that the census office can assess the type of work.

- 13. P28b. People usually do not work for more than 40 hours a week. Discuss any excessive answers with the enumerator and correct the answer if necessary.
- 14. P29a-P29d. For every female born before 1988 these questions should have a number. If the woman did never have any children, there should be a '0' for every question. Only for males, and for females born in 1988 or later a diagonal line across these questions is allowed.

Check that P29b + P29c + P29d adds up to P29a. Also check that the number of children 'slept here' (P29b) is consistent with the number of children of this woman on the form itself.

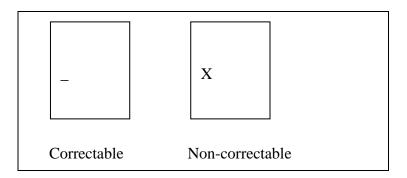
15. P30-P34. For every female born before 1988 who ever had a child these questions should have an answer. They may only be crossed out if the person is a male, a female born in 1988 or later, or a female who has never borne a child.

4. Test Procedure

General rules

- 1. In order to test the quality of an enumerator's work you will select in each folder of that enumerator three households. You will take in each folder the smallest household, the largest one and one of in-between size. If any of these proves to have many crossed out answers, because of the household had to be enumerated on the basis of statements by neighbours, then you have to replace this household with another one of about the same size.
- 2. For each of these three households, you will go through the answers in the household module (front page) and through the rows of every household member listed. Every time you find an error you will make a mark with pencil. If you find a correctable error this mark should be a small horizontal line in a clearly visible place at the bottom of the particular answer space. If you find non-correctable error this mark should be a small cross in the same place (see Figure 3).

Figure 3. Error marks



3. You should be careful to avoid counting the same error twice.

EXAMPLE: You found an inconsistency because one person is reported born in May 1989 (P5) – and therefore is 10 years old .. and has completed Form 3 (P18a and P18b). Now you could mark the year of birth or the completed level of education or both as wrong. Using additional information from the questionnaire you could probably decide that there is only one mistake. If the person appears to be the first-born child of a woman and the birth date is confirmed in question P30 of that woman, and it is also consistent with the birth dates of the mother and those of a few brothers and sisters on the questionnaire sheet, then you could safely assume that the information in P5 was correct. This would mean that only P18 is wrong: probably P18a should have been circled '3' for 'Standard' instead of '4' for 'Form' since that would make sense. However, what you should do in this situation is only marking P18 as one error (and not P18a and P18b). It should be marked with a '-' because we assume we can correct the error by changing P18a from 'Form' to 'Standard'.

4. Below you find a few more examples of how to mark errors found on a questionnaire. EXAMPLE 1:

Suppose a woman is reported as the spouse of the head of household and her economic activity and number of children are given. If her birth year is 1990, this is not consistent with the recorded relation to the head marital status, economic activity, and children ever born. All indication are that in this example the birth year is wrongly reported. There are at numerours inconsistencies but they would all be cleared up, if the birth year were corrected. We have therefore only one error. This error cannot be corrected from the available information: it is a non-correctable error. Thus, put a small pencil cross (x) in the birth year answer space.

EAMPLE 2:

If the answer to question P23 for a person is 'Yes' (1, indicating the person did do paid work in the last seven days and questions P25 and P26 are appropriately crossed out, but there are no answers to questions P24a to P24d, you could count his as 4 errors (because 4 questions were omitted). However, since the enumerator probably only once overlooked the questions of P24, you may count this as one error. It should be marked with a cross because we cannot correct the answer.

EXAMPLE 3:

Take a married woman aged 32, for whom the enumerator left questions P29a to P29b blank. This also is clearly one non-correctable error.

EXAMPLE 4:

You find that question H18 is not completed. Although this is a serious error, it can be corrected by counting the people listed on the questionnaire. Therefore, you should put one small line in the answer space of question H18.

We could study thousands of examples and we would without doubt find problems in the way the error should be marked. These cannot be discussed here, but with common sense you will be able to find an acceptable solution.

Calculating scores

- 1. Once you have marked all selected households of an enumerator, make a small table in the appropriate page of your supervisor's notes referring to that enumerator. Write down the household number for each household tested (see the example in point 4 below). Count the number of persons in the household and add 1 to that number to cover the household module 3enter in the table is 7 (6 + 1 = 7). Also enter the number of non-correctable errors. In the example in point 4 below you tested three households from each of the three folders a particular enumerator used during enumeration.
- 2. You then divide the total of the second column (number of persons and households) by the total of the third column (number of non-correctable errors). If the answer is 2.5 or higher, the work of the enumerators can be accepted. In our example the score will be 77/28 = 2.75, which is a just acceptable score.
- 3. However, if the score is less than 2.5, for instance 1.9, then you should select another three households in each of the questionnaire folders and repeat the procedure. If the score calculated by adding the persons-plus-households and errors of the two sets of selected households combined still is less than 2.5 the enumerator will have to return to his /her EA to try and correct the errors.

٠.	EXAMPLE:		
	HH. No.	Persons + household	Non-correctable errors
	003	2	-
	007	6	2
	016	14	3
	026	7	2
	032	15	6
	045	4	4
	056	5	3
	060	17	7
	071	7	1

- 5. People tend to make the same error all the time. So to minimize errors you must explain very clearly what an enumerator has been doing wrong. Do this as early as possible, that is during your visit in the first two days of the enumeration period. Otherwise he/she may repeat them again. Be reminded that you as supervisor are responsible for the quality of the work.
- 6. If the work of an enumerator is found to be unacceptable, he/she has to go back to the EA. When back there, the enumerator should also revisit the households that were not included in your checks, in order to correct any errors he/she frequently made according to your checks. This, however, would be a serious matter and supervisors and enumerators should put every effort in avoiding this to be necessary.
- 7. Again, if you would have properly checked and coached the enumerator in the first round of visits, it would not have been necessary for him/her to return to the EA at this late stage.

Allocating a new GPS Code

This should only be done in exceptional circumstances. In the Census, Enumerators are told to issue a new sticker where they come across a household that was not enumerated in the Household Listings earlier in the year. They should then mark that house on their map so the Cartographic team can assign the GPS codes.

Collecting in Materials from Enumerators

On completion of the Census Interviewing, all materials need to be collected in from Enumerators. This will include:

- All questionnaires blank or otherwise. Check amongst these if there are any completed questionnaires that interviewers have forgotten to hand in previously.
- All maps are to be put in envelope with the questionnaires
- Household listings are to be put in the envelope with questionnaires

All the above items must be handed in to Area Managers.

Check that Household listings are marked with the Ward/EA codes and the Supervisor Name. Pack the household listing and map in the plastic envelope along with the completed questionnaires for each EA. If two envelopes have to be used for the same EA make sure that it is marked 1 of 2, 2 of 2 etc for each EA.

Pack all the unused questionnaires for your District together.

Interviewers may keep their uniforms, also pencils, pens and other items of stationery.

5. Imprest

- 1. The imprest can be used for:
 - a) Necessary transport of enumerators and supervisors,
 - b) Use of interpreters if no-one in your team is able to speak the local language and if Pidgin is not understood.
 - c) Necessary costs of communications (telephone, radio, cable, stamps),
 - d) Necessary costs of messengers
- 2. Supervisors will sign for their imprest. The money can be spent on approved items if necessary (see point 1), and if a receipt is obtained. The receipt should show the name and signature of the recipient of the money, the goods or services and the name of the person paying the money. Use the *Supervisors receipt book* for this purpose.
- 3. At the end of the enumeration complete an imprest control sheet. Full instructions are given on the back of the sheet. Total expenditure plus cash must equal the original imprest received. This control sheet, receipts and money must be returned to the CDS or AM with the census questionnaires and equipment (see section 3.4.1 above). In some cases everything will be handed over to someone acting for the CDS or AM. In this event **obtain a signed receipt from that person for the imprest control sheet, receipts and cash**
- 4. Small imprests given to enumerators must be accounted for in exactly the same way, except that enumerators will hand their control sheets, receipts and cash to the supervisors.
- 5. All census monies must be accounted for. Payments for unauthorized items or receipts not signed will result in delay of supervisor and enumerator final payment.

6. Reporting

- 1. There will be two reporting lines
 - a) From enumerators to supervisors
 - b) From supervisors to CDS or AM.
- 2. Encourage enumerators to send brief reports whenever someone goes from their enumeration village to the supervisor contact point. Do not hire messengers for these or personal messages, unless urgent. Enumerators must immediately send a message to their supervisors in cases of emergency, such as:
 - Respondents refuse to co-operate,
 - The enumerator is too sick to work;
 - Lack of equipment that would cause delays
 - The enumerator finds many additional households and needs assistance to complete the work:
 - The enumerator cannot keep to the time schedule and risks failing to complete the work;
 - A change in conditions materially affects plans for meetings etc.

- Under these circumstances the supervisor may pay the messenger. Enumerators should not leave the EA (unless it is close to the supervisor base).
- 3. Reactions to enumerators that report to a supervisor must not be delayed. If remedial action is needed, any delay could jeopardize the enumeration. If anything threatens to hold up the enumeration it must be reported to the supervisor immediately.
- 4. Supervisors should send progress reports to the CDS or AM when someone in the SA travels to AM control points, preferably after the first and second weeks of enumeration. The CDS and AM will want reports on progress according to plan as well as on any problems. If there is a telephone or radio transmitter ask to use them for weekly reports.
- 5. In cases of serious emergency use a telephone or radio transmitter if one is available. Otherwise send a concise report by messengers to the CDS or AM, using the best means available. Do not leave the enumerator in isolation. Inform the contact person of your planned action and move to the EA where the problem occurred. This is the best place to investigate the issues and decide what action to take.

7. Equipment

- 4. During the supervisors' training you will be issued with the following equipment
 - a) An identification card and letter of appointment
 - b) A copy of the Census Act
 - c) An Enumerator Manual
 - d) A Supervisor manual
 - e) A ward map of the Solomon Islands and Honiara
 - f) A map of your supervisor area
 - g) A Supervisor's receipt book
 - h) A calculator
 - i) 2 Black ink ball-point pens
 - j) A pencil
 - k) A ruler
 - 1) An A5 size notepad
 - m) An A3-size clipboard
 - n) A waterproof bag
 - o) A torch plus batteries (incl. spare batteries)
 - p) A plastic cover to protect the enumeration documents and equipment during transport
 - q) A wooden box + lock to transport enumeration documents.
- **5.** During the enumerators' training you will receive the equipment for the enumerators assigned to you. Part of this will be issued to you at the start of the enumerators' training, the remainder at the end of the training (for those who are selected). The *Enumerator manual* (page 5) provides an overview of the enumerator's equipment.

It will be your responsibility to properly distribute this equipment to the enumerators assigned to you and ensure that each of them carries all equipment needed for the enumeration.

- **6.** In addition to the standard enumerators' equipment you will receive a number of items you should carry during enumeration time as spares in case the enumerators' equipment was not sufficient or they lost or damaged their own. These items include:
 - a) Spare questionnaire folders (usually one per enumerator assigned to you) each containing 25 census questionnaire forms,
 - b) Some spare ball-point pens;
 - c) A spare sticker to mark the houses where people were interviewed.

At the end of the enumeration (and not later than 7 December 2009), enumerators must hand in all questionnaire folders, manuals and all other documents, equipment, letters of appointment, badges and financial statements. Everything is to be put into the enumerator's plastic bag and wrapped up. Supervisors' document and equipment must be included, except the calculator which you must keep. The supervisor then has to transport everything in the locked wooden box to the area manger control point or CDS office as instructed by your AM or CDS. There, it should be received before 11 December 2009.

Enumerators Manual

1 ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This Enumerators Manual contains information about field procedures, training forms and materials you will use as a Census Enumerator. The manual provides instructions on how to carry out the enumeration of all persons and households in your Enumeration Area (EA).

Because of the detail involved, you are advised to read it through once to initially familarise yourself with the structure, timing and main task involved in enumeration and familiarise yourself with the contents of this manual, the census questionnaire, the training documents and any other materials issued by your Area Manager and Census Supervisor before starting work. Then as each phase of the enumeration arises, study the relevant section in detail before beginning that phase. Your Trainers will train you thoroughly in all aspects of your duties but when you are doing the enumeration you may find it useful to refer to the manual regularly. Please also feel free to mark this manual to help you with your job.

You will also need to be familiar with the terms and conditions of your job and the expectations the Solomon Islands Statistics Office (SISO) has of you, as set out in section of this manual.

This manual includes:

- information about what an Enumerators job is
- instructions about the tasks you have to complete
- advice on how to deal with situations that you may encounter.

We expect that with this information you will be able to work through most problems yourself. If you do come across something unusual and cannot decide what to do, contact your Supervisor for assistance. Your comments and feedback about all aspects of this Census, including your job, this manual, booklets and other documents, are valued by Solomon Islands Statistics (SISO) and will assist the Enumerators who will work on the Census in future. Please note your comments as you go, in the Census note book, and include any suggestions that you think will improve Census procedures or the job.

2 WHAT IS A CENSUS?

A very basic definition of a census is:

"A canvass of a given area, resulting in an enumeration of the entire population and the compilation of demographic, social and economic information pertaining to that population at a specific time". This specific point in time is referred to as the **census date**.

2.1 PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE CENSUS

Censuses are the internationally recognized method for collecting demographic and key social and economic information for every island, community, man, woman and child. National Population Censuses in Solomon Islands date back to colonial times although it was not until 1979 that an official one was conducted. Since then, it has been an activity enshrined in the Statistics Act Chapter 83 of 1974 which mandates the Solomon Islands National Statistics Office to carry out this exercise. Generally, National Population and Housing Censuses are undertaken in every 10 years. The last Solomon Islands National Population and Housing Census was conducted in November 1999. A modern population census is not just a count of people. As a basic tool for planning and assessment it must cover a wide range of topics. The questions asked on the Census Questionnaire have been carefully researched and developed; all are necessary and it is essential that all be answered carefully and completely. The essential aims of any census are outlined below:

1. The role of the population and housing census is to collect, process and disseminate detailed statistics on population, its composition, characteristics, spatial distribution and organization (families and households and

the houses they live in) at the smallest geographical level. The Solomon Islands National Population and Housing Census Project will provide the needed data for strategic planning and policy formulation such as that stipulated in the Priority Action Agenda (PAA)¹⁴ of the Solomon Islands government.

- 2. The Population and Housing Census play an essential role in public administration. The results of a census are used as a critical reference to ensure equity in distribution of wealth, government services and representation nation-wide: distributing and allocating government funds among various regions and districts for education, health services, delineating electoral districts at the national and local levels, measuring the impact of industrial development, to name a few. Establishing a public consensus on priorities would be almost impossible to achieve if it were not built on census counts.
- 3. The census also plays an essential role in all elements of the national statistical system, including economic and social components. Census statistics are used as benchmarks for statistical compilation, or as a sampling frame for sample surveys. Today, the national statistical system of almost every country relies on sample surveys for efficient and reliable data collection. Without the sampling frame derived from the Population and Housing Census, the national statistical system would face difficulties in providing reliable official statistics for use by the government and the general public.
- 4. The basic feature of the census is to generate statistics on small geographical areas with no/minimum sampling errors. While the statistics on the small areas are useful in their own right, they are important because they can be used to produce statistics on any geographical unit with arbitrary boundaries. For example, in planning the location of a school, it is necessary to have the data on the distribution of school age children by school area, which may not necessarily be equal to the administrative area units. Similarly, small area data from the census can be combined to approximate natural regions (e.g. watersheds or vegetation zones) which do not follow administrative boundaries. Since census data can be tabulated for any geographical unit; it is possible to provide the required statistics in remarkably flexible manner. This versatile feature of the census is also invaluable for the use in the private sector for applications such as business planning and market analyses.
- 5. The census results are used as a benchmark for research and analysis. Population projections are one of the most important analytical outputs based on census data; future population projections are crucial for all segments of public and private sector.
- 6. The census result will produce small-area detailed statistics as a building block for efficient governance at all levels. That is why it is required to conduct the census and the smallest unit of collection as possible which should result in detailed, small area population statistics for the same moment in time.
- 7. It will also provide information required for reporting on international commitments such as the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC), the Convention for the Elimination of all forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and other sectoral goals.

2.2 Structure of the population

Information is needed on the structure of the population, for instance, the number of males and females and their ages, together with a variety of other characteristics related to their civil and economic status. Some questions, such as those about the children of females born may seem useless to some people. These are used, employing statistical techniques and computers to estimate the forces which change a population, especially fertility and mortality. This is the only way measurement of these forces can be obtained as the registration of births and deaths in Solomon Islands is far from complete

¹⁴ These are the national priorities for the Solomon Islands government.

2.3 Economic Development

Other questions, such as those on education, migration, work and employment are used to measure the progress made over the last ten years in educating the population, in using their skills and developing the economy so that the quality of life in Solomon Islands is improved and the national development objectives achieved. The answers will provide important information to the government regarding the needs for future public services.

Successful planning for the future needs of children for schools and trained teachers, of young adults for worthwhile employment and of older people for a rewarding retirement from hard work is related to the availability of accurate information about the numbers and characteristics of these groups, now and in the projected future. Labour market data can be used to encourage new industries to establish their offices and factories in Solomon Islands and thus provide employment opportunities for our citizens.

As in the Agriculture census, the population and housing census does collect information on major carhops and livestock. Although further detail of these produce will not be collected in this census, it will be sufficient to provide a framework for development and research in the agriculture sector. Solomon Islands has more than two thirds of its population living in the rural areas with their primary activity mostly subsistence.

2.4 Housing

As well as measuring the number and characteristics of the people of Solomon Islands the Census will collect information on the stock of housing. This is necessary to produce information on issues such as adequacy of housing for the people living in them, the extent to which the houses meet basic standards and identify some key health issues such as access to clean water and disposal of waste.

3 Enumerators' duties and responsibilities

As an enumerator you will be allocated an area known as an EA in which you will be personally responsible for the enumeration of all persons in your EA by visiting every household and recording particulars required of every person, household and dwelling.

As an Enumerator, <u>you</u> have a most important role in the success of the National Population and Housing Census of Solomon Islands in 2009. The people of Solomon Islands and the National Government is relying on you to perform your duties as conscientiously, accurately, efficiently and honestly as you are able. No census has ever been successful without the devotion to duty and hard work of its Enumerators. You will be trained on how to do your work and it is important also that you make sure you know how to do it properly. It is essential that every citizen be counted and counted only once.

Advise your supervisor immediately if you are unable to do your work because of illness or any other reason. If all or part of the day is lost for any reason, you must find time to catch up with the hours lost.

Your duties have been broken into phases. They are:

Before Census

In preparation for the enumeration phase you must:

- read this manual thoroughly, and familiarise yourself with the other materials provided
- attend the initial training session

During Enumeration

During the collection phase, you must:

• record and act upon all instructions by your Supervisor and Area Manager in a timely manner

•ensure that all persons who spend the night of 22nd of November within your EA are included in the Census Enumeration.

ensure the security and confidentiality of information, Census Questionnaires and other Census materials at all times.

• regularly report to your Supervisor about your progress.

After Enumeration

After collection, you must:

- ensure the Household Number is written correctly and neatly on all Census Questionnaires
- complete your work and account for all Census Questionnaire's
- pack and return completed Census Questionnaires, your Census Record Note Book, and other administrative materials to your Supervisor
- attend a debriefing session, if one is convened in your area.

4 CENSUS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

The undertaking on a census in Solomon Islands is empowered by the Census Act (Cap 53) and mandates the Solomon Islands National Statistics Office to carry out this exercise. No other institutions in Solomon Islands have got this same mandate to carry out this exercise.

The information collected in this census <u>must</u> remain **confidential**. There are penalties specified in the Census Act, Cap 53, for persons who reveal to others about information learnt in the course of their census duties.

According to the Statistics Act -

Any person who:

- (a) being a person employed in taking a census publishes or communicates without lawful authority to any person otherwise than in the ordinary course of such employment any information acquired by him in the course of his employment; or
- (b) having possession of any information which to his knowledge has been disclosed in contravention of this Act, publishes or communicates that information to any other person; he/she shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for six months or to a fine of one thousand two hundred dollars

The only persons permitted to see or hear information taken from persons being enumerated are your Supervisor and officers in the Census organization to whom he/she reports. You are not to give anyone including friends, relatives or other enumerators, the information you get from your own enumeration area. Make sure that the questionnaires you have filled in from previous households are not able to be seen by members of the households you enumerate later. You must not reveal information even to members of your own family. These rules are necessary if the public is to have trust in the census organization and so they can be sure that information given to census enumerators is used for census and statistical work only. As such you are required to sign the Secrecy Act of the Solomon Islands Statistics Act in which you are abide by its conditions. This means you will be prosecuted and penalized if found to have broken the conditions in the act. It is also an offence to wilfully falsify any information in the data collected. All of these are subjected to prosecution.

Just as you must keep all information confidential, the nominated Head of the Household and all other persons in a Household are <u>obliged</u> by law (Statistics Act, Cap 83) to give answers to the information questions contained in the census schedule. Persons who refuse to cooperate with you by not answering the questions truthfully and completely to the best of their knowledge and ability should be reported by name. Do not get into arguments or difficult situations with respondents. It is not your job to enforce the law. Inform respondents of their obligations under the law, if necessary, and if cooperation is not forthcoming, give their names promptly to your Supervisor. You can be sure that these situations in Solomon Islands are extremely rare and that you are unlikely to have any trouble of this sort.

The Solomon Islands National Statistics Office is forbidden by law to give information about any person to any other person or to any other Government Department or agency. You should inform members of the public of this fact if they raise the matter of <u>confidentiality</u>. The public in Solomon Islands has a fine record of willing cooperation with censustakers, and this is based on past experience with trustworthy enumerators. The census authorities are extremely anxious that this situation continues.

4.1 SECURITY OF MATERIAL\CONFIDENTIALITY

At all times you must keep all Census materials secure, whether in the field or at home. The materials in your possession are official and confidential and should be treated accordingly. If you lose material, or it is stolen, you must report the incident to your Supervisor, Area Manager and to the police as soon as possible.

All information obtained by an Enumerator relating to individuals or households in the course of enumeration bust be treated as strictly confidential.

REPORT ALL SECURITY INCIDENTS INVOLVING CENSUS MATERIALS TO YOUR AREA MANAGER.

4.2 IDENTIFICATION CARD

You will be issued with, and must sign, an Identification Card. You must wear your Identification Card at all times when conducting your Census duties and it should be shown visibly when introducing yourself to the head of household or any other person. The loss of your Identification Card must immediately be reported to your Supervisor, Area Manager, and to the police. At the completion of the fieldwork you must return your Identification Card to your Supervisor who will pass them on to the Area Manager.

4.3 YOUR CONDUCT

As an Solomon Islands Statistics Office representative, you are expected to maintain a professional approach at all times and to confine your relations with householders to the collection of Census information. You are not to contact or discuss any aspect of your Census work with the media. The only exception is if the Census Commissioner requests you to do so. In addition to legal obligations to maintain confidentiality and secrecy, you are bound by specific ethical considerations in relation to Census information. During your Census employment you must not attempt to sell, demonstrate, canvass or solicit interest in, or support for, any product or business, commercial, political, religious or personal activity in which you may be involved; and you must not give or mail to any householder any literature, brochures or promotional material other than that provided by the Solomon Islands Statistics. Any breach of the above by you will result in your **immediate dismissal**.

5. MATERIALS CHECK LIST

You will receive a sample kit of Census Materials from your Area Manager before your initial training session. You will be provided with the following Census forms and materials from the list below:

- Enumerator Manual
- A3 double sided census questionnaires (containing person and household questions)
- Enumeration Area boundary maps
- Certificate of Authority and Appointment as a Census Enumerator
- 2 black pens
- A3 size clipboard
- An enumerator's bag to hold all your supplies
- I.D. badge that will have your name
- 2 T-shirts for census purposes
- Household listing form that identifies households and their head of household (note: assuming this information is available)

Although reasonable estimates of the quantities of Census Questionnaires required for Enumerator Workloads have been made, in some circumstances you may run out of Census Questionnaires, or other materials. If you do run out, or you think that you will, contact your Area Manager immediately.

A yellow Enumerator Bag provided with your training kit will hold all the necessary materials for your field work. These bags are can be sealed and are fairly waterproof to protect the census questionnaires from being damaged. Use the bag at all times when involved in Enumeration.

6. DEFINITIONS USED IN THE CENSUS

Before embarking on the enumeration you must understand the concepts of a Dwelling and a Household. The census collects information about people not only as individuals, but also about their living arrangements, so that they can be grouped into households.

The following are the most frequent terms referred to in this documents and any census process. The people of Solomon Islands will be enumerated using questionnaires in double sided A3 size paper containing both Household and Person questions in this Census. Each Household will have its own form to which the Personal questionnaires of each member of the household will be incorporated. For this purpose you will have to determine the Household in which each person lives.

A. PERSON

This is any individual member of the household or institution who is present on the census night and is therefore counted in the census. This includes every young and old, male of female, expatriates or residents, tourist and locals alike.

B. HOUSEHOLD

For the purpose of this census, a household is defined as "Those persons who usually eat together and share the work of preparing the food and/or the cost of work of providing it". Normally household members also live and sleep in the same building but experience has shown this is not always so, which is why the definition is based on eating together rather than on living or sleeping in the same building.

A household may be found in a variety of forms. It may spread over more than one building. Members of a family may sleep in two or even more buildings but share one place to cook and eat. They should be enumerated as one household. The group of people in a household may consist of persons who normally live in that household but may also include visitors or guests who happen to be spending the census night there

Two or more households can be found in one building. Two or more families who share the same building but who do not normally prepare food and eat together should be enumerated as two households, e.g. blocks of flats or servants who have their own quarters (and who do not eat with the family). Households may be found in buildings intended primarily for other purposes. A family may live in the back of their shop for instance. Boats tied up to a dock or even pulled up on shore may be permanently lived in and should be counted as households. Enumerators should look out for such dwellings and enumerate their occupants as a household if they meet the definition.

Yachts in this case will be enumerated as households. Hostels are lodges and not institutions. The question H1 of the household section lists the different types of living quarters and this manual explains the difference

Note that should there be more than 6 people in a household or more, you are required to fill in two census questionnaires. Please refer to section 14 on how to fill in the questionnaire.

In doubtful cases, instead of grouping people into one household who should perhaps be separated, it is better to use two households.

C. INSTITUTION

An Institution, for census purposes, may be defined as an organization providing specified services or performing some general public function for a group of residents or inmates who will normally be unrelated to each other. Institutions or sometimes refer to as collective households or non private dwellings such as hospitals, schools, hotels, or establishments providing a communal type of accommodation or care, such as: short-term 'apartment' motels, hostels, , nurse's quarters, boarding houses, private hotels, corrective or detention institutions (prison houses), and colleges.

Each one of these institutions must be entered on the census questionnaire along with the name of the institution (collective household) as one record and each person staying in these established are enumerated using the personal questions on the questionnaire.

Ships staying in Solomon Islands waters on the census date should be enumerated and they are classified as institutions and not households. As noted above, Yachts who are present during the census night will be enumerated as households

D. THE CENSUS DATE

The major objective of the census is to determine the number and characteristics of people in Solomon Islands at one particular point in time, i.e. the night of 22nd November or, to be exact, in the last minute before the 22th November changes at midnight. This is normally referred to as the *Census Night*. All persons alive in the Solomon Islands on

Census night are to be included. Children born before midnight on the 22nd November are to be included. Persons who die before midnight on Census night are to be excluded.

It is impossible for an Enumerator to visit all households in an EA on Census Night, and certainly not just before midnight, so that the Enumeration must be spread over a longer period, both before and after the actual Census Night. However the aim should be to record the population as if, suddenly, at one minute to midnight, everything came to a complete stop and the population stood still ready to be counted. In reality you should not be disturbing people this late at night. Keep your visits to households to within reasonable hours.

7. PRESENT OR ABSENT

Solomon Islands is conducting a "de facto" census. This means that persons are to be enumerated in the household where they spend the night. There are likely to be problems enumerating persons moving between households during the census period. Since the enumeration has to take place over several days some persons could be enumerated in both places or possibly to miss being enumerated at all. You will have to take extra care with households which have visitors or those in which some of the usual members are away.

Persons staying the night away from their household but not in another household, for instance, somewhere in the open air (fishing or hunting) on night duty, (policemen, nurses, engineers at the power station) should be enumerated as if present in their usual households.

Persons staying overnight in <u>another</u> household, for instance, a woman visiting her sister on another island, a business man staying in a hotel, should not be considered as present in their own household. They are to be enumerated where they actually spend the night.

It is essential that all possible precautions be taken to ensure that every person is counted and every person is counted only once.

Difficulty in undertaking enumeration

Enumerators are responsible for seeking out and *enumerating* all households however in some cases there will be some difficulty in enumerating some households due to members not being available when the enumerator visits.

- If after three visits, it has still been impossible to enumerate the household members, make a note of the place and notify the supervisor.
- The supervisor will then make a last effort to collect whatever census information is available about the absent household members from family members or friends living nearby, neighbors or other proxy respondents. It should be stressed that this is the very last resort and that this approach is far from ideal. To start with, Area Managers should try to establish whether the absent household members may possibly be enumerated somewhere else in Solomon Islands. Household members may be away on a holiday somewhere else in the country, visiting relatives in Solomon Islands, being away to participate in a cultural event etc. There are many possible reasons for their absence. If it can be established that the above is the case, they will be covered at the place where they stayed on census night and the supervisor does not need to do anything at all.

However, if the above is not the case, supervisors should try to collect whatever information they can from these proxy respondents. In doing this, they should keep in mind that the last thing the SISO needs is an official complaint made at a later stage by absent household members about getting information about them in what they may consider in an underhand way. Unfortunately, the relationship between family members and particularly neighbors is not always a good one and providing information about others without their knowledge may sometimes create animosity. Area Managers and Census Supervisors should always proceed with the utmost tact and the moment they feel that this approach may cause trouble; they should immediately abandon it.

Unoccupied dwellings

Permanent dwelling structures, such as houses and flats, that are capable of being lived in but are not occupied on Census night are included in the Census as 'unoccupied' private dwellings. This includes unoccupied, vacant houses or apartments to let.

The homeless

There is one group of persons who pose particular problems during a census. These are persons who do not have a conventional roof over their heads; in other words, they do not have a fixed address and they can usually not be linked to any household. In Solomon Islands, some urban EA area have a number of vagrants, persons sleeping in the streets, or near the public dump site under some make-shift cardboard 'houses'. This clearly is a borderline category. As long as their families consider them as part of the household, they will probably visit and stay with this household in a more or less regular basis. In that case, their household will most likely include them as household members. The real problematic persons from the point of a view of a census are those whom their family does not recognize (anymore) as household members. Unless enumerators make special arrangements for the enumeration of these people, it is likely that they will be left out.

Once again, enumerators should liaise closely with their Area Manager and Census Supervisor concerning the enumeration of these people. In order to identify accommodation likely to cater for these homeless people, Area Managers should contact city/town councils and other local authorities. In Solomon Islands, some churches also play a major role in catering for the homeless. In the case of Honiara, the places where many of the homeless sleep have in the meantime been identified.

8. GEOGRAPHY & ENUMERATION AREA BOUNDARIES (EA)

An EA is the area assigned to each enumerator for the purposes of census enumeration. Eas are self contained geographical areas which do not overlap.

To assure the complete coverage of population, it is essential to divide the whole country into small enumeration areas (EAs) and each census enumerator is to survey his or her assigned enumeration area to count all the population found at the time of the census. Enumeration areas (EAs) cover all the villages and the communities in the whole country.. Therefore, it is very important to properly delineate enumeration areas in each village to avoid any duplication and omission.

You will be supplied a map on which the boundaries of your EA are clearly marked. It is likely that you will find at least one village in one EA. Walk around and through your EA with the map to make sure that you know where the boundaries are and where each household within your EA is located. You will also be trained on how to read maps and it is very important that you know how to read the maps in order to manoeuvre in the field.

Ward

The Solomon Islands is divided up into 10 provinces and smaller administrative geography (50 Electoral Boundaries and over 180 wards)

In Solomon Islands a ward is a subdivision within an Electoral Boundary used in local politics. Wards are usually named after village communities or landmarks, geographical features and in some cases historical figures connected to the area. All EA Maps include an EA number and Ward Name to make it easier to locate the EA for example in the map below the EA 50101 is located in the ward East te Nganno

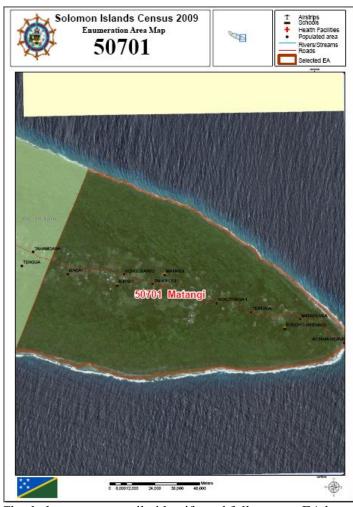


In all EAs the EA (brown/purple) boundary is outlined in a large marked line on each EA map.

Roads, rivers, waterways and other physically identifiable objects have been used as a part of EA boundaries, whenever possible. If EA boundaries have to be drawn in open fields, forest or water areas where no physically identifiable objects can be found, any households that might be located near the boundary should be written down in the village map, so that there will be no confusions later on regarding the EA in which these households should be counted.

You should thoroughly familiarise yourself with the boundaries of your EA and maps provided.

It is essential that you know where the boundaries of your EA are on the ground, and where these boundaries meet any other neighbouring EAs. All areas must be completely covered so that no Households are left out and so no Household appears in two EAs and is counted twice. Get together with your Supervisor and the Enumerators doing EAs adjacent to yours and ensure that each knows the common boundaries. Be especially careful that Households in thinly populated or inaccessible areas are actually included in your count. Each Household will also have its own number and this should be written on the questionnaires.



Check that you can easily identify and follow your EA boundaries.

Check for less obvious dwellings or any new buildings or new roads or changes to existing ones that may have appeared. Make corrections if necessary on your map so that you are aware of any changes.

Try to identify any potential difficulties you might have with the Enumeration work and remember to contact your Area Manager if there is anything you are unsure about.

Map updates

Although every effort is made to provide you with up-to-date maps, it must be remembered that there are significant limitations on accuracy, such as:

- Enumeration Area (EA) maps are completed at sometimes several months or a year before the Census, to allow for their printing, collation and distribution.
- The mapping work is sometimes reliant on updates from outside organisations, such as government agencies and planners, supplying them with timely information. For example Satellite Imagery is sometimes outdated and will not show recent development in an area.

We therefore rely on your local knowledge and your workload review to bring the maps up to date. Any updates you can add to your map will be passed on to the Solomon Islands Statistics Office after the Census.

The number of your EA will be shown on your map. This number must appear on each Questionnaire that you complete, otherwise it is impossible to put the questionnaire into its proper area for use in the reports and tabulations provided to users of the Census data.

Dwellings that are difficult to find

Not all dwellings are easy to find. Be alert and, if necessary, make inquiries to make sure no dwellings in your workload are overlooked. For example:

- Inquire at shops and churches that might have private dwellings and/or caretakers' residences attached.
- Look out for dwellings located behind those dwellings fronting the street or track.

 Sometimes the entrance of the second dwelling can be accessed by public paths or tracks around the side or back of the block, rather than from the street.
- Look out for additional dwellings within dwellings. Additional dwellings are often difficult to find because, from the street, the building may appear to be a single dwelling. During enumeration, you should ask every householder whether there is another dwelling within or on their property.

Planning your route

To make sure that each Household in your Enumeration Area (EA) is counted you must plan a logical route or work plan. Most EA boundaries have been designed by boundaries such as physical features such as rivers, creeks, roads and tracks and paths, It is essential to plan your route and divide your work so to ensure that no dwellings are missed.

Look at your map and identify a good starting point of the EA such as a street corner or edge of a path. Draw an arrow around the EA in an anti clockwise direction. This will be the route that you follow around each EA. When visiting each dwelling you should try to keep the dwelling on your left side so that you do not miss a dwelling when following your planned route (when going anti clockwise around the EA area).

9. HOUSEHOLD LISTING

You will be provided with a listing of all the households in your Enumeration Area. This information was gathered from a Listings Enumeration carried out earlier this year throughout all of the Provinces. You may find some changes where new houses have since been built or houses demolished, or where families have moved. In this case, you might find that the Head of Household differs to that shown on the Listing. A copy of a Household Listing is shown below. Information on the Listing includes:

- Province and Ward codes
- Enumeration Area codes
- Household number
- Head of Household name
- GPS Code/Sticker number
- Number of people in the household
- Comments box

You have to put this information on the Questionnaire for the household you are about to visit. If there is a Sticker on the door of the house, the number should be the same as that you have on your list. Write this on the Questionnaire. If there is no Sticker, then you will have to get the number from the Listing and/or your map (assuming the Sticker has

been removed or taken off). If it is a new house or one that has been missed in the earlier Enumeration, then you will have to get a new Sticker from your Supervisor and put that on the door. You will also have to write the details at the end of your Listing and mark it on the map.

In some cases we found two families in a household when doing the Listings and so we put two Stickers on the door. Remember the criterion for separate families in a household is if they cook their meals separately as two families.

If you find there are now two families in the household where there was only one in the Listing, you will have to get a new Sticker from your Supervisor and list the second family at the end of your Listing. You should cross reference this in the Comments column so the Mapping staff can use the same GPS coordinates. Mark the new number on the map also.

Every household on the Listing should be accounted for with a Census Questionnaire. If you find that a family is away on Census Day or the house is vacant, then write that down in the Comments column. On completion of your work, the Listing with all it's amendments will be given to the computer team so they can update their Listings file.

10. INITIAL PREPARATIONS

The census is designed to have a familiarization visit. This is an informal preliminary visit by the enumerators anytime after the training to check if he/she exactly knows his/her boundaries and the location of all those households that he/she should and should not be counted. If the enumerator is unsure of his or her boundaries then immediate contact must be made to their Supervisor for clarifications.

On the first day of the enumeration, the enumerators need to update his/her household's lists by filling the Household listing form with the name of the head of household.

Starting on November 9th, make up your plan of action for the first visit, in which the Pre-listing of Households will be completed, by distributing the total area of your EA into daily workloads. In addition, time schedule should be made possible during this first visit by setting up times that the household decides that best suits them to be present at home for enumeration. Your program should allow for the possibility that you may encounter bad weather or other delays. The final date of the enumeration, the day on which all questionnaires must be completed and handed in to your Supervisor, must be adhered to.

In special instances, where households are very isolated, as on remote islands for instance, it will be possible to get permission from your Supervisor to make only one visit and complete all the questionnaires at one time. In these instances you must be quite sure that your enumeration is as close to the situation as it will be on the Census Date as possible.

As you do your enumeration, please try to keep your questionnaires in good order. It is sometimes impossible to keep paper clean and completely dry, but remember that others have to process and read your work so that the sheets must be kept legible. It is important to note that paper absorbs dirt and moisture. Since we are scanning the questionnaires, it is very important to keep them free from dirt and moisture since dirt and moisture may make it impossible to read the information accurately from the questionnaires. If you accidentally spoil a questionnaire, put a heavy diagonal line across it, corner to corner, and begin another.

Because of confidentiality, the cancelled ones should all come in with the others; do not throw them away. All the questionnaires you are issued must come back to your Supervisor, completed, unused or spoilt. Make reference to the spoilt questionnaire in your notebook.

You should also carry your <u>Certificate of Authority and Appointment as Census Enumerator</u> and your <u>ID badge</u>. These should be shown to the persons you interview when you introduce yourself and before you begin the enumeration.

Usually Census Enumerators are appointed to communities which they know well and in which they are well known. This has great benefits for the accuracy and completeness of the enumeration and, usually, the friendly atmosphere in which it is conducted. Occasionally though, past history may make your dealings with an individual or family difficult or

embarrassing, to you and/or to them. If you have a case like this, inform your Supervisor so that he/she can make arrangements for someone else to do this Household.

Remember that your duties as an Enumerator are not complete until your Supervisor is satisfied with your work. If your questionnaires are not complete your Supervisor will require you to complete them before certifying your work. You cannot be paid until your work has been certified by the Supervisor. If questions are not all filled in you will be required to go back to the uncompleted households and get the information. The Government Statistician will retain the authority to require you to complete or redo questionnaires about which questions or doubts occur during later processing.

11. RELATIONS WITH THE PUBLIC

It is important for the census that it be conducted in a professional, efficient and friendly atmosphere; the following are some suggestions on how to keep it that way.

There will be extensive public communications program in place prior to census day, there should be no doubt in the minds of your respondents about your right to ask the questions specified in the census questionnaires. You should show your Certificate of Appointment and Authority to all respondents. Note that respondents have the right to see their questionnaires (uncompleted) to make sure that the questions you ask are relevant to the census.

Please be considerate of your respondents' rights, privacy and feelings.

On the first, introductory visit let your respondents know when it is likely you will make your second visit for the actual enumeration, and try to abide by the time you tell them. However, you should be firm about interviewing the Head of the Household and other responsible adults individually. You will notice that at the end of the personal questionnaire you are to note whether the person replying to your questions is the same one as is named on the questionnaire. It will not always be possible to question directly all people (for example if they are out on a fishing trip) and, in some cases, such as children, not at all desirable, but plans are to obtain a get a high proportion of adults, particularly women, answering questions for their own questionnaire. First-hand information is usually more accurate than hearsay or second hand information although the latter is much better than nothing. This applies particularly to adult females who are likely to have much more accurate information about their own children's' date of birth, and other fertility information related to them, than anyone else. You should be very careful to remind mothers to remember all their children, particularly the youngest and, of these, particularly the girls. If a female has had a child prior to the current relationship, this child needs to be counted as well.

Note that it is most important that the head of the household is someone enumerated on the Household questionnaire. If the 'usual' head of the household (for the example the father of children in the household) is somewhere else – away on a trip to the City, visiting relatives, in hospital, staying in a work camp – where they should be enumerated on Census night some other adult in the household must be nominated as the head of the Household.

12. CONDUCTING THE INTERVIEW

Your success in collecting census information depends on knowing what to do in each household and doing it quickly and efficiently. Some guidelines for interviewing are:-

• Confine your interviews to the responsible members of the household. The Head of the Household must be interviewed and adult females should also be interviewed if possible. Do not interview children, servants or neighbours of a household about its members except to find out the best time to call back if no responsible member has been available on the first two visits.

- Never permit the person you are interviewing to examine a questionnaire filled out for another Household. Keep such papers well out of sight to avoid such possibilities arising.
- Do not express surprise or disapproval, including by the way you look or by the tone of your voice, at any answers you may get to the census questions, Your job is to record the facts, as they are reported by the respondents.
- Do not reveal your opinion of the census questions to respondents. The respondent should feel that these are serious matters and that their answers are important. Ask the census questions as if you are confident that you will receive an answer.
- Ask the questions exactly as they are worded on the questionnaire and exactly in order in which they appear. Observe the skip patterns carefully (eg. Questions P21 and P22) and note where some questions apply only to persons of a certain age or to women only.
- Maintain a friendly manner. Avoid getting into argument or controversial discussion. Do not discuss controversial or political events. Remember you have a lot of work to do, it must be done well and many people must be interviewed in the time available.

13. COMMUNICATIONS IN THE FIELD

It is important that you manage your communications effectively when you are working in the field. To assist you with this, the Solomon Islands Statistics Office is intending to equip Area Managers with a communications system based on the use of SMS or voicemail messaging.

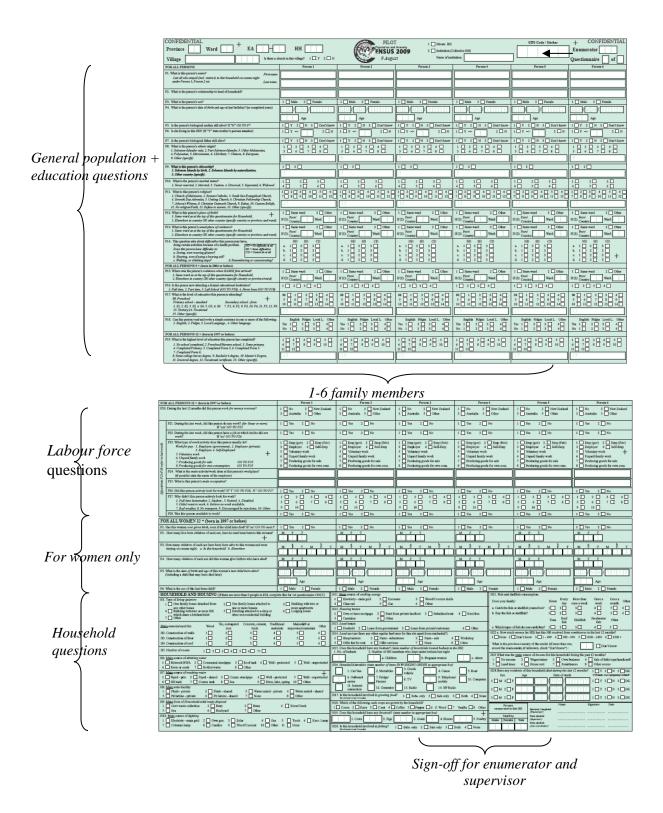
If a household has a query about any aspect of the Census they can call the Census Office on Ph. 22154. Any messages received from the public regarding complaints and help inquiries will be managed by the Census District Superintendent in each Province and Area Manager.

14. THE CENSUS QUESTIONNAIRE

The Solomon Islands Population and Housing Census Questionnaire is printed on A3 double-sided paper. These questionnaires are specially designed for scanning so please take notice of the instructions below. Intelligent character recognition (ICR) is used in data processing to scan images of the Census questionnaires to produce data files. The scanner detects and processes all marks and writing on the questionnaire.

The questionnaire is laid out as follows:





HOW TO FILL IN THE QUESTIONNAIRE:

Only use a black pen. Do not use other pens or pencils. This is because the questionnaire will be scanned therefore the scanner reads the black ink better. Do not use correction fluid or similar products on any questionnaires.

It is important to be sure or to fully understand the response before writing down on the questionnaire. Please take your time and do not rush. Position your clipboard properly so that you can write properly.

Start the questionnaire by filling <u>all the persons names in the household who are present on census night</u> before asking the other questions. In this way you can get the idea of the how many persons and then referring to their names when asking the questions.

Interview adults only. Information for children MUST be collected from an adult. If no adults are present during the visit, arrange to come back to the household later when the adults are around.

For text boxes:

It is essential that you write in, CAPITAL LETTERS – leaving clear spaces between the letters . Remember when entering information into text or numerical boxes, each letter or digit must be within the box provided as these are easiest for the ICR scanning machines to read.

	FRED		
If a m	istake is made, cross out the text ar	nd write next to it.	
	FRED BOB		
For c	heck boxes:		
Only:	mark boxes with an "X", drawing the	he lines diagonally across the box from corner to corner.	
		1 🔲 2 🔲 3 🗆	4 📕 5 🗶 6 🗌
If you	make a mistake, completely fill the	e box and place an "X" in the correct box. $7 \square 8 \square 9 \square$	10 11 1
Geogr	raphic identifiers:		
CON	IFIDENTIAL	_	
Pro	vince Ward	EA HH	
Vill	age	Is there a church in this village? 1 \(\sum Y \) 2 \(\sum N \)	

Use the codes and name found at the end of this document (annex) to fill in the above

Province: This is the province code: 2 digits

Ward: This is the Ward code: 2 digits – from your map

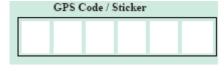
Village: Write down the village name. A village is usually defined as a group of dwellings who usually do things together, have one village head such as a village chief and have a common place such as *church* where the people usually meet and do other things in a communal manner. It may not have distinct or physical boundaries. Just a caution that there are places within the village that do have names but do not meet the above criteria. You do not need to fill in the boxes next to the name. This will be used for office use only. There are however places with names within the village. In this case DO NOT put place names. We only require village names.

EA: Enumeration Areas or EAs are smallest geographic "building blocks" used in the Census. This is the *Enumeration Area* number that you have been assigned. During this census, new Enumeration areas have been re-drawned and assigned a five digit number. You will be notified of the one will be assigned if is has 5 digits.

HH: This is the household number. You MUST use the household number that is given to you on the household listing because it matches up with a Head of Household name. Household numbers have three digits which start at 001.

Sticker:

Either the sticker number for the household as given to you on your household listing. This should be the sticker number on the door. If this is a new house that is not on your household listing and there is no sticker on the door, you will need to get a sticker from your Supervisor. You will also have to mark the house and sticker number on your map.



Enumerator ID:

Enumerator	1	1	1	1	

Each enumerator will be assigned a 4-digit identification number. This number will be labelled on your Identity card alongside your name.

Large households

Questionnaires are designed to cover up to six people in a household. If there are more than six people in the household, you must continue with an extra Questionnaire for the additional persons. This questionnaire must have the same Household Number and Sticker.

Fill in the Questionnaire of at the top of the first page and at the top of the second. If there are 2 questionnaires used you will enter 1 of 2 and on the second questionnaire 2 of 2. Change the person number on the second and subsequent pages. The first person on the second page will usually number '7', the second person '8' and so on.

The reason for entering the names of household members in this prescribed order is that it will give the enumerator a clear picture of the composition of the household right from the start of the interview. Emphasize that names are not stored in the database however it is needed only for <u>identification and monitoring</u> during the enumeration phase.

The enumerator should specifically enquire about some categories of persons that are often missed out during a census:

<u>Babies:</u> This applies in particular to babies who have not yet been given a name. Make sure that all babies and young children are included. If the infant has no name, write "Baby of person ---" and enter the mother's person number.

<u>Old women:</u> In Melanesian culture, the first person you meet is often the man and the women are often out of sight either at the back of the room, inside the house or out looking for firewood. They would be easily missed if proper questions were not asked for such instances.

<u>Nightshift workers:</u> Persons, who normally sleep with the household, but, do not stay with the household or any other household at census night since they are working during that night but will return home during the next morning. This includes police officers, nurses and other health personnel, security guards, prison guards etc. on a nightshift. It also includes fishermen who were out fishing on census night as well as persons staying at the market on census night in order to make an early start the next morning. According to the coverage rules, all these persons should be enumerated with their own household if they returned to their household after finishing their night shift or their fishing trip.

Enumerators should not proceed to the next question unless they are completely satisfied that the household listing is complete and correct.

15. PERSON QUESTIONS

Note that the questions are designed in sequential manner therefore should be asked starting at P1 and proceed accordingly. Look for 'skips' of 'Go to' reference if the responses meet certain criteria. This is to ensure flow within the questions and act as a guide to avoid questions that may not be applicable to that respondent. There are questions that apply only for certain groupings such as sex, age, and some have certain reference period that will require respondent to recall from memory.

IN ALL CASES WHERE THE QUESTIONS ARE APPLICABLE, ALL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED AND RECORDED ACCORDINGLY

P1. WHAT IS THIS PERSON'S NAME?

P1. What is this person's name? List all who stayed in this household on census night under	First name	FRED		
Person 1, Person 2 etc	Last name	FLINTSTONE		

This question applies to all members of the household including babies and visitors sleeping in this household.

The purpose of this question is to list all household members living in the household and including visitors sleeping in the house during the census night even if they are only visiting. A *de facto* census refers to counting all people staying in the household during the census night including visitors.

Record the first names and last names of all household members living in the household in the space provided. Start with the head of household as person number 1 and then followed by other members of the household and make written entries using one column for each person. First name in this case is should be the Christian name in most cases while last name usually refers to surname or family name. In Solomon Islands's case this will mostly be traditional names.

The name is needed to ensure that everyone in the household is covered and to assist the household head responding to the interview that the correct personal information for each individual is recorded. The name also helps identify where questionnaires are missing or duplicated.

At the start of the census interview of a particular household, the enumerator must list the names of all persons who stayed in the household on census night. These names are recorded in P1. However, there may be a few exceptions to this rule. On census night, some household members may be on a nightshift or out fishing but return the next morning. These persons will be enumerated with their own household and should therefore be included in the list of household members in P1. However, enumerators are again reminded that probably more than 95 percent of all persons who were on census night Solomon Islands will be staying with their own household census night.

Question: **Pl**: "What is this person's name? List all who stayed in this household on census night."

Instructions:

The enumerator should start with establishing the identity of the head of the household or the person who is in charge of the household. The question that he/she should ask is:

"Who is the head of this household?

It is important that enumerators realize that the head of the household can be a man or a woman. The head of the household is the person who is regarded by its members as the head. In many cases, the head of household will not be present during the census interview. In these cases, the enumerator should ask for the person who, in the absence of the head of the household, is in charge of the household. If this person is also absent, they should ask for the most senior member of the household who is present.

After entering the name of the head of household in the first column (for person number 1), the enumerator needs to explain that he/she must record particulars of everyone who was present in the household on census night. It is important that the names of the household members are listed in a prescribed order. This order is:

- Head of household and his/her spouse and unmarried children, beginning with the eldest and ending with the youngest.
- Married children (if they stayed in the household on census night!) and their spouses and children
- Children of unmarried children (of the head of household) who stay with their grandparents.
- Other relatives and their spouses and children (if staying in the household on census night!)
- Those (staying in the household on census night) who are not related to the head or anyone else in the household.

The reason for entering the names of household members in this prescribed order is that it will give the enumerator a clear picture of the composition of the household right from the start of the interview. It will also facilitate quality control by the Area Manager.

If a respondent is reluctant to give his/her name (i.e. for reasons of confidentiality), explain that there are two reasons why the name of respondents is entered on the interview schedule

1) <u>Politeness</u>: During the interview, the enumerator should be able to address respondents by name and not refer to a number.

2) <u>Use of the results:</u> It needs to he stressed again, that the answers to question Pl (which refers to the names of all persons staying in the household at census night), is only for <u>identification</u> purposes. In case of missing data or discrepancies/inconsistencies in the data recorded on the interview schedule, these errors must be corrected while the interview schedules are still in the field.

"Was there anyone else staying in this household on census night?"

The enumerator should specifically enquire about some categories of persons that are often missed out during a census:

<u>Babies:</u> This applies in particular to babies who have not yet been given a name. Make sure that all babies and young children are included. If the infant has no name, write "Baby of---" and enter the mother's person number.

Nightshift workers: Persons, who normally sleep with the household, but do not stay with the household or any other household at census night since they are working during that night but will return home during the next morning. This includes police officers, nurses and other health personnel, security guards, prison guards etc. on a nightshift. It also includes fishermen who were out fishing on census night as well as persons staying at the market on census night in order to make an early start the next morning. According to the coverage rules, all these persons should be enumerated with their own household if they returned to their household after finishing their night shift or their fishing trip.

Enumerators should not proceed to the next question unless they are completely satisfied that the household listing is complete and correct.

P2. what is the person's relationship to head of household?

P2. What is the person's <i>relationship</i> to head of household?		This question
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applies to <u>all members</u> of the household.

Question P2, provides information about the composition of each household. This is important for demographic analysis therefore as an enumerator make certain that each person in the household provide their relationship to the head of household only.

Relationships between members of extended household in the South Pacific Region, including Solomon Islands are not always straightforward, particular for outsiders. For instance the relationship "cousin" and "auntie" is much more widely used than in most parts of the world. As a result, enumerators are sometimes not able to record the relationship correctly. It is important to make this distinction. In case of doubt, it is the task of the enumerator to establish the real relationship. However, in doing this, enumerators should be aware that this may be a sensitive issue for some parents.

Question P2: "What is this person's relationship to the head of household? *Instructions*:

Enumerators should enter one of the relationships provided below in the space provided on the questionnaire. These precoded relationships are:

- 1 Head of household (HoH)
- 2 Spouse (of HoH)
- 3 Son/Daughter (of HoH)
- 4 Adopted Son/Adopted Daughter (of HoH)
- 5 Son in Law/Daughter in Law (of HoH)
- 6 Grandchild (of HoH)

- 7 Mother/Father/Mother in Law/ Father in Law (of HoH)
- 8 Brother/Sister/Brother in Law/Sister in Law (of HoH)
- 9 Other Relative (of HoH)
- 10 Not Related (to HoH)

People living in Intuitions are usually not related to the Head of HouseholdIn case of the usual head of household absent on the census night, the spouse or the most senior person in the household automatically becomes the head of household. The usual practice is that enumerators complete question 1 and 2 at the same time. In other words, when he/she enters the names of the household members (Question P1) in the prescribed order; he/she completes (Question P2), the relationship of each person to the head of household at the same time.

Enumerators should be careful to distinguish between natural children (that is children born to the parents) and adopted or step children. This is particularly important when census information is used for the indirect analysis of fertility and mortality, as is the case in Solomon Islands. The difference in age between a biological/natural mother and her child is seldom less than 15.

P3. what is the person's sex?

P3. What is the person's sex?	1 🗶 Male	2 Female
-------------------------------	----------	----------

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. Note that you will only record one response for this question

Question P3 asks the sex of each person in the household. This question is needed to provide information on population structure and differences by sex. It is important to record the answer correctly.

Instruction:

The two answers to this question have been pre-coded on the Questionnaire:

- 1. Male
- 2. Female

Enumerators need to mark the appropriate box.

Most enumerators will, whenever this is possible, enter the sex of respondents from observation. However, it needs to be stressed again that, in most cases, the majority of the household members will not be present during the interview, since they are at work, at school etc. The head of household, his/her spouse or a senior member of the household who is present, will provide all census information for the absent household members, including their sex. In these cases, the enumerator needs to ask.

Check whether the sex of respondents that has been recorded is compatible with the name (Pl) and relationship (P2) of these respondents. In reality, many enumerators do not ask for the sex of absent household members since they assume that this is clear from their name, relationship and physical appearance. This may sometimes lead to errors based on physical appearance alone; it is particularly easy to get the sex of babies and young infants wrong. If the enumerator is not sure, double-check with the father or mother of the child, or the respondent who answers the questions for this child. The enumerator needs to enter the sex of all members of the household. Area Managers should make sure that the sex of all respondents has been entered before the Census Questionnaire leaves the field. Cases of unstated sex will not be allowed in the census tabulations.

P4. WHAT IS THE PERSON'S DATE OF BIRTH AND AGE AT LAST BIRTHDAY?

P4. What is the person's date of birth and age at last birthday? (in completed years)	DD/MM/YYYY
	Age

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household.

Age and sex are used to determine the structure of the population, and to estimate fertility and mortality levels and age-dependency ratios, and to project future population size. In order to obtain accuracy data on these indicators, enumerators should ensure that date of birth and ages are recorded correctly.

Instructions:

Enter day, month and year of birth in the boxes provided: dd/mm/yyyy.

<u>Note:</u> In this particular case, enumerators should enter the information directly into the code box included on the questionnaire.

If the exact date of birth of a respondent is unknown, enter the year of birth. In that case, the number 00 should be entered for the day and month of birth. In cases where Year of birth is unknown, try and make certain reference to significant historical events as a guide to estimating year of birth – e.g. Independence Day, WW2, cyclone, tsunami,earthquake, riots and demonstrations etc. Yet if the year of birth is unknown, the age should be entered instead. However most age will be less than 100 years old therefore a 0 (or 00) maybe added to the age. For example if the age is 9, you would write in the age as 009. If you establish the year of birth, also enquire about the age even though you may already calculate it. This is a way of checking the date of birth. Enumerators should be clear enough that the age required is the complete age, referring to the respondent's age at their last birth date. For example, if John's birth date is on the October 15, 1974, then his age should be recorded as 35 at the time of the census (November 22, 2009). Children under 1 year of age should be recorded as zero (0 age).

In those cases where the respondent does not know his/her date of birth, the enumerator needs to <u>estimate</u> the year of birth. In doing this, he/she should make use of all estimation techniques that are available. Some of these include:

Family and household relationships. If the date of birth of at least one household member is known to be accurate, the relationship of this person with other household members may help to estimate a reasonably accurate year of birth of these other household members.

If all else fails, the enumerator should make the best estimate he/she can make, judging by things like the physical appearance of respondents and by using common sense. It is important to remember that an age estimated by an enumerator will in virtually all cases be superior to an age imputed by a computer.

Some people may' not know their date of birth but may have some idea about their age. If that is the case: Ask: "How old is this person?"

Note: If the age is known, calculate the year of birth and enter the year of birth (in four digits).

All census staff is reminded that, from the point of view of data quality, accurate date of birth (age) reporting (and recording) is probably the most essential requirement in a census. This is not only important in its own right. Failing to do so also results in a very significant reduction in the overall quality of census data, since virtually all this data is age-specific.

P5. IS THE PERSON'S BIOLOGICAL MOTHER STILL ALIVE?

P5. Is the person's biological mother still alive? If "N" GO TO P7	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know
--	----------------------

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household.

In the absence of a complete vital registration system (recording of births and deaths), information collected on the status of the person's biological mother and father enables the application of the own children method for deriving fertility estimates for a 10 or 15 year periods. The question is also important to determine the proportion of the population, especially the proportion of children living without their real mothers. All household members are required to provide an answer for this question.

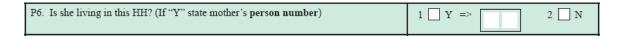
The biological mother is also referred to as the real, natural or own mother.

Instructions:

- There are three possible answers to P5
- 1. YES (still alive) (Y)
- 2. NO (Dead) (N)
- 3. Don't Know(DK)

Enumerators need to enter option 1 or 2 and in exceptional cases when the respondent does not know the vital status of his/her mother, option 3 (Don't know). The latter will sometimes be the case, particularly in single parent families. If the answer is 3 then skip to P7.

P6. IS SHE LIVING IN THIS HOUSEHOLD?



This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household.

If the biological mother is still alive, there are two possibilities: either this mother is staying in the same household as the respondent or the mother is not staying in the same household as the respondent.

Instructions:

The respondent and his/her mother are <u>staying in the same household</u>: In this case the enumerator should mark. 1. Y box and then enter in the space provided, the person number of this biological mother as given in the row of P1.

If the respondent and his/her mother are **not** staying in the same household: In this case the enumerator should mark the 2. N box provided. Then proceed to the next question.

P7. is the person's biological father still Alive?

The biological father is also referred to as the real, natural or own father.

Instructions:

There are three possible answers to P7

- 1. YES (still alive) (Y)
- 2. NO (Dead) (N)
- 3. Don't Know(DK)

Enumerators need to enter option 1 or 2 and in exceptional cases when the respondent does not know the vital status of his father, option 3 (Don't know). The latter will sometimes be the case, particularly in single parent families where the father is unknown or no longer living with the mother of the child.

P8. WHAT IS THIS PERSON'S ETHNIC ORIGIN?

	1
9. Other (specify)	9

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>.

Information collected on ethnicity is most important for policy makers and planners to identify ethnic groups in the country that are most disadvantaged. Ethnicity also identifies and distinguishes people with common cultural, linguistic, religious and behaviours.

Instructions:

Enumerators should mark one of the ethnicity categories given at the inside of the front cover of the interview schedule book. Please enter the name of the person's ethnic origin in the space provided if not among the categories.

It will be noted that in most households, all household members belong to the same ethnic group. Record the ethnic group to which respondents consider themselves to belong to or identify with. Note that this question does not ask about *nationality* or *citizenship*. If there is any doubt as to a respondent's ethnicity, ask for the ethnicity of the father.

In many countries in the South Pacific, including Solomon Islands, accurate recording of ethnicity has become increasingly more difficult over time due to intermarriage etc. Reality in the 21st century is that the ethnicity of many respondents is mixed. It needs to be reiterated that with regards to the question of ethnicity in a census, respondents are what they say they are.

P9. What is this person's citizenship?

P9. What is this person's <i>citizenship</i> ? 1. Solomon Islands by birth, 2. Solomon Islands by naturalisation, 3. Other country (specify).	1 2		
	3		
		This	

question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>.

It is important to record the citizenship of each respondent, since citizens and non-citizens have different entitlements in any country or territory. Governments need to know the number of citizens and the number of noncitizens, as well as total population numbers. Non-citizens are not usually permitted to stay indefinitely and often have very different characteristics from the citizen population.

Instructions:

Enumerators need to mark the appropriate box, 1. for Solomon Islanders by birth; 2. for Solomon Islanders by naturalization and enter the name of other countries for option 3.

The question is about citizenship NOT residency status in Solomon Islands. Solomon Islands by naturalization applies to those who have been granted citizenship in Solomon Islands although they were citizens of elsewhere prior to that. In cases of dual citizenship, mark 2. *Solomon Islands by Naturalization* as he/she currently resides here. For category 3, please write the name of the country in the space provided.

P10. WHAT IS THE PERSON'S MARITAL STATUS?

P10. What is the person's marital status?	1 🗌	2 🔲	3 🔲
 Never married, 2. Married, 3. Custom, 4. Divorced, 5. Separated, 6. Widowed 	4 🗌	5 🗌	6

This question applies to all member of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>.

The concept "marriage" is far from straightforward. Three different types of marriages are usually known in Solomon Islands and these are Traditional/Customary marriage, Religious/Church marriage and Municipal/Government marriage. A consensual/defacto union is defined as cohabitation by an unmarried couple for an extended period of time. It is a socially accepted union where the two partners live together as husband and wife but have not been through any civil or religious ceremony. In other words, they are not legally married. This is despite couples having children in that living arrangement. If they mention that they are married and if they say 'yes' you should then proceed with the type of marriage arrangements they have.

For the census purpose, customary arrangements are classified as de facto relationship.

Instructions:

Enumerators should enter one of the six marital status categories given at the inside of the front cover of the interview schedule book, These pre-coded categories are:

- 1 Never Married
- 2 Married (includes legal and illegal arrangement)
- 3 Custom (includes de facto relationship)
- 4 Divorced
- 5 Separated but Legally Married (not divorced)
- 6 Widowed

As already mentioned the discussion concerning relationship, for some people, discussing the precise nature of their marital status may be a sensitive issue. Enumerators are therefore instructed to accept and record the answers that are given by respondents, even in cases where they suspect that these answers may not be correct.

P11. WHAT IS THIS PERSON'S RELIGION?

P11. What is this person's religion?	1 2 3 4 5 6
1. Church of Melanesia, 2. Roman Catholic, 3. South Sea Evangelical Church,	7 8 9 10 11 12 1
 Seventh Day Adventist, 5. Uniting Church, 6. Christian Fellowship Church, Jehova's Witness, 8. Christian Outreach Church, 9. Bahai, 10. Custom Beliefs, 	13
11. No religion/Faith, 12. Refuse to answer, 13. Other (specify).	1.0

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>. If 'other', specify.

Religion is an indicator of lifestyle and community of affiliation. It is often associated with particular attitudes, which can have demographic and economic importance, such as acceptance or rejection of family planning, and education and employment for women. It is therefore important to record the right religion the respondent states that he/she belongs to. Note that in the above coding, Christian church denominations are listed instead of religions. Christianity is a religion while affiliated churches names above are Christian church denominations. This is deliberate to ensure not to differentiate any religion for sensitivity purposes. If the respondents answered to this question as *Christianity*, ask him/her to specify the name of church denomination. If the name provided is not on the list, you must write the name of the religion or church on the space provided. Other religions include Islam/Muslims, Hindu, Buddhist, Mormon (Latter Day Saints), Jehovah witness and many more.

Instructions:

Enumerators should start with establishing the religion of the head of household. After the appropriate answer has been entered, they are allowed to ask the follow-up question: "Are all members of the household of the same religion?" Make sure to mark different religion for members of the household having different religion with the head of the household. Write the name of the religion for category 13 in the space provided.

P12. Where IS this persons's place of Birth?

P12. What is this person's place of birth?	1 Same ward	2 Other
 Same ward as at the top of this questionnaire for Household, 	ra (2) Prov/	7 ,
 Same ward as at the top of this questionnaire for Househola, Elsewhere in country OR other country (specify country or province and ward). 	If (2): Country:	Ward:

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>. If 'other' refers to elsewhere in the country, specify province and ward codes in the boxes provided. Or if 'other country', specify country code in the box provided.

Place of birth (P12) is used in conjunction with place of residence (P13) and place of residence in the last 6 years (15) to provide information about movement within any country, and about immigration. Place of birth is not necessarily related to citizenship, so it is important to ask a specific question about place of birth.

Note that the place of birth referred to here is usually the mother's place of residence when she gave birth. If the person's mother was born in Choiseul but living in Honiara when the birth happened Honiara is the person's place when he/she was born. If the mother was born in Choiseul but gave birth to baby in Honiara hospital, then the place of birth is recorded as Choiseul. It does not necessarily mean hospital or medical facility where the actual birth took place. If they were born elsewhere in Solomon Islands or abroad, write down the name of province/ward or country. Again this should be checked to ensure that his/her mother does not go to that place for delivery but actually lived there.

Instructions:

There are 2 pre-coded answers for place of birth as given in the interview schedule:

1.Same ward

2.Other

Mark box 1 for the person born in the same ward and mark box 2 for the person who was born in the different ward, province, elsewhere in the country or in other country. Then enter the code in the boxes provided. If only the Province is known code 00 in the Ward.

P13. WHAT IS this persons's usual place of residence?

P13. What is this person's usual place of residence?	1 Same ward	2 Other
 Same ward as at the top of this questionnaire for Household, Elsewhere in country OR other country (specify country or province and ward). 	If (2): Prov/ Country:	Ward:

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of the household. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>. If 'other' refers to elsewhere in the country, specify province and ward codes in the boxes provided. Or if 'other country', specify country code in the box provided.

For Solomon Census 2009, a respondent's usual place of residence is the place where he/she usually lives at the time of the census, or intends to live for a total of six months or more in 2009.

Instructions:

There are 2 pre-coded answers for the person's usual place as given in the interview schedule:

1.Same ward

2.Other

Mark box 1 for the person who resides in the same ward as shown at the top of the questionnaire and mark box 2 for the person who resides in a different ward, province, elsewhere in Solomon or in another country outside Solomon. Then enter the code in the boxes provided.

P14. QUESTIONS ABOUT DIFFICULTIES THE PERSON MAY HAVE

P14. This question asks about <i>difficulties</i> this person may have,	ND SD CD
doing certain activities because of a health problem. ND = No difficulty at all	a. 1 2 3 3
Does this person have difficulty in: a. Seeing, even wearing glasses? SD = Some difficulties CD = Cannot do at all	b. 1 2 3 1
b. Hearing, even if using a hearing aid?	c. 1 2 3 1
c. Walking, or climbing steps? d. Remembering or concentrating?	d. 1 2 3 1

This question applies to <u>all members</u> and can have more than one box marked but only 1 for each type of difficulty.

The above questions must be asked in all cases. Just because the person does not look to have any health problems, it MUST NOT be assumed that they do not. The questions should be asked for each type of difficulty. Note that there may be combination of difficulties. If the respondent indicates that he/she does have a problem, ask about the extent of difficulty. It may be difficult to determine these for newborns in which case, mark all NDs. Also disability here refers to permanent disability and not temporary. E.g if someone has a broken leg, he/she may have a chance to have it recovered in a few months time and this is not considered a permanent disability unless of course, it is really serious.

Instructions:

Mark box a.1 when the person states that she/he has no difficulty at all in seeing even when wearing glasses. Similarly, if the person states that she/he has some difficulties in hearing then mark box b.2. However the person can have some difficulties in hearing, seeing and walking so make certain to mark the appropriate box accordingly, in this case it should be a.2, b.2, and c.2.

P15. WHERE was the Person's residence WHEN RAMSI FIRST ARRIVED?

P15. Where was the person's residence when RAMSI first arrived?	1 Same ward	2 Other
 Same ward as at the top of this questionnaire for Household, 	Prov/	T
Elsewhere in country OR other country (specify country or province/ward).	If (2): Prov/ Country:	Ward:

This question applies to members of the household that have <u>at least 5 years of age</u>. <u>Only one box should be marked</u>. If 'other' refers to elsewhere in the country, specify province and ward codes in the boxes provided. Or if 'other country', specify country code in the box provided.

Many people in Solomon Islands have changed their usual place of residence within the country during the six years before the census. In particular, there has been a continuing move from the rural to the urban sector. It is essential for planners to have a complete and accurate picture of these relatively recent movements. In the absence of a Continuous Population Register (CPR) in the Solomon Islands, basic information concerning the movements of people needs to be provided by the census. The cross-classification of census data concerning place of birth, usual place of residence in 2004 and place of enumeration, is the only, albeit rather restricted, source of knowledge concerning nationwide internal migration as well as urbanization in the Solomon Islands.

Question P15 tries to capture recent migration and movements of people in and out of Solomon Islands. Respondents are asked their usual residence when RAMSI first arrived in Solomon to assist them in recalling their past residence.

Instruct ions:

Enumerators are instructed to state the following for every person in the household: province and ward if in Solomon Islands (and country if outside Solomon Islands)

Mark the appropriate box for every respondent aged 5 years and over with their usual residence during that period. For example, mark box 1. for respondents staying in the same ward in the last five years. Otherwise mark box 2. for those staying elsewhere in Solomon or in another country. Then enter the codes appropriately.

P16. Is this person now attending A formal educational institution?

P16. Is the person now attending a formal educational institution?	1 🔲 2 🔲 3 🔲 4 📗
 Full time, 2. Part time, 3. Left School (GO TO P18), 4. Never been (GO TO P18) 	

This question applies to all members of a household with <u>at least 5 years of age.</u> It is highly likely that persons over the age of 50 are not attending formal education. If 'Never been to school, or 'Left School' go to P17. **Only 1 box should be marked**

Note that this question only asks for attendance of formal educational institutions. A formally recognized educational institution is an institution recognized by the Department of Education (DOE) where education is provided on a full-time basis (i.e. a kindergarten, primary and secondary schools and institutions that offer tertiary education). Note that vocational education is not a category in this instance, therefore if the answer sounds to be of a vocational school, mark 3 'left school'.

Full time students are enrolled in an educational programme whose study load is considered full time according to Solomon Islands standards. Part time students are those whose study load is less than that of a full-time student and who consequently will require a longer period to complete an equivalent educational programme.

Children who usually attend school but did not attend at the time of the interview due to illness or for some other reason should be considered as full-time students.

Another caution is the timing of the enumeration. The actual census will be done towards the end of the school year and therefore you will need to watch out for those who may have a school break early and may not know their status the following year especially if they are in Class 6, year 8, year 10, year 12 or year 13 who usually sit national examination. This is because only the examination results will determine their status and some may be tempted to say they have left school. If this interview is done after school break, ask if he/she has attended school in the last 3 months.

Since the census is done during the school year, enumerators should record those people attending school at this period of time.

Instructions:

The interviewer should make sure that the respondent is at least 5 years of age. The head of the household can provide information for those household members not in the household or those young members. There are 4 pre coded answers provided in the interview schedule booklet:

- 1.Full time (for those attending formal education on a full time basis)
- 2. Part time (attending formal education on a part time basis)
- 3.Left school (those who have completed or not completed formal education)
- 4. Never been (for those who never attended any formal school) then skip to P17

Mark one box according to the respondent answer. For those who have left school and never been to school, mark box 3 or 4 then skip to question P18.

P17. What is the level of education this person is currently attending?

P17. What is the level of education this pers	on is attending?	88	
88. Preschool Primary school - standard 1. S1. 2. S2. 3. S3. 4. S4. 5. G5. 6. S6	Secondary school - form 7. F1, 8. F2, 9. F3, 10. F4, 11. F5, 12. F6	5	
13. Tertiary,14. Vocational 15. Other (specify).		15	$\Big]\Big _{This}$

question applies to those who responded that they are currently attending formal education either full time or part time in P16. <u>Only 1 box should be marked</u>. If 'other', specify in the box provided. Instructions:

- These questions refer to formal education.
- For respondents still attending an educational institution either full time or part time, record the standard (primary school), form (secondary school), tertiary, vocational and specify for other types of education. Examples are:
 - Preschool: 88
 - Primary: *Standard* S1,S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7 or S8
 - Secondary: *Form* F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6,F7
 - Tertiary
 - Vocational
 - Other (specify)
- Those who have left school (P16 = 3) and who have never been to school (P16=4), are excluded from Question P17.
- Proceed to the next question.

QUESTIONS P18-19 APPLY ONLY TO PERSONS 12 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER.

P18. CAN THIS PERSON READ AND WRITE A SIMPLE SENTENCE?

P18. Can this person read and write a simple sentence? In 1 or more of the following:		English	Pidgin	Local L.	Other
1. English, 2. Pidgin, 3. Local Language , 4. Other language	Yes	1 🗌	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲
	No	1 🗌	2	3 🗌	4 🔲

This question applies to <u>all members</u> of household of at least 12 years of age. <u>There can be more than one box marked for this question</u>. <u>If the person cannot read and write in a particular language then mark the 'no' box.</u>

This question is asking whether the person can read and write in English Pidgin and/or Local Languages. It is a multi response question meaning there can be more than one answer. Note that there is no methodology of testing used but relies only on the answer provided by the respondents.

Instructions:

- For respondents who state that they can read and write in more than one language, mark the appropriate boxes accordingly. For example, if she/he can write and speak both English and local language then boxes 1 and 3 for Yes should be marked.
- For those who cannot write and read any language, mark the NO box.

P19. WHAT IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION THIS PERSON HAS COMPLETED?

P19. What is the highest level of educ. this person has completed?	1 2 3 4 5
1. No school completed, 2. Preschool/Nursery school, 3. Some primary,	6 7 7 8 9 10
4. Completed Primary, 5. Completed Form 3, 6. Completed Form 5	11
7. Completed Form 6,	12 12
8. Some college but no degree, 9. Bachelor's degree, 10. Master's Degree,	13
11. Doctoral degree, 12. Vocational certificate, 13. Other (specify).	

This question applies to all members of the household of at least 12 year of age. Only one box should be marked. If 'other' specify in the box provided. Only 1 box should be marked.

Instructions:

- These questions refer to formal education.
- Report only the highest level of schooling that has been successfully completed by using the codes listed on the questionnaire.
- For those who have never been to school record no school completed category. For respondents who have completed any type of education, enumerators should make certain to record the level that the respondents have completed. The enumerator should mark the correct box provided in the questionnaire.
- Sometimes enumerators confuse the terms class, form, grade etc. For primary school they should consistently use "standard" and for secondary school "form". For respondents reporting their highest level as Certificate or Diploma, there may be some confusion. Try to establish what kind of Certificate/Diploma is meant and specify that in the space provided. For instance, a respondent who attends Postgraduate Diploma courses must, in virtually all cases have completed a bachelors degree. However, one can study for many certificates and diplomas without having completed Secondary School. These people should be classified in code 8.

P20. During the last 12 months did this person work for money overseas?

1		2 New Zealand
3]	Australia	5 Other

This question applies to people aged 12 years and over only. Only 1 box should be marked.

The Pacific short-term labour migration scheme allows Solomon Islanders short term visas to work in Australia and New Zealand in order to overcome labour shortages particularly in the horticultural industry.

This question has been included to capture information on whether the person has worked for money overseas in the last 12 months.

The options for response to this question are **No** work for pay has been done overseas or work has been done in **Australia**, **New Zealand** or **other** country.

Instructions:

- Make sure the respondents is in the eligible age category (at least 12 years and over).
- There are 4 options shown in the interview schedule. For those who did not work for money overseas, mark box 1 and for those who did work for money overseas mark the appropriate box.

P21. DURING THE LAST WEEK, DID THIS PERSON DO ANY WORK?

P21. During the last week, did this person do any work? (for 1hour or more). If 'yes' GO TO P23	l 🗌 Yes	2 No	
This question applies to people aged 12 years and over only. $\overset{oldsymbol{.}}{oldsymbol{O}}$	nly 1 box sh	hould be mark	<u>ed.</u>
Work in this instance includes work for pay, work to support to	he househol	ld by producin	g goods mainly for sale or work
to support the household by producing goods mainly for own	consumption	on or any othe	er related work that needs to be
specified. Try and identify women who claim to do "housewo			
handicraft, any form of farming activities then mark box number			
The reference period here 'last week' refers to a week before t			
the size of the working force in the working age group in the			
housework only, were full time students, retired/too old or disal	bled – mark	box 2 and the	n proceed on to P23.
Instructions:			
 P21 is a simple yes/no question and applies to all respo 	ndents aged	112 years and	over. These two options are
shown on the interview schedule:			
1 □ Yes: Go to P23			
2 □ No:			
Mark X on the appropriate box. If the answer is "Yes	", skip to qi	iestion P23.	
P22. During last week, did this person work		job at wi	hich he/she did not
P22. During the <i>last week</i> , did this person have a job at which he/she did <i>not</i>	1 Yes	2 No	
work? If 'no' GO TO P26			
This question is applied to people aged 12 years and over	. Only 1 bo	x should be i	narked.
This question refers to those who have had a job but did n			
capture these people, question P22 is asked for those peop			
the census interview.		•	•
Instructions:			
This is a simple yes/no question, these two options are:			
1 Yes			
$ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & $			
1 Yes 2 No:: Go to P26 • Enumerators need to mark X on the appropriate box an	d if the ansy	wer is no then o	questions P23, P24 and P25

It is important that enumerators enter the correct answer in question P22. In particular, it is very important that all those who were during the reference period (last week) temporarily absent from work because they were on leave, sick, on strike, involved in a labour dispute etc. should be included in the category "workers". They are referred to as the "inactive employed". Examples are a teacher who is on a holiday, a factory employee who is on strike etc. These persons should be regarded as having worked during the reference period. In other words, for them, the box "yes" should be ticked. If in these cases, enumerators mistakenly tick "no", these persons will not be asked questions P23-P25. However, it will immediately become clear that they have made a mistake when they ask these inactively employed persons question P27 (why they didn't actively look for work?). If that happens, they should return to question P22, mark X on "yes" and proceed asking questions P23-P25.

P23. WHAT TYPE OF WORK/ACTIVITY DOES THIS PERSON USUALLY DO?

P23. What type of work/activity does this person usually do? Work for pay: 1. Employee (government), 2. Employee (private), 3. Employer, 4. Self-Employed 5. Voluntary work	1 ☐ Emp (gov) 2 ☐ Emp (Priv) 3 ☐ Employer 4 ☐ Self-Emp 5 ☐ Voluntary work
6. Unpaid family work	6 Unpaid family work
7. Producing goods for sale GO TO P25	7 Producing goods for sale
8. Producing goods for own consumption GO TO P25	8 Producing goods for own cons.

Only 1 box should be marked. This question applies to people aged 12 years and over and for those people who answered "Yes" in question P21.

Persons with two or more work/activity are required to report the information for the work at which they worked the most hours.

Instructions:

The first four categories refer to work for pay (in cash or in kind) which includes wages, salary, contract, commissions or was operating a business in which some kind of income is earned. The categories are:

- 1. working for the government;
- 2. working for private companies
- 3. Employer
- 4. Self-Employed.
- 5. Voluntary work
- 6. Unpaid family work, which refers to those who spend time doing unpaid work for supporting their family. Please mark box 6 then go to P24.
- 7. Producing goods for sale mainly to support household. For instance work that involves farming, gardening, fishing and handicrafts mainly for sales. Please mark box 7 then skip to P25
- 8. The answer refers to work to support the household by producing goods mainly for consumption as in farming, gardening, fishing and handicrafts. Please mark box 8 then skip to P25.

The enumerators need to mark the correct box and follow skips instructions where applicable.

"Money *work*" means any activity that finally returns money to the person, household or the company. Thus, beside wages/salary or business incomes, persons growing crops, catching fish, collecting shells or other things for sale are involved in money activities. This also applies to a person who sells his services i.e. fixes things like cars or builds houses, etc. In other words, persons with money income (including the above "inactive employed" category) consist of Wage/salary earners or Self-employed (business).

P24. What is the main activity/work done by this person at their workplace?

tivity/work done by this person at their workplace? name of the employer)		
	_	

Question P24 applies to people aged 12 years and over.

If the person does have some form of work/activity in P22, ask to specify the activity engaged in, even if self employed. The activity here refers to the general nature of the business carried out such as manufacturing, education, transport, construction etc.

Instructions:

Enumerators should give a precise description of the industry or type of business the respondent works for. This can be a company, firm, organization, institution or government department. If during the reference period, the respondent was temporarily away from his/her job, due to leave, illness, a labor dispute works etc. the industry he/she *usually* works for as his/her workplace. Once again, in order to facilitate the work of the coders, and to obtain meaningful industry statistics, enumerators should describe the government department, company, firm, organization or institution as accurately as possible. For instance, the industry of an accountant working for a motor vehicle manufacturer is "motor vehicle manufacturing".

If unsure, put the name of the company/department/organization/institution in the space provided.

P25. WHAT IS THE PERSONS MAIN OCCUPATION?

, =0. ,,,,,				
P25. What is this person's <i>main occupation</i> ?				
Question P25 applies to people age. Occupation here refers to the kind occupation which is regularly followague entries are not satisfactory. Provide a brief description of the tactivity they mainly do or are involved.	of work done by a person owed and to which the per The best short description type of work they do. For the	son devoted most of his of a person's occupation those who do unpaid fan	s/her working time. Go on is usually his/her job	eneral or title or
Instructions: Enumerators should describe as full reference period. In order to facilitate should give a complete and accurate acher, foreman, clerk etc. For instance, a filing, bank, pay or any other type/she is: principle.	te the work of the coders, as ate description of this mai ance for a respondent who i	nd to obtain meaningful on task. They should avons a clerk, it is important that is a teacher, it is important to the same and the same are the same	occupation statistics, enu oid general terms like m o know what kind of cler	merators nechanic, rk he/she
Avoid making vague entries such a your description to give some ide performed. Two or more words she dock labourer, accounts clerk, polic Avoid "inflating" job descriptions. It beyond that of "mechanic" where the does machinery repairs is more like Likewise, the enumerator should allow involved in as a worker in the agrain order to get a precise description respondent him/herself. Proxy respondent household members. If during the reference period, the rework etc. (inactive etf a person is temporarily engaged a recorded. If these supervisors/enuments a respondent to determine what he determine what h	a of the level of skill or ould be used to describe a e inspector, health inspector. For example, "engineer" is a he occupation can usually be ly to be described as "mech so provide the detail descripticultural sector. In of the occupation of respondents will sometimes be espondent was temporarily amployed), his/her as a supervisor or enumerate erators do not have a usual job during the reference period.	responsibility involved in occupation properly e. c., car repairman, telephon an occupation which require learned by apprentices anic" than an "Engineer" ption about the type of acondents, it is often necess unable to give a precise away from his/her job, du usual occupation for during a census, their job, census supervisor/entod, his/her main job should	in the job and what fur g. shop manager, farm he repairman etc. hires a level of education ship or on the job. Some ctivity the respondents many for the enumerator to description of the occup he to leave, illness, labout should be usual occupation should umerator should be enter	and skill one who nainly do to ask the pation of the dispute entered de d also be
P26. DID	THIS PERSON ACT	TIVELY LOOK FO	R WORK?	
P26. Did this person <i>actively look</i> for wor	rk? If 'Y' <i>GO TO P28</i> , <i>N'' GO T</i>	<i>O P27</i> 1 Yes 2	No No	
Question P26 applies to people age. The purpose of this question is to catime of the census or in other words instructions: This is again a simple yes/n	apture those people who are those who are classified as		ould not find any work d	uring the
	1. Yes <i>Go to P28</i>			
	2. No Go to P27			

- This question is a follow-up from P22. It should be asked of those people who do not have a job during the reference period but were actively looking for a job. If the answer is "Yes" mark box number 1 then skip to P28. If "No" mark the appropriate box, then proceed with the next question.
- 1. In order to be classified as unemployed, a respondent has to meet three criteria. These are that during the one-week reference period, the respondent was:
 - Without work
 - Available for work
 - Has been actively looking for work or in other words has taken steps to seek employment, or did not look for work because he/she believed no work was available, bad weather, had no transport, felt discouraged by previous rejections.

P27. WHY DIDN'T THIS PERSON ACTIVELY LOOK FOR WORK?

P27. Why didn't this person actively look for work?	1 🗌	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲
 Full time homemaker, 2. Student, 3. Retired, 4. Disabled, Didn't want to work, 6. Believe no work available, Bad weather, 8. No transport, 9. Discouraged by rejections, 10. Other 	5 <u> </u>	6 <u> </u> 10 <u> </u>	7 🗌	8 🗌

Only 1 box should be marked and should be asked to people aged 12 years and over.

This question is asked to those people who are able to work but did not look for any work for some reason. Possible reasons for not looking for jobs have been coded from 1 to 10 as being shown in the questionnaire. Mark the appropriate box as indicated.

Question P27 has been designed to classify those who are not economically active (not in the labour force) according to a number of pre-coded categories.

Those respondents who did not work during the reference period and who did not actively look for work are not economically active. They need to be classified using the following pre-coded categories shown on the Census Questionnaire:

Instructions:

The enumerators should mark one of the following pre-coded answers and specify other reasons for category 9:

- 1.Full time home maker
- 2. Full time student
- 3. Retired
- 4. Disabled
- 5. Didn't want to work (no intention)
- 6. Believes no work available
- 7. Bad weather
- 8. No transport
- 9..Discouraged by rejections
- 10. Other, specify

The following comments refer to the above categories of not economically not active persons:

Full time homemakers

These can either be female or male. These persons are engaged in domestic duties like cooking, cleaning the house, looking after children etc. However, in the South Pacific Region, including Solomon Islands, many home workers, especially women, combine their domestic duties with other work, particularly growing food in their garden, fishing, collecting food from the sea etc. for subsistence (household consumption) etc.

Note: Domestic employees (house girls) should be classified as being in paid employment, even if their wages are far below the minimum urban wage.

Full time students

This group comprises students born in 1997 or before who attend an educational institution at any level on a full-time basis. In the Solomon Islands, a very large proportion of persons under the age of 20 fall into this category (for example school drop-outs).

Retired persons

These respondents are retired from the public or private sector and are not involved anymore in any moneymaking activity. In many cases, these retired persons receive income (a pension) from a former job. In Solomon Islands, many retired persons are, however still involved in subsistence activities. They support their household by producing goods mainly for consumption of their own household.

Disabled persons

These are respondents suffering from some form of permanent mental or physical disability. Because of this disability, they are unable to be engaged in any economic activity. From the point of view of <u>labour force statistics</u>, it is important that those who can be considered as disabled but are engaged in any economic activity are classified as wage earner, subsistence farmer or whatever the case may be. Note: In order to collect more information on disability in Solomon Islands, the interview schedule includes a separate section on disability.

Believes no work available

These respondents have given up looking for work since they believe that work that is suitable for them is not available.

Bad weather

These respondents are not actively looking for any work due to bad weather that makes it difficult for them to look for work.

No transport

Transport is one of the factors that contributing to the reasons why people are not actively look for work during the time of the census. This is usually the case in remote places where transport is the main problem.

Discouraged by rejections

These respondents are not actively looking for any work since they believed that they are been rejected to any work for some reasons such as gender issues, discrimination, cultural beliefs, etc.

Other

If a respondent cannot be classified into one of the above six categories, enumerators should specify this under 10: Other. In labour force statistics, this category "Other" is a very unsatisfactory rest category. It includes all persons who in spite of all the efforts of the enumerators cannot be classified under any of the above categories

(economically active and not economically active).

P28. Was this person available for work?

P28. Was this person <i>available</i> to work?	1 Yes 2 No
Only 1 box should be marked and should be asked to people	aged 12 years and over.
This is to determine whether this particular person was willing and	
offered to them.	
Instructions:	
This is again a pre-coded yes/no question, enumerators need to	_
1 Yes 2 L	No
 Note that after you ask this question, you will not ask F1-F6 questions. 	if the person is a male, go to the Household
• If this person is a female but less than 15 years of age, go to	the Household questions.
 If this person is a female and has at least 15 years of age, the Women 15+ questions. 	en they must go to answer questions (F1-F6) the
QUESTIONS FOR WOMEN AGE	D 15 YEARS AND OVER
OUESTIONS F1-F6 APPLY ONLY TO FEMALES AGED 15 Y	YEARS AND OVER

These questions are designed to measure fertility and also mortality rates. This information is essential for policy makers to make estimates of the size of future populations of the country and the types of government services they might need. Because of the sensitive nature of the questions they should be asked of the woman directly wherever possible. Because some of these questions deal with death of a child, some respondents may find it difficult to discuss these matters. Be sympathetic and patient with women who find these questions to be sensitive.

F1. HAS THE WOMEN EVER GIVEN BIRTH, EVEN IF THE CHILD LATER DIED?

F1. Has this woman ever given birth, even if the child later died? If 'no' $GO\ TO\ next\ P$	1 Yes	2 🔲 No	

Only 1 box should be marked

Instructions:

- This question should be asked of all women aged 15 years and over regardless of their marital status and whether or not they have given birth.
- This question refers to all live births even if the child died shortly after the birth. If the answer is "Yes", mark box number 1 then continue with F2. If "No", mark box 2 then continue to the next person.
- If this is the last person in the household, start asking questions for household and housing.

F2. HOW MANY LIVE BORN CHILDREN OF EACH SEX, HAVE IN TOTAL BEEN BORN TO THIS WOMAN?

F2. How many live born children of each sex, have in total been born to this woman?	M	F	Т	
+				

Instructions:

- Applies to all women aged 15 years and over who answered "Yes" to question F1.
- This question is to check the responses to the next two questions. The totals by sex in F3+F4 = the total in F2
- Enter the total number of each sex in the space provided.
- All <u>live born</u> children should be reported irrespective whether or not these children are still alive at the time of the census.
- <u>Stillborn</u> children should <u>not</u> be included where born children were born dead or did not show any sign of breathing at all. A child that cried after being born is considered as a live born child.

F3. HOW MANY CHILDREN OF EACH SEX HAVE BEEN BORN ALIVE AND WERE STAYING ON CENSUS NIGHT?

F3. How many children of each sex have been born alive to this woman and were stay- ing on census night: a. In this household b. Elsewhere	M	a F	T	М	b F	Т
ing on census ingin. u. In this nousenous v. Listemere						

Instructions:

- This is a follow up question to help the respondents to state the correct total number of her children; those living with her and those living elsewhere whether in Solomon or outside Solomon.
- This refers to all live births that are still alive and are either living in the household, live somewhere in Solomon Islands, or who are overseas. Record the number of live births by sex in the appropriate box. Note also that this question has 2 parts (a and b) and should therefore be asked for all and marked where applicable.
- Enter the correct number of children reported then cross check that F3 + F4 should be the same total with F2.

F4.HOW MANY CHILDREN OF EACH SEX DID THIS WOMAN GIVE BIRTH TO WHO HAVE DIED?

F4. How many children of each sex did this woman give birth to who have died?	M	F	T	

Instructions:

• Applies to women aged 15 years and over and those who have ever given birth.

- Record here the number of children, by sex, who were born alive and later died. Please also record the total number.
- Enter the correct number of children reported then cross check that F3 + F4 should be the same total as F2.

F5. WHAT IS THE DATE OF BIRTH OF THIS WOMAN'S LAST CHILD BORN ALIVE?

F5. What is the <i>date of birth</i> and <i>age</i> of this woman's <i>last child born alive</i> ? (Including a child that may have died later)	DD/MM/YYYY
	Age

Instructions:

- Applies to women aged 15 years and over and those who have ever given birth.
- This is a very important question to allow an accurate analysis of fertility. Because of this importance, it is equally important that you accurately record the date of birth of the woman's <u>last-born child</u> who was born alive. Even in the case this child has since died, we need to record <u>this child's</u> birth date. <u>DO NOT</u> record the date of birth of the last child surviving.
- Enter the complete date of birth, i.e. the day, month and year of birth. This is particularly important for children born after 2004 (children under the age of five). If the complete date of birth of a young child under the age of five is not known, make sure that at least the <u>year</u> and the <u>month</u> are recorded. Once again, make maximal use of available records, stating the date of birth such as health and medical records, baptismal records etc.

F6. WHAT IS THE SEX OF THIS LAST BORN CHILD?

F6. What is the sex of this last born child?
--

Instructions:

- Applies to women aged 15 years and over and those who have ever given birth.
- Ask the question and mark the corresponding box for the right answer. This question applies to all children, even if the child later died. That means if this last child has in the meantime died, it remains the last-born child born alive and its sex should be reported and not the sex of the last-born child that is still alive!

At this stage, when you have completed all information for person 1 then go back to question P1 to begin interviewing person 2. Follow the same steps until all members of the household have been interviewed. Then start with the Household and Housing.

THE HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

The household and housing section of the interview schedule provides a comprehensive picture of building adequacy, living conditions, wealth and service provision. The Government departments requesting the information will make maximum use of this information in their policies and plans.

The household questionnaire applies to the household as a whole. The household questions are asked only once for each household and it is preferable to interview the head of the household. In cases where the head of the household is unavailable, then the spouse of the head of the household or the most senior member of the household can be interviewed. If there are more than 6 persons in the household, you need to fill the household section (questions H1-24) only once. Therefore leave the household section of the extra questionnaire(s) blank.

A household in this case is defined as "Those persons who usually eat together and share the work of preparing the food and/or the cost of work of providing it". Please refer to Section 4: Census as Required by Law in this document.

H1. TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS

H1. Type of living quarters 1 One family house detached from any other house 4 Building with two or more HH which share a kitchen/toilet 7 Other	One family house attached to one or more houses Dwelling attached to a shop or other non-residential building	3 Building with two or more apartments 6 Lodging house
	other non-residential building	

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"Which type of living quarters does this household live in?"

This question establishes the type of living quarters this household is living in. The answer categories are provided. You can use your observation to confirm the answers of the household respondent.

The following clarifications apply to the above categories 1 to 7:

Category 1: "A one family house detached from any other house", is a dwelling for a single household. It is not joined to any other dwelling by one or more walls and is not in a building used also as a shop or a factory.

Category 2: "A one family house attached to one or more houses", is a dwelling, which shares a common wall with one or two other dwellings.

Category 3: "A building consisting of two or more apartments", may be a block of flats, an apartment building or a set of town houses.

Category 4: "A building with two or more households which share a kitchen or toilet" is self-explanatory.

Category 5: "A dwelling attached to a shop or other non-residential building". Households sometimes live in dwellings above their shops or dwellings attached to factories or workshops.

Category 6: "A lodging house" is like a hostel where people either share rooms or have separate rooms but share either cooking or washing facilities.

H2 - H4 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS FOR HOUSING

Main material used for:	Wood	Tin, corrugated iron	Concrete, cement, brick	Traditional materials	Makeshift or improvised materials	Other
H2. Construction of walls	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4	5 🔲	6 🔲
H3. Construction of floor	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4	5 🔲	6 🔲
H4. Construction of roof	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🔲

Only 1 box should be marked for each row.

Ask three questions:

This topic includes three different questions in order to establish the <u>main</u> material used in construction of walls, floor and roof of the living quarters of the household.

"What material is mainly used for the construction of the **outer walls** of the living quarters of this household?"

"What material is mainly used for the construction of the **floor** of the living quarters of this household?"

"What material is mainly used for the construction of the **roof** of the living quarters of this household?"

Mark the appropriate box corresponding to the answer provided. You can use your observation to confirm the answers of the household respondent.

Apart from the five types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different type of construction material which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "*Other*".

H5. NUMBER OF ROOMS

H5. Number of rooms

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"How many rooms are in the living quarters of this household?"

The rooms refer to places where people can **sleep or eat**. It does not include toilets and bathrooms. In order to qualify as a room, the space needs to be enclosed by walls.

A room that has been separated into two parts by means of a curtain remains one room. Moreover the room needs to be large enough to contain a bed for an adult.

If a household has more than one dwelling, count all the rooms that fit these criteria.

Mark the correct box for the number of rooms as shown on the questionnaire. If the household's living quarter(s) consist of 7 or more rooms, mark the box labelled "7+".

H6. MAIN SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER

	H6. Main source of drin	king water			
	1 Metered-SIWA	2 Communal standpipe	3 Roof tank	4 Well - protected	5 Well - unprotected
	6 River or creek	7 Bottled water	8 Other		
5	SIWA: Solomon Islands	Water Authority			

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What is this household's main source of drinking water?"

This question establishes the main source of <u>drinking</u> water. The question does **not** refer to the water used for washing and bathing (see next question H7).

A well in this case refers to the underground water that is usually dug and water is fetched using a water pump or container. In some areas, holes were dug and cemented to collect rain water.

Bottled water refers to manufactured water that is usually sold in shops.

Apart from the seven types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different source of drinking water, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

HT. MAIN SOURCE OF WASHING WATER

H7. Main source of w	vashing water			+
1 Piped - priv.	2 Piped - shared	3 Comm. standpipe	4 Well - protected	5 Well - unprotected
6 HH tank	7 Comm. tank	8 Sea	9 River, lake, spring	10 Other

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What is this household's main source of washing water?"

This question establishes the main source of <u>washing</u> water used for bathing, washing clothes and washing dishes.

Mark the correct box corresponding to the answer of respondent.

Apart from the nine types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different source of washing water, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

H8. MAIN TOILET FACILITY

H8. Main toilet facility 1 Flush - private 2 Flush - shared 3 Water sealed - private 4 Water sealed - shared 5 Pit latrine - private 6 Pit latrine - shared 7 None 8 Other
Only 1 box should be marked Ask the question:
•
"What type of toilet facility does this household mainly use?"
This question establishes the <u>main</u> toilet facility that the household members use most of the time.
The following clarifications apply to the above categories:
"private" refers to exclusive use by this household, while "shared" refers to a facility that is shared with other households
Mark the correct box corresponding to the answer of respondent.
State the list of toilet facilities as shown and then mark the box corresponding to the answer provided on the main toilet facility used. If there is no facility available, such as perhaps using the sea or lagoon, mark " <i>None</i> ".
Apart from the six types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different toilet facility, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".
H9. MAIN FORM OF HOUSEHOLD RUBBISH DISPOSAL
H9. Main form of Household solid waste disposal 1 Govt waste collection 2 Bury 3 Burn 4 River/Creek 5 Sea 6 Backyard 7 Other
Only 1 box should be marked
Ask the question: "How does this household dispose of its rubbish?"
Establish which of the 6 possible forms of rubbish disposal is <u>mainly</u> used by the household.
Apart from the six types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different mode of rubbish disposal, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".
H10. MAIN SOURCE OF LIGHTING
H10. Main source of lighting 1
Only 1 box should be marked

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Ask the question:

"What does this household mainly use for lighting?"

Although the household might be using several types of lighting, try to establish the <u>main type</u> of lighting used by the household members most of the time.

Mark one box corresponding to the answer provided.

If the household does not use any type of lighting (apart from sunlight), mark the box "None".

Apart from the nine types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different source of lighting, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

H11. MAIN SOURCE OF COOKING ENERGY

H11. Main source of cooking end	ergy	
1 🔲 Electricty - main grid	2 Kerosene	3 Wood/Coconut shells
4 Charcoal	5 Gas	6 Other

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What source of energy does this household mainly use for cooking?"

Establish which of the fuel (source of energy) listed above is <u>mainly used</u> for cooking in this household at most times. Mark one box only for the correct answer.

Apart from the five types that have been pre-coded, households may use a different source of cooking energy, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

H12. HOUSING TENURE

H12. Housing tenure			
1 Own or have mortgage	2 Rent from private landlord	3 Subsidised rent	4 Rent free
5 Caretaker	6 Other		

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What is the type of tenure of the living quarters occupied by the household?"

This question refers to the housing arrangements through which the house is occupied by household member. In order to identify the most appropriate answer, you may want to ask an additional question:

"Does this household pay rent for its living quarters?"

If the answer is 'no', the household either owns the living quarters or occupies them in some other way.

Mark one box only for the correct answer. Subsidised rent refers to housing provided by employer such as Government, or private company.

Owning (option 1) means that the household or a member of the household owns the living quarters or is paying for them by instalments. No rent is paid, nor does the household occupy its quarters with someone else's permission.

If the household does not own the living quarters (option 1) and does not rent (option 2 or 3), it either occupies government or institutional housing, or occupies the living quarters with an employer's permission (option 4).

If rent is paid, ask:

"Who is the rent paid to?"

In this case the appropriate number you should enter is either "2" or "3".

In some cases, mainly of households that are renting their living quarters, members may not know its tenure. If you are unable to get this information (i.e. from the landlord), you should describe the arrangements by which the household occupies its living quarters under option 6 "Other".

H13. LAND TENURE

H13. Land tenure 1 Freehold 2 Lease from government 3	Lease from private/customary	4 Dother
--	------------------------------	----------

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What is the type of tenure of the land this household occupies?"

In order to identify the most appropriate answer, you should clarify the above question by asking:

"Who owns the land on which the household's living quarters is situated?"

This question is designed to determine if the land in which the household is built is freehold or lease hold. If it is lease hold, establish whether it is from government (option 2) or whether it is from private or customary (option 3).

Apart from the three types that have been pre-coded, land tenure may be of a different type, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

H14. LAND USE

	H14. Land use (are there ar	ıy other regular land uses for t	his site apart from residential?)
ı	1 Shop/canteen	2 Farm - subsistence	3 Farm - sale	4 Workshop
ı	5 Offer flat for rent	6 Offer services	7 None	8 Other

Mark X on all appropriate boxes (multiple answers are possible)

Ask the question:

"Apart from this site being the residential quarters of this household, are there any other land uses or regular activities carried out on this site by this household?" This question is asking for other land uses apart from being the residential quarters for this household. If a household is involved in more than one of these activities on the site, mark X on all the appropriate boxes. If the land is exclusively used as residential quarter for the household, mark option 7 "None".

It is important to note that the above household activities need to be carried out by the household, either in the dwelling that the household occupies or on the compound surrounding the dwelling.

- If there are several dwellings on the same site (compound), i.e. a number of flats, and one (or more) of the above activities are carried out by the inhabitants of one of these flats, only the household engaged in these activities should report them. For instance, if one of the households runs a canteen, this should only be reported for this household and not for the other households on the site.
- If a household is engaged in one of the above activities at a place away from the site of the living quarters, i.e. they are engaged in farming on a plot of land far away from the site of the living quarters, this activity should <u>not</u> be included.

Apart from the six types that have been pre-coded, households may use the land for different purposes, which are not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

H15. AVAILABILITY OF BED NETS

H15. Does this household	have any bednets? (state numb	er of insecticide treated bednets in	the HH)
 No. of bednets 	Number of HH members w	ho slept under bednets last night	
	a. Children	b. Pregnant women	c. others

This topic includes 4 separate questions:

1. Establish the number of <u>insecticide treated</u> bed nets available in the household by asking:

"How many insecticide treated bed nets does this household have?"

Insert the appropriate number in option 1 "No. of bed nets".

If no insecticide treated bed nets are available, write "00" in the boxes, and go to questions H16.

If the household has insecticide treated bed nets,

2. Ask: "How many children 5 years and younger slept under the bed nets last night?"

Record the number in the boxes labelled "a. Children".

If no children slept under insecticide treated bed nets last night, write "00" in the boxes.

3. Ask: "How many <u>pregnant women</u> slept under the bed nets last night?"

Record the number in the boxes labelled "b. Pregnant women".

If no pregnant women slept under insecticide treated bed nets last night, write "00" in the boxes.

4. Ask: "How many persons older than 5 years of age who are not pregnant (everybody not included in option 2 and 3) slept under the bed nets last night?"
Record the number in the boxes labelled "c. others".
If no persons apart from children and pregnant women slept under insecticide treated bed nets last night, write "00" in the boxes. H16. HOUSEHOLD DURABLES
H16. Household durables (state number of items IN WORKING ORDER in appropriate box) 1. Car/Van 2. Motorbike 3. Goods vehicle 4. Canoe 5. Boat 6. Outboard motor Freezer 11. Internet connection 12. Generator 13. Radio 14. HF Radio Multiple answers are possible Ask the question:
"Which of the following household items are owned by members of this household?"
Establish information about the number of durable goods or items that are in <u>working order</u> , which means that they can bused for its designated purpose.
Enter the number of goods/items in the corresponding box.
If the household does not have any of the above, do not mark any of the boxes.
H17. INVOLVEMENT IN GROWING FOOD
H17. Is this household involved in <i>growing food</i> ? 1 Subs. only 2 Sale only 3 Both 4 None
Only 1 box should be marked
Ask the question:
"Did any member of this household grow food of any kind during the last 12 months?"
If the answer is no, tick box 4 labelled "None", and go to next question H18.
Otherwise establish the purpose of growing food.
1. Subsistence only means that the purpose of growing food is for household consumption only.

2. Sale only means that the purpose of growing food is to sell it (to exchange it for other goods or making money).

Both means that the purpose of growing food is both for household consumption and for selling it.H18_GROWING CASH_CROPS

ILITIO, ONOTIZITO CACITOROTO
H18. Which of the following cash crops are grown by the household?
1 Cocoa 2 Kava 3 C.nut 4 Coffee 5 Pepper 6 S. Wood 7 Vanilla 8 Other
Tick all appropriate boxes(multiple answers are possible)
Ask the question:
"Which cash crops are grown by members of this household?"
Cash crops are defined as what the household will eventually sell for money.
Determine whether this household grows any cash crops. If yes, mark X on the appropriate boxes of the type of cash crop grown.
Note: "C.nut" stands for coconut "S.Wood" stands for sandal wood
Apart from the seven types that have been pre-coded, household members may grow different types of cash crops, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".
If the household does not grow any cash crops, mark the none box.
Note box 5 Pepper has been replaced by Betel Nut
H19. LIVESTOCK
HIY. LIVESTOCK
H19. Does this household have any livestock? (state number in appropriate box) 1. Cows 2. Pigs 3. Goats 4. Horses 5. Poultry Multiple answers are possible Ask the question:
"How many of the following livestock does this household own?"
Read out the list of 5 types of livestock as outlined in question H19 (cows, pigs, goats, horses, poultry).
Include only those animals that are situated within the vicinity of the household. If livestock is kept at another place and looked after by a different person, it should not be included in the count.
Record the number of animals in the appropriate boxes.
If the household does not have any of the 5 types of livestock, do not mark any of the boxes.

H20. Is this household involved in fishing?

(Involvement in last 12 months)

H20. INVOLVEMENT IN FISHING

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"Was any member of this household being involved in fishing during the last 12 months?"

Fishing in this case refers to both fresh water and the sea. It includes using fishing line, spear gun, fish traps, use of nets and reef gleaning for shellfish.

If the answer is no, mark X on box 4 labelled "None", and go to next question H21.

Otherwise establish the purpose of catching fish/shellfish.

- 1. Subsistence only means that the purpose of fishing is for household consumption only.
- 2. Sale only means that the purpose of fishing is to sell it (to exchange it for other goods or making money).
- 3. Both means that the purpose of fishing is both for household consumption and for selling it.

H21. FISH AND SHELLFISH CONSUMPTION

	H21. Fish and shellfish consumption.						
	Does your family:	Never	Every day	More than once a week	Once a week	Once a month	Other
ı	a. Catch the fish or shellfish yourselves?	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🗌
	b. Buy the fish or shellfish?	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🔲	6 🔲
		Tuna	Reef fish	Shellfish	Freshwater fish	Other	
	c. Which types of fish do you catch/buy?	1	2 🔲	3 🔲	4 🔲	5 🗌	

This topic includes 3 separate questions:

Question a: "Does any household member catch any fish or shellfish?".

If nobody in this household catches fish or shellfish, mark X on box 1 "Never", and ask question 2.

Otherwise establish the frequency of catching fish or shellfish and mark X on the appropriate box 2-6.

Box 6 labelled "Other" refers to a frequency that is less than once a month.

Question b: "Does any household member buy fish or shellfish?".

If nobody in this household buys fish or shellfish, mark X on box 1 "Never".

Otherwise establish the frequency of buying fish or shellfish and mark X on the appropriate box 2-6.

Box 6 labelled "Other" refers to a frequency that is less than once a month.

If the answer to questions 1 and 2 were "Never", go to question H22.

If the household catches or buys fish or shellfish, establish the **type** of fish or shellfish that they catch or buy by asking:

Question c: "What type of fish or shellfish do members of this household catch or buy?"

Mark X on the appropriate boxes.

Apart from the four types that have been pre-coded, households may catch or buy a different type of fish or shellfish, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other".

If the household does not catch or buy fish or shellfish (they ticked boxes labelled "*Never*" to questions 1 and 2), leave all boxes empty.

H22. REMITTANCES

H22 a. How much money (in SI\$) has this HH received from remittances in the last 12 months? 1 None 2 Don't know 3 1 - 499 4 500 - 999 5 1000 - 1499 6 1500 +	
What is the <i>province/country</i> of the sender (if more than one, record the main sender, if unknown, check "don't know"):	

This topic includes several different questions:

- 1. First, ask whether the household received any remittances during the last 12 months.
 - a. If the household did not receive any remittances during the last 12 months, mark X on box 1, labelled "None", and go to question H23.
 - b. If yes, establish the amount in SI\$ and mark the appropriate box to match the answer of the respondent.
 - c. If the household respondent does not know whether and/or how much remittances have been received during the last 12 months (or refuses to answer this question), mark X on box 2 "Don't know".
- 2. If the household received remittances during the last 12 months, establish the place of the sender of the remittances. Insert the appropriate code of the Solomon Islands province or country.

If the household received remittances from several persons (senders), establish the place of the sender who sent the most money.

If the place of the sender of the remittances is not known, mark X on the box on the bottom right hand side labelled "Don't know".

H23. MAIN SOURCE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME

H22 What was the ma	ain source of income for	this household during th	ne past 12 months?
1 No income	2 Wages/salary	3 Own business	4 Sale of fish/crops/handicraft
5 Land lease	6 House rent	7 Remittances	8 Other source

Only 1 box should be marked

Ask the question:

"What was the main source of household income for this household during the past 12 months?"

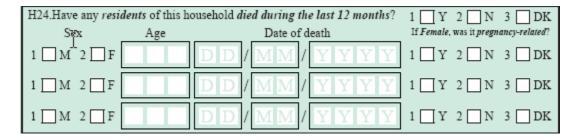
The main source of income should be regarded as the source that provided the highest income (in SI\$) for the household.

Mark the appropriate box to match the answer of the respondent.

If the household has no monetary income, mark X on box 1 labelled "No income".

Apart from the seven sources of income that have been pre-coded, households may have other sources, which is not shown on the interview schedule. In such case this should be specified under "Other sources".

H24. MORTALITY



This question establishes whether and how many of the usual household members have died during the last 12 months. The questionnaire provides space for three persons. In case that more than 3 household members died during the last 12 months, provide additional information on a separate sheet, and firmly attach it to this questionnaire.

It is very important to make sure that the persons who died were indeed former members of this particular household. The question does not refer to family members of members of this household who lived in other households.

On the other hand, new born babies (infants) that died shortly after birth in a hospital or dispensary (and therefore never lived in this household), but were born to mothers who are members of this household, should be recorded in this questionnaire.

- A. If there were no deaths of household members during the last 12 months, mark X on box 2 (*No*), or mark X on box 3 (*Don't know*) if the respondent does not know whether there were any deaths during the last 12 months, and finish your interview.
- B. If members of this household died during the reference period of 12 months, mark X on box 1 (*Yes*) in the top row.

For every person that died during the last month, establish the following information:

- 1. Mark the appropriate box for Sex (whether the deceased person was male or female);
- 2. Specify the Age of the deceased person; and
- 3. Note the *Date of death* in the boxes provided. If the exact date of death is not known, ask the respondent for the death certificate, or consult other household members.

If the deceased person was a female, ask whether the cause of death was related to pregnancy, and mark the appropriate box 1 (*Yes*) or box 2 (*No*).

If the respondent is not sure about the cause of death, ask the respondent for the death certificate, or consult other household members. Otherwise tick box 3 ("DK", Don't know).

H25. PERSONS ENUMERATED

Persons				Name	Signature	Date
enumerated in this HH		Interview Completed: (Enumerator)				
Total Pop		Form checked:	l:			
Males	Females	Tota1	(Supervisor) Form checked:			
			(Area coordinator)			

After completing the interview, fill in the total HH persons enumerated in this Hhold by sex and total. Write your name, signature and date you completed the interview. Where there is a continuation of questionnaires, write this on the first copy only.

Pass the completed questionnaire to your Supervisor to check. He must also write his name and signature and the date he checked the questionnaires. On completion, all your work is to be handed in to the Area manager where a final quality check is undertaken.

15 . THANK THE RESPONDENT

When completing all the household questions, please go back again and check all questions in the questionnaire to make sure that they are all answered and correct. The interviewer should then fill up the box showing the total persons enumerated in this household. Enter the number of males, females and the total. Finally write your name clearly under column name corresponding to interview completed, put in your signature and date of completion. It is very important to express your gratitude wholeheartedly to the respondent. This is a way of being polite and expresses your appreciation to the respondent for being able to stay throughout the interview.

Refusals

A 'refusal' is where a householder declines to accept the interview or refuses to answer completely the questions on the Census questionnaire. In these cases, be courteous and offer to explain the reasons for the Census. Remember, the reason for someone refusing may be private or sensitive—for example, it could be that the person cannot read or write and is embarrassed to admit this.

If you suspect, however, that reluctance to take part is due to misunderstandings about the questions, suggest that the householder looks through the questionnaire before deciding.

You might also point out some of the benefits to the householder, particularly if you can relate the benefits to the person. Remember that your role as Enumerator is to gain the confidence of members of the public and to encourage their participation.

If you are still unsuccessful in converting the refusal, do the following;

• mark 'R' on the Census Questionnaire and also write this down in your notebook

• note the number of males and females in the Males/Females column (if known).

Let your Supervisor know as soon as possible and perhaps the Supervisor will visit the household again and discuss the matter with them again.

16 FINAL CHECK

Check the entries you have made to be sure they are complete and correct. There must be an entry on every line of the household part of the questionnaire. If you find mistakes or omissions, ask further questions and correct the record. It must be complete and accurate before you leave the household. Check that all your questionnaires are accounted for, and sort them into Household Number order, after finishing Enumeration each day. Doing this progressively will make your job at the end of collection easier. These tasks must be completed before your materials are returned to your Supervisor.

17 DEBRIEFING

You may be asked to attend a debriefing session after Census. Any comments you make regarding the conduct of the Census operation will be appreciated. Your Area Manager will notify you of any such debriefing should this occur.

Thank you very much. The Solomon Islands Government appreciates your assistance in making the 2009 Population and Housing Census a SUCCESS

Good luck in the field

18. GEOGRAPHIC CODES

Province IDs and Province Names

ID	Name

- 1 Choiseul
- 2 Western
- 3 Isabel
- 4 Central
- 5 Rennell-Bellona
- 6 Guadalcanal
- 7 Malaita
- 8 Makira-Ulawa
- 9 Temotu
- 10 Honiara

Ward IDs and Ward Names

v v aı	u ibs anu	v v aı	u i tailles									
ID	Name	ID	Name Outer	ID	Name	ID	Name Sandfly/Buena	ID	Name	ID	Name	
101	Wagina	201	Shortlands	301	Kia	401	Vi	501	East Te Nggano West Te	601	Tandai	
102	Katupika	202	Inner Shortlands	302	Baolo	402			Naggano	602	Saghalu	
103	Vasiduki	203	Simbbo	303	Kokota	403	East Gela	503	Lughu	603	Savulei	
104	Vivuri	204	North Ranongga Central	304	Hovikoilo	404	Tulagi South West	504	Kangava	604	Tangarere Wanderer	
105	Babatana	205	Ranongga	305	Buala	405	Gela South East	505	Tetau Nangoto	605	Bay	
106	Tepazaka	206	South Ranongga	306	Tirotonga	406	Gela North East	506	Mugihenua	606	Dauidui	
107	Batava	207	Vonunu	307	Koviloko	407	Gela North West	507	Matangi	607	Vatukulau	
108	Tavula	208	Mbilua	308	Kmaga	408	Gela	508	East Ngonggau West	608	Talise	
109	Polo	209	Ndovele	309	Klaoka	409	Banika	509	Ngonggau	609	Avuavu	
110	Bangara	210	Irringgila	310	Tatamba	410	Pavuvu	510	Sa'Aiho	610	Moli	
111	Susuka	211	Gizo South	311	Sigana	411	Lovukol			611	Tetekanji	
112	Senga	212	Kolombanga	312	Japuana	412	North Savo			612	Birao	
113	Kerepangara	213	Vona Vona	313	Kolomola	413	South Savo			613	Valasi	
114	Kirugela	214	Kusaghe	314	Kolotubi					614	Kolokarako	
		215	Munda	315	Susubona					615	Longgu	
		216	Nusa Roviana	316	6 Samasodu 616 Aola							
		217	Roviana Lagoon								Paripao East	
		218	South Rendova							618	Tasiboko	
		219	North Rendova	North Rendova							Vulolo	
		220	Kolombaghea	olombaghea						620	Malango West	
		221	Mbuini Tusu	Mbuini Tusu						621	Ghaobata East	
		222	Nono							622	Ghaobata	
		223	Nggatokae									
		224	North Vangunu									
		225	Noro North									
		226	Kolombanga									

Ward IDs and Ward Names

ID	Name	ID	Name	ID	Name	ID	Name
701	Auki	801	North Ulawa	901	Fenualoa	1001	Ngossi
					Polynesian		
702	Aimela	802	South Ulawa	902	Outer	1002	Mbumburu
							Rove-
703	Buma	803	West Ulawa	903	Nipua/Nopoli	1003	Lengakiki
704	Fauabu	804	Uki Ni Masi	904	Lipe/Temua	1004	Cruz
705	West Baegul/Fata	805	Arosi South	905	Manuopo	1005	Vavea
706	Mandalua/Folotan	806	Arosi West	906	Nenumpo	1006	Vuhokesa
707	Fo'Ondo/Gwaiau	807	Arosi North	907	Nevenema	1007	Mataniko
708	Malu'U	808	Arosi East	908	Luva Station	1008	Kola'A
709	Matakwalo	809	Bauro West	909	Graciosa Bay	1009	Kukum
710	Takwa	810	Bauro Central	910	Nea/Noole	1010	Naha
711	East Baegu	811	Bauro East	911	North East Santa	1011	Vura
					Nanggu/Lord		
712	Foueda	812	Wainoni West	912	Howe	1012	Panatina
713	Sulufou/Kwarande	813	Wainoni East	913	Duff Islands		
			Star Harbour				
714	Sububenu/Buriani	814	Nor	914	Utupua		
715	Nafinua	815	Santa Ana	915	Vanikolo		
716	Faumamanu/Kwai	816	Santa Catalina	916	Tikopia		
			Star Harbour				
717	Gulalafou	817	Sou	917	Neo		
718	Waneagu/Taelana	818	Rawo				
			Weather				
719	Aiaisi	819	Coast				
720	Areare	820	Haununu				
721	Raroisu'U						
722	Aba/Asimeuru						
723 724	Asimae						
724 725	Mareho						
725 726	Tai Kwarekwareo						
727	Siesie						
728	Waeagu/Silana Si						
729	Kwaimala/Radefas						
730	Langlanga						
731	Luaniua						
732	Pelau						
733	Sikaiana						
, 55	Sindidita						

COUNTRY CODES

Name	Code
Australia	11
Papua New Guinea	12
United States of America	13
New Zealand	14
United Kingdom	15
Japan	16
Germany	17
Canada	18
Other Pacific	19
Vanuatu	20
Hong Kong	21
Fiji	22
Other Asia	23
Netherlands	24
Other Europe	25
France	26
Italy	27
Other Country	28

THE RECORD BOOK AND NOTEPAD

- 1. The Record Book contains
 - a. A summary page
 - b. A village list
 - c. Children ever born listingsd. The historical calendar

 - e. Ships enumeration declarations
 - f. An Enumerator travel plan and a list of dates of first and second visits on the back cover.

- 2. After completing the interview you must check that your Record Book has the Province, Ward and your Enumeration Area number and you must copy from Table D on your folder the total households and persons you have enumerated in the visit.
- 3. Village names and children ever born listings written in your Record Book are important and the Book should therefore be returned to the Supervisor with all other materials.
- 4. As you write your calculations and any notes on problems for the Supervisor on your notepad this will contain information for the Census Office and you should therefore also return the notepads. Don't forget to write the household number every time you make a note.

COMPLETION OF ENUMERATION

- 1. When you are satisfied that you have completed the enumeration of every household in your area, make sure that the number of completed household questionnaires is the same as the number of households listed in Table D at the inside of your folder. Arrange your questionnaire sheets in order of household number, add the Record Book and place them back in your bag with all other census materials. Make sure Province, Ward and EA numbers are on your questionnaire sheets and then hand everything over to your Supervisor as soon as possible and not later than 7 December 2009.
- 2. The Supervisor will check your work carefully and he/she may ask you to go back to a household to put right something which you may have missed or not made clear. He/she will, when he/she is satisfied, inform you of payment of the balance of the monies due to you for your services as an Enumerator.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FOLDER COVER AND FOLDER INSIDE

FRONT COVER

i. Responsible for this folder

1. Write your name in the appropriate place of this box on each of the folders. When you receive the folders from your Supervisor, his/her name and number should already been filled in.

B1. Enumerator approach

- 1. Unless you have been instructed otherwise, fill in this box for each folder.

 Write the Province name and number, the Ward name and number and EA number where you did your enumeration. Give for each folder the number of the first household that is in that folder.
- 2. If box B1 is filled in, box B2 must not be filled in.

B2. Team approach

- 1. Only to be filled in for each folder if you received instructions to do so by the Census Staff.
 - 2. In case all households in the folder are from one Ward only, you need only to fill in the first line (Ward A).

Write the Province number, the Ward number, the EA number (or EA numbers if your enumeration covered more than one Enumeration Area) and the number of the first household that is in that folder.

3. If the households of this folder are in two Wards, use the first two lines of this box (Ward A and Ward B). If they are distributed over three Wards use all three lines of box B2. Write the number of the first household in a new Ward in the last column of B2.

C. File processing

- 1. Only the first two lines are of interest to you. Write the date and sign for the receipt of the folders at the time of the training course.
- 2. The supervisor should do the same after the folders are handed over to him at the end of the enumeration.

D. Questionnaire folder No.

1. This box contains the number of the folder as provided by the Census Office.

INSIDE LEFT PAGE OF THE FOLDER

E. Household Summary

- 1. a. After you have completed the enumeration of the first household during the visits, copy the household number in column 1 of box D.
 - b. Copy the number of males and females from question H2 of the first sheet of this household to columns 2 and 3 of the box D.
 - c. Add up the males and females and write the total on the same line in column 4 of box D.
- 2. Do the same for the second and all other households in this folder.
- 3. After the figures of the last household in the folder have been entered in box D, add up each of columns 1 to 4 and write their sums on the line called 'Folder total'.
- 4. When you have completed the enumeration of the second folder and have calculated the sums for that 'Folder total', write these totals also on the cover of your first folder on the line for '2nd Folder total'. If you then also write the sums of the third and fourth folders in the columns 1 to 4 of box D of the first folder you can add these totals to obtain your EA total at the bottom line of box D.
- 5. If you have trouble adding the figures in column 1 to 4, try adding the figures of the first two lines and write the result on your notepad. Do the same for the second two lines etc. until all lines are added two by two. You now have only half the number of figures to add, but if this is still a problem you tackle these again two by two until you finally have the answer.
- 6. Columns 5 to 7 will be filled in like columns 2 to 4, but the information will be taken from question H2 **after census night**, i.e. when the information has been updated during the second visit.
- 7. You need not find a Folder total for column 7. You should just fill in the number of males and females of each household and write the sum for each household in column 7 on each line. Second, third and fourth Folder totals and EA totals also don't have to be calculated for column 7.
- 8. The Census Office will use columns 8,9 and 10.
- 9. Note that if the enumeration is done by a team in a supervisor area (Team Approach) the method of filling the box E remains the same, except that:
 - a. 'EA total' in column 4 means 'total enumerated by this enumerator' instead of 'total of Enumerator Area'.
 - b. Columns 5 to 7 will not have to be filled in as there will be no second visits.

INSIDE RIGHT PAGE OF THE FOLDER

F. Village information reported in this folder

1. This is for Census Office use only.

SUMMARY

- 1. Check that the head of each questionnaire is properly filled in and that the household numbering runs consecutively through your EA from 001 to 100 or more regardless of the number of villages you visit.
- 2. If two or more households share a dwelling, whether of one or more persons, each household must be recorded on a separate household questionnaire sheet and given its own household number.
- 3. Introduce yourself and mention the purpose of your visit. Fill in the header and ask for the Head of the household. If he/she is present, ask him/her the household questions on the front page of the questionnaire. If

- he/she is not present, ask the questions to any adult household member who can act as the Head of the household.
- 4. Now proceed with the individual questions. If the Head of the household slept in that household the night before the interview enter his/her name in row 1 of the individual questionnaire.
- Complete the names, relationship, and sex of all persons, young and old, who were in the house on Sunday 9th
 August 2009
- 6. Then find out the year of birth of all persons in the household and write them in (question P4). Every time you write in a person born in November 1997 or before or male ignore F1 to F6
 Every time you write in a person born in 2005 or later, ignore P15 to P18
 Every time you write a person born in 1998 or later, ignore questions P19
- 7. Next, you will fill in all the other questions for the Head of household, the same for the second person and then for each of the other person in the household.
- 8. Having completed the enumeration of every person in the household, you should inform them that you will be coming back during the week main enumeration in November
- 9. Do all this with *black ball-point*.
- 10. If you have enumerated every household in your Enumeration Area and that everything you have written is correct as far as you know. Correct any mistakes and sign and date each questionnaire. Take good care of all your census materials. Hand them all over to your Supervisor in good condition. Loose nothing.
- 11. Always be friendly, polite, tactful and patient. Always observe the confidentiality of the Census by reading and remembering the contents of your letter of appointment.

Appendix 9

CENSUS QUESTIONNAIRE FORM

CONFIDENTIAL			1 Private HH	_	GPS Code / Sticker	+ CONFIDENTIAL
Province Ward EA	нн	(five)	2 Institution (Collective	HH)		Enumerator
Village Is there a cl	nurch in this village? 1 🗆 Yes 2 🗀	No ENSUS 2 22 Novem			Que	stionnaire of
FOR ALL PERSONS	Person 1 educe	Person 2 sduö-	Person 3 edule	Person 4 estude	Person 5 edule	Person 6 echde
P1. What is this person's name? Let all who stoped (local stations) in this household on consensinght ander Person 1, Person 2 etc. Last name						
P2. What is the person's relativeship to head of household?						
P3. What is the person's sex?	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Fermie	1 Male 2 Ferrale	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female
P4. What is the person's date of blob and age at last birthday? (in completed years) J/baby lear than 1 year old, code age at 000	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/YYYYY	DD/MM/YYYYY	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/YYYYY
P5. Is the person's biological mother still slive? If "N" GO TO P7	1 T Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 N 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know
P6. Is abe living in this HBP (If "Y" state mother's person number)	1 □ Y ⇒ □ 2 □ N	1 □ Y ⇒ □ 2 □ N	1 □ Y ⇒ □ 2 □ N	1	1 □ Y ⇒ □ 2 □ N	1 □ Y ⇒ □ 2 □ N
P7. In the person's biological father still slive?	1 I Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 I Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know	1 Y 2 N 3 Don't know
PS: What is the person's ethnic origin? 1. Meliorentes, 2. Polymentes, 3. Micronestes, 4. Chinese, 5. Baropean, 6. Other (specify)	1	1	1	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1
 What is this person's chiposologic Solomon Islands by birth, 2. Solomon Islands by naturalisation, Other country (specify). 	3	3	3	3	3	3
P10. What is the person's married status? J. Never married, 2. Married, 3. Carton, 4. Disserced, 5. Separated, 6. Widowed	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 H	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 H	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 H	1 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 H	1 2 3 1 4 5 6 1
P11. What is this person's religion? Church of Melanesie, Z. Rosson Casholis, S. South See Brangelical Church, 4. Second Day Advants, S. United Church, 6. Christian Fellowskip Church, 7. Johnson's Witness, S. Christian Outwach Church, 9. Bakes, 10. Custon Belleft, 18. No religion/Fath, 2. Refines to assess, 15. Other Openity.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 13	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 13	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
P12. What is this passes a place of hirde! 1. Same word as at the top of this questionneits for Household, 2. Elsewhere in country GR other country (specify country or province and ward).	1 Seme word 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Country: Wind:	1 Some ward 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Country: Wind:	1 Some ward 2 Other If (2): Prov/ Country: Wind:	1 Seme ward 2 Other If (2) Prov/ Country. Ward:	1 Some word 2 Other If (2) Prov/ Country. Weed:	1 Some ward 2 Other If (2): Prov/ Country: Ward:
P13. What is this person's usual place of raddonoi? I. Same word as at the top of this questionnoin for Household, 2. Elswehere in country Oil other country (specify country or province and ward).	1 Serne ward 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Country: Ward:	1 ☐ Some ward 2 ☐ Other If (2): Prow/ Country: Ward: ☐	1 ☐ Seme ward 2 ☐ Other If (2): Prov/ Country: Ward:	1 Same ward 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Ward:	1 Same ward 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Wend:	1 Same ward 2 Other If (2): Prow/ Wand:
P44. This quantion soles about difficulties this person may have, deing certain activities because of a health problem. **Does this person have difficulty for a Seating over watering planned.** **B. Hearing, even of watering planned.** **B. Hearing, even of watering obtained.** **Problem of the Hearing of the Hearin	ND SD CD s. 1 2 3 6 b. 1 2 3 6 c. 1 2 3 6 d. 1 2 3 6	ND SD CD a 1 2 3 5 b 1 2 3 6 c 1 2 3 6 d 1 2 3 6	ND SD CD s. 1 2 3 6 b. 1 2 3 6 c. 1 2 3 6 d. 1 2 3 6	ND SD CD s. 1 2 3 1 b. 1 2 3 1 c. 1 2 3 1 d. 1 2 3 1	ND SD CD S 1 2 3	ND SD CD s. 1 2 3 4 b. 1 2 3 4 c. 1 2 3 4 d. 1 2 3 4 +
P15. Where was the person's residence 5 years ago?	1 Seme word 2 Other	1 Some ward 2 Other	1 Some ward 2 Other	1 Seme ward 2 Other	1 Seme word 2 Other	1 Seme ward 2 Other
 Same word as at the top of this questionnaire for Household, Hisselvere in country OR other country (specify country or province/ward). 	If (2): Prov/ Country: Ward:	If (2): Prow/ Country: Ward:	If (2): Prow/ Country: Ward:	If (2): Prov/ Country: Ward:	If (2) Prow/ Country: Wied:	If (2): Prow/ Country: Ward:
P16. Is the person now attending a formal educational inethinton? Full time, 2. Part time, 3. Left School (GO TO P18), 4. Never been (GO TO P18) 	1 2 3 4 4	1 2 3 4 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4
P17. What is the level of aducation this person is attenting? 88. Practicol + Princey school - standard Secondary school - form 1. S1, 2. S2, 3. S3, 4. S4, 5. S3, 6. S6, 7. F1, 8. F2, 9. F3, 10. F4, 11. F5, 12. F6/F7 13. Tertary, 14. Vocational, 15. Other (specify).	88 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 15	88 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 1	88	88	88 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 1	88
P18. Can this person read and write a simple sestence in one or more of the following: 1. English, 2. Prigin, 5. Local Language, 4. Other language	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yes 1 1 1 1 1 No 2 2 2 2 2	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yea 1 1 1 1 1 No 2 2 2 2 2	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yes 1 1 1 1 1 No 2 2 2 2 2	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yes 1 1 1 1 1 No 2 2 2 2 2	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yes 1 1 1 1 1 No 2 2 2 2 2	English Pidgin Local L. Other Yea 1
FOR ALL PERSONS 12 + (born in 1997 or before)						
P19. What is the highest level of education this person has completed? 1. No zchool completed, 2. Przechool/Varsny zchool, 3. Seva primary, 4. Completed Primary, 3. Completed Form 3, 6. Completed Form 3, 7. Completed From 6, 8. Completed Form 3, 6. Completed Form 5, 8. Sowe college but no degree, 10. Bechelor's degree, 11. Master's Degree,	1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	1	1	1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 13 14	1	1
12. Doctoral degree, 13. Vocational certificate, 14. Other (specify).						

Appendix 9 (cont)

							P	B
FC	R ALL PERSONS 12 + (born in 1997 or hefers) P20. During the fast week, did this person do any week?	Person 1 1 Yes 2 No	Person 2 1 Yes 2 No	Person 3 1 Yes 2 No	Person 4		Person 5	Person 6 1 Yes 2 No
	If 'you' GO TO P22							
	P21. During the fast week, did this person have a job at which he/she did not work? If 'no' GO TO P23	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 No 2 No	1 Yes 2 No		1 No 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
Traffer to hast week)	P22. What type of work/activity does this person usually do? Work for pay: 1. Benjayou (generousual), 2. Employee (private), 3. Employee, 4. 2e(Elemployee) 4. Explorately work 5. Producing goods for asis 6. Producing goods for over communities 6. Producing goods for over communities	1 Emp (gov) 2 Emp (Priv) 3 Employer 4 Self-Emp 5 Voluntary work 6 Unpid flerily work 7 Producing goods for sale 8 Producing goods for own com.	1 Imp (gav) 2 Emp (Priv) 3 Employer 4 Self-limp 5 Voluntary work 6 Umpaid family work 7 Producing goods for sale 8 Producing goods for own cons.	1 Simp (gov) 2 Emp (Priv) 3 Simployer 4 Solf-limp 5 Volantary work 6 Unpud fiamily work 7 Producing goods for sale 8 Producing goods for own cons.	1	Self-Emp sele	1 Elmp (gov) 2 Elmp (Priv) 3 Elmployer 4 Self-Emp 5 Velentsey work 6 Umpid family work 7 Producing goods for sale 8 Producing goods for own core.	1 Emp (gov) 2 Emp (biv) 3 Employer 4 Salf-Emp 5 Volantery work 6 Umpid family work + 7 Producing goods for sale 8 Producing goods for own cons.
28,02	P23. What is this person's main occupation?							
Your P	P24. What is the made industry this person works in? (if possible state the name of the employer) GO TO F1							
18	P25. Did this person actively look for work? If "Y" GO TO P27, N" GO TO P26	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No		1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
8	P26. Why didn't this person scrively look for work? 1. Full transformander, 2. Student, 3. Ratind/Old age, 4. Disabled, 3. Didn't want to work, 6. Believe no work analoble, 7. Bed weather/No transport, 8. Other	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 I 5 6 7 I		1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	P27. Was this person available to work?	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No		1 Ses 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
F	OR ALL WOMEN 15 + (born in 1994 or before)							
F1.	Has this woman ever given block, even if the child later died? If "no" $GO\ TO\ next\ P$	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yea 2 No	1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No		1 Yes 2 No	1 Yes 2 No
F2.	How many live born children of each see, have in sold been born to this woman?	M F T	M F T	M F T	M F T		M F T	M F T
	How many children of each sex have been been aline to this woman and were staying on census night: a. In this household	M F T	M F T	M F T	M F T	7	M F T	M F T
		MFT	M F T	_M_F	MFT	_	M F T	MFT
_	T b. Elsawhere							
	How many altifulation of each anx did this woman give birth to who have deal?	M F T	M F T	M F T	M F T		M F T	M F T
	What is the date of birth and age of this women's last child born alive? (Including a child that may have deed later)	DD/MM/YYYYY	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/Y	YYY	DD/MM/YYYY	DD/MM/YYYYY
	If baby less than 1 year old, code age as 000	Ago	Ago	Age	Ago		Ago	Age
P6	What is the sex of this last born child?	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female	1 Made 2 Form	side	1 Misle 2 Female	1 Male 2 Female
	OUSEHOLD AND HOUSING (If there are more than 6 people in 1811, comp	lete this for 1st questionnaire ONLY)	111. Main source of ceoling energy			21. Fish and she	Ейін сопнатрії оп.	
	Type of diving quarters 1	3 Building with two or more spectments flats 6 Lodging house	5 Caretaker 6 Other	some 3 Wood/Coconst shalls 6 Other om private landford 3 Subsidized cost	4 Rest free	Buy the fish o	or shellfish yourselves? 1 2 2	More than Once a cope a week meeth of a cope a week meeth of a cope a co
346	in waterial used for: Wood Tin, corrugated Concrete, coment, Tink		113. Land tenure 1 Freehold 2 Lesse from government	ent 3 Lease from private/customery	4 □ Other ©	Which types o	f fish do you catch/bay? 1 2 2	3 4 5
		O 5O 6O 1	114. Land use (see there any other regular land	uses for this site spart from residential?)	H		money (in SIS) has this HH received from re	
			1 Shop/cartoon 2 Fan 5 Offer flat/spartment for rent 6 Off	m - subeistance 3 Parm - sole for services 7 Other	8 None y	What is the provi	Don't know 3 1-499 4 500-99 inco/country of the sender (if more than one,	Don't Incw
H25	Number of rooms 1 2 3 4 5 6 7+ 1		115. Does this household have any bednete? (as 1. No. of bodnets 2. Number of HH m	iste number of insecticide treated bedrets in a embers who slept under bednets last night	New 2017A)		sender, if unknown, check "don't know"): a <u>main</u> source of <i>treasur</i> for this household d	
- 1	Main source of drinking water Motored-STWA 2 □ Communal standpipe 3 □ HH Tank 4 □		a Childee	m 5 yrs and under b Programt wo a IN WORKING ORDER in appropriate book	5	Land loss	te 2	cos 8 Cher source
	Well - unprotected 7	Other	1 Can/Bus 2 Motorbike	3 Truck 4 Canon			nidents of this household <i>died during the last</i> N 3 DK If 'Y' then provide details b	
	Piped - priv. 2 Piped - shared 3 Comm. standpipe 4 Well - p 10H tank 7 Comm. tank 8 Sea 9 River, la	rotected 5 Well - unprotected & & Other	6 Outboard 7 Fridge lice	8 TV 9 Telephon	no 10 Computer	Sex	Age Dete of death	If French, was it programs y extends
	Main tollet facility	install a T Winter and advantage of the control	11 Internet 12 Generator connection		ol. 15 HF Radio	_ M 2 □ F	DD/MM/Y	Y Y Y 1 DY 2 DN 3 DK
5	Pit Israe - private 6 Pit Islain - shood 7 Other Main form of Household rabbind shooted	8 None	H17. Is this household involved in growing feed devices a lat Househol			□M 2□F	DD/MM/Y	Y Y Y 1 DY 2 DN 3 DK
1	dam_corm of Household rabbons disposal Govt waste collection 2 Burry 3 Burn Sea 6 Backyard 7 Other	4 River/Stream	118. Which of the following cash crops are gro- 3 ☐ Betal Nut 4 ☐ Coops 5 ☐ Tobacco	6 Timber 7 Flowers 8 C	Marc 0 T Norse	Total perso enumerated in t	his HH Saterier Completed	Signature Date
н	O. Main source of lighting		119. Does this household have say threstock? (s	date number in appropriate box) Gosts: 4 Horses: 5	Doodbac	ALES	(Branentor) Franchekel	
		Gas 5 Kerceme Lamp		1 Subs. only 2 Sale only 3	Prop. of China	DTAL	(Ingervier) Franchedol	

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS ISCO - 88

Major Group 1: Legislators, senior officials and managers

- 11. Legislators
- 12. Corporate managers
- 13. General manager

2: Professionals

- 21. Physical, mathematical and engineering science professionals
- 22. Life science and health professionals
- 23. Teaching professionals
- 24. Other professionals

3: Technicians and associate professionals

- 31. Physical and engineering science associate professionals
- 32. Life science and health associate professionals
- 33. Teaching associate professionals
- 34. Other associate professionals

4: Clerks

- 41. Office clerks
- 42. Customer service clerks

5: Service workers and shop and market sales workers

- 51: Personal and protective services workers
- 52: Models, salespersons and demonstrators

6: Skilled agricultural and fishery workers

- 61: Market-oriented skilled agricultural and fishery workers
- 62: Subsistence agricultural and fishery workers

7: Craft and related trades workers

- 71: Extraction and building trade workers
- 72: Metal, machinery and related trades workers
- 73: Precision, handicraft, printing and related trades workers
- 74: Other craft and related trades workers

8: Plant and machine operators and assemblers

- 81: Stationary plant and related operators
- 82: Machine operators and assemblers
- 83: Drivers and mobile plant operators

9: Elementary Occupations

- 91: Sales and services elementary occupation
- 92: Agricultural, fishery and related labourers
- 93: Labourers in mining, construction, manufacturing and transport

0: Armed forces

1: Armed forces

Appendix 11

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF ALL ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES (ISIC), REVISION 4 _ 2004

MAJOR GROUP A: AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING

- 01: Crop and livestock production, hunting and related service activities
- 02: Forestry and logging
- 03: Fishing and aquaculture

B: MINING AND QUARRYING

- 05: Mining of coal and lignite
- 06: Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
- 07: Mining of metal ores
- 08: Other mining and quarrying
- 09: Mining support service activities

C: MANUFACTURING

- 10: Manufacturing of food products
- 11: Manufacture of beverages
- 12: Manufacture of tobacco products
- 13: Manufacture of textiles
- 14: Manufacture of wearing apparel
- 15: Manufacture of leather and related products
- 16: Manufacture of wood and product of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials
- 17: Manufacture of paper and paper products
- 18: Printing and reproduction of recorded media
- 19: Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
- 20: Manufacture of chemicals and chemicals products
- 21: Manufacture pharmaceuticals
- 22: Manufacture of rubber and plastic products
- 23: Manufacture of other non metallic mineral products
- 24: Manufacture of basic metals
- 25: Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment.
- 26: Manufacture of computer and electronic and optical produc
- 27: Manufacture of electrical equipment
- 28: Manufacture of machinery and equipment
- 29: Manufacture of motor vehicles
- 30: Manufacture of other transport equipment
- 31: Manufacture of furniture
- 32: Other manufacturing
- 33: Repair, maintenance and installation of machinery and equipment

D: ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND AIR CONDITIONING SUPPLY

34: Electricity, gas, steam and conditioning supply

E: WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

- 35: Water collection and supply
- 36: Sewerage
- 37: Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery
- 38: Remediation activities and other waste management services

F: CONSTRUCTION

- 39: Construction of building
- 40: Civil engineering
- 41: Specialized construction activities

G: TRADE

- 42: Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 43: Wholesale trade and commission trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 44: Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles

Retail sale in non-specialized stores with food, beverages or tobacco

H: TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

- 45: Land Transport, transport via pipelines
- 46: Water transport
- 47: Air transport
- 48: Warehousing and support activities for transportation
- 50: Postal and courier activities

J: ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES

- 51 Accommodation
- 52 Food service activities

K: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

- 53: Publishing activities
- 54: Motion Picture and sound recording activities
- 55: Broadcasting
- 56: Telecommunications
- 57: Information technology, internet service providers and web search portals and other information services activities

L: FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

- 59: Financial intermediation, except insurance and pension funding
- 60: Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security
- 61: Other financial activities

M: REAL ESTATE, RENTAL AND LEASING ACTIVITIES

- Real estate activities
- Rental and leasing

N: PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES

- 64: Legal and accounting activities
- 65: Activities of holding companies; management and management consultancy activities
- 66: Architecture and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis
- 67: Scientific research and development
- 68: Advertising and market research
- 69: Photographic activities and other professional, scientific and technical activities
- 70: Veterinary activities

O: ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES

- 71: Employment activities
- 72: Activities of travel agencies, tour operators and other reservation service activities
- 73: Investigation and security activities
- 74: Services to buildings and landscape activities
- 75: Office administrative, business support and other support service activities

P: EDUCATION

76: Education

Q: HUMAN HEALTH AND SOCIAL WORK

- 77: Human health activities
- 78: Residential care services
- 79: Social work activities without accommodation

R: ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION

- 80: Dramatic arts, music and other arts and entertainment activities
- 81: Museums activities, preservation of historical sites, botanical and Zoological gardens and nature reserves activities
- 82: Gambling and betting activities
- 83: Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities

S: OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES

- 84: Activities of membership organizations
- 85: Repair of computers and personal and household goods
- 86: Other service activities

T: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENSE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY

87: Public administration and defense; compulsory social security

U: ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS AS EMPLOYERS; UNDIFFERENTIATED GOODS - AND - PRODUCING ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR OWN USE

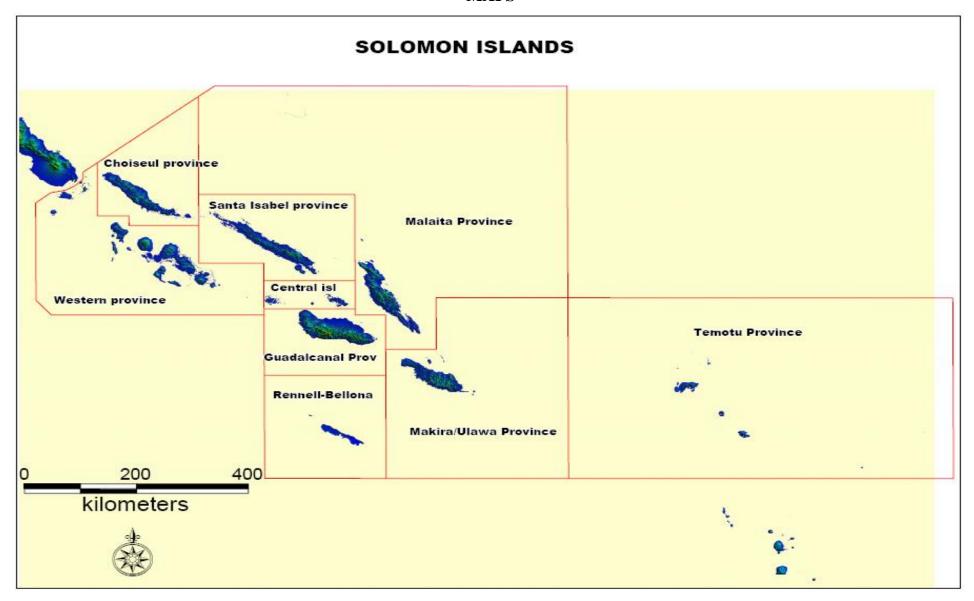
- 88: Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel
- 89: Undifferentiated goods-and services-producing activities of private household for own use

V: EXTRATERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION AND BODIES

90: Extraterritorial organizations and bodies.

Appendix 12

MAPS





CHOISEUL PROVINCE





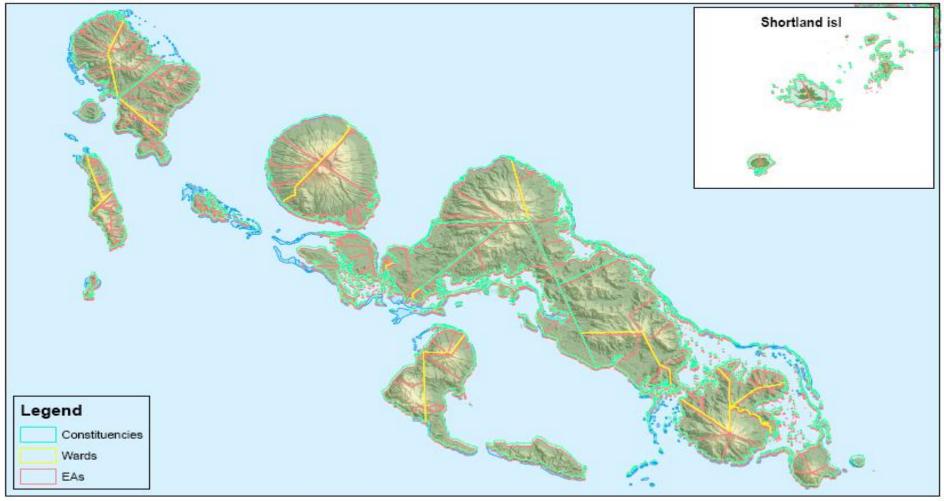


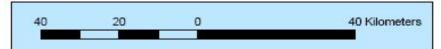


WESTERN PROVINCE











2009 Census Population = 76 649 Male = 39 924 Female = 38 725



SANTA ISABEL PROVINCE









CENTRAL ISL PROVINCE











2009 Census Population = 26 051 Male = 13 261 Female = 12 790



RENNELL-BELLONA PROVINCE











2009 Census Population = 3 041 Male = 1 553 Female = 1 488



GUADALCANAL PROVINCE











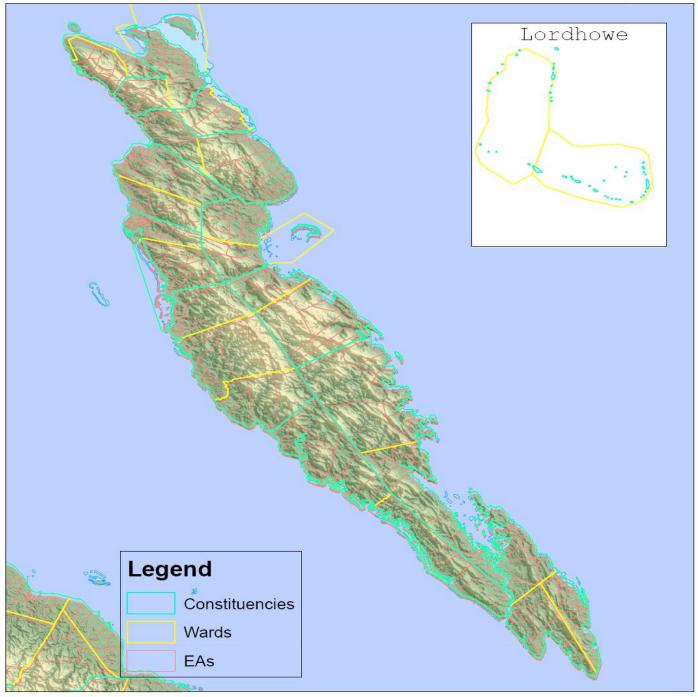
2009 Census Population = 93 613 Male = 48 272 Female = 45 341



MALAITA PROVINCE











2009 Census Population = 137 596 Male = 69 231 Female = 68 365



MAKIRA/ULAWA PROVINCE





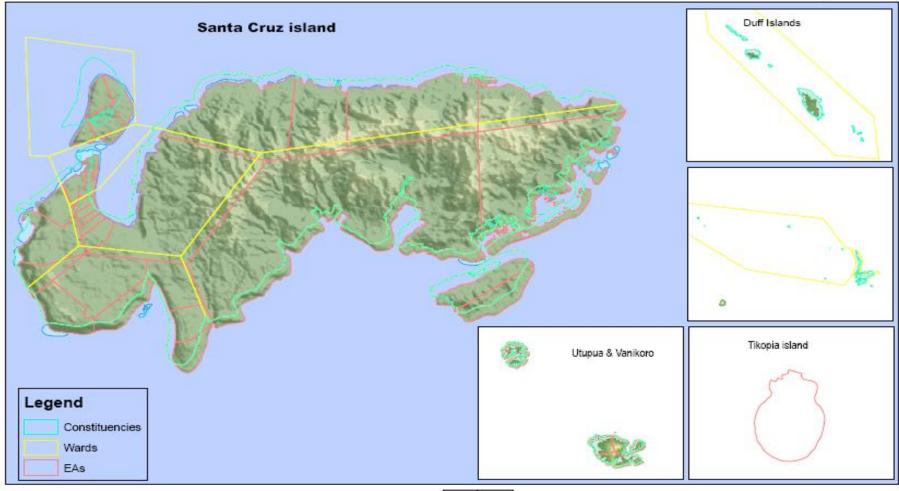




TEMOTU PROVINCE











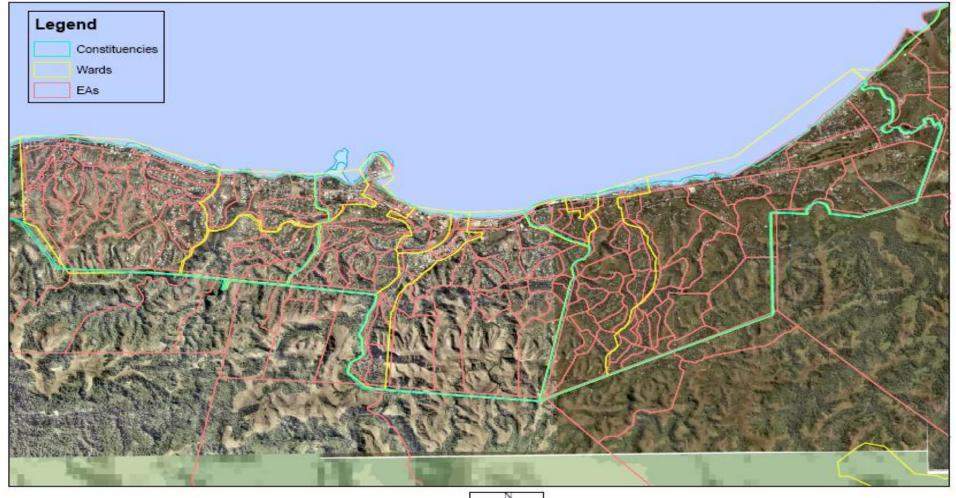
2009 Census Population = 21 362 Male = 10 466 Female = 10 896



HONIARA URBAN







2 1 0 2 Kilometers



2009 Census Population = 62 602 Male = 34 088 Female = 30 514